



# The Summerland Review

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF SUMMERLAND, PEACHLAND AND NARAMATA



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SUMMERLAND, B.C., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1922.

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## HOSPITAL CLOSES BANNER YEAR

Fees Charged Are Lowest in Valley, Says Secretary Riley.

### MORE PATIENTS

Institution Has Steadily Increasing Patronage — Cost Per Capita, Per Diem Held at Average.

Only a fair number assembled in the Parish Hall last Thursday afternoon for the annual meeting of the Summerland Hospital Society.

H. C. Mellor, president, occupied the chair.

Commenting on the balance sheet of the secretary, T. H. Riley, in his annual report, drew attention to the fact that, although the hospital charges for treatment were lower than at other points in the valley, the hospital had been conducted so economically and efficiently that we had been able to break even. He explained that the amount of accounts receivable, \$5,165, included the sum of \$1,500 due from the government and the municipality, from which the loan of \$1,000 from the bank would be repaid. The increase of \$2,200 in charges to patients represented an increase of 154 patients or 1,021 days' treatment—an increase which had been steady and not spasmodic, and which gave justification for the outlay on the new hospital building. The cost per day's treatment was \$3.41, practically the average since commencement of business in 1914. An examination of the balance sheet might suggest that the subscriptions and donations for 1921 had been exceptionally small. The figures shown, however, represented only donations and subscriptions specifically earmarked for the current account—all others going into the building fund. The board had considered it sound policy to debit the current account with depreciation on the building, although some of our neighboring hospitals had not done so in the past, and this should be borne in mind when comparing the balance sheet with that of other institutions. The board had held 13 meetings throughout the year with an average attendance of 8.5. The secretary concluded his report with a list of the members of the board, and the names of the three retiring members, all eligible for re-election.

Mrs. W. J. Robinson submitted the report for the Ladies' Auxiliary. The Auxiliary had held ten meetings throughout the year, with an average attendance of 21. The financial statement, which was embodied in the balance sheet of the society, showed that the ladies had raised \$2,168 during the year. They had assisted the board to the extent of \$2,251.

Mr. Helmer and others gave great praise to the ladies in the splendid showing they had made, and the very material assistance they had contributed to the work of the year.

Mr. Mellor, as president, next submitted his report, referring to the volume of work covered and the success which had attended their efforts, as a sufficient answer to any who might be inclined to criticize the work of the board. It was a great satisfaction to them, to all the members of the society and to the Ladies' Auxiliary in particular, that their gifts of time and means, had met with such signal success. The work had been well worth while. Many names were worthy of special mention, but he would only mention a few. The splendid building and equipment which we had today would not have been possible had it not been for the generous action of Mrs. Van Allen in the memorial which she had raised to her son, and it would indeed have been hard for the board if they had not had the valuable aid of the Ladies' Auxiliary, upon whom the board looked as partners in the institution. While the board had devoted most of its energies to the work of the new building, they had confidence that the work in the hospital was being carried on efficiently and well, and he paid a high tribute to the staff for its co-operation and loyalty.

Reviewing the balance sheet, the president congratulated the society on its present financial standing. There were one or two things, however, that would have to be attended to at an early date. Among other things the sterilizing apparatus—one of the best in the valley—was practically out of busi-

## RETIRING FROM UNION OFFICES

E. R. Simpson Finds it Impossible to Continue in Office—Eight Years on Board.

That he will not be a candidate for re-election to the board of directors of the Summerland Fruit Union was the statement made by E. R. Simpson to The Review this week.

Mr. Simpson stated further that he had reached this decision only after careful consideration. The demands of his private affairs on his time make it impossible for him to continue to serve on the board of management of the Fruit Union.

For similar reasons it had been his intention to drop out a year ago, but in view of plans under consideration had decided to serve for another year.

Mr. Simpson expressed his regret at having to withdraw just at this time, lest some might think that he was laying down on the job, when everyone should bend his shoulder to the wheel. However, he has served for eight years on the board, and during five of these was in the chair. He has also served five years as representative of the local union on the central board. Expanding business has made increased responsibility and the longer he has been in the position, naturally more work and responsibility has devolved upon him. So much so, that in the last year, particularly, Mr. Simpson says he has had to neglect his own affairs, resulting in considerable financial loss. He realizes that the present is one of the most important times since the inception of the organization, and he would like very much to stay with it, and it is only because of the fact that he must give his personal affairs more attention during the coming year that he has arrived at this decision.

### Ukrainians Flock to B. C.

Vancouver, Feb. 3.—The arrival of over 60 Ukrainian families in the Salmon Arm district, it is reported, is only the preface of a still larger following of these people. Most will come from Winnipeg, while others are on their way from the Old Country. They will engage in farming and fruit-growing. Despite reports, these people have no religious eccentricities like the Doukhobors, but, says a report, belong to the Orthodox Greek church.

## MEMORIAL FLAG IS NOW ON DISPLAY

Tribute to Our Gallant Boys Who Fell in the Great War.

There has been on exhibition at the Stark Supply Co. during the last week, a large flag, some six feet long, on which has been worked by the ladies of the Summerland Women's Institute, the names of all those boys from this municipality who made the supreme sacrifice in the Great War, and whose faces have been missed since then.

This flag was donated by the Continental Publishing Co. to the Women's Institute, and the letters composing the names supplied by the same firm, the work of sewing them on to the flag being carried out by the ladies who, by this means, perpetuate the names of our fallen heroes.

It is proposed to place the memorial on view in West Summerland for a time, after which it will be placed in some suitable location, probably a sacred edifice, for preservation.

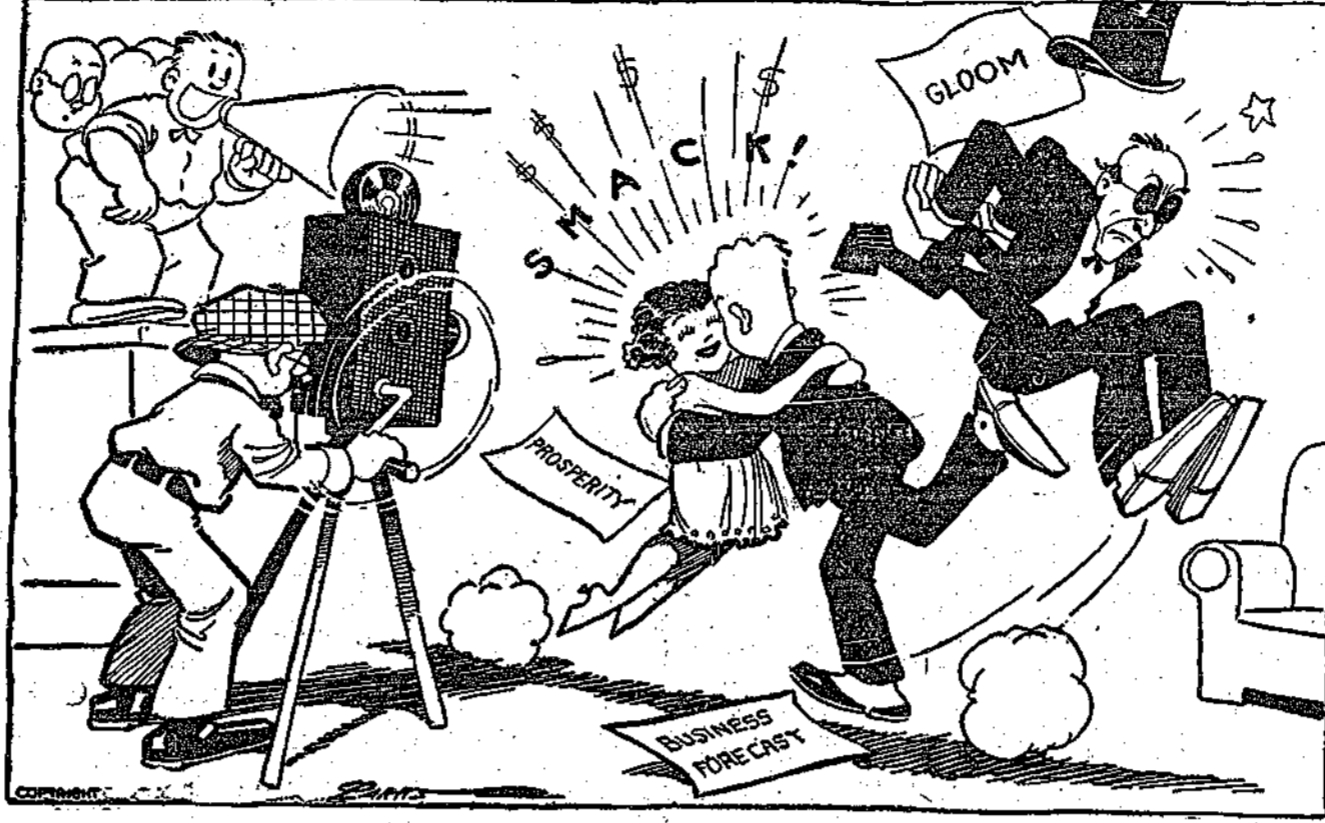
Should there be erected a memorial building, as has been suggested, there is no doubt this flag would form part of the decorations.

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A vote of thanks to the board was proposed by O. E. Mann and seconded by W. C. Kelley, both gentlemen referring to the splendid work of the board and the progress made.

On a ballot being taken the retiring directors, Mrs. Bentley, H. C. Mellor and H. A. Solly were all re-elected.

## ONE REAL THRILLER



## WOULD BEAUTIFY OUR LAKE FRONT

Supt. Helmer Applies Address on Better Rural Conditions to Local Needs.

A most interesting and instructive address was delivered by R. H. Helmer before the Open Forum in the Riabto Theatre, last Sunday afternoon.

Speaking on the critical condition—world wide—of all industry, trade and commerce, and the relation of this condition to agriculture in the Dominion, Mr. Helmer discussed the greatest needs of the community for the promotion of agricultural effort and emphasized the necessity of a readjustment which would lead to greater production at lower cost to meet those outside conditions with which we had to cope. No less than \$30,000,000 of agricultural products had been imported into B. C. in the year 1921, over \$3,000,000 being in beef and cattle alone, and with the extensive cattle ranges available, and other undeveloped resources at our command, he contended the province should be able to produce the greater portion of this \$30,000,000.

To stimulate greater production it would be necessary to have more people on the land, and, to maintain a successful and satisfied agricultural population, he urged that every effort should be made to make rural life more attractive than city life.

We could not expect our boys and girls to stay on the farm unless there was a reasonable prospect of their having modern conveniences, such as domestic water, electric light in their homes and, in other respects have some of the advantages and conveniences of life in the city. The situation was really a serious one and demanded the most careful attention, as if we could not keep our young people on the land, their place would be taken by Orientals, who had already secured too strong a footing in the agricultural industry.

Speaking of the Oriental menace, Mr. Helmer told how 50 per cent. of the potato industry is controlled by Chinamen and Japs. A movement was on foot to organize a potato association for the protection and development of the industry and the situation was such that the only solution was to include the Orientals and make them comply with the regulations. We could see in our own district and throughout the whole valley the influence of the Oriental, and the only successful way to cope with this real difficult and serious situation was to make our rural conditions more attractive so as to induce the best class of settlers and at the same time keep our young people on the land.

Passing on to the question of local conditions, which would be improved, Mr. Helmer referred to the untidy conditions of Summerland and the unfortunate impression which must be created in the minds of people—tourists and prospective settlers—on getting off the boat. Such people would naturally think the community was dead, and, if we hoped to induce settlers to come in, steps should be taken to present a more attractive community. The speaker advocated—as part of the scheme of improvement—that poplar trees be planted, say from the boat house to Prescott.

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## MARKED CHANGE IN LIGHT SERVICE

Turning on of Kootenay Power Ends Long Period of Dull Lights—Serves Only Part.

Of course you noted the marked improvement in the electric lights on Wednesday evening and since. Shortly after 4 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon the Kootenay Power was turned into the western section of the municipal distributing lines. All of West Summerland, the district east of Giant's Head and the lines running towards Garnett Valley and Jones' Flat were "cut in" that afternoon. Each day more of the existing lines will be linked up with the new service. The load taken off the local generating plant by the above change made a very marked improvement in the lighting service on the lines still being served by that unit.

## ANTI-DUMPING AND HIGH LAKE LEVEL

Two Subjects to Be Discussed at Regular Meeting of Board of Trade.

Throughout the fruit-growing districts of the province strong protest is being made against the move of the Vancouver Board of Trade to have the anti-dumping clause annulled. This will be one of the most important questions to be discussed at the regular meeting of the Summerland Board of Trade next Tuesday evening in the Parish Hall. Joint action of the boards of the valley is being sought.

Okanagan Lake is said to be up to the same level as at this time a year ago, and there is much dissatisfaction in that nothing has been done to prevent the raising of the water. In several centres there is an increasing demand that the obstruction at the foot of the lake be removed, or sufficiently so to permit the water to run off as fast as it accumulates. The regulating of the lake level is another subject for Board of Trade discussion. Formal announcement of the meeting is given in our advertising columns.

## B. C. MANUFACTURERS PLAN TO ADVERTISE PRODUCTS IN TOWNS

Vancouver, Feb. 3.—On the recommendation of the "Made in B.C." department of the Board of Trade, manufacturers of the larger cities are now taking up plans for making their products more widely known throughout the smaller towns. The board has been aided in this movement by a Vancouver press bureau that furnishes mail news dispatches to the interior weeklies. This bureau has been asked for full data covering the various weeklies, and information likely to aid in a province-wide publicity campaign for the purpose. By this method, it is believed, there will be an ending of much money leaking out of the province to mail order concerns in the U. S.

The C. P. R. is building an additional ice storage house at Okanagan Landing to take care of the larger volume of fruit being shipped from lake points.

## AIM TO REFORM NOT TO PUNISH

Mrs. McGill, Judge of Juvenile Court, Gives Very Instructive Address.

The first lecture under the auspices of the local branch of the Social Service Council was held in the Baptist Church last Friday evening, when quite a large gathering assembled to hear Mrs. McGill, Judge of the Juvenile Delinquency Court, Vancouver, on "Juvenile Delinquency."

Rev. W. A. Alexander occupied the chair.

Before introducing the speaker, Mr. Alexander called on Mr. Banton who gave an excellent rendering of "I'd Build a World in the Heart of a Rose."

The chairman in introducing Judge McGill, said it had been the intention of the council to have arranged for meetings earlier, but owing to a number of unfortunate occurrences, they had been compelled to postpone the commencement of their program. He hoped, however, that the work of the council would now proceed without further interruption, and that regular meetings would be held.

In opening her address, Mrs. McGill expressed her disappointment at the unfortunate circumstance which had prevented her attending the meeting previously arranged for. It was a great pleasure for her to come to Summerland and to discuss with the friends the important subject, "Juvenile Delinquency and the Probation System." Everywhere in the Okanagan she had been struck with the awakening of the community conscience, a social consciousness that seemed to be more developed throughout the valley than in many other parts of B. C. It might be due to the Women's Institutes, perhaps the climate had something to do with it, or again it might be the class of settlers in this part of the province. It seemed a wonderful thing to her to find so many people in the Okanagan interesting themselves in such work as she represented, and to find a branch of the Social Service Council—which was hard to maintain outside of the larger cities—established in Summerland.

The work conducted under the Juvenile Delinquency Court was such as affected our national life, and she was here to plead the cause of those unfortunate children who had failed in the battle of life, upon whom many people looked with contempt and loathing, mixed and tempered with fear. Very few citizens knew of the conditions prevailing in the police courts and prisons, and she sometimes wished it could be arranged to have a group of prominent citizens charged with—say, "undue respectability," so that they could be passed right through the whole of the police court procedure, and be aroused to the errors and failures of the present system, which she traced, step by step, from the time the criminal was arrested, told to come along and make no trouble, through the entire course of routine and police discipline, to the last day when they were cast out, without hope and without friends. She could imagine the number of indignant meetings which would be held and the resolutions which would be passed arousing the people to the shameful condition.

Victoria, Feb. 3.—Further fame has fallen to the lot of Mrs. Ralph Smith, whose picture is appearing in the women's pages of some American supplements. The story was sent out by a Vancouver press service, and is being featured with a graphic description of Canada's first woman cabinet minister.

## FAME IN U. S. FOR MRS. RALPH SMITH

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## B.C. APPLES ARE HIGHLY REGARDED

McIntosh Are Treated Alike to Eye and Palate, Says Report From S. Africa

Bearing testimony to the high regard in which Canadian apples are held in South Africa is the following extract from the Argus, Cape Town. It is worthy of note that in the article in question, distinction is made between Canadian and British Columbia, possibly by reason of the wide publicity given the British Columbia fruit by means of a consistent use of the name of the province on each and every package of apples packed.

"For weeks past South African apples from cold storage have been a dwindling supply, and about a fortnight ago that supply ceased entirely. On Monday last, however, fair consignments of Canadian and British Columbia apples reached Cape Town. The apples were in splendid condition, a treat alike to the eye and to the palate. On Monday barrels only arrived, on the following day bushel boxes came to hand. The barrel contains rather more than three full bushels of 50 lbs. per bushel; and of No. 1, the larger apples, the number to a barrel would average 340 to 375; and of No. 2s, 500 to 600.

"The varieties to hand so far, for unfortunately no further shipments are expected before about December 20th, are King, Gano, Ben Davis and Red McIntosh. With the exception of the last named, the entire consignment comes from Canada, while the Red McIntosh is from British Columbia, and is said by experts to be the pick of the lot, which taken as a whole, has rarely, if ever, been equalled.

"The first barrels to be auctioned on Monday realized 25 each, a highly remunerative price to the consignors. On Tuesday the price was 24 15s., and to-day they were firm at 24 10s., with no likelihood of any lower price.

"The bushel boxes began coming to hand yesterday, realizing 26s. to 30s. the box, and to-day are standing at 25s. 3d. to 28s. 3d.; here, too, with no probability of any lower price. Last season Canadian apples did not arrive until Christmas, just in time when our South African grown apples begin to appear. Of course, in competition with fresh fruit in abundance, excellent in quality, and cheap, the imported article, good as it was, stood no chance, and consignors lost pretty heavily.

"Before the war regular consignments of Australian and Tasmanian apples, also rare good fruit, were on this market, but so large became our own supplies from the orchards of the Union that they were soon a dead loss to exporters, and have ceased to appear."

## CONSIDERING PLANS FOR WAR MEMORIAL

Joint Committee Will Submit Details to Public Meeting to Be Called Soon.

The joint committee formed to take action in the matter of a suitable war memorial met in the Parish Hall last Thursday afternoon, when plans, specifications and prices were submitted from the Vernon Granite & Marble Co. Mr. Buchanan, of Paterson, Chandler & Stevens, also waited on the committee with plans, specifications and full particulars of different styles of monuments, and the terms on which his firm were prepared to undertake the work. It was finally arranged that Mr. Buchanan should have prepared for the committee, plans and specifications of a memorial that would approximate \$1,500 in price, such as would lend itself either to greater or smaller dimensions according to the amount that might be subscribed in the community, the plan, with all particulars, to be submitted to a public meeting, which would be called to consider the whole question.

## WAS VERY HAPPY SOCIAL EVENT

Local Scots Gather to Commemorate Birth of National Poet.

### SCOTTISH WIT

Feature of Address by Countryman—Excellent Program—Hector Sutherland Makes Speech From Chair.

Although arranged for on very short notice the social gathering of Scottish people in the St. Andrew's Hall, last Thursday, to celebrate Burns' anniversary, proved one of the most successful events of its kind ever held in Summerland.

Hector Sutherland occupied the chair, and a splendid program, many of the items from our more recent settlers, contributed to a very enjoyable evening. The hall was prettily decorated with the Scottish national flags, and a feature of the refreshments was the national character of the cake provided by the ladies.

In his remarks the chairman referred to the occasion, the anniversary of the birth of Burns, as a tribute to one of the greatest men Scotland had ever produced. Born 173 years ago, in "the auld clay biggin'" on the Banks of Ayr, Scotland could indeed be proud of her national poet, who had contributed in such generous measure to the literature of his country and the world. Reviewing the life history of Burns, Mr. Sutherland related the outstanding events of his career, and the varying influences which helped to shape his destiny. Commenting on the personality of the poet, the chairman quoted from Sir Walter Scott, who, as a lad of 15, met Burns in the house of Professor Ferguson: "There was a strong expression of sense and shrewdness in all his lineaments; the eye alone, I think, indicated the poetical character and temperament. It was large and of a dark cast which glowed (I say literally glowed) when he spoke with feeling and interest. I never saw such another eye in a human head, though I have seen the most distinguished men of my time." While Burns appealed and ever would appeal, with greatest power, to the Scottish heart, he was pre-eminently the poet of humanity. Many tributes had been paid to his genius by some of the most eminent men in history, and the chairman concluded his remarks with the following quotation from Carlyle: "Independently of the clear, manly, heartfelt sympathy that ever pervades his poetry, his songs are honest in another point of view; in form as well as in spirit. They do not affect to be set to music, but they actually and in themselves are music; they have received their life and fashioned themselves together, in the medium of harmony, as Venus rose from the bosom of the sea. . . . With what tenderness he sings, yet with what vehemence and earnestness. There is a piercing wail in his sorrow, the purest rapture in his joy; he burns with the sternest ire, or laughs with the loudest or slyest mirth; and yet he is sweet and soft—'Sweet as the smile when fond lovers meet, and soft as their parting tear.' If we further take into account the immense variety of his subjects; how, from the loud flowing ravel in 'Willie brew'd a Peck o' Maut,' to the still rapt enthusiasm of sadness of 'Mary in Heaven'; from the glad, kind greeting of 'Auld Lang Syne,' or the comic archness of 'Duncan Gray,' to the fiery-eyed fury of 'Scots wha hae wi' Wallace Bled,' he has found a tone and words for every mood of man's heart—it will seem a small praise if we rank him as the first of all our song writers; for we know not where to find one worthy of being second to him."

Rev. James Dunlop contributed the "Appreciation" of Burns. In the course of his remarks Mr. Dunlop said: "I am glad to share the fellowship of every man, woman and child that hails from the 'Land o' Cakes and Heather.'" This is a Scottish night, and, since Scottish people are meek and reticent, not conceited over their country and never praise themselves, I may be excused if I talk to Scottish people of Scotland: 'Blessed is he that hoots his own hooter; for he that hooteth not his own hooter, his hooter shall not be hooted.'"

Froude, the English historian, said that no small nation, apart from the

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# The Summerland Review

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Advertising Rate Cards and information respecting territory and samples of paper mailed upon request, or may be seen at the office of any advertising agency recognized by the Canadian Press Association.

Advertisers must have copy in by Tuesday noon in order to insure changes for standing advertisements. New display advertising copy can be accepted one day later.

Correspondence—Letters addressed to the Editor and intended for publication must be short and legibly written on one side of the paper only. The longer an article, the shorter its chance of insertion. All communications must bear the name of the writer, not necessarily for publication. The publication or rejection of articles is a matter entirely in the discretion of the Editor. No responsibility is assumed by the paper for the opinions expressed by correspondents.

Friday, February 3, 1922

## ABOUT THE B. C. PRODUCT.

It is good news to learn the manufacturers of British Columbia have awakened to the fact that they cannot beat the Yankee mail order trust without co-operating with the smaller cities of the province. Here is found the great consuming class of B. C. If the manufacturers of B. C. have something just as good, or better than the mailorder people, it is up to them to explain all about it to the people of interior British Columbia. All kinds of products are being turned out in this province and half the people do not realize it. For this reason, they are sending elsewhere for things that are made and sold here. The consumers of B. C. are loyal enough to be willing to patronize the made in B. C. product, but the manufacturers should include an educational campaign in the weeklies, and not expect the "Made in B. C." Bureau of the Vancouver Board of Trade to act as their selling agency.

## THE DRUG EXPOSURE OF B. C.

Better late than never, yet deplorably late at that, British Columbia at last starts out on an exterminating crusade against the great drug evil. The pity of it is that something of the kind was not started and finished long ago, before so many wrecked lives were started and finished by the execrable traffic. From time to time, there have been spasmodic dope drives and helpless deprecatory slaps upon the wrist of the dope demon. But, this time, the dope demon is being pursued with relentless indignation. Before long he will be exorcised, if the crusade does not weaken. Started by the Vancouver Daily World a couple of weeks ago, the revelations proved so shocking that a public outcry has arisen. Every church, every civic body, the fraternal organizations and public spirited people have all joined forces. The investigation has gone too far to cease. It will not stop until this will be as nearly as possible a "dopeless" province.

In towns away from the larger centres, it may be said there is no drug menace. This is incorrect. In the probe it is proven that many people visiting Vancouver from the smaller cities have fallen to the habit. The investigation shows that more than one girl, mysteriously missing after going to the city, has dropped to the dregs of dope degradation. And, so it is proved, dope has been leaving Vancouver and Victoria for sale in even remote places in British Columbia. One B. C. town of less than 600 people is found to have no less than a score of drug addicts. Another town has young girls and high school boys among the addicts. Wherever there is drug traffic, its evil is bound to spread, so it is the duty of this and every other community, small and large, to co-operate in the vital campaign of driving out this most damnable traffic.

Anyhow, Mr. De Valera has a chance to get a job in Egypt now.

Wenatchee apple growers are talking of sending some apples as a wedding gift to Princess Mary. But they are a little late, as B. C. apple growers have already "beaten them to it."

Texas oil exploiters are beginning to flood B. C. with invitations to invest in a "sure thing fortune." Somehow, that sounds familiar. But none of us happen to know of any B. C. people making millions from distant oil fields. If there is any oil anywhere, it might be a good thing to see what we can do with our own oil fields, if there is any spare change to go in oil chances.

## HONEY PHILOSOPHY FOR 1922.

An evening coat and white necktie don't of themselves make a man civilized any more than they make him a gentleman. A pair of overalls and a battered hat quite often cover a man while he is doing something for civilization far more important than the average man wearing an evening coat and a white necktie can possibly perform in that rig. The young scientist who handles a plow in such a manner that the soil will be just right for a crop of corn greater than the average has no cause to envy gents in fashion plate clothing.

What good is there is any plan that breaks down under the very conditions it was called up to face? In every single phase of life in this living world plans are adopted only for the purpose of making the conditions of the matter at hand better. When they don't they are swiftly thrown into the discard. Lenine, in admitting the utter failure of Communism in Russia, blames the failure on the conditions it had to face. Out of his own mouth, therefore, he admitted that the plan called communism is no good—therefore, an useless, dead one. Shovel in the dirt, men!

"What is human conduct but the daily and hourly sale of our souls for trifles"—the foregoing is published broadcast as an epigram by the "clever" Bernard Shaw. A lie! Human people in the mass do not hourly, or daily, or even weekly, or yet even monthly, sell their souls. Because the human person loves comfort and entertainment and solaces himself sometimes with regrettable little vices and falls into error that flesh is heir to, it does not mean that he sells his soul. The soul is not so easily sold. And mark you, the soul that was made by God is not as easily lost as some people imagine either.

## AIM TO REFORM NOT TO PUNISH

(Continued from Page 1).

Just as long as people prided themselves on their ignorance, just so long would the present system continue, and we must inform ourselves of what was being done and have public opinion educated up to the point where something would be done to help those who were mentally, physically and morally weak and make them better citizens. At present, with nothing being done with adult criminals to cure the evil, dope fiends, alcoholics and vagrants continued to go in and out of jail. If some taxpayers would investigate the matter she felt sure they would be appalled at the enormous waste of expenditure and waste of human life. According to the estimates the cost of the Vancouver police force was over \$500,000, which did not include the upkeep and maintenance of the jails, and yet we were doing nothing to cut off the source of the criminal supply. How hard it was for those people, in poor health as a rule, with their low mentality, untrained, undisciplined, with no trade nor calling, nothing they could do, and how unable they were to cope with the world.

Judge McGill then passed on to contrast the procedure in the police court with the methods adopted in the Juvenile Delinquency Court. In the police court the proceedings commenced with arrest, in the juvenile court with apprehension. The next step in the police court was to seek to convict. The question was what did this person do? In the juvenile court an investigation was held as to why did this child do this? What were the conditions that led up to the offence? Who is the father and mother? What and who is his playmates, and the general character of the people with whom it was associated. Were there any brothers and sisters and what was their influence, and all data to enable a comprehensive report to be prepared. Possibly the psychologist would examine the child and give the court a statement as to its mental age. It had been demonstrated that a person might be 40 or 50 years old in body and only 9 years old in mental development, and it had been her experience that many of the children might be 15 or 16 years old physically and only have the mental ability of 5 or 6. The examination revealed tendencies and failings which would have to be corrected and weaknesses to be strengthened. A medical examination would also likely be made and everything done to determine what could be done to help the child to become a better citizen. Before the Juvenile Delinquency Act had been passed, children in our large cities getting into trouble, as well as many homeless children found begging on the streets, were taken to jail, locked up in the same cells, where they came under the influence of crime.

One clause of the Act might seem a hardship to some in that it provided that children could be taken from their parents. The court could interfere with the parents, because, while they recognized that the rights of the parents were not to be set aside lightly and without excuse, there was the higher right of the state to see that all of its citizens had an opportunity to grow up into law-abiding citizens. They, therefore, had the right to say what the child should do and heavy penalties could be imposed if the instructions of the court were ignored. The instructions and spirit of the Act were that, under all circumstances, it was to be interpreted for the good of the child. When a case was finished the child became the ward of the court—to be treated, not as a criminal, but as a misguided, misguided child needing aid and assistance. Referring to the Act as an awakening of the community conscience, Judge McGill declared it to be our duty to help our neighbor's children, if there was anything in brotherhood, anything in sisterhood, anything in Christianity.

A ward of the court was under supervision, under a regular probation officer and, wherever possible, the probation was carried out in the home of the child. A full report of the home, the parents and all the conditions relating to the child was kept for reference and its progress and conduct carefully watched by the probation officer. A great number of the children were children of widows, children whose mothers were dead, or children of men whose wives had left them, and occasionally it happened that, even if there were other relatives in the family, they were either too old or too young to have sufficient authority over the children. Some parents were too mild, others again were over strict, so that they had to strengthen the authority or put pressure on the parents as the case demanded. According to the conditions of the case the child reported once a week or

the probation officer visited the home once a week. Sometimes the parents had to come and report, especially where the court had occasion to believe they were not living up to their responsibilities. A regular schedule was prepared as to the conduct of the child—where it would play and with whom it would play; when it was to go to bed; whether or not it might go to certain picture shows or whether it might not go to any picture shows at all; whether it would be prohibited from attending dances, and a time stated if it must be home by certain hours. Any violation of these rules was reported to the court and came under the charge of juvenile delinquency.

Work in the juvenile court was never hurried. Time and care had to be exercised. As soon as the court went through its work too rapidly its influence was lost, as unfortunately could be seen in the results of some of the juvenile courts in the United States, where the pressure of work was such the necessary time could not be devoted to each individual case. With the many and varied cases before them it was not easy to think out a system of probation such as would meet the necessities of each case. Each one had to be dealt with separately, as one entity, as a human soul, to whom the best must be given in the way of help.

Frequently the court had trouble with parents who did not recognize their responsibilities and Judge McGill read a clause from the Act specifying the penalties that could be imposed in such circumstances. She assured the audience that, when this provision was read over to offending parents, in the proper tone of voice, the general effect was to make them exercise discipline they would not otherwise exert, while the children realized the additional force and authority behind the parents.

The work of the juvenile court was a creative and constructive force, tending to arrest the development of our criminal classes and destroying its source of supply. Investigation had revealed the fact that the descendants of one criminal, in a few generations, had furnished hundreds of criminals, contributed innumerable victims to our insane asylums and filled our schools with deaf and dumb, which, apart from the waste of human life and energy, represented a burden the taxpayer could ill afford to ignore.

Referring to the evil influence of certain types of films in the picture shows, the speaker emphasized the vital importance of parents investigating and ascertaining for themselves just what films their children were permitted to view. She spoke of certain books which no thoughtful parent would dream of having in the house to be read by the young people, and yet, owing to the carelessness and lack of interest taken, the children might view the same story on the screen where, because the eye was so much quicker and better a medium for conveying knowledge to the brain, the story would be better understood than if the boy or girl had read the book at home.

Judge McGill paid a high tribute to the work of Miss Bayne, the superintendent of the Girls' Industrial School. She also spoke of the splendid spirit in the Boys' Industrial Home, and the good work being done under Mr. Brankin and concluded with a strong appeal for greater interest to be shown by the community as a whole in the work of helping the subnormal classes not only in our cities but throughout the entire province.

A vote of thanks to the speaker terminated the meeting, Mr. Welsh announcing that the next meeting would be held in the third week in February, particulars of which would be given later.

## Correspondence

Jan. 28th, 1922

To the Editor of Review.

Dear Sir,  
Since the Returned Soldier has asked rather a personal question in a public letter, may I request the favor of sufficient space to clear up an entirely wrong impression he must be laboring under.

To all whom it may concern:  
I am entirely in sympathy with the movement my wife and I are affiliated with, both with its ideals and its method of attaining them.

Though I am the husband of the Second Vice-President, also a returned soldier, having served overseas with the Field Ambulance, and I am not a bullet for the gun of any "we."

I sign myself by my known name,  
JOSEPH PENNANT.

To the Editor of The Review:  
Dear Sir,—In the Vancouver Daily Province of Saturday, Jan. 28th, we find the following:

"A large number in the unemployed ranks are returned men, which fact they demonstrate by the pre-

cision with which they march in companies, each having its N. C. O.'s. . . . The men then fell in in companies, according to municipalities, formed rows and marched to Loggers' Hall, Cordova street. In front of them floated the red flag, flanked on either side by the Union Jack." The red flag is the emblem of the international working class movement and symbolizes a common blood and a universal brotherhood. The working class anthem is really "The International," but "The Red Flag" is more popular and is sung at most labor gatherings.

The people's flag is deepest red, it shrouded off our martyred dead; And ere their limbs grew stiff and cold, their heart's blood dyed its every fold. Look round! The Frenchman loves its blaze; the sturdy German chants its praise; In Moscow vaults its hymns are sung; Chicago swells its surging throng. It well recalls the triumphs past; it gives the hope of peace at last; The banner bright, the symbol plain of human right, of human gain. With heads uncovered swear we all; to bear it onward till we fall. Come dungeon dark or gallows grim, This song shall be our parting hymn.

Chorus.  
Then raise the scarlet standard high! Within its shade we'll live and die. Tho' towards flinch and traitors sneer; we'll keep the red flag flying here.

In regard to some of the points brought out by your correspondent, we might say that the parade which finally resulted in a riot in Winnipeg was organized and conducted solely by Veterans and the rioting was mainly caused by inexperienced police.

on the Parish Hall has now shifted to the Parish Hall has now shifted to the Russian front. We are fully informed as to what is taking place there, and are not worrying in the least. The Russian people are under no delusions as to the real cause of their sufferings and look to the Soviet system as their only salvation. We are mainly concerned with the many problems which confront

us here at home and wish to state that the discussion is closed so far as we are concerned, as we are too busy to waste time demolishing every bogey raised by those who should inform themselves before rushing into print.

Yours truly,  
N. S. EARLE,  
Sec. Federated Labor Party,  
Summerland Local.

Canada has the world's largest nickel mine, the Creighton, near Sudbury, producing over 7,000,000 tons of ore since 1900; 1,000,000 tons in 1918 alone, or more than half of the world's output of nickel.

H. M. S. Victory to Be Dry-docked.  
About the end of the present month H.M.S. Victory will be placed in dry dock at Portsmouth, and it is generally accepted that she will remain there permanently. In view of this, Mr. W. L. Wylie, R.A., the well-known marine artist, who has taken a great interest in the famous old ship, makes the proposal that a fund should be raised and the money expended on reconstructing her so that she would present exactly the same appearance as she did in Nelson's days. Mr. Wylie's suggestion is that an Empire appeal should be made for the money.

## HORTICULTURAL MEETINGS

THE PLACES AND THE DATES  
Summerland. Parish Hall.  
Naramata. Unity Club.  
Peachland. Municipal Hall.  
February 13th and 14th

THE TIME  
Afternoon, 2.30. Evening, 7.30.

THE SPEAKERS  
M. L. Dean, Wenatchee Co-Operative Association, formerly Chief of the Division of Horticulture, State of Washington; R. H. Helmer; W. Newton, Chief, Soil and Crop Division, Victoria; Professor A. F. Bars, University of British Columbia; W. T. Hunter, J. A. Grant, H. H. Evans, C. W. Traves, R. P. Murray, and others.

THE SUBJECTS  
Identification of the Codling Moth, and the Losses to the Orchardists of Washington from this Pest. Seasonal Growth of Apples and the Relationship of that Growth to the Water Supply of the Soil. Fertilizers—Their Value to the Grower. Improvements in Orchard Management. What the Culls are Doing to Your Markets. Sprays and Spraying. Poultry Hints.

These subjects have been especially selected to cover the most important problems before the grower to-day. Your time will be well spent if you attend all the meetings.

For further particulars apply to your Local District Inspector of the Department of Agriculture. 730-1

## Aesop's Advertising Fable

Once upon a time there lived a Merchant Prince who inserted a small ADVERTISING Card in his local paper. The World and His Wives rushed to the Store and the Great Battle of Push and Take occurred. The Merchant Prince did such a Tremendous Business as a Result of this one Small Advertisement that He was able to Retire and Spend the rest of his Life playing at Golf.

That is a Fable!

But it still represents some folk's ideas of advertising.

ADVERTISING won't make any man or firm rich over night, but, if intelligently used with persistency, it will multiply customers, increase turnover, swell profits and build such goodwill for the advertiser as nothing else will.

Get the facts from "The Review."

## TO THE BUYING PUBLIC.

A man's advertisement is your invitation and your guide. It means that he wants and appreciates your business and is proud enough of his store or service to ADVERTISE it.

## Shop Where You Are Invited to Shop

Issued by Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association  
Head Office, Toronto, Canada.

## Summerland Garage and Machine Shop

This is the time to  
overhaul your Car or  
Truck for spring work

### Nelson & Beckham

SUMMERLAND, B.C.  
PHONE 30

## DRY WOOD

We have on hand a good supply of Seasoned Pine and Fir, in 16 inch length, and can make prompt delivery.

**CAR LOAD 4-FT. WOOD**  
due to arrive about February 10th. Persons requiring any of this fuel should order now.  
**\$7.50 FULL CORD.**

### R. H. English & Son

Phones 41 and 415

**DOUBLE YOUR SALES—REVIEW WILL HELP**



you want your wife, husband, children, friend, doctor, lawyer, preacher, grocer, butcher, baker, or candlestick-maker:—

Why you reach  
for your telephone

When Alexander Graham Bell took the first model of a telephone to the Centennial at Philadelphia those in charge of the mechanics building exhibit put him off in an obscure corner with his "plaything." Today—every branch of industry in our national life hinges its efficiency on the telephone. Home life too. Its comforts and time-saving qualities make it indispensable—**"TALK WITH US."**

### Summerland Telephone Company

Limited

### B. L. HATFIELD

McLAUGHLIN  
AND  
CHEVROLET  
CARS

**CAREFUL CONSIDERATION & STRAIGHT DEALING USUALLY SATISFY THOSE WHO CONSULT F. D. COOPER REAL ESTATE BROKER PEACH ORCHARD SUMMERLAND**

**I.O.O.F.**  
Okanagan Lodge No. 58  
Meets Second and Fourth Mondays at 8 p.m. in Masons' Hall  
R. S. JACKSON, C. H. STONEY, Noble Grand, Rec. Secretary

### DR. J. S. PIRIE

Chiropractor and Drugless Physician  
Office, First Door West of Drug Store, in Riley Block.  
Phone 73. West Summerland

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### ALBERT J. LOTHIAN

M.A.B.C., A.A.S.C.E.  
ARCHITECT  
Pentiction Summerland  
by appointment  
Review Want Ads. Bring Results.

### Naramata News

Current Events of  
Town and District

Mrs. Greene and Miss Margery Greene arrived home at the end of last week from a short visit to Vancouver.

Owing to the combined circumstances of Miss Huntley's having missed the morning's boat, and the temperature of the Senior room being rather low for comfort, the pupils of the senior grades enjoyed a half day's holiday on Monday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Graham of Calgary were visitors here last week on a sight seeing trip through the Valley, with a possible purchase of orchard land in view.

Last Thursday was gala day at the local Badminton Club, a good representation from the Summerland Club among them some very expert players, coming over to pay a return visit here. Tea was served during the afternoon by the local club, Mrs. J. M. Robinson and Mrs. Oakes pouring tea and coffee respectively. Mr. J. M. Robinson and Mr. Logie were visitors also during the afternoon. Included in the Summerland party were Miss Marion Cartwright, Miss Joan Cordy, Mrs. Hookham, Mr. Lumsden, Mr. Dodwell, Mr. Miller, Mr. Fosbery, Mr. Higgin, Mr. Faulder, Mr. Crossley and Mr. Howis.

Mr. Hapeock and Miss Gwen Robinson were winners in the Badminton Tournament on Saturday afternoon. Mr. Campbell Robinson and Miss Dorothy Robinson playing off the final game against them.

Friday night saw two games of basketball in Pavilion Hall, the Intermediates defeating the newly organized "Scrubs" by 17-8, and the Beavers defeating the Bull-dogs by a score of 8-7.

Miss Margaret Symons left on Saturday morning for Vancouver, where she will attend school for the remainder of the term.

At the last meeting of the C.G.I.T. on Friday afternoon of last week, the girls entertained the Boy Scouts to supper in the basement of the Church. At the preceding meeting, Miss May spoke on "The Girls' Play Life." At this week's meeting, Mrs. Campbell Robinson will speak on "The Girls' Home Life."

Judge Helen Gregory McGill arrived in Naramata on Friday morning

### Smith & Henry

#### Motor Drayage and Express Work

Dealers in Coal and Wood

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY  
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PHONES .

Office .....	18
A. Smith .....	563
G. Henry .....	935

### LANDS FOR SALE.

Comfortable five roomed house, stable, garage and two chicken houses on 1 1/2 acres good land in Peach Orchard. Well sheltered, lake view, strong spring, bearing trees. Suitable for poultry and small fruit ranch. Price \$2,300.

Choice residences. Small and large orchards and mixed farms, up to \$70,000. Stock Farms. Meadows. Range lands, with timber.

Your choice of over 80 properties listed for sale. State your requirements by letter or call at Office in Peach Orchard.

### F. D. COOPER,

Real Estate Broker,  
Peach Orchard  
Established 1907. Phone 613

### W. MACK

PAINTING  
PAPERHANGING  
GRAINING  
KALSOMINING

P.O. Box 101 Summerland  
PHONE 851

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Phone Pentiction 39 Day or Night  
**BEN PRIEST,**  
Funeral Director.  
Certificated Embalmer.  
Perfect Funeral Service.  
SUMMERLAND | PENTICTON

in the course of a lecture tour under the auspices of the University Extension Committee, and spoke in the Church in the afternoon. Judge McGill outlined the procedure in the Juvenile Courts, stating that the probation system was the keystone of the work. Under this system, the case having been investigated, and talked over with the erring child and its guardians, the child and its home and surroundings are kept under the supervision of the Court and probation officer, and every effort made by watchful care to prevent further mis-steps, and to train the child to be a useful member of society. When this could not be managed by placing the child on probation, it was sent to the Industrial School. This, though a last resort, was more often a necessity in the case of girls than of boys, as the delinquent girl was a greater menace to the race. The speaker spoke highly of the training given at the Girls' Industrial School under the superintendency of Miss Margaret Bayne, and of the good work accomplished also in the Boys' Industrial School under Mr. D. Brankin. Girls committed to the Industrial School on coming out were wards of the Court until the age of 21, and were supervised when necessary until this age.

Many of the girls who have passed through the Juvenile Court and Industrial School have been married and are making good homes. Many graduates of the School have obtained good business and domestic positions of various sorts. School instruction up to the Matriculation standard is provided and also a complete business course, if they are able and willing to take these up. Other lines of work taught are gardening and small fruit raising, chicken raising, dairying, care of stock, while all the girls learn house-keeping.

Judge McGill spoke for a few minutes before closing on "Adult Probation," which is being tried out in some of the States to the south of the line, somewhat along the same lines as juvenile probation, being applied to adult first offenders. A Federal enactment makes it possible to introduce this in any province of Canada on making application to the Federal Government. It has been introduced in Ontario and applied in one case. B.C. has made the necessary application to the Federal Government.

Mrs. Rounds, president of the Women's Institute, was chairman of the meeting. Mr. J. M. Robinson at the close proposed a vote of thanks which met with a hearty response from the audience. A collection of \$8.50 was taken up and was forwarded to Mr. Harkness, as Naramata's quota toward the expenses of the lecture tour. Mrs. McGill left by the afternoon ferry for Summerland, where she spoke in the evening.

The third of the series of S.S. Institutes for Southern Okanagan was held in the Naramata Church on Thursday afternoon and evening of last week. Many from Pentiction and Summerland were present. Mr. J. E. Smith occupied the chair. Interesting papers were read at the afternoon session by Mrs. Amaron and Mrs. T. I. Williams of Naramata, and Mr. Gilbert Thornber of Summerland. Mr. W. H. Irwin leading the discussion. The opening exercises were led by Rev. H. E. Livingstone.

Supper was served in the Church basement in the interval between the afternoon and evening sessions. After dinner speakers were Rev. H. E. Livingstone, Rev. Mr. Arkenhead, Messrs. T. G. Beavis, G. Thornber and J. L. Logie.

In the evening, after devotional exercises led by Mr. W. R. Bartlett, addresses were given on "The Value of a Sunday School to the Community" by Rev. J. F. Millar, and a "Sunday School Session Programme" by Mr. W. H. Irwin, the moving spirit in these institutes. Mr. Millar emphasized the point that the office of the Sunday School was not primarily to feed the Church, but to produce good men and women. Mr. Irwin emphasized the need of variety in the S.S. programme, and the need of order and discipline in the school.

A very good musical program was given, arranged by Mrs. Cross and Miss Sievers. Mrs. Cross sang "Jesus Lover of My Soul," Miss Doris Lawrence sang "Beautiful Isle of Somewhere," Miss May gave two selections, "The Legend" by Tchaikowski and "Love Not The World" by Sullivan. Mr. Beavis sang "The Shepherd" with organ accompaniment by Mrs. Beavis. A girls' choir sang several choruses very sweetly at the opening of the evening session. The sessions were presided over by Mr. J. E. Smith and Mrs. M. M. Allen acted as secretary. On motion of Mr. Thornber it was decided to form a Sunday School Association for Southern Okanagan.

Plans for a masquerade dance in Naramata Hall on February 10th in aid of Cemetery funds engaged the attention of the Unity Club on Wednesday, Jan. 26th. Some of the boys of the district who offered to give a dance under the auspices of the Unity Club were asked to do this later. \$25 was voted to start a gramophone fund in response to a request from Miss Huntley, who pointed out in a letter its value in school activities. Several new members were welcomed among them Mrs. Marley, a comparatively new resident, and Mrs. Coates, the teacher of the junior room at the school.

Mrs. Campbell Robinson gave an interesting paper on "Anthropology," tracing the evolution of life from its earliest manifestations as preserved to us in the primeval rocks, through various stages to our present development, and forecast a further evolution in the future. Mrs. Oakes gave two piano selections which were much enjoyed. Mrs. Simpson and Mrs. D. M. McKay acted as hostesses for the afternoon, and served tea at the close of the meeting.

After the pleasant promise of warmer weather at the end of the week, the thermometer dropped again on Sunday night to 12 1/2 degrees above zero. Again the householder battles with frozen pipes and views ruefully the rapidly diminishing wood pile.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Summerland and West Summerland, and at the office of the District Superintendent.

J. F. MURRAY,  
Acting District Superintendent.  
District Superintendent's Office,  
Vancouver, B. C.,  
27th January, 1922. 730-1-2

### SUMMERLAND COW TAKES HIGH RANK

The official record for the year for Geo. H. Doherty's Jersey cow, "McDermid's Figgis," has been received from the department, showing a splendid total of 9,628 lbs. of milk with 569 lbs. of butter fat, being the high per centage of 5.91 butter fat. The period covered was from October, 1920, when the cow freshened, until October of last year.

The minimum production required for registration in this class is 8,000 lbs. of milk with 400 lbs. butter fat, so that, both in production and in quality "McDermid's Figgis" is well up in her class.

As will be remembered, Mr. Doherty secured the prize in 1920 for the registered Jersey cow having the heaviest per centage of butter fat for the year in all Canada.

### MAIL CONTRACT

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 10th March, 1922, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, seven times per week on the route between Summerland and West Summerland, and also on a proposed contract for four years, six times per week over the Summerland Rural Route No. 1, from the 1st July next.

### HERBERT W. HARVEY

Dealer in Lumber and General Builder's  
Supplies.

Everything required for the completion  
of a building kept in stock  
including

## HARDWARE AND GLASS

All Material is of Good Quality and  
Prices are Moderate.

Retail Agent for  
The Summerland Lumber Co., Ltd.  
West Summerland Phone 4

### ALFRED BIAGIONI

Concrete, Brick, Stone, Lath and Plaster Work, Etc.  
Concrete Mixer  
P.O. Box 50  
Estimates Given  
West Summerland

### BARNYARD PRIZES



usually find their way to the butcher. A good and particular butcher wants the best that can be got.

We buy the best, and cut it up in such a fine way that you get the benefit of the choicest parts.

**In Poultry, too,**  
We select well and sell as reasonable as the different seasons will permit.

What you want you get at this store. **TRY AND SEE.**

### DOWNTON & WHITE TELEPHONE 35

### W. C. KELLEY, B.A.

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary.

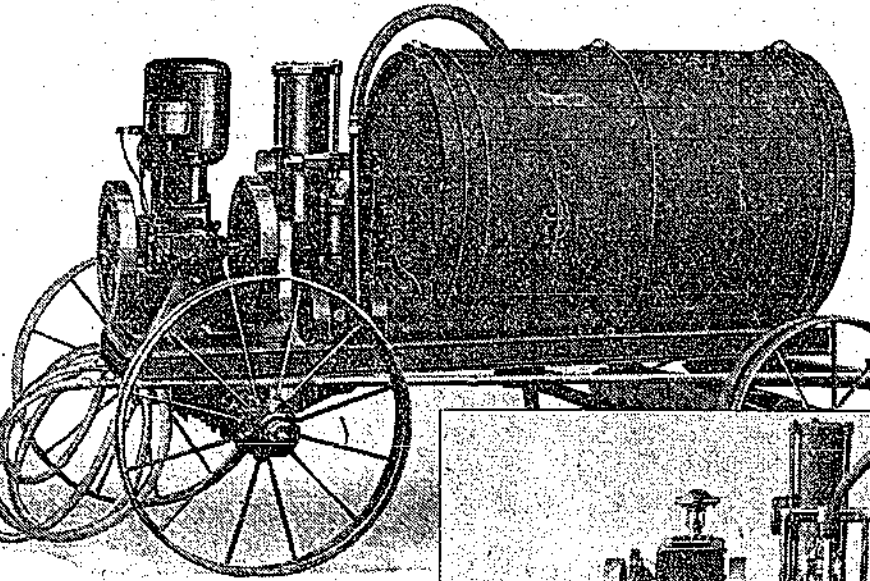
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Quarrying and Cut-Stone Contractors  
Monuments, Tombstones  
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PRICE STREET VERNON

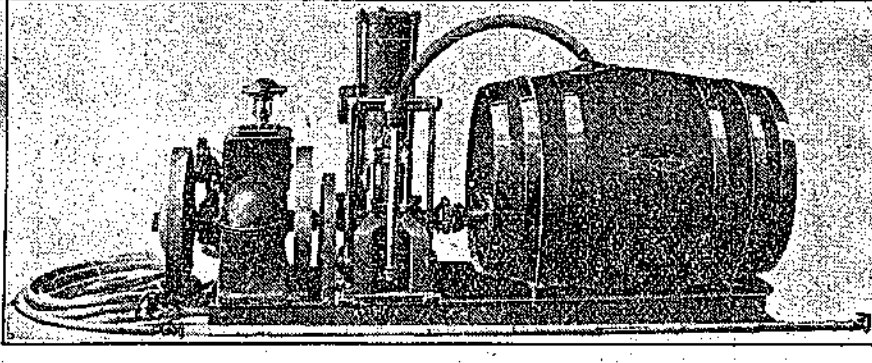
### Bean Simplicity

Outfit 604  
A complete power sprayer  
as shown at the left.  
Bean quality thru and thru.



### Bean Baby Simplicity

Outfit 602  
A thoroly high-class little rig,  
complete and ready for work.



### For the Grower With a Small Acreage

These reliable little sprayers bring to the grower whose limited acreage warrants only a small investment in spraying equipment, the same sturdy dependable features found in the larger Bean outfits. They have complete Rotary Agitator, Built-in Pressure Regulator, One-piece Steel Platform, and other important advantages found in no other low-priced rigs. Outfit No. 604 has 100-gallon tank; No. 602 has 50-gallon barrel. Both have a capacity of 4 1/2 gallons a minute at 225 pounds pressure and do thoroughly effective work. When you're not spraying the rig can be used for white-washing and disinfecting pens, hutches, chicken houses, etc., and the 1 1/2 H. P. engine is always ready for other jobs.

**You Can Do a Lot of Good Work  
With One of These Little Outfits**

It will keep your trees clean and thrifty, give you more and better fruit, and pay for itself over and over again. Sign and send the coupon for new Bean catalogue which describes the entire Bean line from these little rigs to the Bean Super-Giant, the largest and most powerful sprayer on the market.

AGENTS:  
The British Columbia Growers Limited  
PENTICTON, B.C. 7304f

G. H. INGLIS & CO.

\$10,000—Snap, 10 acres' fine soil, 6-room house, good outbuildings, all planted, 7 acres bearing; \$1000 worth of equipment goes with it; all for \$10,000. Easy terms.

\$5,000—5 acres bearing orchard; fine soil; good view; one of the best. Terms.

Kaleden Lands—Now on sale by us. Irrigation assured. Splendid choices now available on easy terms.

WEST SUMMERLAND Phone 123

Peachland Doings

A Weekly Chronicle Furnished By Our Local Representative.

Mr. and Mrs. Cudmore and daughter and Mr. and Mrs. W. White were visitors to Kelowna on Wednesday of last week.

Mr. Maben, of the Trepanier Townsite, was a passenger south from here on Wednesday's boat. The horse formerly owned by Tom Dominick and which has been in pound for a short time recently, was sold by auction last week. Mr. Jones was the highest bidder and is now owner of the horse.

Major Hardisty returned home on Wednesday evening's boat after a short business trip up the lake.

Mr. C. E. Barnes, organization manager for the O. U. G., was in town on Wednesday evening of last week and addressed a public meeting of Peachland growers in the Municipal Hall. There was a good representation present and they listened with interest to the speaker. The subject under discussion was principally the five-year contract and Mr. Barnes' remarks were largely a repetition and explanation of the recent circular letter sent to the growers.

He emphasized the importance and necessity of getting behind the five-year contract and furthering co-operation. He referred to the success of the same method proved out by growers' organizations to the south of us, and with reference to the success thus far in the campaign in the valley, he stated that the growers were signing up well, in some cases 100 per cent. Some questions were raised by growers at the meeting and discussed at some length, but it was decided that to a certain extent they were out of order at this meeting and should come up at the annual meeting, which is being held this week. At the close of the meeting signatures to the five-year contract were called for and approximately 25 per cent. of those present signed. It might be stated that some present deferred signing at least till after the annual meeting.

Mr. J. Kudelka was a visitor to Kelowna on Thursday.

A pick-up team journeyed to Westbank on Thursday afternoon to meet the Westbank hockey team on their open rink for an hour's battle. The Westbank boys led off in the first period rather too speedily for the visiting team and shot in seven goals

before the visitors got into good action. In the second period, Peachland played a little better combination and better generally and as well as holding their opponents from scoring throughout the period, managed to score one for themselves. In the last period the play was varied while quite a heavy snow storm played havoc with good hockey playing for anyone. From a spectator's point of view the players were hunting for the puck in the snow more than they were playing the game, in fact, it was quite a common occurrence for a player to make a rush with what he thought to be the puck in a small gathering of snow and make a whirlwind shot on goal only to find that all he was playing with was a little heap of snow, and on turning around saw some of his opponents taking the puck down the other direction. In spite of it all, the Westbank boys scored another three goals and thus ended quite an exciting game. Although the score was so one-sided, the players took their defeat cheerfully and were quite ready to say they enjoyed the game anyway. There were comparatively few supporters accompanied the boys on the trip, but loud and wild were the yells for the home boys given by quite an enthusiastic line-up of Westbank spectators.

The weekly whist drive was held in the Orange Hall on Thursday evening with a goodly number of players, who enjoyed the evening's play.

Judge Helen McGill, of Vancouver, judge of the juvenile court, addressed a public meeting in Peachland on Thursday evening of last week in the Municipal Hall. Her subject was "Juvenile Delinquency and the New Probation System." The arrangements for the address had been made through the Women's Institute and having had it well advertised there was a fairly good turnout.

Mr. Tomlin spent Friday last on a business trip to Kelowna and while there saw some of the Kelowna hockey fellows as to a possible game with the home team. No arrangements have been made as yet.

Mrs. Craig returned home on Saturday morning after a pleasant visit in Naramata.

Mr. Pinneke spent Saturday in Kelowna visiting Mrs. Pinneke at the hospital. He found her improving slightly, but still very weak.

Miss Montgomery came in on Saturday morning to visit friends and relatives in Trepanier.

Mr. Geo. Keyes visited Kelowna on Saturday to see about getting his sawing outfit.

Coasting on the main road has been pretty fast since the wet snowfall which we had on Thursday of last week and there have been several accidents and although none of them very serious, a few of them were very severe. Of these, Melvin Ashley was probably the worst, he having received cuts about the face, hands and arm when a bunch had a spill with two sets of bobs attached. Some others of the party were slightly hurt at the same time and the sleighs were badly wrecked.

After a visit with friends in town, Miss Jean Gellatly returned home on Saturday morning.

Messrs. Woods and Hunt returned on Saturday evening after a short visit up the lake.

Ice Carnival.

The second carnival of the season at the Peachland rink was held on Saturday evening and proved to be a better success than the previous one. There were considerably more costumes in evidence and a larger crowd of both spectators and skaters. In addition to the local there were a few from Westbank and Gellatly, those from Gellatly all coming in costume. The costumes were varied, some pretty, some cute, some comic and some ridiculous. The prize-winners were as follows: Ladies' fancy, Mrs. Dave Gellatly, representing "Night." Ladies' fancy, Miss Ida Ruffe, "Advertising Girl"; gents' fancy, C. G. McDougald, "Turk"; and gents' comic (one of the ridiculous ones) as "The Old Market or Fish Woman." The Misses McKay and McIntosh, of Westbank, and Miss Williamson, of Trepanier, acted as judges and they had no light task in choosing between the ladies costumes for first place, as the competition was very close. Another special feature of the evening was the racing. There were several entries in the men's race, George Brown of Westbank, coming in victor. Three ladies entered the ladies' race and Miss Elva Williamson won. Four boys entered their race, Henry McCall crossing the line first, with Joe Hyde giving him a fast chase. Lunch was served at Mr. Tomlin's house to all—upwards of 30. Everything went to make up a pleasant evening, weather and ice being favorable. The crew working on the domestic water system are making as good

THIS WOMAN WILL HANG A MAN



Poor woman! She is a sheriff, Mrs. Gunda Martindale, of Allamakee, Iowa, and she must spring the trap that snags Earl Frost, Finnish slayer of a young girl, to eternity. She once saved him from lynching; now she must kill him.

headway with their work as can be expected under weather conditions.

Mr. Bert Baptist has received the appointment as municipal constable.

A local hockey match was played on the rink on Monday evening last between the Trepanier and town players, but the Trepanier boys put it all over the town boys. It has been hinted that extra play was called forth from the Trepanier lads owing to the spectators' bench they had to make good before, a great deal being expected of them.

The class standing for the intermediate grade in the Central School for the month of January was as follows: Senior—1, Margaret Harrington; 2, Edna Cudmore and Francis Robinson; 3, Mary Robins. Junior—1, John Zold; 2, Katie Winger; 3, Lyndon Ashley. Second Reader—1, Phyllis Drake, Edgar Wright and Lawrence White; 2, Warren Brinson; 3, Lydia Robins.

The Westbank-Peachland Hockey team journeyed to Summerland on Tuesday in an effort to redeem the rather one-sided game won by Summerland the week previous, played on the Peachland ice. The day was very cold, which added "pep" to the game and put stalling out of the question. The game was clean and fast most of the time and clever individual play and neat passing was much in evidence. After a hard battle the score stood 5—4 in favor of the home team, two fluke goals having decided the game. In the last period the visitors fought hard to at least tie the score and the goaler of the opposing team was busy most of the time and stopped some nice ones that looked to be sure counters. To the visiting team and their friends the usual good fellowship was shown in the way of much appreciated lunch before returning to their homes.

A man informed the verger that he wished to be married on a certain day. The verger inquired the man's name. It was given. "And your fiancée?" The man shook his head. "We're not going to have any of that," he replied. "It will only be a quiet affair."

WATER ACT, 1914. NOTICE. NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the Board of Investigation under the Water Act will be held in the Municipal Hall, West Summerland, B.C., on Friday, the 10th day of February, 1922, at 10 a.m., to hear the petition of the Corporation of the District of Summerland for an order authorizing it to increase the annual rates for supplying water for irrigating lands within its corporate limits to Ten Dollars an acre or such sum as the board may determine.

Dated at Victoria, B.C., this 24th day of January, 1922.

BOARD OF INVESTIGATION UNDER WATER ACT. J. F. ARMSTRONG, Chairman.

175 PROPERTIES listed with me for sale. If you are a buyer or a seller can you do better than come to me? It will save you time.

All Lines of Insurance Carried. G. Y. L. CROSSLEY Real Estate and Insurance Phone 424. West Summerland

Reid & Williamson Teaming and General Hauling by Day or Hour. Orchard Work a Specialty. Phone 662. P. O. Box 92, West Summerland.

Strong Position of The Dominion Bank

Quick Assets 51 Per Cent. of Liabilities to the Public.

The outstanding feature of the fifty-first annual statement of the Dominion Bank is the strong financial position which the institution has been able to maintain during 1921—a year that was a trying one to financial as well as to industrial and mercantile companies.

This is particularly noticeable in respect to the immediately available assets of the bank. In value they amount to \$81,109,667, but their significance lies not so much in their volume as in the fact that they represent more than 51 per cent. of the liabilities of the bank to the public, which is about the same proportion as a year ago. In Dominion and provincial government securities, which are in high favor with investors in Canada and the United States, the bank has very substantially strengthened its position during the year. Taking cash assets as a whole, valued at \$30,421,750, the bank has an amount equal to 26 per cent. of its liabilities to the public. Total assets are \$131,335,942.

Net profits, after deducting \$108,919 for Dominion and provincial government taxation, were \$1,016,262. Compared with 1920 there was a decrease of \$172,249 in the net profits—a reflection of the country's financial and trade condition during the year. Disbursements to the shareholders in the form of dividends totalling 12 per cent. and also a bonus of 1 per cent. amounted to \$780,000. The balance carried forward to profit and loss account was \$715,480, the largest in the history of the bank and compared with \$495,307 two years ago. In the bank's total liabilities to the public there was a decrease of \$8,000,000, and compared with two years ago of \$12,384,917. The reserve fund remains unchanged at \$7,000,000 and the paid-up capital at \$6,000,000.

Reflection of the contraction in the general business of the country is to be seen in a decrease of \$2,506,000 in the bank's current loans, the total of which at the end of the year was \$68,710,574.

The total deposits with the Dominion Bank at the end of the year standing at \$98,804,800, represent a decrease of \$6,146,000.

The bank's affairs have received the usual thorough audit on behalf of the shareholders by Messrs. G. T. Clarkson and R. J. Dilworth, of the firm of Clarkson, Gordon & Dilworth, chartered accountants, Toronto.

Bronchitis Colds and Coughs

Blown to atoms Every trace completely removed by the World's most powerful preparation Buckley's Bronchitis Mixture Fully guaranteed to give you relief or money refunded. 40 Doses for 75c Sold by all druggists or by mail from W. K. Buckley, Limited, 142 Mutual St. Toronto

Sold in Summerland by Summerland Drug Co.

TWELVE ACRE LOT FOR \$500

No improvements. All under irrigation. Must be sold. A snap for quick sale. Apply, W. J. ROBINSON NOTARY PUBLIC SUMMERLAND, B.C. P.S.—Over 100 Listings to pick from

W. J. ROBINSON NOTARY PUBLIC SUMMERLAND, B.C.

When in Vancouver put up at Hotel Dunsmuir Vancouver's Newest and most complete Hotel - 250 ROOMS - 100 with Private Baths. EUROPEAN PLAN \$2.50 per day up Electric Auto Bus Meets all Boats and Trains free. Cor. Dunsmuir and Richards Sts.

K. M. ELLIOTT Barrister, Solicitor and Notary Public Ritchie Block - West Summerland 708-1f

J. H. STOKES Real Estate Insurance of All Kinds. District Representative Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada. Drawer F Naramata, B.C.

"COMMUNITY SERVICE"

Analysis of our business reveals a significant fact. This significant fact is clearly shown in two positive ways. One is by our steadily increasing sales. The other, that when new customers have occasion to make further purchases, they come right back to us.

This advance in "Community Service" can have only one meaning. It means an established reputation for reliability and for downright good values.

We buy and sell all our lumber strictly on B. C. Standard Grades. There is a vast difference in these grades and ordinary "mill run" lumber. Don't be deceived. Get what you pay for.

THE COMMUNITY LUMBER CO. LTD. West Summerland Phone 283 A. C. PATTERSON, Manager

YOUR ENGINE WILL PURR-R! AFTER BEING OVERHAULED BY NED BENTLEY GARAGE WEST SUMMERLAND

LUMBER SUPPORT HOME INDUSTRIES FLUME LUMBER ORDER NOW AND SAVE MONEY Flume Lumber being at rock bottom price, now is the time to order your requirements for next season. If you delay until spring the price is sure to be up. GET OUR PRICES. BUILDING LUMBER Get our prices on this class of material. They cannot be equalled. If you intend building, phone us. We guarantee our lumber to give satisfaction. SUMMERLAND LUMBER CO., LTD. PHONES—West Summerland 72 Mineola Mill L11

PROSPERITY Pave the way for 1922 by having your car or truck overhauled, and letting us do it. NESBITT & FORSTER Phone 194. Night Call, Hotel Summerland

BUILDING The Value You Get Depends on the Contractor. My Joinery Shop is equipped with modern machinery, enabling me to take care of millwork and plain furniture at moderate prices. H. W. Harvey Building Contractor West Summerland Phone 4

ELLIOTT SPECIALS For The Week Ladies' Heather Woollen Hose \$1.25 Men's Heather Woollen Sox 70c Heavyweight Pants \$5.50 SWEATERS, WOOLLEN SCARFS, MITTS, SOX, ETC., At 25 per cent. Discount A. B. Elliott THE MAN WHO SAVES YOU \$ \$ \$ Summerland and West Summerland

Summerland Fruit Union

R. C. LIPSETT VETERINARY SURGEON Residence: Hospital Hill. Phone 693

DUFRESNE & WHITAKER CIVIL ENGINEERS AND LAND SURVEYORS Shatford Block. Phone A93 PENTICTON, B.C. 31-1-22p

J. C. FISH, D. C. CHIROPRACTOR West Summerland, Over Darkie's Ice Cream Parlor. HOURS: 2 P.M. TO 4 P.M. MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY If you are sick or have a backward child, call and see me.

PEMBERTON & SON REAL ESTATE Complete listing of farm and city property in all parts of the province. By listing with us you have eight offices in B. C. working for you. Manager at Penticton, B. C. CHAS. H. CORDY, Phone 156 All classes of Insurance.

**Synopsis of Land Act Amendments**

Minimum price of first-class land reduced to \$5 an acre; second-class to \$2.50 an acre.

Pre-emption now confined to surveyed lands only.

Records will be granted covering only lands suitable for agricultural purposes and which is non-timber land.

Partnership pre-emptions abolished, but parties of not more than four may arrange for adjacent pre-emptions with joint residences, but each making necessary improvements on respective claims.

Pre-emptions must occupy claims for five years and must make improvements to value of \$10 an acre, including clearing and cultivation of at least 5 acres, before receiving Crown grant.

Where pre-emptor in occupation not less than 3 years, and has made proportionate improvements, he may, because of ill-health, or other cause, be granted intermediate certificate of improvement and transfer his claim.

Records without permanent residence may be issued, provided applicant makes improvements to extent of \$300 per annum and records same each year. Failure to make improvements or record same will operate as forfeiture. Title cannot be obtained in less than 5 years, and improvements of \$10.00 per acre, including 5 acres cleared and cultivated, and residence of at least 2 years are required.

Pre-emptor holding Crown Grant may record another pre-emption, if he requires land in conjunction with his farm, without actual occupation, provided statutory improvements made and residence maintained on Crown granted land.

Unsurveyed areas, not exceeding 20 acres, may be leased as home-sites; title to be obtained after fulfilling residential and improvement conditions.

For grazing and industrial purposes areas exceeding 640 acres may be leased by one person or company.

Mill, factory or industrial sites on timber land not exceeding 40 acres may be purchased; conditions include payment of stumpage.

Natural hay meadows inaccessible by existing roads may be purchased conditional upon construction of a road to them. Rebate of one-half of cost of road, not exceeding half of purchase price is made.

**PRE-EMPTOR'S FREE GRANTS ACT.**

The scope of this Act is enlarged to include all persons joining and serving with His Majesty's Forces. The time within which the heirs or devisees of a deceased pre-emptor may apply for title under this act is extended from one year from the death of such person, as formerly, until one year after the conclusion of the present war. This privilege is also made retroactive.

No fees relating to pre-emptions are due or payable by soldiers on pre-emptions recorded after June 26, 1918. Taxes are remitted for five years.

Provision for return of moneys accrued, due and been paid since August 4, 1914, on account of payments, fees or taxes on soldiers' pre-emptions.

Interest on agreements to purchase town or city lots held by members of Allied Forces, or dependents, acquired direct or indirect, remitted from enlistment to March 31, 1920.

**SUB-PURCHASERS OF CROWN LAND.**

Provision made for insurance of Crown grants to sub-purchasers of Crown Lands, acquiring rights from purchasers who failed to complete purchase, involving forfeiture, on fulfillment of conditions of purchase interest and taxes. Where sub-purchasers do not claim whole of original parcel, purchase price due and taxes may be distributed proportionately over whole area. Applications must be made by May 1, 1920.

**GRAZING.**

Grazing Act, 1919, for systematic development of livestock industry provides for grazing districts and range administration under Commissioner. Annual grazing permits issued based on numbers ranged; priority for established owners. Stock owners may form Associations for range management. Free, or partially free, permits for settlers, campers or travellers, up to ten head.

**BERNARD TAYLOR**  
Agent for  
**Penticton Steam Laundry**  
Washings called for around town on Mondays. Other patrons please leave at house or Phone 931.  
Good Dry and Green Wood for Immediate Delivery.  
All Kinds of Trucking Done.

**BASKETBALL**

One of the most interesting games of basketball was played in the Gym on Monday night last when, for the first time this season either off or on their own floor, Penticton was defeated by the Summerland team. An even game throughout the play was fast from beginning to end. The baskets for Summerland were scored by Gayton and Guy. Angove as centre, in his usual good form, fully maintained his reputation, his work being more of a defensive character, while Doug Stuart and Peck, acting for the defence, ably contributed to the success of the whole game, which ended with a score of 18-16.

The line up of the two teams was as follows:  
Summerland—Centre, A. S. Angove; forwards, W. Gayton and G. Guy; defence, A. S. Peck and D. Stuart.

Penticton—Centre, Ralph Brown; forwards, Victor De Beck and Bob Phinney; defence, Harvey Phinney and Dr. Turner.

Mr. Ellis, of Penticton, refereed the game.

The intermediate teams also contributed a very good game, the score being 17-10 in favor of Penticton.

**Coming Events**

Notices under this heading are inserted at 3 cents a word. Each repeat, 2 cents a word; minimum charge, 50 cents. Contract rates on application.

West Summerland Women's Institute will meet on Friday, February 10th, at 3 p.m., at the Parish Hall.

In writing an essay on courage a schoolboy said:

"The Turks are a brave nation. The reason they are so brave is that in Turkey a man is allowed several wives—a man who has more than one wife has no fear of death."

The same lad wrote on monogamy as follows:

"In England a man can only have one wife—that is called monogamy."

**The Rialto Theatre**

Saturday, Feb. 4th—



**Kerrigan**  
**THE COAST OF OPPORTUNITY**  
W.W. HODKINSON CORPORATION  
Two Solos by F. Graham.

Friday and Saturday, Feb. 10 and 11  
"THE SLIM PRINCESS"  
M. Normand. Goldwyn.

Friday and Saturday, Feb. 17 and 18  
"EAST LYNN"  
Hugo Ballin. Prod. Hodkinson.

Friday and Saturday, Feb. 24 and 25  
"GO AND GET IT"  
Marshall Neilan. First National.

**EMPRESS**

Fri. & Sat., Feb. 3rd & 4th—  
ELSIE FERGUSON

— in —  
"FOOTLIGHTS"

Comedy—"Back From the Front."

Mon. & Tues., Feb. 6th and 7th—

"The Sign on the Door"

— featuring —  
NORMA TALMADGE

Fox News. Comedy—"Bliss."

Wed. & Thurs., Feb. 8th & 9th—  
DOUGLAS MACLEAN

— in —  
"PASSING THROUGH"

Comedy—"I DO."

**PASSING EVENTS**

LOCAL, PERSONAL, SOCIAL & OTHERWISE

Frederick G. Graham will sing two solos at the Rialto on Saturday. 730

If you want good BREAD try Quaker Flour. Summerland Grocerteria. 730

Dr. Andrew is spending a few days at the coast, having gone out last Sunday morning.

O. F. D. Norrington, government water engineer, was a visitor to Summerland last Friday.

Economy means Prosperity. Careful buying is what counts now-a-days. Summerland Grocerteria. 730

Those who heard the solos by F. G. Graham enjoyed them very much. He will sing again on Saturday. 730

Mr. and Mrs. M. Stuart are expected home within a few days from Victoria, where they have been spending some weeks.

Recent severe weather has done considerable damage to strawberry plants in the lower mainland districts, according to late reports.

We clean or dye soiled or faded garments, house furnishings, etc. Let us mail you price list. Permanent Dye Works, Ltd., 1641 4th Ave. West, Vancouver, B.C. 48ft

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Hayes went down to Vancouver last Sunday, where a specialist will be consulted on the subject of Mrs. Hayes' health, which has not been satisfactory for some time.

The social committee of the G. W. V. A., assisted by the Women's Auxiliary, announce in our advertising columns that on Tuesday next, the 7th inst., there will be another drive at the Parish Hall.

The second social to members and friends given by the I. O. O. F. was held in the Parish Hall on Friday night, when progressive whist was played till about 10 o'clock, with dancing after supper. About 150 guests were present and enjoyed the program.

In this number the Post Office Department is asking for tenders for local mail contracts. One to carry mail seven days a week between the upper and lower post offices and the other for the rural route for six days a week. The contracts are for four years, beginning July 1 next.

**DOPE EXPOSE REVEALS SHOCKING CONDITIONS**

Vancouver, Feb. 3. — Shocking revelations are bared in an exposure of dope conditions throughout the province, by the Vancouver Daily World, this week. It is said the evil is reaching even the smaller towns, while some of the instances of disappearing girls are traced to this traffic.

Oriental, white outcasts and panderers to the social evil are mixed up in a menace that has apparently exceeded all former gravity. Every incoming vessel from the Orient has been carrying drugs, it is charged. Investigation shows that girls from good families have acquired the habit in a spirit of "dare," while even school girls are now victims. A beautiful and accomplished woman who was a governess at an exclusive girls' school, disappeared several weeks ago. She was found living with a drug outcast in Chinatown. A young woman, the daughter of a professional man, was about to be married, but she vanished. In the probe she has been found in the dope colony with other girls for whom search has been made. Regular systems of drug sales have been discovered. Chinese and Japanese are said to be active in the traffic, and white men and women, many of them being Americans, come under suspicion. Each day bears fresh revelations, and the investigation proves more revolting as it proceeds.

**WASHINGTON GROWERS TO VISIT STONE-FRUIT DISTRICTS OF B. C.**

Yakima, Feb. 3. — Stone-fruit growers of Washington are planning to visit the orchard districts of British Columbia in the spring, and efforts are now being made by the growers of this district, with others in Wenatchee and other parts, to get up a conference and get together meeting for the reciprocal interests of all growers on both sides of the line.

Leonard Starr, who lately sold out a large orchard in Oregon, with the intention of settling in Wenatchee or Yakima, may change his mind. He leaves this week to visit the Okanagan district in B. C., to look over prospects.

The success of some men is due to their iron wills and of others to their checks of brass.

Cash counts at the Grocerteria. See our advertisement. Summerland Grocerteria. 730

Bryson White, chief Dominion fruit inspector for the valley, was in town Thursday.

During the Easter holidays the teachers of B. C. will meet in convention at the coast.

Just arrived—a car of feed and flour. Get our prices before you buy. Summerland Grocerteria. 730

Mrs. C. W. Lees, of Kelowna, was a visitor last week-end at the home of her parents here, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Hayes.

Open Forum, Rialto Theatre, Sunday, Feb. 5th, 3 p.m. Subject: "Public Health," by Dr. F. W. Andrew. Collection to defray expenses. 730

Wm. Weaver, a resident of Summerland some years ago, has returned to this district from Kere-meos. It is understood that he intends settling in Summerland again.

Heating facilities in the temporary quarters being used as high school class rooms being inadequate during the recent near-zero weather, there were no classes held on Tuesday or Wednesday.

Mr. Wharton announces that any season ticket holders who consider their privileges are curtailed in any way by the management of the rink will be permitted to skate any hour of the season. 730

A carload of Yellow Newtown apples from Wenatchee arrived in Vancouver early this week. This is said to be the first car of American apples to reach Vancouver this season. The price to the trade was from \$3.00 to \$3.25 per box.

An important conference of fruit men will be held in Ottawa February 22nd, 23rd and 24th. It is expected that definite steps will be taken towards more systematic grading and packing of fruit. Washington standards and packages will be advocated by B. C. delegates.

Attention is directed to the advertisement in this number announcing the holding here and at Peachland and Naramata, a series of lectures on horticultural subjects. Several timely subjects will be dealt with in addresses to be given by experts in their several lines.

**SUMMERLAND WEATHER REPORT**

Below is a report furnished by the Dominion Experimental Station here for the week ending Tuesday:

Jan. 25-31	Max.	Min.	Rain	Snow	S.S.
Jan. 25-31	21	21	.....	2	0.0
Jan. 26-37	21	.....	.....	0	0.8
Jan. 27-38	23	.....	2	3.4	.....
Jan. 28-32	18	.....	2.2	.....	.....
Jan. 29-22	19	.....	1.8	.....	.....
Jan. 30-13	9	.....	6.9	.....	.....
Jan. 31-14	2	.....	7.4	.....	.....

**POUND NOTICE**

There was impounded on Feb. 1st, at the Municipal Pound on my property, the following described animals:

One buckskin mare, white spots on back.  
One dark brown mare, white streak on face, branded S on left shoulder, cut mark on left hind leg.  
One bay mare and colt branded RP on left shoulder.  
One bay horse, white star on face.  
If not claimed by 2 p.m. Feb. 10th and all pound fees paid, these animals will be sold at public auction at that hour.

D. C. THOMPSON.  
Poundkeeper.

Dated at West Summerland, February 2nd, 1922. 730

**ALFALFA HAY**

We offer No. 1 second cutting alfalfa in carlots at \$20.00 per ton f.o.b. Larkin. Freight rate per ton to Okanagan Centre \$2.20, Kelowna \$2.40, Peachland \$3.00, Summerland \$3.40, Penticton \$3.60; minimum car 12 tons. We will also ship in less carlots at \$22.00 per ton f.o.b. Vernon. Terms cash.

LAND & AGRICULTURAL CO. OF CANADA.  
VERNON, B. C. 730-2

**Recent Hockey Matches**

Summerland vs. Westbank.

The Westbank hockey team, with one or two additions from Peachland, came down on Tuesday last and played against the locals, the latter winning by 5-4.

The keen eyes of the goalies kept the score down, the Westbank man making a number of good saves.

Although Summerland may be said to have had a good deal of the best of the play and the puck was largely in the visitors' half, a feature of the game was the rushes of the Westbank centre, and had he better backing they would be hard to stop. Seven-man hockey was played, without any subs being used, the visitors being shy on extra men.

Summerland had to get along without Jones at cover, but Scriver at point proved a sound defence, and it is hoped he will be able to turn out regularly.

A fair crowd attended despite the cool breeze, and enjoyed the game, and as is usual in Summerland, cheering the good play irrespective of the team. M. Marshall refereed acceptably and the game was clean and good-natured throughout.

Summerland team as follows: Rutherford, Scriver, Howis, Grant, Snow, Sheek and Gayton.

Summerland vs. Penticton.

The local hockey team went down to defeat to the tune of 7-1 before the Penticton squad at Penticton on Friday evening last. Six of their goals were scored in the first period, when the Summerland players seemed at a disadvantage on the large rink and unused to the rather poor light. It was evident that Penticton took full advantage of this latter condition, and shot from long range whenever an opening occurred. The larger space also suited their individual rushes, which the locals found difficult to cope with.

Summerland scored their lone counter soon after play started by a close in from Snow, but on the whole their play lacked their usual combination. Jones at cover-point again played a good game, his speed and stick-handling being probably the best on either team. Six-man hockey was played and substitutes were used freely. The local line was as follows: Snow, Sherk, Grant, Jones, Howis, Rutherford and Munn, Gayton and Marshall, subs. The next game will be on local ice at a date which will be duly advertised.

Canada has the largest inland port in the world—Montreal.

**SUMMERLAND BAPTIST CHURCH**

SPECIAL EVENING SERVICES, 7.30 O'CLOCK.

SUNDAY, FEB. 5th.

"If Christ Came to Summerland."

Soloist, Mr. Frederick Graham Male Quartette.

SUNDAY, FEB. 12th.

"If Summerland Came to Christ."

Morning Service, 10.30 Bible School, 11.45

Preacher—Rev. James Dunlop.

**ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH**

West Summerland

REV. W. A. ALEXANDER.

Morning Service ..... 10.30 a.m.

Subject: "The Life of the Apostolic Church."

S. S. Bible Class ..... 11.45 a.m.

Evening Service ..... 7.30 p.m.

Subject: "God's Indictment."

**The Speed Artist**

an ancient unbroken record

The Speed of Joy

The Speed of Fear

The Speed of the Whirlwind

IMPULSION

EXPULSION

COMPULSION

Come and hear the above discussed in the Adult Bible Class, Sunday, at 11.45, immediately after the morning service. Baptist Church, West Summerland. Heartly welcome assured.

**G. W. V. A. & W. A.**

**WHIST DRIVE**

By Special Request

PARISH HALL

TUESDAY, Feb. 7th, 1922

Sociability, Entertainment.

Supper and Dancing.

**SUMMERLAND BOARD OF TRADE**

The regular meeting of the Summerland Board of Trade will be held in the Parish Hall on Tuesday, February 7th, at 8 p.m.

Subjects: Anti Dumping Clause; Regulating the Lake Level.

K. M. ELLIOTT,  
Secretary.

PEARLINE per pkg. .... 8c. A GLYCERINE SOAP, cake ... 7c.

**Real Clean-Up SALE after Stocktaking**

NO WHERE IN SUMMERLAND ARE THERE SUCH BARGAINS

Grocerteria Creamery Butter, per lb. .... .45

**ONE WEEK FEED SPECIALS**

WHEAT, 100 lbs. .... \$2.10  
BARLEY CHOP ..... \$1.85  
MIDDINGS ..... \$1.70  
VIM, 100 lbs. .... .85c  
GROATS, 100 lbs. .... \$2.25

**Friday and Saturday At the Grocerteria**

WHEAT GRANULES, 6-lb. sack ..... 35c  
SILVER GLOSS STARCH, 2 pkgs. for ..... 25c  
VERMICELLI, 1-lb. pkge. .... 15c  
POTTED CHICKEN, per jar ..... 28c  
PRUNES, per lb. .... 15c  
SPAGHETTI, pkge. .... 12c  
CREAMETTES, pkge. .... 11c  
GRAHAM FLOUR, 10-lb. sack ..... 50c

**JUST ARRIVED**

Shipment of Quaker Flour, 49-lb. Sack ..... \$2.05

With Grocery Orders.

ROLLED OATS, 20-lb. Sack for ..... .80

With Grocery Orders.

**GROCERTERIA MEAT DEPARTMENT**



A full line of First-class Meat, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Lamb. All kinds of Fresh Fish. At Lowest Prices. Phone 222.

GIVE YOUR BUSINESS TO THE STORE

THAT SETS THE PRICES

SAME QUALITY FOR LESS AT THE

**GROCERTERIA**

PHONE 222.

**You Must Tell 'em To Sell 'em**

On your shelves, in your stock room or warehouse, are the goods you have for sale.

In the homes all around are the folks for whom those goods were produced—The Buyers.

You have the goods, they have the money. But there's no particular reason why the public should come to you. Mr. .... down the street handles the same line of goods. The happiest solution and the logical one is to ADVERTISE. Tell 'em.

Advertising is today the greatest force in modern business progress. Its powers can be quickly, efficiently, economically applied to your business.

Get the facts from The Review.

**A WORD TO THE WISE**

The advertisements you see in our columns are the invitations to you of responsible, progressive business men.

**SHOP WHERE YOU ARE INVITED TO SHOP**

Issued by Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association  
Head Office, Toronto, Canada.

# THE DOMINION BANK

At the Fifty-First Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of The Dominion Bank, held at the Head Office, in Toronto, on 25th January, 1922, the following statement of the affairs of the Bank as on the 31st December, 1921, was submitted:

## GENERAL STATEMENT

LIABILITIES		
Capital Stock paid in		\$6,000,000 00
Reserve Fund	\$7,000,000 00	
Balance of Profit and Loss Account carried forward	715,480 59	
Dividend No. 157, payable 3rd January, 1922	180,000 00	
Bonus, one per cent, payable 3rd January, 1922	60,000 00	
Former Dividends unclaimed	255 00	
		7,955,735 59
Total Liabilities to the Shareholders		\$13,955,735 59
Notes in Circulation	7,326,571 00	
Due to Dominion Government	8,552,610 00	
Deposits not bearing interest	\$18,018,016 33	
Deposits bearing interest, including interest accrued to date	80,736,284 33	
		98,804,300 66
Balances due to other Banks in Canada	869,235 18	
Balances due to Banks and Banking Correspondents elsewhere than in Canada	838,679 23	
Bills Payable	267,960 00	
Acceptances under Letters of Credit	354,740 43	
Liabilities not included in the foregoing	371,060 49	
Total Public Liabilities		117,380,206 99
		\$131,335,942 58
ASSETS		
Gold and Silver Coin	\$2,117,000 19	
Dominion Government Notes	15,715,807 50	
Deposit with Central Gold Reserves	1,700,000 00	
Notes of other Banks	1,100,880 71	
Cheques on other Banks	7,389,393 59	
Balances due by other Banks in Canada	1,000 00	
Balances due by Banks and Banking Correspondents elsewhere than in Canada	2,397,668 15	
		30,421,750 14
Dominion and Provincial Government Securities, not exceeding market value	18,371,201 90	
Canadian Municipal Securities, and British Foreign and Colonial Public Securities other than Canadian, not exceeding market value	4,168,630 45	
Railway and other Bonds, Debentures and Stocks, not exceeding market value	1,751,108 28	
Call and Short (not exceeding thirty days) Loans in Canada on Bonds, Debentures and Stocks	6,561,853 52	
Call and Short (not exceeding thirty days) Loans, elsewhere than in Canada	3,835,123 27	
		\$60,109,687 56
Other Current Loans and Discounts in Canada (less rebate of interest)	63,710,574 03	
Other Current Loans and Discounts elsewhere than in Canada (less rebate of interest)	554,542 96	
Liabilities of Customers under Letters of Credit, as per contract	354,740 43	
Real Estate other than Bank Premises	5,430 37	
Overdue Debts (estimated loss provided for)	144,358 59	
Bank Premises, at not more than cost, less amounts written off	5,830,229 52	
Deposit with the Minister of Finance for the purposes of the Circulation Fund	309,575 00	
Mortgages on Real Estate sold	17,227 81	
Other Assets not included in the foregoing	299,596 31	
		71,226,275 02
		\$131,335,942 58

E. B. OSLER, President. C. A. BOGERT, General Manager.

**AUDITORS' REPORT TO SHAREHOLDERS**

We have compared the above Balance Sheet with the books and accounts at the Chief Office of The Dominion Bank, and the certified returns received from its Branches, and after checking the cash and verifying the securities at the Chief Office and certain of the principal Branches on December 31st, 1921, we certify that, in our opinion, such Balance Sheet exhibits a true and correct view of the state of the Bank's affairs, according to the best of our information, the explanations given to us and as shown by the books of the Bank.

In addition to the examinations mentioned, the cash and securities at the Chief Office and certain of the principal Branches were checked and verified by us at another time during the year and found to be in accord with the books of the Bank.

All information and explanations required have been given to us and all transactions of the Bank which have come under our notice have, in our opinion, been within the powers of the Bank.

G. T. CLARKSON  
R. J. DILWORTH  
Toronto, January 19th, 1922. (Of Clarkson, Gordon & Dilworth, C.A.)

## WAS VERY HAPPY SOCIAL EVENT

(Continued from Page 1)

Hebrews, had so influenced the main current of the life of the race as the Scottish people had done. Lloyd George said that the British Government, at its best, was made up of a few Welshmen and Scottish lawyers. In literature, Scott, Byron (of Scottish extraction) and Burns had given Scotland a permanent place. In philosophy, David Hume, the Scottish sceptic, set Kant, the German, athinking, and so helped to shape the thought of Europe for a hundred years. He inspired Sir W. Hamilton, who inspired the only school of philosophy distinctly British—the "Scottish School of Common Sense." In war, the leader of the British forces, Earl Haig, was Scotch. So was Lord Weymss, head of the navy. Earl Beattie said he was proud of his Scottish ancestors. In politics, W. E. Gladstone came of a distinguished Scottish family. So does Balfour, who guided the Washington conference. Viscount Bryce, who died a few days ago, and who wielded the greatest prestige on this side of the Atlantic, was Scotch. The secretary of the League of Nations is Scottish. Three of the five men selected by the League of Nations to deal with labor, were Scottish. In Canada, public life has been built up by the Scotch. Sir Wilfrid Laurier said McDonald, the Scotchman, gave him his mental cue; and Lord Mount Stephen, with Strathcona, did much to build up the new country. Indeed, every good and every perfect gift now cometh via Scotland.

But this is really an Ayrshire night. There are different kinds of Scottish people. The north holds the people in the south to be stupid; and the south holds the people in the north to be simple. Since Scotchmen always tell the truth, they are both right. People from the east are cold and conservative—poor mixers. The best of the Scottish people come from the west, especially from Kilmarnock. This is my home town. Burns, Robert the Bruce and the Scottish covenanter all belong to Ayrshire. Ayrshire is, therefore, the birthplace of our literature, of our national and religious life—the place of "honest men and bonnie lasses." Burns' cottage is now the centre of the universe.

Born and reared in Ayrshire, acquainted with its traditions, and having personally visited every part of the country, Mr. Dunlop gave some splendid descriptions of some of the scenes referred to in Burns' songs, following on which, in a very able manner, he rendered the appreciation, a copy of which appeared in our last issue.

The program of instrumental and vocal music, with some excellent readings, proved a regular breeze from the Highlands. Mrs. J. D. Wood, A. G. Smith, J. O. Smith and D. L. Sutherland, are all old favorites, and need no comment. It is some time since we heard from Mrs. D. L. Sutherland and Mrs. Clark, and with their return to Summerland, we hope to hear more of them. Among our new talent, Mr. McGown and Mr. Muir proved themselves decided acquisitions to the musical circles of the community, assets on which we hope to realize at some of our later concerts. No Burns' night would be complete without "Tam o' Shanter," and Mr. Gowan's splendid rendering of this classic was greatly enjoyed. One of the happiest items on the program was the very humorous collection of Scotch stories and incidents, related by Mr. Wishart, who created much fun and merriment by his ready wit and humor.

Mrs. D. L. Sutherland and Mrs. A. McGown presided at the piano.

In the course of the evening, J. G. Robertson, a former president of St. Andrew's society, gave a short address to the meeting, and explained how, since the beginning of the war in 1914, the society had been inactive. Now that we were getting back to normal, he urged a reorganization of the society, and, at the close of the meeting a resolution was carried that a meeting be called for an early date for the purpose of reorganizing the St. Andrew's Society.

After the usual votes of thanks, the meeting terminated with the singing of "Auld Lang Syne."

All ladies and gentlemen interested in the reorganization of St. Andrew's and Caledonian society are cordially invited to attend a meeting to be held in St. Andrew's Church hall this (Friday) evening at 8 p.m. 730

We repair and regulate all kinds of sewing machines. Work guaranteed. Money refunded if not satisfactory. Look out for the itinerant sewing machine repairer, who is irresponsible, charges big prices and usually does little work. T. G. Wanless, Pentiction. Agent for Singer Machines and "Haines Bros." Pianos. 729-30

The best way to prepare for war is to prepare to avoid it.

## WOULD BEAUTIFY OUR LAKE FRONT

(Continued from Page 1)

Beach, while similar improvements at the K. V. R. station would present a more attractive appearance to visitors coming in to West Summerland. Discussing the labor situation the speaker said that one of the greatest drawbacks to keeping really good labor in a district like this was the comparatively short season in the fruit business, which only required from five to six months labor in the year. Once the rush of the season was over our men and boys had nothing to do, and an unfortunate state of idleness prevailed, unfortunate because it was bad physically, intellectually and morally. Something should be done, some means devised, so that our work could be spread over the twelve months of the year, if possible.

Mr. Helmer summed up his address in the conclusion that the only feasible and satisfactory solution of our problems, problems of better roads, better distribution of irrigation water, extensions of the electric light and domestic water services, the school question and the industrial problem would be found in the appointment of a thoroughly competent man to act as manager, a manager who would relieve the municipal council of a large burden of work which it was unfair we should ask them to assume. The expense attached to such an appointment would be nothing, compared to the advantages that would accrue. After all, this municipality was just like a big business concern. It was idle to argue that because a similar appointment in the past had not met with the success hoped for that we should not endeavor again to secure a thoroughly competent man. The speaker cited the case of Kamloops and related how, when the Iron Mask Mine had closed down and the city had lost \$8000 per annum from the sale of electric power, the city manager had gone out after more business and succeeded in selling power to the amount of \$11,000 per annum, so that, when the mine opened up again, the revenue from the electric light was \$11,000 ahead of its former receipts. Kamloops was not an industrial centre. It was an agricultural district, and yet, owing to the demand for power, a demand which had been developed to a large extent by a live manager devoting his whole time to the work, the city of Kamloops was at present endeavoring to locate on the Adams River a suitable site to develop more power.

Quite an active discussion followed Mr. Helmer's address. J. W. S. Logie, speaking on the unemployment problem, outlined the activities of the Labor Party, and said they hoped their efforts would lead to the establishment of some industry such as would fill in the idle period between seasons. He also referred to the rapid development of the community spirit, and maintained a good many of our troubles would be solved by more active co-operation. In response to Mr. Riley, who criticised the question of greater production while the present low prices prevailed for stock and produce, Mr. Helmer explained that prime steers would realize good prices. It was only the culls, the scrub stock, that did not fetch the cost of production. In the case of

## THE TOMATO SITUATION

(By R. H. Helmer)

Every year a large acreage of tomatoes is grown in the valley and only a few realize enough from the crop to claim a plus wage income. A short review of the situation may throw some light on the case and prevent some people actually making a cash loss on the year's work.

A few years ago the hothouse tomato was not a very serious competitor with our earliest crop, and during that period the demand and prices realized for our early tomatoes warranted the growers putting considerable expense on the crop to get it early. When we say early we mean the last week in June. It was found that the tomato gave a good yield per acre if forced with commercial fertilizer and that, when the early market was off, the canneries which followed the tomato into the valley would take the main crop. This gave, for a time, a reasonably good return, but today some changes have taken place; the hothouse tomato is practically on the market during the whole late winter and early spring, coming from across the line and coast sections. This tomato has a very attractive appearance and at all times sells above the price paid for field tomatoes, with the result that what we consider early tomatoes are no novelty on the consumers' market and the price at once begins to decline. Usually the Earliana is selected to supply this early market and this variety has become very rough, in fact, most of the crops the writer saw this year were not salad tomatoes at all and really too rough for good cannerly stuff. Now, if we want the public to take field tomatoes in preference to those grown in the hothouse, the quality and especially the appearance, must excel the hothouse product. This can only be done by growing the choicest seeds of smooth, medium sized tomatoes. Whether or not the price at that time would warrant all the trouble involved we are doubtful. On the other hand, the canneries are not at all in sympathy with the rough, misshapen, wasteful product being grown and we would advise growers who hope to sell to a cannery to make a contract for their entire ripe output and grow tomatoes which the canneries want and get bigger tonnage by not stunting plants for early fruit.

The varieties the canneries are asking for are: Landrath, John Baer, Chalk's Early Jewel and Earliana, if smooth. The first three are smoother than Earliana as a rule, not quite so early but good croppers. Tomato growers should study conditions and cater to one market, not try to hit two and miss both.

The question of a building by-law was also raised, the area it should include and the conditions it should cover by its terms. It was also suggested that steps should be taken to have the grandstand at Crescent Beach moved over towards the lake shore and its situation so altered as to permit of the lower portion being fitted up with accommodation for bathers.

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## Exchange Rates

WHEN you require information regarding foreign exchange, call at our nearest branch. In direct wire touch with money markets throughout the world and closely affiliated with financial institutions abroad, this bank is able to quote the closest possible rates on drafts and bills of exchange, and to negotiate purchases and sales promptly and satisfactorily.

**THE DOMINION BANK**

Summerland and West Summerland Branches,  
O. F. ZIMMERMAN, Manager.

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**THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE**

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RESERVE FUND : \$15,000,000  
WEST SUMMERLAND BRANCH—A. B. Morkill, Manager

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—BRANCH—		— EAST BOUND —	
South	North	DAILY	
10.20 Sicamous	18.00	No. 12—Leaves Vancouver	
11.20 Enderby	16.45	West Summerland	
11.45 Armstrong	16.15	Nelson	
12.30 Vernon	15.30		
13.10 Okanagan Landing	15.15	— WEST BOUND —	
—LAKE—		DAILY	
13.35 Okanagan Landing	12.00	No. 11—Leaves Nelson	
15.55 Kelowna	8.45	West Summerland	
17.15 Peachland	7.20	Vancouver	
18.15 SUMMERLAND	6.20		
Naramata		Observation and dining car service on all trains.	
19.35 Pentiction	5.30	J. W. RUTHERFORD, Agent.	
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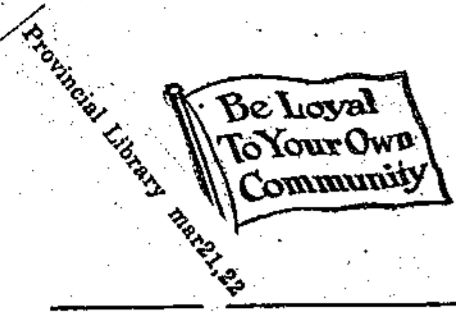
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# The Summerland Review

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF SUMMERLAND, PEACHLAND AND NARAMATA



Vol. 14, No. 28, Whole No. 731

SUMMERLAND, B.C., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1922.

\$2.50, Payable in Advance

## WILL CONTROL LEVEL OF LAKE

P. E. Doncaster, Engineer in Charge, Explains Cause of High Water Last Spring.

## DAM NEEDED

Without it Lake Would Drop Too Low and Freshets Would Cause Much Damage.

Those who suffered because of the high level of the lake last spring may be reasonably confident that there will be no recurrence of the misfortune of 1921. P. E. Doncaster, district engineer with the Dominion Department of Public Works, and resident at Nelson, B.C., met a number of citizens early this week at Hotel Summerland, and discussed with them the question from every angle. His explanation of the high water of last year was in itself an assurance that such a disaster will be avoided in future. The death of an official, and the fact that data was not available, were some of the reasons why the lake had not been lowered in advance of the freshest season. At the dam at the foot of the lake there is a gauge on which 100 is marked as an arbitrary zero. A level of 1.1 ft. above this is described as a very satisfactory level, but last spring the water reached a height of 103.6. It was generally conceded that 102 would be safe but should be a maximum height. Mr. Doncaster said that had the lake been at 100 before the freshets, it would not have raised above 102. The lake level is now being gradually lowered and Engineer Doncaster proposes that the level shall be at 99 when the freshets start. The City of Kelowna has requested that the level at that time be at 98, and the Summerland Board of Trade this week made a similar resolution. Mr. Doncaster expressed belief that with the leeway between 99 and 102, all flood waters can be accommodated over the 84,224 acres of the lake. His instructions are that it be at 100 on March 10th. The lake can be lowered one foot in seventeen days without inconvenience or damage to property below. Water was running over the dam last spring at the rate of 2700 feet per second, but with the greater fall at present possible the flow will be much larger. Mr. Doncaster explained the importance of the dam to residents both above and below it. Without it a succession of dry years would permit the lake to go to a very low level, and its removal would be disastrous to property owners along the river below, which would suffer from floods every spring, but with being able to store say three feet of water in Okanagan Lake to be let out gradually, a much more uniform flow in Okanagan river could be maintained. From here, Mr. Doncaster went to Pentiction to meet property owners there interested in the question.

## ST. ANDREW'S Y. P. S. NAMES OFFICERS

The executive of St. Andrew's Y. P. Society met at the manse on Tuesday night and arranged committees and program for the next three months. The following are the officers and convenors of committees: President, Mr. Geo. Harding; 1st vice-president, Mr. Ernie Adams; 2nd vice-president, Miss Marie Arkell; secretary, Mr. Mosie Marshall; treasurer, Miss Sue Whiteford. Convenors of Committees—Devotional, Mr. C. Mitchell; missionary, Miss B. Johnston; literary, Mr. Demey Sanborn; social, Miss M. Arkell; music, Miss Alma Lott; sick visiting, Mr. Howard Findlay; lookout, Miss Phillis Freeman. The above officers, with the minister and honorary president, constitute the executive of the society.

## Gull Pie is Delicacy.

Vancouver, Feb. 8.—Sea gull pie is sold in some cafes in the Oriental quarter, according to Chinatown investigators in the big dope probe. This was discovered with the finding of dressed gulls found hanging up in a number of Celestial kitchens. The Chinese said they never tried to sell any to white patrons, and only used the kidneys and limbs of the sea birds.

## READY TO OPERATE A CANNERY HERE

Broder Cannery Company Proposal Endorsed by Board of Trade.

Satisfaction was expressed by the Board of Trade in a resolution adopted Tuesday night in an authentic report that the Broder Canning Co. contemplates establishing a cannery here. The resolution also offered the moral support of the board. Mr. A. G. Williams, representing the Broder Co., is canvassing the district and it was stated at the board meeting, had contracts for 125 acres of tomatoes, and expected to get another 35 acres. It is possible that the company may operate here this year, and if so, will be in the market for apricots, peaches, pears and other fruits, otherwise it seems reasonably sure that the plant will be ready for 1923 operations. In the latter case the company will have a warehouse for the receiving of its purchases, which will be shipped to the company's plant at New Westminster.

## CLAIMS B. C. NO LONGER PROMISED LAND TO CHINESE

Vancouver, Feb. 8.—British Columbia has lost its glamor as the promised land of hope for Celestials in their own country, according to Dr. Alfred Young Potter, globe trotter and Oriental traveler now visiting this place. He says Chinese are now disposed to stay in their own country where a wave of progressiveness is encouraged, with the discouragement of emigration. Young China is interested in developing the national resources, he says, and few young Chinese now worry about trying to migrate to B. C. or anywhere else. But it is different with Japanese, says Dr. Potter.

## TOURISTS' CAMP IN LOCAL PARK

Board of Trade Takes Step to Provide This Necessity—Other Improvements.

The establishment of a tourist camping park and alterations and improvements to Ellison Hall to make it more suitable for public purposes were advocated by Dr. Andrew at the Board of Trade meeting on Tuesday evening. He pointed out that the large pillars down the middle of the hall spoiled the use of the floor for boy scouts and other purposes. As advocated by The Review on many occasions last season, Summerland greatly needs a tourist camping site, and the Peach Orchard park is ideal for this purpose. Dr. Andrew stated that the Women's Institutes are talking park improvement; a local committee is also considering it as a site for a memorial and Dr. Andrew suggested that the matter be laid before the municipal council.

## Y. P. SOCIETIES SOCIAL EVENING

The Baptist Y. P. S. were the guests of St. Andrew's Y. P. S. in a social gathering, held in St. Andrew's Hall on Monday evening. After devotional exercises, the president, Mr. Geo. Harding, extended a very hearty welcome to the B. Y. P., expressing the pleasure of St. Andrew's society in having them as their guests for the evening. The meeting was then handed over to the social committee and a very happy evening was spent in games, interspersed by music, songs and readings. Refreshments were served at 10.30, when Mr. Blackaby, on behalf of the B. Y. P. extended their thanks to their hosts of the evening. All united in singing "Auld Lang Syne," and a hearty wish, "may this not be the last," was expressed. The man who "also ran" in a political race usually has an empty purse as a souvenir.

## TROUT CREEK FARMERS' INSTITUTE

There was a good attendance at the regular monthly meeting of the Trout Creek Farmers' Institute, held at the school on Monday evening last, when Mr. John Tait gave a very interesting and instructive talk on "Sprays and Spraying." The new spray calendar has just been issued by the Provincial Department of Agriculture and Mr. Tait took this as the foundation for his talk, going over each item with which the district is specially concerned. Mr. Tait had gathered together an interesting collection of diseased twigs and carefully explained the nature of the injury and the treatment. Not the least interesting of his collection was a bundle of roots which he had picked up in a Summerland orchard, this representing the amount of root turned out by the plough on one side of a young tree. He refrained from mentioning any names, but Mr. Tait feels confident that before the year is out, the orchardist will be seeking information on drought spot and kindred diseases. The "question drawer," which is a feature of these meetings, provided some excellent material for discussion and the reading of a section of "King on Soils," brought the meeting to a close. The secretary, Mr. Geo. W. Johnson, was appointed a delegate to attend the forthcoming conference at Kelowna.

## More Missing Girls.

Vancouver, Feb. 8.—Four girls, from good homes, are missing. Their names are withheld from publication to spare them notoriety, but the police of Seattle, Tacoma and Aberdeen have been notified. One of the girls, attending business college, telephoned her parents that she intended spending the night with another girl. That was January 20. The girl is also missing. She told a similar story to her mother. The other two missing girls are cousins, but left at different dates and have been gone for nearly a month. Anxiety is added by revelations in the present drug investigation, although the girls' parents declare their daughters possess too much firmness and poise to go wrong. The cousins sang in the choir of a large local church. The girls' ages are, respectively, 17, 19, 20 and 22 years.

## Salisbury, N.B.—A shipment of 100 pairs of live foxes was made from the big ranches at Colpitts near here for New York state. The animals are all silver-blacks and are valued at about \$100,000.

## WOULD REGULATE LEVEL OF LAKE

Kelowna Board of Trade Asks for Removal of Stop Logs in Dam at Pentiction. The Kelowna Board of Trade, at a recent meeting, passed the following resolution regarding the regulating of the lake level: "Whereas, the level of Okanagan lake is again, in the last week of January, at the same high level that it was in 1921, and the damage caused in that year by the overflowing of the lake was extensive both to personal property and to the only trunk road along the lakeside, connecting north and south Okanagan; and, whereas, in the opinion of local engineers who have been giving their close attention to the matter, the authorities do not grasp the magnitude of the danger and that the latest safe date for commencing the lake is January 31; therefore, be it resolved, that the minister of public works be asked to have the drop logs removed from the regulating device at the outlet of the lake at Pentiction, and that he should forthwith appoint an official resident in the Okanagan to attend to the operation of that device, so that he may be able to watch conditions closely, and by lowering the level of Okanagan Lake, so use its reservoir to hold the waters brought in by the tributary creeks in flood and to regulate their discharge at Pentiction." During discussion on the resolution, Mr. L. E. Taylor voiced the opinion that, contrary to the accepted belief, the C. P. R. might be induced to co-operate in securing the lowering of the lake. As authority, he quoted Major Kirkpatrick, of the C. P. R., who had told him that the company was as much opposed to high water as any others concerned.

## COUNCIL CUTS ALL SALARIES

Twenty Dollars a Month Lopped Off Each Man on Monthly List.

## WAGES DOWN

Labor to Be Paid for at Rate of Thirty-five Cents—Prepare for Sitting Here of Water Board.

A special meeting of the municipal council was held on Monday night, with all the members present and Reeve Campbell in the chair. After the usual routine business, the council considered the profiles prepared by Mr. Dufresne on the winter pipe line and on the line from the tank house to District Lot 675. As Mr. Dufresne's report had not been received, the matter was laid over for further consideration. Mr. Kelley, as municipal solicitor, waited upon the council and discussed the position to be taken up before the water board at its sitting on Friday. Following a discussion as to reduced expenditure resolutions were passed reducing the indemnities of the reeve and council by \$50 per annum and the salaries of the staff, foremen and truck driver by \$20 per month. The rate of day labor was also reduced to 35c per hour, for a nine-hour day.

## HEAR APPEALS ON 1922 ASSESSMENT

Some Reductions Made, a Few Increases, but Assessments Generally Sustained.

The court of revision on the 1922 assessment was held in the municipal chambers on Wednesday at 10 o'clock. Following the usual form of procedure the reeve was appointed chairman and F. J. Nixon, secretary. Of the appeals—29 in number—the assessor reported that only eight were properly filed, and this list was first dealt with by the court. In the case of Frank Dickinson, who appealed in respect of his orchard property in Garnett Valley, the assessment was reduced by \$150. On the appeal of Mrs. Greenhow, on Block 5, District Lot 1117, a reduction of \$250 was granted, while the assessment on the property of Harvey Atkinson, in Peach Orchard, was sustained. An error in the assessment of improvements on the property of A. S. Monro was rectified and the assessment on the property of M. S. Peacock, north of the Summerland townsite, sustained. No reduction was made on the home property of T. G. Beavis, while on the appeal of J. Tait on the assessment of improvements, a reduction of \$500 was given. The assessor stated that Mr. McCallum was quite satisfied with the assessment of the hotel property, provided that other assessments in his neighborhood were maintained, but that he would expect to share in any reductions made on the assessments of adjoining property. As the court made no change in the assessments of the properties referred to the assessment of the hotel property remains unchanged. J. L. Logie, representing the Development Company, disputed the ruling of the assessor that the appeals were not in order. During the discussion, which became quite heated, Mr. Logie was called to order by the chair. Finally a resolution was passed, "That all appeals on the supplementary list of appeals, which

## ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY IS RE-ORGANIZED

A meeting of local Scotchmen was held in St. Andrew's Hall on Friday evening for the purpose of reorganizing the St. Andrew's and Caledonia Society. G. Marshall occupied the chair. Following on a discussion as to the constitution of the society, it was agreed to appoint three ladies and three gentlemen as a committee, to act with the office-bearers as the executive, the executive to draft a constitution and submit it to a later meeting of the society for approval. Office bearers for 1922 were appointed as follows. Hon. president, J. G. Robertson; hon. vice-president, Hector Sutherland; president, A. H. Steven; vice-president, A. Smith; sec.-treas., R. Pollock, with the committees of Mrs. J. D. Wood, Miss Fisher and Mrs. G. Marshall, S. A. McDonald, A. Wishart and Geo. F. Sinclair. Rev. Jas. Dunlop was appointed chaplain, Mrs. D. L. Sutherland, pianist, and Basil Stewart, auditor. A suggestion that the society hold a picnic on the 1st of July met with unanimous approval. The next meeting of the society will take the form of a social, the details to be left in the hands of the executive.

## VETERANS OF B. C. JOIN BIG ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION

Vancouver, Feb. 8.—One of the biggest military athletic associations in the Empire is now being organized here. Its membership will include veterans of the whole province and beyond. It will be the Inter-Regimental Athletic Association of the 23rd Brigade. This includes the 7th, 11th, 47th, 29th, Engineers, Departmental Corps, Machine Gunners, R. A. M. C., and others. The president is Dr. Frank E. Dorchester, captain and physical instructor, and one of the best known druggists physicians on the coast. Americans are interested and a big military athletic meet will be arranged later with the American Legion across the line.

## HOSPITAL DONATIONS DURING JANUARY

Donations to the hospital for the month of January, as noted below, are gratefully acknowledged: Mrs. Butler, old linen; Mrs. Beggs, 2 qts. strawberries, 1 qt. cream; Mrs. A. C. Patterson, 4 qts. preserves; Mrs. Young, 2 doz. eggs; Mrs. Block, marmalade and magazines; Mrs. Solly, 6 qts. fruit, 1 jar jelly; Mr. S. B. Snider, 1 doz. eggs; Mr. W. Hayes, 2 boxes apples.

## VERNON CITY HAS DRUG TROUBLES

Bunch of Celestials Brought into Court and Kept Fined \$200. Vernon News: While on a periodical visit to Chinatown last Friday evening Chief Clarke walked into a Chinese "opium joint." The nine inmates of the room, which was a small chamber with bunks ranged on all sides, were taken into custody but not till after Chief Clarke had discharged a shot to show the Chinese that he would not tolerate any interference. One smoker made an effort to grab a tin of opium, but when told to sit still he refused, and then the chief fired, the bullet coming close to the wily Oriental's foot. After that no difficulty was experienced in taking the offenders to the police station. When brought before Magistrate Heggie the keeper of the "joint," who had appeared in the court on two previous occasions charged with infractions of the law, was fined \$200 or one year in jail. The eight smokers were asked to contribute \$50 or spend the next six months working for the government. Most of them paid the fine.

## Man who decides to hold off until things improve may find, when things improve, that the man who held on and helped them to improve is so far ahead that he can't be caught.—Vision.

## PRAIRIE JOBBERS MEET AT EDMONTON

Transportation and Other Trade Problems Before the Members.

The Western Canada Fruit Jobbers' Association held its annual convention at Edmonton a few days ago when a number of matters affecting the fruit trade were discussed. R. M. Winslow, of the B. C. Traffic and Credit Association, attended, as did E. Doberer, of Salmon Arm; Mr. Duggan, of Kelowna, and a number of other fruit men from this province. A few of the problems before the convention were: At the first session Hon.-Pres. S. S. Savage was presented with a gavel. The association denounced pilfering from fruit cars. The members discussed freight rates and went on record as being in favor of lower schedules. The practice of allowing city fruit peddlers to use railway yards as their business centre, was severely criticized. R. M. Winslow led a discussion on the standardization of fruit packages. A committee was appointed to take up with the B. C. shippers a number of matters affecting the trade. Officers elected were: R. R. Scott, of Winnipeg, president; Frank E. Holloway, Royal Fruit Company, Edmonton, vice-president; C. C. McLean, Moose Jaw, 2nd vice-president; A. E. Burns, Winnipeg, secy.-treas. Herbert Emery, of Winnipeg, the retiring president, was presented with a gold watch and chain as a token of appreciation from the entire membership.

## ANDREW TALKS PUBLIC HEALTH

Gives Excellent Address at Sunday Gathering in Rialto Theatre.

The address delivered by Dr. Andrew in the Rialto Theatre last Sunday on "Public Health," proved not only one of the most interesting but, from an educational standpoint, one of the most valuable ever delivered under the auspices of the Open Forum. Introducing his subject the speaker said: "Public health administration rests upon a wide range of sciences, all of which are in a progressive stage and are co-related and adapted to the welfare of mankind. It thus includes a broad and comprehensive field of learning which has been developed by scientific investigation, and as these sciences are making further progress and investigation—as any technical journal will show—new conceptions will be brought for year by year, so that many points here stated may be taken as tentative or provisional, until further research and statistics develop something better. Experience has shown that it is better, where competent authorities differ, in opinion or practice, to give prominence to official views and practice rather than to those of individuals. That official recommendations and regulations are fairly orthodox and common for the day may be deduced from the facts (1) the central board of health, provincial state or federal in constant touch with all the health officers and is able to gather facts and figures from different angles; and (2) provincial and state boards are in frequent conference with other boards, through conventions and published reports, and so endeavor to get new ideas and eliminate what time and experience prove false." Commenting on the wide range of activities of "Public Health," Dr. Andrew submitted in detail a list of the subjects illustrating the extensive manner in which the provisions of public health affected our community and national life. Defining his subject as "the consideration of the public as a whole as compared with the afflicted individual," the speaker outlined the slow evolution of public health from the code enacted by Moses in Leviticus until the time of Pasteur, the scientist who put bacteriology on a firm basis, and Lord Lister with his antiseptics, as agents to prevent inflammation and pus.

## DUMPING MUST BE PREVENTED

Board of Trade is Unanimous on Retention of Anti-Dumping Clause.

Others Busy Matter Will be Taken Up at Ottawa Conference—President Names Standing Committees—Bridge to Farm.

The proposal advanced by the Vancouver Board of Trade that the "dumping" clause be repealed, occasioned considerable discussion at the regular Board of Trade meeting on Tuesday. The matter had already received the attention of the Boards of Trade in the valley and the local board endorsed the action of the associated boards and expressed grave concern at the suggestion that the protection which this clause afforded in emergency cases, was of greater value than the regular duty, according to the expressed opinion of some speakers. The views of H. H. Stevens, M.P., on the subject were read, in which he pointed out the importance of this clause to the fruit industry, and R. V. Agur, district representative of the B. C. F. G. A., told of the action that that organization had taken in the matter, one of the directors, Mr. Laidman, having been appointed to get in touch with the Made in B. C. committee. Mr. Agur also told of the effect of the application of the law last fall which averted a serious disaster. Delegates to the fruit conference at Ottawa will press for the continuance of this protection and will also urge that the cost of production of "C" grade apples is as much as for the best quality, and request that a uniform valuation be put on all grades for the purpose of this clause. J. Lawler explained the practice of the American fruit shippers in dumping at any price into Canada to avert a break in the United States markets. President Freeman reported on the interview with District Engineer Doncaster on the subject of the lake level and there seemed to be general satisfaction in the action taken, but the majority favored the lowering of the lake to two feet below zero mark in advance of the freshest season. A traffic bridge across Trout Creek canyon near the railway bridge is being advocated and was again up for discussion. One proposal is that arrangements be made with the railway company for a bridge along the side of the railway bridge. Another proposition is to build across the creek further up. The matter was referred to committee for further report. President Freeman appointed the following standing committees: Civic Improvement—Morkill, Riley and Gowans. Immigration and Advertising—Crossley and Kelley. Transportation—Roe and A. Walden. Conventions—Andrew and Solly. Exhibitions—Helmer, Lawler, Angove, Huddleston, MacLachlan and J. Tait. In opening the meeting, President Freeman declared that every man interested in the welfare of Summerland should be a member and attend the meetings of the Board of Trade. It was not an organization for business men only, but for fruit growers and every other public spirited citizen.

## B. C. APPLES OUTSELL ONTARIO IN HOME MARKETS

Coburg, Ont.—British Columbia apples have been selling at five cents apiece and more in Coburg, the centre of the apple section of Eastern Ontario, while it is almost impossible to purchase the local fruit in small quantities in the same place. Local dealers declare there is no money in handling the Ontario apples on account of the unattractive way they are packed. On the fruit from the Pacific province they can figure their turnover to the last cent, knowing the exact number of apples in each box, and also knowing that the well-packed, rosy-red, uniform specimens will sell readily even to persons who realize the superior flavor of the local fruit.

The Summerland Review

Established August, 1908.

Published at Summerland, B.C., every Friday by THE REVIEW PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED

An independent family newspaper covering Peachland, Summerland and Naramata and adjacent districts.

Subscription Rates—In British Empire, in advance, \$2.50 per year; six months, \$1.40. To U.S.A. and other countries, \$3.00 per year.

Advertising Rate Cards and information respecting territory and samples of paper mailed upon request, or may be seen at the office of any advertising agency recognized by the Canadian Press Association.

Advertisers must have copy in by Tuesday noon in order to insure changes for standing advertisements. New display advertising copy can be accepted one day later.

Correspondence—Letters addressed to the Editor and intended for publication must be short and legibly written on one side of the paper only. The longer an article, the shorter its chance of insertion. All communications must bear the name of the writer, not necessarily for publication. The publication or rejection of articles is a matter entirely in the discretion of the Editor. No responsibility is assumed by the paper for the opinions expressed by correspondents.

Friday, February 10, 1922

THREE SESSIONS OF SCHOOL BOARD

To Economize on Repair Expenses—Additions to Library.

In relation to the school estimates for 1922, the board at a special meeting held on 31st January, decided to make a survey of the school buildings so as to include a proper estimate of the amounts required for repairs. Trustees Darke and Ritchie were appointed a committee to investigate and report.

It was also arranged to examine the college buildings and gym with a view of determining whether or not they were adapted for use as a high school. The secretary was instructed to communicate with the department of education and secure plans and specifications of the Courtenay school building.

The board met again in special session at the request of J. W. Gibson, director of agricultural education to discuss the work under his department for the coming term. Mr. Gibson, who was accompanied by Mr. Jones, supervisor of agriculture submitted a financial statement regarding his department, showing that the provincial government had made reductions in appropriations for salaries and had arranged larger sums for equipment, making it necessary to effect some adjustments in order to carry on the work.

At the regular meeting, held on the 8th, the accounts for the month amounting to \$3,335 were passed for payment.

Principal McDonald reported the attendance of the Central School for January as being 80 per cent. Some children were not attending school and the secretary was instructed to write the parents urging for better attendance. Principal McDonald also reported regarding the school library and asked that the usual appropriation of \$50 be made. He was authorized to purchase the new books required.

Principal Welsh asked for shelving at the high school and was authorized to secure same.

The committee appointed to report as to the condition of the school buildings recommended that certain necessary repairs only be undertaken.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH ANNUAL MEETING

The annual meeting of St. Andrew's Church was held in the hall on Wednesday evening, Feb. 1st., with an excellent attendance of members and adherents of the church. The work of the year in the various societies and organizations was reviewed and encouraging reports of progress were received.

The minister, Rev. W. A. Alexander, presided and opened the proceedings with a short devotional service. This was followed by a resume of the work done during the past year. About 150 families are connected with the congregation. These had all been twice visited during the year. There are 200 members enrolled, about 20 being absent temporarily.

The treasurer's report showed the congregation to be in a good condition financially.

The Sunday School report showed 225 members enrolled with an average attendance of 139.

The Japanese class had an enrollment of 14, while there were 49 babies' names on the cradle roll.

The Sunday School contributed \$410.00.

The Y. P. Society was reported by Mr. G. Harding as having a membership of 95. Very interesting meetings were held and the Y. P. S. had been active in charitable work.

The W. M. Society reported through Miss Sinclair and Miss McCurdy. A systematic study of missions was a part of the program. The sum of \$244 was raised for their work.

The Sunday School and Y. W. Auxiliary and Mission Band added to the missionary givings \$135.

The Ladies' Aid Societies made reports through Mrs. A. Smith and Mrs. Freeman. The sum of \$800 was paid by the Presbyterian Ladies' Aid on the mortgage, leaving only \$100 of a balance to be paid. The Methodist Society had rendered congregational help where needed.

A vote of appreciation and thanks was extended to all officers, teachers and choir members for their diligence and splendid assistance. Also to all those who helped finish St. Andrew's Hall, thereby adding greatly to the comfort of those attending the various meetings.

Following the business meeting, the ladies served refreshments and a pleasant hour was spent in social intercourse.

SUMMERLAND WEATHER REPORT

Below is a report furnished by the Dominion Experimental Station here for the week ending Tuesday:

Table with columns: Max. Min. Rain Snow S.S. and rows for Feb. 1-14, 2-17, 3-19, 4-27, 5-32, 6-41, 7-43.

SOUTH VALLEY GROWERS GET MUCH VALUABLE INFORMATION

Gathering at Oroville Hear Many Good Addresses on Orchard Subjects.

(Oroville Gazette)

Farmers and orchardists from this entire district, including the country about Chesaw, Molson, Loomis, Tonasket and several from Penticton, Oliver and Osoyoos, B.C., crowded the Civic League building to its capacity, to the number of 125 or more, to hear the lectures by experts on soil and orchard problems.

Considerable disappointment was felt because three of the scheduled speakers could not be present, but expressions were general at the close of the meeting, late in the afternoon, that the day had been most profitable to every one present because of the mass of information pertaining to pest and disease control and to soil handling that was given out.

The speakers who were unable to come were D. F. Fisher, plant pathologist; John Peters, practical orchardist and expert on thinning, and M. L. Dean, secretary of the State Horticultural Association.

However, one of the most instructive papers was that prepared by Mr. Fisher and read by P. S. Darlington, dealing with powdery mildew and its control.

S. P. Scott, horticultural inspector, presided at the meeting and Mr. Darlington and Roy Larson, soil experts, were the two scheduled speakers, while Mr. Simpson, manager of the government experimental farm at Oliver, B.C., also spoke.

The speakers were followed attentively throughout and the deep interest aroused by their talks was manifested by the numerous questions asked by many growers in the audience following each discussion.

Among the more important points brought out and pressed home were the necessity of building up and maintaining soil fertility through the use of cover crops, particularly alfalfa in the orchards, with a striking chart showing the value of alfalfa hay in an orchard as compared to its present value f.o.b. the cars; the necessity for fighting powdery mildew and blight; the time for spraying; methods of irrigating, and how to get high production and best quality of fruit.

The essential points in Mr. Fisher's paper, as read by Mr. Darlington, were that powdery mildew has come to the Northwest to stay and, if not fought vigorously, orchardists may expect curtailment of production and an increase in low grade fruits with consequent lessened value of orchards. Three and possibly four sprays are necessary to prove effective in combating this disease. Lime-sulphur sprays should be used proportioned about one to 50. The times for mildew spraying were given as, first when the blossoms are in the pink; second, a calyx spray in combination with lead arsenate for codling moth; third, a special mildew spray applied about two weeks after the calyx, and possibly a fourth following two weeks later, which would be the first cover spray for the codling moth as well. It is well to substitute ammoniacal copper carbonate at this time and for the later sprays, if spraying is to continue throughout the hot weather. In ordinary seasons the first three sprays should give fairly good commercial protection.

Thoroughness as well as timeliness was stressed as important in the fight against mildew. Both sides of every leaf should be covered. In order to insure thoroughness the use of a casein spreader is advised. The following formula for the home preparation of this spreader is advised: Casein (use none coarser than 80 mesh) one pound; baking soda, three ounces; cold water one gallon. Stir all together until casein is dissolved. One or two quarts of this mixture to 200 gallons of spray. For foliage spray, one quart is effective, but after mid-summer more casein is required. This should be used in a day or two after mixing; otherwise a disinfectant must be added.

Another and a better formula was said to be three ounces of caustic soda or ordinary household lye, one gallon of water, bring to a boil then add one pound of casein slowly sifting into the dyewater while stirring to prevent lumps forming. In either case do not add more lye or baking soda than absolutely necessary or injury will result. In winter pruning mildew shoots and terminals should be cut out. This will not entirely eliminate the disease but will lessen the work through the use of spray. Pears are more affected by mildew than other fruits. Powdery mildew is cumulative in its effects, gradually becoming more severe if not controlled. The effect of spraying is also cumulative, a sea-

son's consistent effort in pruning and spraying always bringing marked results in the way of control and making the work easier the next year.

Mr. Darlington declared that blight, which is a new fruit pest in this country, and which is supposed to have originated here from trees shipped from Europe, bids fair to become one of the most destructive pests that we have. He advised that the dormant spray, with lime-sulphur is the one that is most effective in fighting the pest. And he urged with all the emphasis that he could command the vital necessity of recognizing the present danger from blight in this section and the absolute need of taking immediate measures to control it.

The afternoon session was given over largely to the discussion of soils and their proper use by Roy Larson, soil expert for Chelan county. This was a particularly timely and important subject for this section, where the soil is still in the raw or recently brought under cultivation. Mr. Larson gave the results of experiments and experience in the Wenatchee valley, where conditions are practically identical with this district and the information that he gave his hearers should prove invaluable to them in the proper handling of their new orchards. He urged the wisdom and necessity of using cover crops, alfalfa being the best, he said. He explained that the soils of this region are rich in most of the chemical properties essential to plant growth, but lacking in nitrogen, and in order

to build up the nitrogen content cover crops or fertilizer are necessary. He sketched the experience of the older fruit sections with clean cultivation and told of the gradual loss of production and the final conversion of all those districts to the use of cover crops in orchards, with the remarkable improvement in both quantity and quality of fruit that followed.

Not the least interesting part of this discussion was his chart showing the value of alfalfa in the orchard, considered as a fertilizer, as compared with its value in the stack or on board cars as hay. This chart showed that one ton of alfalfa contains 47.6 pounds of nitrogen, which is worth 20 cents a pound as fertilizer, making the ton of hay left in the orchard worth \$9.50.

Following Mr. Larson, Mr. Scott called upon Mr. Simpson of the Oliver Experimental Farm, for a few remarks, and Mr. Simpson, after briefly outlining the work being done by his government in building the big irrigation project north of Oroville, spoke of the similarity of the problems confronting the two districts and advised that the orchardists on both sides of the line cooperate in dealing with those problems. He issued a general invitation to all those present to call upon him at any time with the assurance that he would gladly convey any such visitor over his project. His suggestion of co-operation was cordially received and he was roundly applauded.

SCHOOL REPORT FOR JANUARY

Promotions and class standing for January in Summerland Central School are reported by the principal as follows:

Div. I, Entrance Class, S. A. MacDonald.

Proficiency—Rose Bardsley, Edith Cunliffe, Jim Smith, Willie Thornber, Jessie Rutherford, Bessie Tomlin, Jean Blewett, Ernest Doherty, Florence Clark, Jean Moffat, Nellie Thompson, Leslie Gould.

Div. II, Jr. IV., D. Davidson.

Class Standing—Doris Jackson, Alannah Sutherland, Mary Gartrell, Kenneth Nicholson.

Punctuality and Regularity—Winnie Cunliffe, Jack Barnard, Marjorie Gartrell, Doris Jackson, Marjorie King, Geo. Denike, Genneth Nicholson, John Plant, Alannah Sutherland, Geo. Washington, Jim Wilson, Arthur Morgan, Ivor Solly.

Div. III, Sr. III., Miss B. Ball.

Proficiency—Tommy Terai, Gwendoline Riley, Ian Campbell.

Perfect Attendance—Jack Bowering, Carolyn Clark, Arnold Cowan, Loretta Inglis, Arnold Koch, Mary Munn, Percy Rand, Jim Reid, Gwendoline Riley, Maurice Ripplin, Frances Rutherford, Edna Smith, Tommy Terai, Francis McKay.

Div. V., Miss R. Dale.

From Sr. II. to Jr. III.—Joyce Plant, Jean Munn, Laura Smith, John Betuzzi, Alastair McGowan, James Fisher, Dorothy Bernard, Mary Betuzzi, Gene Betuzzi, Margaret Caldwell, Bert Laycock, Marino Biagioni, Jack Blewett, Emily Mountford, Cecil Clark, Walter Gartrell, Harry Reid, Reggie Atkins. From Jr. II. to Sr. II.—Isabel Zimmerman, Myrtle Page and Lona Williams equal, Gordon Lott, Billy McIntyre, Agnes Handley, Herbert Page, Lily Pilkington, Jack Morrow, Pauline Morrish and Jack Shields equal, Wesley Tavender. Not Ranked—Mifanwy Wright, Frank Robinson.

Div. VI., Miss M. Harwood.

Promoted to Senior Second—Sadie Cunliffe, William Andrew, Gladys Darke, Robson Butler, Dorothy Barnard, Ariette Biagioni, Mildred Borton, Allen Clements. Promoted to Junior Second—Catherine Simpson, Elizabeth Theed, Lois Zimmerman, Diana Barnes, Stanley Walker, Ada Darke, Leonard Mountford, Richard Smith, Opal Hayworth, Oscar Rovers, Patrick Woods, Jean Fisher, Norman Dickinson, Donald McLachlan, Gladys Hayworth, Sadie Purves.

Div. VII., Miss K. M. Elliott.

To First Reader—Margaret Hogg, Robert Nelson, Margaret Dunsdon, George Gould, Margaret Stark, Gordon Smith, John Theed, Annie Denike, Harry Walmesley, Norman Thompson, Ronald Taylor, Audrey Reynolds, Hudson Pierre, Lyla Wilkinson, John Armstrong, Thomas Mack, Kathleen Reid, James Clark, Edward Rippon, Harvey Farrow, Elden Baker, Lloyd Gould, Kenneth Walters, John Wilson, Gertrude Clark, Gordon Beggs, Daniele Cavarelli, Gordon Bothe, George Haddrell, Ruby Haddrell (on trial). Not Ranked on Account of Absence—Naomi Kercher, Marjorie White, James Gartrell, George Dunsdon.

Div. VIII., G. Denton.

First Primer to Second Primer—

TALKS ADVERTISING TO BUSINESS MEN

Addressing a gathering of business men, a man familiar with the retail business said on the subject of advertising:

"Of course, I am interested in advertising as any 'live wire' is, and I am a 'live wire.' I admit it. You don't have to prove it (laughter), and I want every other man to be a live wire in his business. How can the advertising line help you and help your business? A man who has a business and does not advertise, confesses by his non-advertising, either that he has nothing which he considers worth advertising, or that he does not fully appreciate the true worth of advertising.

"Now, what is advertising? Merely telling people, that is all. There are several ways of disseminating information, you know. Telephone, telegram, a woman; and various other ways. The printer comes along with his paper to tell people. In olden times a man used to go about town ringing a bell. He would take out the advertisements and news of the town and read them, but he could not make many trips in a day to many places. Advertising came with the printed word, to cover the wide territory, telling the same story to a great group at the same time."

Information Wanted. Mistress (to new maid)—"Above all things, Jane, you must be reticent."

Jane—"Yes, mum—but what is there to be reticent about?"—The Bystander.

"Lenine says he is disappointed in the Russian people." Probably thought they could live without eating.—Toledo Blade.

Annual Meeting of Liberal-Conservative Association

PARISH HALL, FRIDAY, 17th Feb., 8 p.m.

Annual Report. Election of Officers for 1922. Important General Topics.

Mr. J. W. Jones, M.P.P., will discuss South-Okanagan needs and Provincial Affairs. Please remember the date.

J. M. SUTHERLAND, President. C. E. CRAIG, Secretary.

INTERESTING STORE NEWS For Women Buyers

NEW GINGHAMS

Finley is selling New Gingham at, per yard.....30c

DRESS VOILES

Our first shipment of Dress Voiles are on sale at, per yard, up from.....95c

CRETONNES FOR DRESSES

We are now showing the latest thing in Cretonnes for Dresses at, up from.....85c

FANCY BASKETS AND TRAYS

See our fine selection of Fancy Baskets and Trays, just the thing for gifts.

When in town have your friends meet you at

FINLEY'S MILLINERY AND DRY GOODS

Bartholomew & Atkinson

Painters .. Decorators

Estimates Given. House Phone - 972 Office do. - 584

HORTICULTURAL MEETINGS

THE PLACES Summerland. Parish Hall.

AND Naramata. Unity Club.

THE DATES February 13th and 14th

THE TIME Afternoon, 2.30. Evening, 7.30.

THE SPEAKERS M. L. Dean, Wenatchee Co-operative Association, formerly Chief of the Division of Horticulture, State of Washington; R. H. Helmer; W. Newton, Chief, Soil and Crop Division, Victoria; Professor A. F. Bards, University of British Columbia; W. T. Hunter; J. A. Grant, H. H. Evans, C. W. Traves, R. P. Murray, and others.

THE SUBJECTS Identification of the Codling Moth, and the Losses to the Orchardists of Washington from this Pest. Seasonal Growth of Apples and the Relationship of that Growth to the Water Supply of the Soil. Fertilizers—Their Value to the Grower. Improvements in Orchard Management. What the Culls are Doing to Your Markets. Sprays and Spraying. Poultry Hints.

These subjects have been especially selected to cover the most important problems before the grower to-day. Your time will be well spent if you attend all the meetings.

For further particulars apply to your Local District Inspector of the Department of Agriculture. 730-1

Increased Postal Rates Now Compel Request for Payment of Subscriptions

On January 1, 1921, the Dominion postoffice department increased the rate on newspapers from one-quarter cent a pound to three-quarters of a cent, and on January 1, 1922, the rate was doubled, making the present rate 1½ cents a pound, or just six times what it was in 1920. Subscribers can readily see that with this exorbitant increase in postage no paper can carry on long unless it receives prompt payment from its patrons. In view of this the publishers of The Review are compelled to request all subscribers in arrears to make their payments as promptly as possible.

The date to which your subscription is paid is shown on the address label.

FRIDAY & SATURDAY at the GROCERTERIA Pickled Shrimps, per tin 33c Cream of Tartar, 2 tins for 35c Sliced Pineapple, per tin 22c Saanich Clams, 1's, per tin 17c

Choice Dairy Butter 50 Pounds to clear at 40c Try it. EXTRA SPECIALS Cut Macaroni, per lb. 12c Two Minute Oat Food. Boil only two minutes, per pkg. 11c Stewed Ox-Tail, per tin 27c

JUST ARRIVED Head Lettuce, Turnips, Beets, Carrots, Parsnips, Grapefruit, Oranges, etc. WE WANT YOUR BUSINESS Grocerteria Meat Department

A full line of First-class Meat, Mutton, Veal, Pork and Lamb. All kinds of Fresh Fish. At Lowest Prices. Phone 222. Summerland Grocerteria



# TWISTED CORDS



Running through the telephone cord are a number of delicate, flexible wires.

"Kinks" are formed when this cord is allowed to become twisted, and some of these wires may be bent or broken.

This means a "noisy" telephone line. You cannot hear or be heard so well. In fact, a twisted cord may cause a complete interruption of your service.

Keeping the telephone cord straight will give you greater satisfaction in the use of your telephone.

**Summerland Telephone Company**  
Limited

## Summerland Garage and Machine Shop

This is the time to overhaul your Car or Truck for spring work

**Nelson & Peckham**

SUMMERLAND, B.C.

PHONE 30

## DRY WOOD

We have on hand a good supply of Seasoned Pine and Fir, in 16 inch length, and can make prompt delivery.

### CAR LOAD 4-FT. WOOD

due to arrive about February 10th. Persons requiring any of this fuel should order now.  
**\$7.50 FULL CORD.**

**R. H. English & Son**

Phones 41 and 415

## B. L. HATFIELD

**McLAUGHLIN AND CHEVROLET CARS**

**HOME-SEEKERS OR INVESTORS WOULD DO WELL TO CONSULT F. D. COOPER REAL ESTATE BROKER PEACH ORCHARD SUMMERLAND**

## I.O.O.F.

**Okanagan Lodge No. 58**  
Meets Second and Fourth Mondays at 8 p.m. in Masons' Hall  
R. S. JACKSON, C. H. SIMS, Noble Grand, Rec. Secretary

## DR. J. S. PIRIE

Chiropractor and Drugless Physician  
Office, First Door West of Drug Store, in Riley Block.  
Phone 73. West Summerland

**ALBERT J. LOTHIAN**  
M.A.I.B.C., A.A.S.C.E. ARCHITECT

Penticton Summerland by appointment  
Review Want Ads. Bring Results.

## Peachland Doings

A Weekly Chronicle Furnished By Our Local Representative.

Much use has been made of the skating rink of late, the enthusiasm keeping up quite steady. The manager has put on a new scheme in running a free bus out to the rink and as many as thirty-five have piled on to the truck at one time, and the rink management will probably make just as much or perhaps more by this method, and the jitney driver also gets his out of it. In addition to this there are other jitneys running.

Mrs. D. J. White and son Leslie, left on Wednesday for Kamloops, where she expects to spend a month assisting her daughter, Mrs. Martin Hendrickson, who has been ill and has been under an operation.

Mrs. John Robinson returned to town on Wednesday morning having been at the coast since before Christmas.

The Baptist Women's Mission Circle and Ladies' Aid combined, held their regular monthly meeting on Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Allan Wilson.

Mr. A. J. Mackenzie spent two days in Penticton last week on business, returning home on Friday morning.

Mrs. J. Shields, who has been visiting here with her sister, Mrs. George Keyes, was obliged to cut her visit short owing to the illness of a sister in Moose Jaw. She left for that city on Thursday morning.

Mr. Wes. Waldriff met with an accident last week from which he fortunately escaped with a few knocks and bruises and a sprained ankle. He was teaming and coming down what is commonly called "the big hill from the mill with a load of green lumber, about 3,600 feet on a logging truck, when the neck-yoke broke and the load pushed the team over the bank and down into Dry Creek, near where Bill Kudelka went over last fall. Wes. had the brake on good and tight, but the road being slippery just there, the brakes would not hold the load and when he saw he had done all he could he jumped clear of the load and fortunately too, for although the load remained right side up during the trip down the side hill, it turned upside down at the bottom. Although the team was pretty badly tangled up, one being on top of the other, they were very little hurt or scratched. Wes. cut the harness and assisted them to their feet and drove home.

Rowcliffe Bros., of Kelowna, held an open meeting in the Municipal Hall in Peachland on Thursday evening to talk over the prospects for fruit and shipping for the coming season. They conferred with the growers present as to putting in a shipping branch in Peachland and stated that if they were assured of enough support they would come. They gave figures in connection with the returns for the past season.

## Smith & Henry

**Motor Drayage and Express Work**

Dealers in Coal and Wood

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

PHONES.

Office ..... 18  
A. Smith ..... 583  
G. Henry ..... 935

## LANDS FOR SALE.

Comfortable five roomed house, stable, garage and two chicken houses on 1 1/4 acres good land in Peach Orchard. Well sheltered, lake view, strong springs, bearing trees. Suitable for poultry and small fruit ranch. Price \$2,300.

Choice residences. Small and large orchards and mixed farms up to \$70,000. Stock Farms. Meadows. Range lands with timber.

Your choice of over 80 properties listed for sale. State your requirements by letter or call at Office in Peach Orchard.

**F. D. COOPER,**  
Real Estate Broker,  
Peach Orchard  
Established 1907. Phone 613

Phone Penticton 39 Day or Night  
**BEN PRIEST,**  
Funeral Director.  
Certificated Embalmer.

Perfect Funeral Service.  
SUMMERLAND PENTICTON

## ORCHARDISTS TO HEAR EXCELLENT LECTURES ON HORTICULTURAL SUBJECTS

Highly Practical Program--Each Subject Will be Dealt With by an Expert--Course Will be Very Profitable to Fruit Growers.

Once again it is our pleasure to announce that a series of lectures will be held throughout the Okanagan Horticultural District, and we hope that the meetings this year will prove as successful in all ways as those of last year. We feel very strongly that our series last year resulted in there being more careful consideration given to all orchard operations by growers in every district, than has ever been given before. In each district we see that more cover crops are being put in, and that they are being put in more carefully at more nearly the correct season, and that the proper varieties of cover crops are being used. A great deal of attention is being paid at the same time to the alfalfa sod mulch. More "drone" trees, or varieties of a worthless character, are being top-worked to good standard varieties, and more serious consideration of the new plantings is being given with respect to the varieties to be chosen. Our pruning schools this year are in large demand, and the standard of pruning practiced in general throughout the district is considerably higher than it was in previous years. Growers are considering more seriously the building of proper frame-works on the young trees, and on the bearing trees they are studying the growth conditions of their varieties. On the whole we might say that the series of last year was well worth while and it is with a strong feeling that still more good can be accomplished, that we have completed plans for a further series this year. Pruning, cover crops and varieties were especially emphasized last year, and while much may yet be said in connection with these subjects, we feel that other phases of fruit growing should be dealt with at this time. The codling moth is, perhaps, our most serious problem at the present time, and Mr. M. L. Dean, of Washington State, now with the Wenatchee Co-operative Association, as organization manager, but formerly with the Washington State department of agriculture as chief of the horticultural division, will briefly outline the economic aspects of the situation; especially the influence of the pest on the orchards of Washington State, and should bring us a message well worth listening to. Mr. H. H. Evans, assistant district horticulturist, will give an illustrated talk on "How to Identify the Codling Moth," and as this is of vital interest, to every grower at the present time, the subject should prove very interesting and of great value. In order to effectually check all outbreaks of codling moth and to reduce the danger of a widespread infestation to a minimum, it is necessary that any outbreaks be discovered and isolated in their incipient stages, and if every grower were familiar with the pest, its work and its general characteristics, each grower would then be a detective on his own. Mr. R. H. Helmer, of the Dominion Experimental Station, Summerland, is going to talk on "The Movement and Penetration of Water in our Soils."

(Continued on Page 4)

He has discovered that the actual movement of irrigation water is of such a varying degree and is influenced by so many factors, that a thorough study of the problem on the part of each grower is absolutely necessary if the best results are to be obtained from the use of water. We think that what he will have to tell us will be in the nature of an eye-opener to many. Professor A. F. Barss, of the University of British Columbia, is going to give a summary of the growth conditions of fruits throughout the season, with particular reference to the internal changes from week to week in the structure of the apple. This is an endeavor to point out the co-relation of a sufficient water supply at all times to the proper growth of the fruit. It is evident to us at this time that if more consideration is given to the water requirements of the apple throughout the entire season, and the whole subject studied a little more carefully by each and every grower, that much of our heavy losses from breaking down will be avoided in the future. Mr. Helmer's and Professor Barss' talks are each so bound up with the other, that taken together, they will be of inestimable value to the growers. W. T. Hunter, district horticulturist, will give a short address on "The Need of Improving our Orchard Practices," with special reference to "Thinning" and "Soil Building." It is felt by all close students of the

## MAIL CONTRACT

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 10th March, 1922, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, seven times per week on the route between Summerland and West Summerland, and also on a proposed contract for four years, six times per week over the Summerland Rural Route No. 1, from the 1st July next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Summerland and West Summerland, and at the office of the District Superintendent.

J. F. MURRAY,  
Acting District Superintendent.  
District Superintendent's Office,  
Vancouver, B. C.,  
27th January, 1922. 730-1-2

## HERBERT W. HARVEY

Dealer in Lumber and General Builder's Supplies.

Everything required for the completion of a building kept in stock including

## HARDWARE AND GLASS

All Material is of Good Quality and Prices are Moderate.

Retail Agent for  
**The Summerland Lumber Co., Ltd.**  
West Summerland Phone 4

## ALFRED BIAGIONI

Concrete, Brick, Stone, Lath and Plaster Work, Etc.  
Concrete Mixer Estimates Given  
P.O. Box 50 West Summerland

## BARNYARD PRIZES



usually find their way to the butcher. A good and particular butcher wants the best that can be got. We buy the best, and cut it up in such a fine way that you get the benefit of the choicest parts.

### In Poultry, too,

We select well and sell as reasonable as the different seasons will permit.

What you want you get at this store. TRY AND SEE.

**DOWNTON & WHITE TELEPHONE 35**

## W. C. KELLEY, B.A.

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary.  
MONEY TO LOAN  
Insurance of All Kinds.  
WEST SUMMERLAND B. C. 5-22p

## VERNON GRANITE AND MARBLE COMPANY

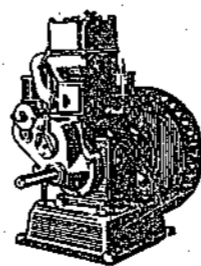
Quarrying and Cut-Stone Contractors  
Monuments, Tombstones and General Cemetery Work.  
PRICE STREET VERNON

**Bean Baby Simplicity**  
Outfit 602  
A thoroughly high-class little rig, complete and ready for work.

**Bean Simplicity**  
Outfit 604  
A complete power sprayer as shown at the left. Bean quality thru and thru.

## For the Grower With a Small Acreage

These reliable little sprayers bring to the grower whose limited acreage warrants only a small investment in spraying equipment, the same sturdy dependable features found in the larger Bean outfits. They have complete Rotary Agitator, Built-in Pressure Regulator, One-piece Steel Platform, and other important advantages found in no other low-priced rigs. Outfit No. 604 has 100-gallon tank; No. 602 has 50-gallon barrel. Both have a capacity of 4 1/2 gallons a minute at 225 pounds pressure and do thoroughly effective work. When you're not spraying the rig can be used for white-washing and disinfecting pens, hutches, chicken houses, etc., and the 1 1/2 H. P. engine is always ready for other jobs.



This is the new Bean 6 H. P. engine, which is used on our larger outfits. It can be furnished to replace the engine on your old sprayer if you want higher pressure and larger capacity. Ask about it.

You Can Do a Lot of Good Work With One of These Little Outfits

It will keep your trees clean and thrifty, give you more and better fruit, and pay for itself over and over again. Sign and send the coupon for new Bean catalogue which describes the entire Bean line from these little rigs to the Bean Super-Giant, the largest and most powerful sprayer on the market.

AGENTS:  
**The British Columbia Growers Limited**  
PENTICTON, B.C.

7304f

All Makes Of  
**BATTERIES**  
CHARGED and REPAIRED

We have installed an up-to-the-minute plant to care for this branch of Automobile Repairing. If your Battery limps bring it to us. We can make it leap.

**READ'S GARAGE**  
WEST SUMMERLAND

**BUILDING**

The Value You Get Depends on the Contractor.

My Joinery Shop is equipped with modern machinery, enabling me to take care of millwork and plain furniture at moderate prices.

H. W. Harvey  
Building Contractor  
West Summerland  
Phone 4

Quaker Flour 49's \$2.10  
Purity Flour 49's \$2.10  
Wheat - - - \$2.25  
Bran - - - \$1.25  
Shorts - - - \$1.35  
R. Oats 20's - .85  
R. Oats 8's - .40  
Flat Oats - \$1.95  
Whole Oats - \$1.85  
Barley Chop - \$1.95  
Cracked Corn - \$2.45  
Whole Corn - \$2.35

Summerland Fruit Union

**R. C. LIPSETT**  
VETERINARY SURGEON  
Residence: Hospital Hill. Phone 693

**PEMBERTON & SON**  
REAL ESTATE  
Complete listing of farm and city property in all parts of the province. By listing with us you have eight offices in B. C. working for you.  
Manager at Penticton, B. C.  
CHAS. H. CORDY, Phone 156  
All classes of Insurance.

**NOVEL METHOD OF COLLECTING ACCOUNTS**

Under the heading, "Delinquent Accounts For Sale," a contemporary newspaper carries the following advertisement:

This space will be used by the Herald for advertising for sale delinquent accounts. The description will give the names of parties delinquent, how long the bill is past due and the amount, and such accounts will be advertised until disposed of by payment or sale.

This privilege is also extended to advertisers in the Herald for the nominal sum of 5 cents a line.

**Motor Cars for Branch Line Passenger Traffic.**

The demand for more frequent service on branch lines where passenger traffic is not heavy is something the railways have long had to contend with. The heavy expense of running frequent trains to accommodate a limited number of passengers on branch lines has given railway men much food for thought. The Canadian National Railway, on its Brockville & Westport Division, has for some time been experimenting with motor driven railway cars. Instead of the regular engine and heavy train of passenger coaches, the Canadian National Railway has adopted equipment much like a motor bus which runs on the regular railway tracks. It is operated by one man, gives a frequent service and so far appears to be extremely successful. If continued use proves satisfactory, the plan will be adopted on other branch lines of the Government Roads.

Trouble with getting a girl is you need a car to go with her.

IT'S  
**SERVICE**  
AND  
**VALUE**  
THAT  
**COUNT**

Another car of the celebrated  
**ROYAL HOUSEHOLD FLOUR**  
just unloaded. We also stock  
BRAN, SHORTS, WHEAT, CORN, ETC.

**A. B. Elliott**  
THE MAN WHO SAVES YOU \$ \$ \$  
Summerland and West Summerland

**J. C. FISH, D. C.**  
CHIROPRACTOR  
West Summerland, Over Darkis' Ice Cream Parlor.  
HOURS: 2 P.M. TO 4 P.M.  
MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY

If you are sick or have a backward child, call and see me.

**DUFRESNE & WHITAKER**  
CIVIL ENGINEERS AND LAND SURVEYORS  
Shatford Block. Phone A93  
PENTICTON, B.C.  
31-1-22p

**Naramata News**  
Current Events of Town and District

Mr. Walter Land returned recently from a visit of some months in Eastern Canada.

Mr. McLean, of Summerland, is spending a few days here the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Robinson.

Mr. Clifford Duncan returned last Wednesday from the Coast, where he spent the last few months. Mr. Duncan is here to complete arrangements for operating a packing and shipping house during the coming season. He will probably be working in conjunction with one or more of the local growers.

The second of a series of musicales was held at Rekadom last Thursday afternoon. Those contributing to the program were Mrs. Munshaw in instrumental selections, Mr. Munshaw in vocal selections, and Mrs. Bruce Cash, who recited several selections, among them Stevenson's "Romance." Mr. Munshaw sang "On the Road to Mandalay" in response to a request. Mrs. Campbell Robinson and Mrs. Morley poured tea and coffee in the dining-room.

At a meeting of fruit-growers, held in the Unity Club recently and addressed by Mr. E. R. Simpson, of Summerland, and Mr. C. E. Barnes, O. U. G. organizer, it was agreed to endeavor to get the remainder of the \$16,000 stock issued to finance the building of the new packing-house, taken up. Approximately \$6,000 stock has already been subscribed, and announcement was made that on this time for payment would be extended over two years, that is, over the years 1921 and 1922. Many of the growers present subscribed to issues of stock, in some cases those who had already subscribed increasing their holdings. It was announced that the Union had been notified that their lease on the Bowes building, which has been used for some years past, had expired, and it is expected that the lease will not be renewed. The Union holds an option to purchase, but does not expect to do this.

Mrs. Oakes, who was taken seriously ill last Wednesday, is recovering slowly, but is still confined to bed.

John Duke, who has been so long ill, following a tonsils operation, is able to be around again.

Mr. Stokes returned at the end of last week from the Coast, where he underwent a serious throat operation at the Shaughnessy Military Hospital, making a good recovery. Mr. Stokes reports six inches of snow at the Coast during a part of his stay.

School hours have been the inciting cause of a near-revolution among the children of the senior school grades recently. Contrary to the usual state of affairs, however, the children asked for more school hours instead of less. It appears that last fall it was tacitly agreed to take advantage of a provision of the School Act which allows school to observe a uniform hour of school opening and closing throughout the year, viz. from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. (Here, till 2.15 p.m. on account of the extra 15 min. at noon) instead of shortening the hours in winter and adding a half-hour in the summer. Some complaint being made, however, regarding the early opening hour, and the School Act, by one of those discriminations appearing in legislative enactments from time to time for no very evident reason, not having extended the power of changing the hours to unorganized districts, but only to municipalities, the hours were restored to what has prevailed in the past in the winter months. It appears, however, that the children of the senior grades are, partly through the frequent changing of teachers, seriously behind with the work of their respective grades. This being laid before them by Miss Huntley, they decided that they needed the extra half hour's instruction in the morning and petitioned the school board to that effect. The school board was powerless to so order, but pointed out that if teacher and pupils were willing, there was nothing to prevent their meeting voluntarily at the earlier hour. So the matter was arranged. We are not aware whether this is the first case on record of school children petitioning for longer hours, but we can not imagine such a thing being possible in our own young days. The incident certainly speaks well for the confidence and good-will existing between the pupils and their teacher. The motto of the young insurgents with regard to their work is, "It shall be done." If in the coming months some shall fall by the wayside, at least their spirit leaves little to be desired. It's an A1 motto.

The long hoped-for rise in the temperature occurring last Saturday did not meet with as general a welcome as would have been accorded to it

**Orchardists to Hear Excellent Lectures on Horticultural Subjects**

(Continued from page 3)

apple situation in the Okanagan district that if more No. 1 apples, or what will probably be known in the future as Extra Fancy, are raised and the percentage of twos and culls lowered in our orchards, that our marketing problem will be very greatly assisted. The keynote of the situation is, "Better Apples and More of Them to the Acre." W. Newton, chief of the soils and crop division, department of agriculture, Victoria, will take up the subject of "Fertilizers, and Their Value to the Grower." Those who have watched the fertilizer movement in the district for the past year or so are keenly aware that much fertilizer is being purchased and used which is not going to give a hundred per cent. return on the money invested. This is due chiefly to good advertising on the part of the distributors, and to some extent to ignorance on the part of the orchardist who is purchasing as to the actual cash value of the different fertilizers and fertilizer ingredients. Mr. Newton is recognized as one of the first authorities in the province on the subject of soils and fertilizers, and as this will be his first appearance on the platform in the Okanagan we feel that he will give a hearty reception, as the information which he is in a position to give is of great value, particularly at this time when every grower must look very carefully into every expenditure of cash. J. A. Grant, our markets commissioner, will give a short talk on "What Cull Apples are Doing to Your Markets," in an endeavor to reduce the number of this grade, which are reaching commercial channels. Our apple markets were badly organized by this class of fruit the past season and much of the blame for this is being placed on the shoulders of the shippers, when as a matter of fact, our cull apples should never reach our shipping houses, but should be eliminated entirely at the first of the season from the orchards, to as great an extent as is possible. Mr. Grant's talk should have a very great bearing on the general orchard practices of the future.

Mr. R. P. Murray, district inspector, Penticton, will make his first appearance on the platforms of the Okanagan and lead the discussion on "General Orchard Pests and Diseases and Their Control and Eradication." Blister mite, powdery mildew, scab and woolly aphid are ever with us in some districts and their control should be carefully studied at all times. Mr. C. W. Traves, district poultry instructor for the interior, will discuss briefly, "Poultry Problems of Interest to All." The Dominion Department of Agriculture will be represented by Mr. E. G. L. Clark, of Vancouver, and Mr. B. M. Whyte, of Vernon, and they are prepared to take part in the general discussion as to grades and grading. Mr. W. H. Robertson, chief of the horticultural branch, Province of British Columbia, will, it is hoped, be present to present to us the work of the horticultural branch, and an outline of our greatest problems of the near future.

These lectures have been arranged conjointly by Mr. E. H. Helmer, of the Dominion Experimental Station, Summerland, and Mr. W. T. Hunter, District Horticulturist, Vernon, with the co-operation of the University of British Columbia, and are being conducted under the auspices of the local bodies of the B. C. F. G. A. The problems confronting the growers today are so many and of such a serious nature, that it is only by the close co-operation of all authorities that these problems can be worked out to the best advantage of the growers, and judging by the attendance which was recorded last season at a similar series of meetings which were held, these officials feel that their work is meeting with the appreciation of the growers throughout the entire valley. It is earnestly hoped that the attendance will far exceed that of last year. The meetings will commence at Keremeos on February 10th and finish up at Salmon Arm on February 21st.

Canada has a western farm at Nobleford, Alberta, which had the largest yield from any single enterprise in the world, in a million-dollar crop in 1920, from 515,000 bushels of wheat, oats and rye.

the preceding Sunday. The newly-made ice on the front lawn of the Robinson residence was being well patronized, and the Monday thaw converted it into a small lake instead of a rink. So the skater mourns while the householder rejoices.

Dr. C. J. Coultas, dentist, will be at the Syndica Hotel, Naramata, Mondays, commencing February 13th, 1922. 731

**SPRAY CALENDAR FOR ORCHARDISTS FOR 1922**

There has now been received in the offices of the Horticultural Branch of the Provincial Department of Agriculture, throughout the Okanagan Valley, a supply of the 1922 Spray Calendars for distribution, and the same are available to any one desiring a copy. This edition is thoroughly up to date, and the information is set out very clearly and in such a manner that it is easily comprehended. The sprays and control of pests and diseases affecting the apples and pears are separated from those sprays to be applied to the stone fruits, and cuts showing the proper time for applying the various spray materials in the case of the apples and pears are given. Particular attention should be drawn to the table of dilutions of concentrated lime sulphur solutions, and each grower is advised to study this table very carefully and to test his lime sulphur solution regardless of the source of supply, in order that the dilution for application may be at the correct strength. Hydrometers for this purpose may be purchased at drug stores or supply houses, and a hydrometer costs about \$1.00 and lasts for years if taken care of. It might be pointed out that if spray materials are not applied in the correct strength and the proper dilution, that very little, if any, good will be accomplished by the application of such sprays. The secret of successful spraying is to have the correct material, to put it on carefully and at the correct time. A copy of this spray calendar should be in the hands of every grower at once. Growers should decide on the proper amount of lime sulphur or lead arsenate which they will require for the coming season, as an effort is being made at the present time by all the handlers of these commodities in the valley to effect a considerable saving to the growers through pooling the purchases of these materials. A considerable saving will probably be effected if the materials can be purchased in this way and each grower is urged to look carefully into the matter and advise the houses at as early a date as possible, as to the probable amount he will require.

**Smash Your Cold To-day**

Give it a knockout blow with a few doses of  
**Buckley's Bronchitis Mixture**  
Tried and proved by over 200,000 people. Positively Guaranteed to give relief.  
40 Doses for 75c  
Sold by all druggists  
or by mail from  
W. K. Buckley, Limited, 142 Mutual St. Toronto.

Sold in Summerland by Summerland Drug Co.

**Reid & Williamson**  
Teaming and General Hauling by Day or Hour. Orchard Work a Specialty. Phone 662.  
P. O. Box 92, West Summerland.

**TWELVE ACRE LOT FOR \$500**

No improvements. All under irrigation. Must be sold. A snap for quick sale. Apply,  
**W. J. ROBINSON**  
NOTARY PUBLIC  
SUMMERLAND, B.C.  
P.S.—Over 100 Listings to pick from

When in Vancouver put up at  
**Hotel Dunsmuir**  
Vancouver's Newest and most complete Hotel - 220 ROOMS - 100 with Private Baths.  
EUROPEAN PLAN \$1.50 per day up  
Electric Auto Bus Meets all Boats and Trains free.  
Cor. Dunsmuir and Richards Sts.

**K. M. ELLIOTT**  
Barrister, Solicitor and Notary Public  
Ritchie Block - West Summerland  
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**J. H. STOKES**  
Real Estate  
Insurance of All Kinds. District Representative Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada.  
Drawer F Naramata, B.C.

**PROSPERITY**

Pave the way for 1922 by having your car or truck overhauled, and letting us do it.

**NESBITT & FORSTER**  
Phone 194. Night Call, Hotel Summerland

**"COMMUNITY SERVICE"**

Analysis of our business reveals a significant fact. This significant fact is clearly shown in two positive ways. One is by our steadily increasing sales. The other, that when new customers have occasion to make further purchases, they come right back to us.

This advance in "Community Service" can have only one meaning. It means an established reputation for reliability and for downright good values.

We buy and sell all our lumber strictly on B. C. Standard Grades. There is a vast difference in these grades and ordinary "mill run" lumber. Don't be deceived. Get what you pay for.

**THE COMMUNITY LUMBER CO.**  
Phone 283 LTD. West Summerland  
A. C. PATTERSON, Manager

**YOUR ENGINE WILL PURR-R!**

AFTER BEING OVERHAULED BY  
**NED BENTLEY GARAGE**  
WEST SUMMERLAND

**LUMBER**

"QUALITY LUMBER" with "UNEQUALLED SERVICE"

**FLUME LUMBER**  
Order now and save money. If you delay the price is sure to be up. We can fill your requirements immediately.

**BUILDING LUMBER**  
Get our prices on this material. They cannot be equalled.

All our lumber is strictly graded by an expert grader before piling and before shipping.

We do not sell ordinary "mill run" lumber.

If you want clear lumber, flooring, siding, No. 1 common or No. 2 common boards, dimension, ship-lap, or any description of lumber, timbers, etc. phone us.

We guarantee our lumber to be of grade called for, and our experience is at your service in choosing your grades to erect as economically as possible.

No substitution of inferior grades.

A satisfied customer is our aim.

**SUMMERLAND LUMBER CO., LTD.**  
PHONES—West Summerland 72  
Mincola Mill L11

### Synopsis of Land Act Amendments

Minimum price of first-class land reduced to \$5 an acre; second-class to \$2.50 an acre.

Pre-emption now confined to surveyed lands only.

Records will be granted covering only lands suitable for agricultural purposes and which is non-timber land.

Partnership pre-emptions abolished, but parties of not more than four may arrange for adjacent pre-emptions with joint residences, but each making necessary improvements on respective claims.

Pre-emptions must occupy claims for five years and must make improvements to value of \$10 an acre, including clearing and cultivation of at least 5 acres, before receiving Crown grant.

Where pre-emptor in occupation not less than 3 years, and has made proportionate improvements, he may, because of ill-health, or other cause, be granted intermediate certificate of improvement and transfer his claim.

Records without permanent residence may be issued, provided applicant makes improvements to extent of \$300 per annum and records same each year. Failure to make improvements or record same will operate as forfeiture. Title cannot be obtained in less than 5 years, and improvements of \$10.00 per acre, including 5 acres cleared and cultivated, and residence of at least 2 years are required.

Pre-emptor holding Crown Grant may record another pre-emption, if he requires land in conjunction with his farm, without actual occupation, provided statutory improvements made and residence maintained on Crown granted land.

Unsurveyed areas, not exceeding 20 acres, may be leased as home-sites; title to be obtained after fulfilling residential and improvement conditions.

For grazing and industrial purposes areas exceeding 640 acres may be leased by one person or company. Mill, factory or industrial sites on timber land not exceeding 40 acres may be purchased; conditions include payment of stumpage.

Natural hay meadows inaccessible by existing roads may be purchased conditional upon construction of a road to them. Rebate of one-half of cost of road, not exceeding half of purchase price is made.

### PRE-EMPTOR'S FREE GRANTS ACT.

The scope of this Act is enlarged to include all persons joining and serving with His Majesty's Forces. The time within which the heirs or devisees of a deceased pre-emptor may apply for title under this act is extended from one year from the death of such person, as formerly, until one year after the conclusion of the present war. This privilege is also made retroactive.

No fees relating to pre-emptions are due or payable by soldiers on pre-emptions recorded after June 26, 1918. Taxes are remitted for five years.

Provision for return of moneys accrued, due and been paid since August 4, 1914, on account of payments, fees or taxes on soldiers' pre-emptions.

Interest on agreements to purchase town or city lots held by members of Allied Forces, or dependents, acquired direct or indirect, remitted from enlistment to March 31, 1920.

### SUB-PURCHASERS OF CROWN LAND.

Provision made for insurance of Crown grants to sub-purchasers of Crown Lands, acquiring rights from purchasers who failed to complete purchase, involving forfeiture, on fulfillment of conditions of purchase interest and taxes. Where sub-purchasers do not claim whole of original parcel, purchase price due and taxes may be distributed proportionately over whole area. Applications must be made by May 1, 1920.

### GRAZING.

Grazing Act, 1919, for systematic development of livestock industry provides for grazing districts and range administration under Commissioner. Annual grazing permits issued based on numbers ranged; priority for established owners. Stock owners may form Associations for range management. Free, or partially free, permits for settlers, campers or travellers, up to ten head.

**BERNARD TAYLOR**  
Agent for  
**Penticton Steam Laundry**  
Washings called for around town on Mondays. Other patrons please leave at house or Phone 981.  
Good Dry and Green Wood for Immediate Delivery.  
All Kinds of Trucking Done.

### Coming Events

Notices under this heading are inserted at 3 cents a word. Each repeat, 2 cents a word; minimum charge, 50 cents. Contract rates on application.

The Presbyterian Ladies' Aid will hold a St. Valentine's tea at the home of Mrs. Basil Stewart, Tuesday, February 14th, from 2.30 to 5.

Parents and teachers will discuss "Home Work" and other school matters at the Parent-Teachers' meeting Friday night.

### SUMMERLAND BAPTIST CHURCH

**SUNDAY, 12th FEBRUARY**  
Morning ..... 10.30  
Theme: "The Call of the Human."

Bible School ..... 11.45  
Evening ..... 7.30  
Theme: "If Summerland Came to Christ—A Daydream."

Soloist—Mrs. J. J. Wilson.  
Male Chorus.  
Preacher—Rev. Jas. Dunlop.

Friends and members of the church and congregation are reminded of the church concert **ST. VALENTINE'S DAY** Tuesday, Feb. 14th, at 8 o'clock prompt.

Select program of vocal and instrumental music. Light refreshments. No charge or collection.

### ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH

West Summerland  
REV. W. A. ALEXANDER.

Morning Service ..... 10.30 a.m.  
Subject: "The Cradle, The Cross, The Crown."

S. S. Bible Class ..... 11.45 a.m.  
Evening Service ..... 7.30 p.m.  
Subject: "Dwelling Deep."

### The Rialto Theatre

Friday and Saturday, Feb. 10 and 11  
"THE SLIM PRINCESS"  
M. Normand. Goldwyn.

Friday and Saturday, Feb. 17 and 18  
"EAST LYNN"  
Hugo Ballin. Prod. Hodgkinson.

Friday and Saturday, Feb. 24 and 25  
"GO AND GET IT."  
Marshall Neilan. First National.

### EMPRESS

Fri. & Sat., Feb. 10 & 11—  
"A MAN'S HOME"  
Comedy—"TIN CANS."

Mon. & Tues., Feb. 13 & 14—  
"When Lights Are Low"  
Comedy—"MOONSHINE."

Wed. & Thurs., Feb. 15 & 16—  
MARSHALL NEILAN  
— in —  
"THE LOTUS EATER"  
Fox News.  
Comedy—"JAIL BIRDS."

### PROTECT YOUR SAVINGS and INCOME

Sickness or accident may at any time render you unfit for work, causing expense for doctor, medicine, perhaps nurse and hospital.

Is the risk worth the small sum protection will cost?  
**ALL LINES OF INSURANCE PLACED.**

G. Y. L. CROSSLEY  
Real Estate and Insurance  
Phone 424. West Summerland

175 Listings to choose from.

### ALFALFA HAY

We offer No. 1 second cutting alfalfa in carlots at \$20.00 per ton f.o.b. Larkin. Freight rate per ton to Okanagan Centre \$2.20, Kelowna \$2.40, Peachland \$3.00, Summerland \$3.40, Penticton \$3.60; minimum car 12 tons. We will also ship in less carlots at \$22.00 per ton f.o.b. Vernon. Terms cash.

**LAND & AGRICULTURAL CO. OF CANADA.**  
VERNON, B.C.

730-2

### PASSING EVENTS

LOCAL, PERSONAL, SOCIAL & OTHERWISE

Don't forget Grand Confetti Valentine Dance, Empire Hall, Tuesday, Feb. 14th.

Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Snider expect to leave next week to spend a few weeks at the coast.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Graham, of Kelowna, are visiting relatives in Summerland.

Basketball Dance, Empire Hall, Tuesday, Feb. 14th. Peck's Orchestra. Admission \$1.50 per couple, supper included. 731

Nora Clements, who was operated on for appendicitis a few days ago, is making a very satisfactory recovery at the Summerland hospital.

The 1921 financial statement and auditor's report for the municipality have been printed in pamphlet form, and persons interested may obtain copies at the municipal office.

We clean or dye soiled or faded garments, house furnishings, etc. Let us mail you price list. Permanent Dye Works, Ltd., 1641 4th Ave. West, Vancouver, B.C. 48tf

Adrian Howell has been seriously ill at the Summerland Hospital following a nasal operation, and had to be operated on for mastoids. His condition is now said to be satisfactory.

P. L. Edie and P. A. Vanslyck were on Wednesday the guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Sutherland. Both these men, who have been farming near Winnipeg for many years, have evidently prospered. They are now returning to the prairie province after spending some weeks visiting coast cities.

D. L. Sutherland has visiting him, his father, D. Sutherland of Winnipeg, a brother of H. and J. M. Sutherland. Mr. Sutherland is a native of Winnipeg, having been born there 74 years ago, when the place was known as Fort Garry. We learn with surprise that his father, at one time a member of the Senate at Ottawa, was also born in Fort Garry.

Diplomas for manual training have been awarded by the department of education at Victoria to Arthur Gartrell and William Ritchie. The two boys have completed the manual training course prescribed by the department and obtained the following standing: Arthur Gartrell, drawing 79 per cent., woodwork 83 per cent., theory 59 per cent.; William Ritchie, drawing 76 per cent., woodwork 75 per cent., theory 53 per cent.

Rev. Jas. Dunlop and George Graham, as church delegates, and Mrs. C. H. Gayton and Mrs. H. H. Elsey, as representing the Women's Auxiliary, of the Baptist church, went up to Vernon on Tuesday morning to attend a series of meetings called for the purpose of forming a Baptist association in the Okanagan Valley. On Wednesday night Mr. Dunlop addressed the meeting on "Baptist Principles," and a paper prepared by Mr. G. R. S. Blackaby on "Getting and Holding the Teen Age Boy," was also read.

### JOHN BUCHAN

Death Removes Old-Timer in B. C. Mining World.

With the death of John Buchan there passed one of the pioneers who helped to break the trail in the early history of the development of the province. Mr. Buchan was a native of Edinburgh, and left Scotland about 45 years ago to seek his fortune in the great west. Although he arrived in the United States he early came to B. C., and devoted practically his whole time to prospecting in the mountains. A man of sterling character, esteemed by all who knew him, he was well known throughout the province, especially in the mining sections. For a time he lived in the Cariboo and Yukon, where he is said to have been very fortunate in his ventures, and mined at Fairview, Olalla and Princeton. At one time he owned the property which is now the townsite of Olalla and in later years he acquired the pre-emption on upper Trout Creek, which he sold to E. N. Rowley. About four years ago he suffered from a paralytic stroke and was moved from his home at Squally Point to the Summerland Hospital. Since that time he has been in indifferent health, and last Friday, at the age of 74, he passed away. It is understood he has one brother and three sisters, all of them resident in Scotland.

The funeral service was conducted by Rev. W. A. Alexander and the pall-bearers were A. Moyes, C. Wharton, J. J. Blewett and D. H. Kerstine.

Miss Carrie Harvey left by Friday morning's train for the coast, where she is staying with her sister.

Came and bring your Valentine to the Basketball Dance in Empire Hall, Tuesday Feb. 14th. Confetti and streamers. 731

C. H. Elsey has sold his house and orchard property to A. C. Turner, of Toronto. We understand Mr. Turner takes possession in March.

Open Forum, Sunday, February 12, 3 p.m. Subject: Democracy and Heredity," by Principal D. J. Welsh. Collection to defray expenses. 731

Mr. and Mrs. E. Cook, who left here early in the year to visit relatives in England, are expected back in Summerland late in February or early in March.

While loading hay from a car at the K. V. R. station to his truck, Alex. Smith slipped between the car and truck and so hurt his side that he has had to remain in bed for a few days.

By an addition to his garage, and with the Kootenay power now available, Horace Reid has installed a plant for the charging and repair of batteries. The equipment is up-to-date in every respect, so that Mr. Reid is in a position to undertake all classes of battery repair work. 731

Dr. Bell, of Kamloops, veterinary surgeon of the live stock department of the Dominion Government, was in town last week completing a test as to tuberculosis on the dairy herd at the Agur Ranch. The test, which is a most exhaustive one, was started over a year ago, and its completion shows the herd to be free in every way from tuberculosis. A certificate as to the stock being an accredited herd will be issued to the owners of the herd.

The G. W. V. A. and W. A. whist drive, postponed from Tuesday to Wednesday, suffered little in point of numbers in consequence of the change of date, a crowded house being recorded. Progressive whist was played, Miss Fisher and C. E. Bell being the prize-winners for highest scores, during the game. After an adjournment for refreshments, dancing was indulged in till quite a late hour, the music supplied by Miss E. Johnston, being very much appreciated.

A. Wishart, secretary of the local branch of the G. W. V. A., has been advised that the Travelling Medical Board under the soldiers' civic re-establishment, is visiting Summerland on February 18th. Accompanying them is Mr. Newton, serving under the Returned Soldiers' Insurance Act. All local veterans will have the opportunity of interviewing Mr. Newton on the subject of insurance under this act. It is understood that he will be at Johnston's Cafe, on Saturday evening, February 18th.

In spite of the many other attractions the carnival which was held on Jan. 26th, was well attended and proved a decided success. The ice was in good condition and the great variety of costumes proved what Summerland skaters really can do when they get down to it. Mr. C. Wharton, the manager, acted as judge, and the following prizes were awarded: Best lady, "Queen of Hearts," Miss Cartwright; best lady impersonator, "Red Cross Nurse," Billy Mack; mixed doubles race, Mr. and Mrs. Meggitt, Penticton; gents' speed race, G. Tomlin, Penticton; best boy under 15, Master Ivor Solly; best girl under 15, Miss Mildred Shields. Mrs. Cartwright presented the prizes.

### Advertising Helps Credit.

There is one way by which a business man's credit is improved, says a contemporary, and that is by a policy of consistent advertising. Bank men believe in advertising, for they know it pays. Their feeling, therefore, is that when a merchant who is a good advertiser applies for a loan, that a reasonable amount of goods, bought by him on credit, is likely to be turned over quickly and promptly paid for, on account of his methods of keeping his goods constantly before the public. The banker would have confidence that the goods would be disposed of and turned into cash before they got out of date or shopped.

Discriminating buyers of every class know they can get fresh goods from the store that advertises. The merchant who advertises seldom has shop-worn goods. And in that way advertising helps the merchant's credit not only with the banks but with his customers. And one is just as important as the other.

### BASKETBALL

The hastily arranged-for team of intermediate basketballers who journeyed to Penticton last Friday night to play the lake-end boys on account of Kelowna High School being unable to keep their engagement, met with satisfactory results to the Summerland youths.

Composed of four intermediates and one of the senior team, they met and defeated the Penticton High School to the tune of 28 to 14, Gayton doing most of the scoring. It was easily to be seen from the start that the visitors were too heavy, but nevertheless the fight put up by the Penticton boys who played themselves to a standstill, was very creditable.

Gayton, Adams, Smith, Taylor and Walden represented the local talent.

Her many friends will be glad to learn that Mrs. S. B. Snider is steadily recovering from an illness which required her removal to the hospital. She expects to return to her home on Saturday.

Review Want Ads. Bring Results.

### CASH ANNOUNCEMENT

Owing to financial conditions the wholesalers have forced us to put our business on a STRICTLY CASH BASIS.

Accordingly, we take this means of announcing that on and after MONDAY, FEB. 13th, ABSOLUTELY NO MORE CREDIT CAN BE GIVEN.

Thanking our friends and patrons for past favors, we hope for a continuance of the same.

### SUMMERLAND MERCANTILE Co., Ltd.



### REAL BARGAINS and many of them!

Commencing FRIDAY, February 10th and extending to the 25th

our Stock of

DRESS GOODS, SILKS, COLORED VOILES, GINGHAMS, PRINTS, FLANNELETTES, TOWELS AND TOWELLING, SWEATERS, CURTAIN MATERIAL, FANCY WORK, MILLINERY AND NOTIONS, CORSETS, BOOTS AND SHOES, LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR AND LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S HOSIERY, will be on sale at a

### DISCOUNT OF 25 Per Cent.

Take advantage of this opportunity. Come early before stocks are depleted.

### Ladies' Emporium

A. MILNE, Proprietor

### AUCTION SALE

Under instructions from Mrs J. J. Wilson I will sell at Public Auction on her premises (the late Mrs Mary Campbell property), West Summerland, on THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 23rd, all her Household Effects, comprising the following:

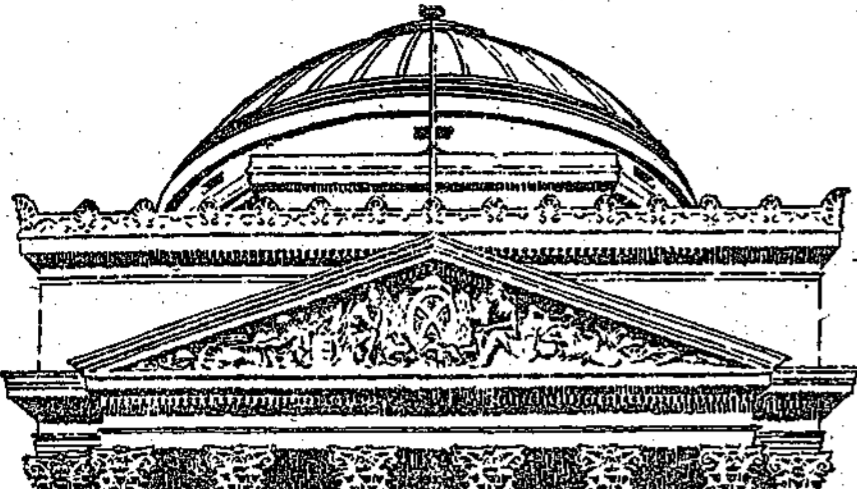
- 1 Flat Top Writing Desk.
- 1 Morris Chair, Leather Cushions.
- 1 8-Ft. Extension Dining Table.
- 1/2 Dozen Dining Chairs.
- 1 Davenport or Bed Lounge.
- 1 Oak Buffet.
- 1 Oak Rocker.
- 2 Leather Seat Chairs.
- 1 Leather Seat Rocker.
- 1 4-Section Fumed Oak Book Case.
- 2 Centre Tables.
- 1 Fumed Oak Chiffonier.
- 1 Oak Chest Drawers (5 drawers).
- 1 Fumed Oak Bureau.
- 1 Fumed Oak Bureau, with heavy bevel plate mirror, 20x24.
- 4 Bedroom Chairs.
- 2 Wash Stands.
- 2 Child's Cots (complete).
- 4 Enamel Iron Beds, Springs and Mattresses, full size.
- 10 Yards Stair Oil Carpet.
- 2 High Chairs.
- 6 Kitchen Chairs.
- 1 Kitchen Cabinet.
- 1 Kitchen Table.
- 1 Washing Machine.
- 1 Ball-Bearing Clothes Wringer.
- 1 Jubilee Heater and Stove Pipes.
- 1 Refrigerator, large size.
- 1 Child's Bath.
- 1 Copper Wash Boiler.
- 1 Lawn Mower.
- 50 Ft. Half-Inch Hose.
- Garden Tools, Kitchen Utensils and Various Other Articles.

We have not held an auction sale for months. This will break the monotony, so everybody come along to this sale and see everybody's friends.

The sale will be held inside, so that we can make you all comfortable, as the house is large and roomy.

TERMS OF SALE, CASH. J. E. PHINNEY, Auctioneer

Sale starts at 1.30 o'clock. 731-2



**SMALL ACCOUNTS**

"I would like to take the opportunity of stating that we cordially welcome small accounts at all our offices."

—Sir Frederick Williams Taylor,  
General Manager, at the annual meeting of the Bank of Montreal.

**BANK OF MONTREAL**  
ESTABLISHED MORE THAN 100 YEARS  
WEST SUMMERLAND BRANCH E. J. WHITE, Mgr.  
Sub-Branch at Summerland and Naramata.

**Hear Appeals on 1922 Assessment**

(Continued from Page 1.)

were filed in proper time, be considered by the court of revision without prejudice to the municipality in respect of any appeals to a court higher than the court of revision." The court then proceeded to deal with the supplementary list.

The assessment on the property of Captain Creece, 12-23-455, was reduced by \$100. The improvements on G. W. Cope's property on Paradise Flat, were reduced by \$200, and on the appeal of J. R. Brown, in respect of the lots used by him in his dairy business, the assessment on Block 58 was sustained, and on the adjoining Block 58a, a reduction of 50 per cent. was given. On Blocks 30, 31 and 35 in Lot 455, which was appealed by J. M. Robinson, the assessment was sustained, and Geo. Doherty was granted a reduction to \$1000 on the assessment of his improvements. On the property of E. Walton on Jones' Flat, a reduction of \$200 was granted on the assessment of the land and a reduction was also granted A. J. Moffatt for Lot 1-17-455. V. J. Bernard's assessment for his property in Peach Valley was also lowered by \$250, and that of Mr. Blethem, also in Peach Valley, sustained. The assessment on three small town lots owned by E. Bristow was increased by \$13 each, and a clerical error in the assessment of Block 1, Lot 974, owned by A. E. Nelson, corrected. Mr. Nelson also appealed for the property adjoining, 1-974, but the assessment was sustained, as were also the assessments on Block 29, Lot 455, the property of Mrs. Shields, and Lot 1-45-455, owned by the Summerland Drug Co., and Lot 4-49-455, Mrs. A. Milne. The assessment of improvements of Mr. Kenyon's property, formerly owned by T. Washington, was reduced to \$1000. In the appeals of Geo. Anderson, T. J. McAlpine and W. Walters the court deferred their decisions until they had an opportunity of examining the properties and the properties adjacent. Following an inspection of some of the properties in respect of which appeals had been made, the court reduced the assessment of the town lots from the property of J. Tait to Geo. Anderson's by \$25 in each instance, with the exception of the corner lot of Geo. Anderson's, the assessment of which was maintained. The town lots from Lot 23 to Lot 32 in Block 55, District Lot 455, being from T. J. McAlpine's to the property of the Summerland Supply Company, occupied by Mr. Morrison, were also reduced by \$25 each, and similar reductions were made in respect of Lots 14 to 16, Block 52, the property of Mrs. Ross; Lots 19, 20, 21 and 22, Block 52, owned by Mr. Mack and the municipality, and Lots 17 and 18, Block 52, tax sale property. The assessment of Mr. Walter's property in District Lot 675 was reduced by \$500.

Considering the assessment as a whole the court decided to revise some of the assessments and raised Lots 1 to 6, Block 55, District Lot 3640, the property owned by Muir Stewart by \$100 each lot, and the property of Mr. Patterson, close to West Summerland by \$50. A lot op-

**Andrew Talks Public Health**

(Continued from Page 1.)

formation. During the past 60 years progress has been rapid, but the history of the middle ages abounded with epidemics that at times took off 40 per cent. of the population of cities and armies. In late years, with the rapid development of medical and other sciences, and the increasing activities of the public health authorities, plagues and epidemics had been arrested and controlled, and the speaker gave many instances showing the progress achieved since a recent period as the date of the Boer War, when the mortality from typhoid fever was greater than the deaths from war casualties, contrasting these conditions with the successful measures taken to prevent outbreaks of contagious diseases in the Great War.

Speaking on vaccination, Dr. Andrew reminded his audience that, in spite of all the out of date attacks on vaccination, the world had never seen a great epidemic of small-pox where vaccination had been practiced.

Passing on to the question of isolation and isolation hospitals the speaker said that the justification of isolation was based on the background that certain diseases were infectious, that they were transmissible from the sick to the healthy and that there was a greater tendency for the disease to spread if the afflicted persons were not isolated. It had been conclusively proven that, with the exception of large homes, isolation in the home was not satisfactory. Experience in the older centres had shown that, where isolation hospitals were free, it was possible to get all the small-pox, a great majority of the scarlet fever, diphtheria and all cases of plague and typhus without compulsion.

When infectious cases were treated privately the public were guarded in three degrees: (1) Tuberculosis and venereal diseases were reported to the board of health only, and, if under proper supervision, were allowed to go to that. It was only where the patient refused to comply with instructions that the law provided for interference. (2) Quarantine—with or without a placard. The stringency of the quarantine varied with the disease. In the case of measles, whooping cough, mumps, chicken-pox, the afflicted were kept from the public for a definite period and those exposed to it were also kept under quarantine for a period varying with the particular disease. Those who had had the trouble, or had gone through a quarantine, were free to mingle with the public. (3) Isolation—Diphtheria and scarlet fever cases had to be isolated, as they might be spread by an intermediate person, through the medium of clothing, letters, cats, etc. In the case of small-pox or typhus, the af-

flicted individual would be removed at once to isolated quarters, the premises fumigated and cleaned and all parties exposed kept in quarantine the required number of days.

Tuberculosis was best treated by removal of the patient to a sanatorium, while venereal diseases were most successfully treated in clinics or hospitals for that purpose, where proper treatment could be given and the patient was not hampered by expense.

Dr. Andrew then discussed the benefits which had been secured by the activities of public health in guarding our food and water supply, the latter leading to sewage disposal, sanitation, etc. Health officers were empowered to destroy food offered for sale, when not wholesome, while veterinary examiners rejected meats showing signs of disease, passed on cows known to be free of tuberculosis and whose milk might be safely used, and guarded against the admittance of diseased animals into the country. The province or municipality could fix the minimum standard of milk, or other food, could lay down the conditions of conducting a dairy or slaughter house and restrict nuisances or offensive trades. The source of water supply was jealously guarded, as epidemics that were water borne could be traced by the score. Every large city had some blot of typhoid on its history that could be traced to contaminated water and, in order to prevent water contamination, we had developed the science of disposal of sewage and waste, drainage and modern plumbing.

Passing on to the question of public buildings, the speaker outlined the regulations as to ventilation and air space of schools and rooming houses—which had developed the modern systems of heating and ventilation—with a view to lessening "house diseases," such as colds, influenza, tuberculosis, etc.

The work of the Health Department at Ottawa he described as dealing with the assembling of information for compiling statistics, and conducting enquiries and investigation as to venereal diseases, narcotic drugs, food analysis, prevention of adulteration, inspection of immigrants and imported food, while the activities of the provincial health department were more closely associated with local conditions. District health officers were appointed, who were responsible for the inspection and examination of schools, asylums and hospitals. The provincial department also kept the records of infectious diseases, death, birth and marriages, introduced building regulations and made provision for vaccines and serums, and also for the examination of water supplies, and in a great many ways spread information for the benefit of the public.

The speaker described some of the results of public health as practical elimination of typhoid, typhus, small-pox, yellow fever and reduction in the death rate from diphtheria, tuberculosis and meningitis. There had also been secured better protection and working conditions in industries, cheerful, evenly heated and well ventilated houses, while the public had been educated as to the necessity of early and thorough treatment of venereal diseases. Other benefits accruing were pure food and good water supplies, street cleaning, wider streets, playgrounds and town planning, restriction of nuisances and offensive trades, investigation of the drug evil aiming towards its eradication, child welfare and the establishment of baby clinics.

Commenting on the progress made, Dr. Andrew quoted Dr. Mayo as authority for the statement that the average age at death at the present day is 50 years as against 32 about 50 years ago. We could contrast this with China, where, although there were many old men, the average life was about 21 years. With the progress we had made in the past, and the progressive programme being carried out today, there was every reason to expect that, ere long, the average life would be 65.

Dr. Andrew concluded his remarks as follows: "The benefits of preventive medicine cannot be definitely estimated, nor can we reasonably state how much the present generation or our own country is indebted to public health. It is the cheapest form of health insurance, and yet the most poorly paid. True, our sanitary regulations could be more strict, but the enforcement is another matter. As most sound religious and political cults teach us that we should submit to the law of the land that affords us its protection, so we should submit to public health laws and regulations which are intended for our own welfare, and, as the public is educated, so will the science of public health give us better living and longer life in the future."

A discussion followed the address, when quite a number of questions were asked, more particularly in reference to the drug evil.

**ADDITIONAL PEACHLAND NOTES**

Miss Elva Williamson, of the Trempanier Townsite, entertained a few friends from Summerland on Friday last, they coming up on the morning and returning on the evening boat.

A special meeting of the shareholders of the Peachland Fruit Growers' Union was held in the Municipal Hall on Friday afternoon, Feb. 3rd. Mr. J. A. Edgecombe, chairman of the local board of directors, occupied the chair. The principal business of the afternoon was to pass a resolution as to whether the Peachland Union members would endorse the five-year or the one-year contract. The chairman, while addressing the meeting stated that while this was the purpose of the meeting, the directors wished the growers to feel quite at liberty to raise and ask any question in connection with the business which they were not clear on and would like explained. There was considerable discussion on various phases of the fruit shipping business, in which a number of the growers took part. The contracts were discussed at considerable length and when it came time to vote the five-year contract was backed by a large majority. Those who stood for the one-year contract wished to declare themselves so, and a vote was taken and registered of those who preferred the one-year contract to stand.

One of the best hockey matches of the season, so described by the spectators, was played on the local rink, Friday evening, between Westbank and Peachland high school teams. It was a clean and interesting game from start to finish, and played in four 15-minute periods. Although the score ended 6-2 in Peachland's favor the play for the most part was pretty evenly balanced. Excitement ran high on the benches, both teams having an enthusiastic bunch of supporters. After the game the players and friends were entertained at refreshments at the rink manager's home.

Campbell McAlpine came up on Saturday morning to visit Earl Murrin, but on finding Earl and his sister just boarding the boat for Kelowna, he joined them and spent the day with them there, returning in the evening.

Mrs. Cudmore and daughter Edna, with Mrs. Drake and daughter Phyllis, spent Saturday in Kelowna. Mrs. Cudmore remained to enjoy a week with friends, while the others returned on the evening boat.

Mr. John Brinson returned from a trip to the prairie on Saturday but receiving word of the severe illness of his mother at Penticton, he went on through to Penticton. He was joined here by his sister-in-law, Mrs. Emite Brinson, who also went down for the same purpose.

Mr. J. A. Edgecombe left on Monday morning for Vernon to attend a meeting of the directorate of the Okanagan United Growers, being local representative to the central directorate. He returned on Tuesday. Mr. Edgecombe carried with him the resolution from the recent meeting on the five-year contract. We are informed that the five-year

**Correspondence**

To the Editor of The Review:

Dear Sir,—In the same column of your issue of the 3rd inst., there are two items which thoroughly illustrate the selfishness of the manufacturing and mercantile interests of our coast cities.

One item says that the Board of Trade of Vancouver is starting a campaign to advertise the goods made in B. C., and so induce the people of the province to buy the same and not send their money elsewhere for similar articles. This item, by itself, is all right, as people should buy as much as possible at home. But the other item shows the members of the same board in a very different light. They are trying to have the "Anti-dumping Clause" annulled, by which means they expect to get the surplus agricultural products of the United States, China and other countries, at slaughter-sale prices, and oblige the farmers and fruit growers of B. C. to find markets where they may.

Taking the two items together they show that our city friends have unlimited "nerve" and "selfishness." If they succeed re the "Anti-dumping Clause" they will, thereby, drive hundreds of more men off the land, and add to the army of unemployed now in and around the cities.

Under these circumstances the people of rural British Columbia would be quite justified in boycotting the business men of the coast, and forcing them to seek markets for their goods where they want to get their farm produce, viz., the U. S., China, etc.

Yours truly,  
S. J. MCGIRR.  
Peachland, B.C., Feb. 5.

Poverty often pinches the body and wealth sometimes pinches the soul.

contract has been adopted by the Central and all-yearly contracts are being cancelled.

Miss Edna Cudmore and Miss Gertrude Hohensee were visitors to Kelowna on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Trimble returned on Monday evening. During their absence they went to Eastern Oregon to see Mr. Trimble's father, who was not expected to live long, but death overtook his father before they reached there.

Miss Alice Wright returned on Monday evening after a week-end visit with friends in Kelowna.

Mr. and Mrs. Murrin left on Tuesday morning for Vernon to represent the local church at a conference of Baptist churches being held there.

A party motored up from Summerland on Sunday last comprising Mrs. E. P. Roe, Mrs. Noyes and Mrs. Hughes, of Naramata; Mr. and Mrs. P. Roe and Mrs. Grey, of Summerland. They visited Mrs. Dorland, Mrs. McDougall and Mr. Kerr. Mrs. E. P. Roe stayed over with her sister, Mrs. McDougall.

Mr. and Mrs. N. S. Davidson returned home on Tuesday evening after having spent several weeks visiting at the coast.

**Speedy Collection Service**

COLLECTIONS made in all parts of Canada and the world, acceptances quickly obtained, payments promptly transmitted, details handled accurately—these factors combine to make our collection service efficient and highly satisfactory to business firms.

Consult our local manager regarding the complete facilities which can be placed at your disposal.

**THE DOMINION BANK**

Summerland and West Summerland Branches,  
O. F. ZIMMERMAN, Manager.

**Recording Milk Production**

DOES each cow in your herd earn her keep?

The Milk Record Book which will be given to you by any of our branches will help you to keep track of the milk production of your animals.

**THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE**

PAID-UP CAPITAL \$15,000,000  
RESERVE FUND \$15,000,000  
WEST SUMMERLAND BRANCH—A. B. Morkill, Manager

**ALL METAL FLUMING**

**Keystone Copper Bearing Galvanized Iron WITH METAL FASTENERS**

The economic fluming for the small or large orchard. Stocked in all Standard Sizes. Special Sizes Supplied on Short Notice.

Our new 1922 prices compare very favorably with the cost of wooden fluming. No comparison between the two kinds of fluming as to economy of water and all-round satisfaction.

Let us quote you on your spring requirements.

**WE MANUFACTURE METAL FLUME GATES.**

**W. W. BORTON**

**HOTEL SUMMERLAND**

The Hotel on the Lakeside

Dining Room Open From 5.30 to 7 p.m.

**C. B. McCALLUM, Manager**

**Stall Fed Beef Sold Here at Lowest Prices**



**G. K. Devitt, Phone 14, Shaughnessy Ave**

**The Review Classified Advertisements**

**RATES FOR CLASSIFIED OR WANT ADVERTISEMENTS**

First insertion, 3 cents a word. Two cents a word each subsequent insertion; minimum charge, 50 cents per week.

If so desired, advertisers may have replies addressed to a box number, care of The Review. For this service add 10 cents.

The Review is not responsible for errors in copy taken over the phone. Contract rates on application.

**For Sale.**

**FOR SALE**—Two acres on Giant's Head Road, about 1 1/4 miles from town; 1 1/2 acres bearing orchard, mixed fruits; trees from 7 to 12 years old. Three-roomed house. Terms to be arranged. Apply Box No. 281, Review Office. 731p

**FOR SALE**—Chevrolet Car, cheap for cash. T. F. Pilkington. 731

**DAY-OLD CHICKS** and Hatching Eggs, Banded Plymouth Rocks and Single Comb White Leghorns. High class utility stock. Write for illustrated price list to C. G. Golding, Qualeucum Poultry Farm, Qualeucum Beach, V. I., B.C. 730-738

**FOR SALE**—Four Runner Ducks. —A. E. Temple. 730-1p

**FOR SALE**—Two geese. Mrs. R. S. Munro, phone 901. 730-1

**FOR SALE**—Boskoop Giant black currants. 3,800 cuttings ready for delivery in March. Price \$1.50 per hundred.—F. D. Cooper, Peach Orchard. 730-33p

**FOR SALE**—White Wyandotte cockerels, \$3.00 each. Pullet from same hatch are laying all winter. H. Bristow. 726tf

**FOR SALE**—16 inch dry wood. Telephone 573. W. R. Lawrence. 719tf

**Wanted.**

**WANTED**—Okanagan fruit land in exchange for Victoria or Vancouver residence. Apply Box 282, Review Office, West Summerland. 731

**WANTED**—Second-hand buggy. Phone 766. 725tf

**FIFTY CENTS** paid in advance for an advertisement in this column will find you a buyer or locate the article you want. It will pay you.

**For Rent**

**FOR RENT**—80 acres, on 8 years' lease. See W. J. Robinson, Notary Public. 731

**TO RENT**—Five-acre block, four acres bearing orchard, known as the McLean lot. Apply to C. H. Gayton. 730p

**Lost and Found.**

**FOUND**—McClary nickel-plated copper kettle. Percy Grange. 731

**FOUND**—Automobile crank, apparently home-made. Apply Review Office. 728tf

**CANADIAN PACIFIC**

**DAILY—EXCEPT SUNDAY**  
Effective May 22, 1921

South	BRANCH	North
10.20	Sicamous	18.00
11.20	Enderby	16.45
11.45	Armstrong	16.15
12.30	Vernon	15.30
13.10	Okanagan Landing	15.15
—LAKE—		
13.35	Okanagan Landing	12.00
15.15	Kelowna	8.45
17.15	Peachland	7.20
18.15	SUMMERLAND	6.20
	Naramata	
19.35	Penticton	5.30
H. W. BRODIE	A. M. LESLIE	
G.P.A. Vancouver	Agent S'land	

**KETTLE VALLEY RAILWAY TIME TABLE**  
In Effect May 22

**— EAST BOUND —**

DAILY

No. 12—Leaves Vancouver .....19.30  
West Summerland ..... 7.15  
Nelson .....22.55

**— WEST BOUND —**

DAILY

No. 11—Leaves Nelson .....21.05  
West Summerland .....12.07  
Vancouver .....23.15

Observation and dining car service on all trains.

J. W. RUTHERFORD, Agent.  
O. E. FISHER, Traffic Manager, Penticton.

## Water Board Fixes Eight Dollars As Basis For 1922 Irrigation Rates

### Lots of Less Than Seven Acres to Pay Higher Rates. Recognizes Claim That Town and Business Properties Should Contribute to Irrigation System.

An increase in irrigation rates from \$5 per acre to \$8 has been established for the current season by the water board. This rate is for lots of seven acres or more. Higher rates per acre are fixed for smaller properties running up to \$11.75 for a lot not exceeding one acre.

It may be, however, that the council will not increase the rates to these limits when the report of the Water Board is placed before it. There is also to be decided the question of discounts and of date of dates of payment.

The water board held a session in the court house last Friday to consider the application of the municipality for authority to increase the irrigation rates. The board was represented by Mr. Armstrong, chairman, and Mr. Alexander. Mr. Norrington, the district water engineer, was also in attendance, and W. C. Kelley, as municipal solicitor, presented the petition for the municipality.

The first witness called was F. J. Nixon, municipal clerk and treasurer, who, cross-examined by the municipal solicitor, gave details as to the terms of the water users' agreements between the Summerland Development Co., the Garnett Valley Land Co., and the various growers who had acquired land from them. The water users' agreement prepared by the municipality, it was explained, was in exactly the same terms as the Summerland Development Company agreement. There was also submitted to the court the agreement whereby the municipality acquired the irrigation and domestic water systems from the Summerland Development Company and the Garnett Valley Land Co., together with summaries, very comprehensive in their scope, showing the loss and gain on the irrigation and domestic water systems and particulars of the different schedules of rates charged since 1910, when the municipality acquired the systems.

Evidence was submitted to prove that, outside of the Summerland Development Co., there was no prospect of an increased acreage coming under irrigation, except from tax

sale lands. It was also stated that a considerable portion of the Development Company's unsold property consisted of cull lands, and that the cost of extensions to the irrigation system such as would be necessary to give a service to these lands would be such that, after providing for the annual overhead charges, there would be no additional revenue to contribute to the present annual deficit.

In reply to a question from the board, Mr. Nixon explained it had been found impossible to segregate the accounts of the domestic water system, as related to the domestic water service, from the pipe line linked up with the irrigation service. Every pipe line, except the four-inch main round the Giant's Head, was utilized during the irrigation season and contributed to the irrigation service, and as the two systems were so intermingled, it was not possible to keep separate accounts of the two systems.

The municipal solicitor explained that the annual deficit was made up from the general taxes and that it was the opinion held by some citizens that this was a right and proper course, inasmuch as were it not for the irrigation system the homes and businesses of our business men would not be possible and that it was, therefore, only just and fair that they should pay their share of the burden. It had been contended that, if the rates went too high, the burden would prove too great for the growers.

Mr. Kelley also submitted that it was the opinion of the council that, provided the board granted the petition, the increase in the rates of the smaller lots, up to seven acres, should be in the same ratio as the

## DEVELOPING INDIVIDUALS

### Progress Due to Quality of Greatness of Individual, Says Forum Speaker.

The very able lecture delivered by Mr. D. J. Welsh in the open forum last Sunday on "Democracy and Heredity," was certainly worthy of a larger audience.

Mr. Welsh introduced his subject with an outline of the evolution of the two forms of government—autocratic, the oldest, and democratic the latest—which he traced from the earliest history of man—10,000 years ago or more—when he emerged from the stone age and assumed the more primitive forms of government, down to our latest forms of democratic government such as exist in the United States and also in Canada. While experience in autocratic government had not proved satisfactory, democracy, as expressed in its present form, was not altogether a success either. To make democracy safe two outstanding principles of democratic government would have to be observed and recognized. The first principle was a sense of individual responsibility and second possession of the goodwill motive. Enlarging on these two points the speaker contended that, unless these principles were recognized in the form of government, there could be no stability.

Passing on to the question of leadership, Mr. Welsh contended that human progress was best served by firm leadership in the hands of the few, who wisely directed the energies of the mass.

Different views were held as to inherited qualities, some holding that mental and moral habits acquired could be transmitted to the offspring and others that the law of heredity applied only to physical traits. Both these views were utterly false, however. We had to reckon with four great biological factors: (1) That acquired characteristics were not inheritable; (2) that mental and moral traits were inheritable, as also physical traits; (3) that the standard of ability was determined by the inherent intelligence of the parents, and (4) that the individual and not the mass was the main source of human advancement. The first factor dealt

(Continued on Page 2)

## MANY NEWCOMERS ARE ON WAY TO B.C. TO MAKE HOMES

### (Special to The Review)

Vancouver, Feb. 15.—An unusual number of new settlers from even distant parts will mark this year's population increase, according to indications now being checked up by civic bodies and others interested. The advent of spring, it would seem, will see new families coming from the States of Washington, Oregon, Idaho and Montana. Most of these are of the substantial farming class who would settle in the arable farm and fruit lands. The Kootenay and Okanagan districts interest them most. Stone fruit growing appears to interest many. In addition to these, other enquiries are coming from the prairies. The letters indicate that the families include many children. It is estimated that 1922 will break all records in the number of new settlers flocking to B. C.

Ottawa, Ont.—Extensive plans for promoting the reindeer industry have been put into operation by the Hudson's Bay Company in an endeavor to make productive the vast stretches of the Northland. Over 600 reindeer have been recently shipped from Norway to Baffin Island. Accompanying these animals were Lapland herders with their families, reindeer sleighs, skis, and all the equipment necessary to launch the industry properly.

Canada possesses the world's largest pulpwood resources.

## MUNICIPALITY TO REDUCE WAGES

### Penticton Council Cuts Wage Scale for Outside Work—Councillors Cut \$50.

A general reduction in wages of all outside municipal employees has been made by the Penticton Council to take effect March 1. One councillor is credited with the statement that it was the councillors' intention also to take a cut of \$50 on their annual remuneration.

The scale of wages for outside employees was set on the basis of 45c per hour for an eight hour day for labor. This was equal to a reduction from \$4.25 to \$3.60. The road foreman will receive \$130 per month instead of \$140, while the truck driver will receive \$4.50 per day, or equal to \$117 per month, as against his previous wages amounting to \$125 per month. Teamsters will receive \$4.00 per day instead of \$4.25. Councillors have received \$300 and the reeve \$500. It is not suggested that the latter be reduced. The subject will be officially dealt with at an early meeting.

## California Fruit Growers, Frost-bitten, Envy Br. Columbia

### (Special to The Review)

San Francisco, Feb. 15.—The California Fruit Growers' Association, which includes grapes, raisins, apples, pears and citrus fruits, deprecates the damage to orchards resulting from recent and unprecedented frosts in the state. In some parts the entire crops are ruined. In other places the damage is such as to diminish the supply and affect the prices to a serious extent. A trade journal, catering to this industry here, says editorially: "Frost and snow are rare with us, so the shock of the unusual happening comes all the harder. At this time we cannot help feeling rather envious of those parts of Western Canada that defy a light frost without concern, for one seldom hears of the light winters of British Columbia doing any material harm to the orchards. In the orchards around Victoria and Vancouver, where the winters are very mild, a few flakes of snow more or less do not hurt the fruits. The crops are used to it, while, here in California, the fruit has not become accustomed to the frost habit. However, lightning seldom strikes twice in the same place, so California has probably seen the last of real winter for a few years to come."

## PENTICTON MAN KILLED BY LOG

### Met Death While Helping Neighbor Who Was in Difficulty.

Thos. S. Holden, 22-year-old son of Major E. C. Holden, Penticton, met a tragic end near his home when a log being rolled up skids onto a wagon broke away, knocked him down, and crushed him to death.

Harold Thomas, teamster, had been skidding logs down a hill near the Holden home to a wagon on the road to take to town. One large fir log he found too large for conveyance. This he exchanged with deceased and his brother for four smaller and one medium log. He loaded four all right but could not manage the fifth. The Holden boys went to assist him. The teamster took one end and Claude Holden the other, while the deceased, who lost his right arm in a hunting accident when a lad, shoved with his left arm in the middle. The log was near the top skids when it slipped and jerked the cant hooks out of the hands of the two at the ends.

The deceased tried to get out of the way, but slipped and before regaining his feet the log rolled over his body, fracturing his skull. He died four hours later without regaining consciousness.

The deceased man, with his brother, had lived in Penticton from almost childhood days and was a favorite in a large circle of friends.

The first Lord High Admiral in England was created by Richard II in 1385.

## Fruit Growers Profit By Course of Lectures on Horticultural Subjects

### Series of Addresses By Experts Given Under Auspices of British Columbia Fruit Growers Association Very Helpful To Orchardists. Lively Interest Shown.

## WOULD START CIDER MILL AND SELL TO GOVERNMENT

### (Special to The Review)

Vancouver, Feb. 15.—A letter, addressed to the provincial officials in charge of government control of liquor, and signed by Rush P. Shedd, General Delivery, North Yakima, Wash., offers to make cider and sell it to the government for patrons of the liquor stores. The letter says: "I have visited your great apple country in Summerland, Vernon, Peachland and Salmon Arm, and understand both apple raising and cider making. Have worked at same for more than 32 years. I want to start raising apples in one of those districts and open a cider mill for making of real good and hard cider, which people want cheap. I can sell it so B. C. liquor stores can sell same for \$2 per gallon and then make handsome profit. This would let people have it for maybe \$2 per gallon, which is cheaper than liquor and better for them, as no crime is committed with cider, which is very healthy and nice to drink in families. I offer to make good hard cider for \$2.10 per gallon, government paying freight." Mr. Shedd also intimates that he has capital enough to buy an orchard.

### Where Wire Is Injurious.

Never attempt to connect a broken crosspiece of an anti-skid chain with wire. Further wear will cause the wire quickly to force itself into the surface of the rubber tire.

## CHURCHES JOIN IN LOCAL ASSOCIATION

### Baptists of Okanagan and Adjacent Districts Plan for Closer Co-operation.

An association of the Baptist churches of the Okanagan Valley, Kamloops and Revelstoke was organized last week, when very successful meetings were held in the Baptist Church in Vernon. Rev. J. Willard Litch, superintendent of missions; Rev. F. W. Patterson, D.D., general secretary of the Baptist Union of Western Canada, and Rev. Mr. Cundy, superintendent of the Baptist Slavic missions, took part in the meetings.

Representatives were present from Kaleden, Penticton, Summerland, Peachland, Kelowna, Vernon, Armstrong, Enderby, Salmon Arm, Revelstoke and Kamloops. Rev. Jas. Dunlop, of Summerland, was elected moderator, and Rev. Isaac Page, of Penticton, secretary of the meetings. Rev. F. W. Patterson, D.D., gave a most interesting lecture on "The Arrow and the Song"; Rev. Isaac Page (Continued on Page 6)

The series of meetings held under the auspices of the B. C. F. G. A. in the Parish Hall this week has again demonstrated the advantages of getting together, reviewing the work of the past and considering our plans for the future, both in relation to orchard practice and marketing problems, in the light of the experience of the year just gone.

The meetings opened on Monday at 2.30, with R. V. Agur in the chair. The first speaker, J. A. Grant, markets commissioner, submitted an outline of the conditions which had prevailed in the prairie markets for the season just closed. An unfortunate feature was the quantity of low grade apples on the market, against which it was found quite impossible to move high grade stock at satisfactory prices. The lack of co-operation among shippers had also developed a condition of chaos, as unstable prices—one shipper underselling another—created a state of affairs where the buyer held off in the hope of still further reductions in the prices quoted. Mr. Grant issued a warning that the situation was hopeless unless these conditions were remedied. If the B. C. Traffic and Credit Association could hold the shippers together he had no objections to as many shippers as possible, but they must have an understanding among themselves and come on the market as a unit. It was a mistake to rush all the apples on the market and he advocated that Spitzenberg, Rome Beauty, Stayman Winesap, Newtons and similar late varieties be put in storage and marketed in the spring as the demand warranted. Possibly in a season like the one just passed Spitzenberg and Rome Beauty might not keep until the late spring, but, even if held

until the early spring, they would as a rule realize higher prices than in the fall. From the 1st of March until the 1st of May practically no apples were on the market and in past years—he had watched it year after year—Western Canada secured its supplies from the Western States, where they had stored the apples in anticipation of the demand. At the present time the Americans were quoting \$2.15 f.o.b. shipping point. Many retailers did not know the order in which apples should be used, and he had seen Ben Davis offered for sale as early as November and the varieties that should have been sold at the bottom of the pile and not being offered.

Mr. C. W. Travers, of the live stock section of the Department of Agriculture, followed with a very instructive address on "Incubation." This will be covered in next week's number, as will also Ben Hoy's efficient treatment of the subject of "Winter Injuries."

The address given Monday evening by M. L. Dean was greatly enjoyed. Mr. Dean is with the Wentz Co-operative Association, and was formerly chief of the division of horticulture for the State of Washington. Other practicable and instructive addresses were given that evening by H. H. Evans, Vernon, and R. P. Murray, Penticton.

The "Coddling Moth and What it is Costing Washington State Fruit Growers," was the principal topic of Mr. Dean's convincing address. Commending the slogan of the course, "More Apples and Better Apples," to his hearers, Mr. Dean said this was the one final question, the only way to get maximum returns for one's efforts. This could only be realized by giving the tree proper care. The soil must be in right condition, the foliage in the best possible condition and enough of it to give the best results. Only such a tree can produce well colored, properly developed apples. If the fruit is not perfect the grower is to blame. Some who know what they should

(Continued on Page 2)

## TEACHERS AND PARENTS MEET

### Discuss Some of the Problems of School Life. Question of Home Work Up.

There was a fair attendance at the meeting held in the Parish Hall on Friday evening, under the auspices of the Parent-Teachers' Association. Reeve J. R. Campbell occupied the chair.

Speaking of the aims and purposes of the association, Principal Welsh stated that its success or otherwise depended to a great extent on the largeness of the organization and the representative character of its membership. Every member should induce others to join and to co-operate with the association, the aim of which was to promote the physical, intellectual and moral interests of the children. School problems would be discussed, and, with the views of parents and teachers expressed, they would be in a position to understand each other's difficulties in relation to school matters.

Dr. Andrew followed with a splendid address on "Contagious Diseases, the Symptoms, How They Could be Determined, and the Rules Regarding Isolation and Quarantine." Many questions were asked and much valuable information given.

Quite an active discussion followed with regard to the amount of home work given pupils, both in the public and high schools. It was explained by Principal MacDonald that the amount of home work was determined by the Department of Education and was not at the discretion of the teacher. Regarding the high school, Principal Welsh stated the course was such that, to do full justice to the work, students would have to study for at least two hours every night, reviewing their studies of the day. No doubt this might seem strenuous work, but the only alternative was to extend the high school course over a period of four years.

Canada is the land of seaplanes—a seaplane can fly from Halifax to Vancouver and descend on a lake or a river, within easy reach of supplies, at intervals not exceeding 150 miles.

Major MacDonald addressed the council to the members so attending.

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## PEACHLAND'S WATER SYSTEM

### Annual Report Shows Irrigation Works in Excellent Condition.

## OVER IRRIGATION

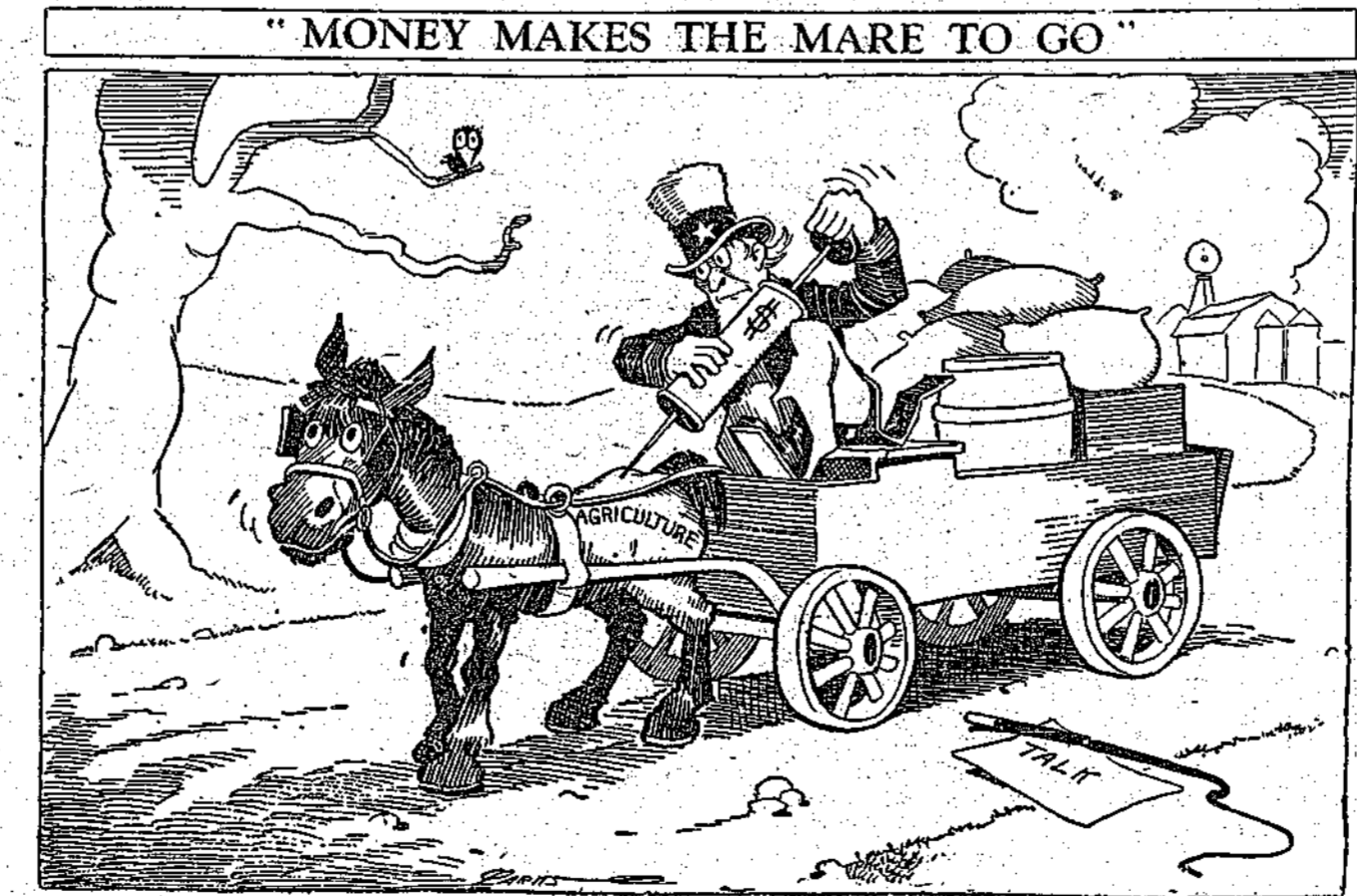
### To Be Avoided—Its Evils Recognized—Mr. Thos. Powell Retires From Board—Other Peachland News of Interest.

The annual meeting of the water users of the Peachland Irrigation District was held in the Municipal Hall on Saturday, Feb. 11th. There was only a fair attendance. Reeve G. Lang presided. Major MacDonald, superintendent of construction for the provincial government, was present. The financial statement was read and approved. Ex-Reeve R. J. Hogg, as chairman of the trustees who had been in office, reported on the work of the late board. This was followed by a report from Mr. Thos. Powell, chairman of the irrigation committee, on last year's operations. Mr. Powell gave a summary of the situation commencing from the time the irrigation problem was taken over from the company. This was very interesting and served to refresh the various points in the minds of the users, and gave those present a better idea of the difficulties which had been faced and surmounted by the committee. The following motion was passed:

"That the remuneration to be paid to the council for acting as trustees of the irrigation district for the ensuing year be \$3 per member per regularly called meeting attended, such remuneration to be paid by the council to the members so attending."

Major MacDonald addressed the council to the members so attending.

Major MacDonald addressed the council to the members so attending.



Across the line agriculture generally is said to be in a "bad way." The above cartoon, appearing in many U.S.A. papers, was prompted by the action taken by the National Agricultural Conference urging provision for greater capital for the farm. Canadian farmers could equally profit by a sound method of farm loans.

# The Summerland Review

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Advertising Rate Cards and information respecting territory and samples of paper mailed upon request, or may be seen at the office of any advertising agency recognized by the Canadian Press Association.

Advertisers must have copy in by Tuesday noon in order to insure changes for standing advertisements. New display advertising copy can be accepted one day later.

Correspondence—Letters addressed to the Editor and intended for publication must be short and legibly written on one side of the paper only. The longer an article, the shorter its chance of insertion. All communications must bear the name of the writer, not necessarily for publication. The publication or rejection of articles is a matter entirely in the discretion of the Editor. No responsibility is assumed by the paper for the opinions expressed by correspondents.

Friday, February 17, 1922

## THE LURE OF THE MOVIES.

Nearly every girl that attends the "movies," some time or another, feels that the call of film fame beckons to her. If she is a pretty girl, and knows it, she probably believes she could do as well as the biggest star in filmdom. Millions of girls are stage struck and movie-mad. Girls right in Summerland are nursing longings to shine on the celluloid screen. They all think it is the grandest life in the world. But it is nothing of the sort. It is the saddest, most soul-damning career that ever sent thousands of girls into the lost life.

We are reminded of the vagaries of the movie world every once or twice in a while, with tragic tellings by the press. Divorces are the usual thing; if an actor couple happen to live along for a few years in apparent harmony, it is the happening of the unusual and it draws wondering comment for normal, clean wedlock is a rare thing, indeed, among movie folks. Then we have had much of the real tragedy lately with the Arbuckle case, the baring of the past of the girl in the case, and now the Taylor murder in Los Angeles, involving two moths of the movies.

The movie picture life looks alluring, but it is the most hideous disillusion in the world. Reports of fabulous salaries are exaggerated, and only refer to the few who reach the top. Even they are "broke" half the time. Hollywood, the great film colony near Los Angeles, has more pawnbrokers per capita than any other place in the world—pawnbrokers, usurers, salary leeches and Shylocks, who fatten upon the needy, shoddy actorines and others of the film studios. Nearly everyone that works on the "lots" or around the studios gets a high salary and liberal expenses. That much is true enough. But another truth that is not generally known is that few of them are able to earn it more than two or three months in a year, unless they have exceptional luck. In making a picture they put in a few weeks at rehearsal and filming. They receive anything from \$5 a day to \$150 a week, for the ordinaries or near-talented. Then they are laid off until some other studio puts on a picture. Expenses are heavy for clothing and living costs. Before the picture is done they are usually in debt.

Few know of the bitter competition around the studios. For every film vacancy there are hundreds waiting. And half of them are willing to work for nothing, some even offering cash and their very souls for the chance. Such is the lure of the movies. From the most obscure parts of Canada and the United States, girls are running away from comfortable homes, and married women are deserting their husbands to join the mad pilgrimage to Hollywood. Hundreds of "missing" girls have found themselves to Los Angeles, where they have been swallowed up in the life of lost souls. Drink, drugs, ghoul-eyed girls, shifty-eyed parasites preying upon womanhood, panders—these are some of the kind that people the film world of "fame." It is no place for clean womanhood, at best. It is a place where morals rarely stand the supreme test. It is a place of grotesquerie, a whitened sepulchre of dead hopes. It is the tomb of girls who were.

So, young ladies of this town, who have yearnings to shine in the movies, and be a great star and wear diamonds, and have your picture admired, and all that—you, Miss, may as well take a square look at the movie picture life as it really is, instead of dreaming of it as it seems. Then, if the life still looks tempting, go your way and take your 1000-to-one chance of winning success. Maybe you can win, but remember, tens of thousands have tried and failed, and they are now repenting in the ashes of their hopes.

Ah, Margot Asquith is coming to B. C., says report! Now would be a good opportunity for provincial editors to get up excursions from their home towns to Vancouver, and allow their readers to hear the gifted Margot lecture on "Laps I Have Sat In," or something.

After the Vancouver World gets finished with the drug traffic evil, there is a golden opportunity of missionary work against the fly-by-night, get-rich schemes that are robbing thousands right and left all over B. C.

B. C. manufacturers behind the "made in B. C." campaign should remember there are weekly newspapers all over this province, also "made in B. C." These papers cannot afford to carry on free advertising to exploit products offered for sale. Loyalty to the B. C. product is all very well, but the B. C. manufacturer has no more right than the home merchant to expect free aid in boosting his wares. The newspaper represents value. Advertising is part of the paper's work. It is fair to expect fair pay and fair play from the manufacturers.

One kind of a pessimist is the man that gloomily uses both belt and suspenders to make sure of the fitness of things. An optimist is the B. C. man who is busy fixing up his fly-screen door while the snow and rain are blowing into the house.

## HOMEY PHILOSOPHY FOR 1922.

Let that neighbor of yours have health and a clear course on which to steer himself, and you need never ask him if he's happy. The average man is not lazy or a pessimist when he has those two things in his life. They bring him as much happiness as he cares to have or as he has reason to need.

## GROWERS PROFIT BY LECTURE COURSE

(Continued from Page 1)

do are neglectful of their duties. These meetings are to inform the grower. If the tree is allowed to blossom as it will and reproduce to fullest extent it will put two years effort into one, but if as soon as the blossoms are set they are sufficiently thinned, the result would be better apples and more apples.

Describing the functions of the foliage, Mr. Dean said that in June the tree is growing a crop of leaves, forming fruit, exerting its utmost to start seeds of reproduction and is also developing buds for next year's crop. We cannot expect the tree to do its best unless we do our best to assist it. One duty is to see that no insect attacks its foliage.

Dealing with codling moth, Mr. Dean said that at one time every valley in the northwest could herald the slogan, "You can eat this apple in the dark without eating mince meat." Today the codling moth is taking a big toll. Those districts yet free from it should exert every effort to keep it out. He submitted a quantity of statistics for Wenatchee which he said means much for the district. In 1918 Wenatchee growers lost one million dollars in fruit through the codling moth, and spent three-quarters of a million for material, labor, etc., to keep the pest under control. That year the codling moth cost the entire State of Washington four million dollars. What would that sum have meant, he asked, if scattered among the growers—new homes and improvements benefiting everybody. Think what the cost here will be if the moth becomes established. Apple growers will have to pay the cost.

After telling of the despair caused by the invasion of the moth, Mr. Dean presented some interesting figures in chart form showing the effectiveness of efficient spraying. Another chart gave the cost per acre and per box, and demonstrated the necessity of maintaining the orchards in a high state of cultivation in order to bear this extra overhead. He urged the growers to help Evans and Hunter rid the valley of the threatened pest. Don't let it get control or you will have to pay from one to four millions yearly. Mr. Dean deplored the overpruning of new growth, but he said the trees must be opened to sunshine and air. Prune carefully, and then thin carefully according to variety and conditions; pears just as much as apples.

In answering questions, Mr. Dean said that powdery mildew has cost the growers of Washington many thousands of dollars this year. It attacks fruit and foliage and, the most vital, destroys next year's crop. It takes two to four years to get a tree attacked by mildew back to vigorous condition and then only by most persistent effort.

With the help of a lantern, H. H. Evans described the codling moth and other worms affecting the apple, including the budworm, lesser apple worm, dock force and Indian meal worm. The two latter at times are found on the apple. He urged growers to watch carefully for any worms and have them identified by an authority at once. It costs Yakima \$30.80 an acre to spray for codling moth alone.

The last speaker was Mr. R. P. Murray, district inspector at Penticton. He dealt with the subject of sprays and spraying, making particular reference to combination sprays. New pests are appearing for which the growers must spray at the correct time. They must also know what they are spraying for and the right material to use.

The blister mite has become a serious pest in the Similkameen and is making surprising inroads in the Okanagan. For this, growers must spray early. Mr. Murray then gave a number of combination sprays for the several pests now to be found in the Okanagan. He also described the life habits of a number of these pests and told of the proper time to spray. One, the peach borer, gives considerable trouble, the best remedy for it being to go down on your knees with a piece of wire and a knife and dig out the borer. By mounding the earth up around the tree, the worm is easier to get at. The time, either May or November, or both.

Remedies for shot hole fungus on cherry, the pear and cherry slug, woolly aphis, another serious pest, and black peach aphis, were given.

Mr. Dean was called upon to answer some further questions and stated that the orchard box is now almost unknown in his territory. The grower buys shooks early, makes up the boxes during intervals between spraying, distributing them through the orchard nested on the shady side of the tree ready for picking. He urged that spraying be looked upon as insurance, a protection against invasion even from the neglected orchard of a neighbor.

## WATER BOARD IN SECOND SESSION

(Continued from Page 1)

mill in Meadow Valley was also submitted by Mr. Kelley. In the course of the evidence it was stated by some of the Meadow Valley farmers that the Company at present secured its water supply from a beaver dam, which they had strengthened, on Lot 2555, and it was asserted by the farmers interested in this property that the dam was flooding the land and causing considerable damage. The board, however, refused to give any ruling on this point, stating the matter did not come under their jurisdiction. If damage were done it was a question of compensation, which would have to be settled among the parties themselves. The application of the Lumber Company was referred to the controller.

In reply to J. M. Robinson, who stated he had sold part of his property in Meadow Valley, and had received an account for arrears of water rates due in respect of the whole block, the board stated that, by procedure under the act, the parties interested could have their water rights apportioned, when they would only be responsible for the charges due in respect of their own property.

Ernest Smith reported that, after having paid the bill rendered for his water license after he acquired his property, he received an account for arrears dating back to 1914. He was advised to write to the department and state his case, when the matter would receive attention.

Ben Colk asked for a ruling on the question of damages to his property from a creek which had been diverted from its original channel. There was considerable discussion on the question, Captain Creese stating that the problem was really one of co-operation among the ranchers interested. It was explained the court had no authority in the matter, which would have to be settled among the parties affected or in a court of law.

The court then considered the application by R. Darke and F. Munro for storage in Fish Lake. It was explained that, at the time the original application was made, it was not necessary to submit a plan, and the department, not fully understanding the situation, had made a mistake in the license issued. The present application was made in order that the storage, as originally applied for, might be granted. The first record on the creek belonged to Lot 154, and the owners of this property only had the right to the water in the stream during the irrigation system, while Messrs. Darke and Munro could not take the water from the stream until such time as the water was not being used by those who were entitled to use it. The present application by Messrs. Darke and Munro was only to change the point of diversion to meet the terms of the original application.

The question was then taken up as to the formation of a water municipality in Meadow Valley. A very comprehensive report was submitted by Engineer Norrington as to the cost of putting in storage, fluming, etc., together with details as to the annual charges per acre to meet the overhead expenses, etc. No action was taken, however, as the ranchers present could not agree on a plan or united effort such as would meet the necessities of the case.

## SUMMERLAND WEATHER REPORT

	Max.	Min.	Rain.	Snow	S.S.
Feb. 8-42	32	.01	1.5	0.1	
Feb. 9-30	30	.03	....	0.7	
Feb. 10-19	16	....	1.4	0.0	
Feb. 11-17	9	....	....	0.5	
Feb. 12-15	8	....	....	5.2	
Feb. 13-18	5	....	....	5.5	
Feb. 14-19	4	....	....	1.8	

Another very interesting subject dealt with by Mr. Dean was the question of storage. The ideal way to handle the apple is to leave it in the orchard over night, and put it into cold storage early next morning holding it under ice until delivery to the consumer. At Yakima they now have storage facilities which enable them to carry many varieties almost throughout the year. The atmosphere should have a humidity of 85 degrees for apples, if lower they will shrink. The temperature should be maintained close to thirty degrees. By storing apples they are able to overcome market depression, car shortage, etc.

To a question as to mechanical graders, Mr. Dean said there were some varieties of apples, he would not put over a mechanical grader of any kind. Many apples are injured by these machines. Even with the harder varieties, much depends on the man in charge.

On Tuesday afternoon addresses were given by W. Newton, Victoria, and W. T. Hunter, Vernon, and in the evening by R. H. Helmer and Prof. A. F. Bars, of the University. These will be reported in our next issue.

## DEVELOPING INDIVIDUALS

(Continued from Page 1)

a blow at the conception that education could give the children of educated parents a better natural endowment than the offspring of uneducated parents. The function of education is to bring out the intellectual qualities of the student, but it could not make a dull boy bright. Intelligence could not be taught, even as knowledge could not be inherited.

It was an established principle that leadership could not be entrusted to men of low intelligence, and some of the greatest authorities on the subject, specialists who had undertaken research work along these lines, had stated that, as a rule, persons strong in mental qualities were strong in moral qualities as well. There was a strong tendency for like to mate with like. Hence the gulf was widening between mediocrity and talent, and we were evolving towards two extremes. By intelligent effort the common people could so live that their offspring would inherit the best qualities of their parents, and in this effort lay the hope of the race. Commenting on the forces militating against such improvement, Mr. Welsh discussed the evils of youthful dissipation through ignorance; the ill-mating of people not suited to each other by temperament and disposition, leading to increase in the number of divorce cases; the evils of narcotic drugs and the lack of training from earliest childhood with the specific purpose of bringing out the best and repressing the worst.

History revealed the fact that all human progress was due to the quality of greatness in the individual, and the speaker cited instances in the world of music, art, literature, sci-

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ence, discovery and invention. Democracy must bow to genius, to intelligence; to inherited qualities of mind and heart.

Mr. Welsh concluded that it was the business of our schools to locate those students—often in humble homes—endowed with intelligence, and by education equip them for leadership. He related how, just recently, the department of education at Ottawa has issued circulars to the high schools in the Dominion asking

that teachers endeavor to locate students showing ability in mathematics and, by special training, seek to have these pupils specialize in this subject, as investigation had shown the country to be short of men qualified in this direction, owing to the number who had gone to the United States.

A very interesting discussion followed the lecture, those taking part including R. H. Helmer, J. W. S. Logie, T. H. Riley and R. Pollock.

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## Annual Meeting of Liberal-Conservative Association

PARISH HALL, FRIDAY, 17th Feb., 8 p.m.

Annual Report.  
 Election of Officers for 1922.  
 Important General Topics.

Mr. J. W. Jones, M.P.P., will discuss South Okanagan needs and Provincial Affairs.

Please remember the date.

J. M. SUTHERLAND, President. C. E. CRAIG, Secretary.

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## A College Education

W. C. Bagley, in "Class Room Management," says: "The finished product of the teacher's art must represent a highly complex mechanism of civilized habits, delicately adjusted to respond effectively to the innumerable stimuli of an increasingly complex social life. It must represent a storehouse of organized race experience, conserved against the time when knowledge shall be needed in the constructive solution of new and untried problems. And, beyond all this, it must represent ideals—those intangible forces that can lift a race in a single century through a greater distance than it has traversed in all the preceding ages."

In this brief paragraph is presented the classic ideal of the school-room. It is the aim of every earnest teacher to lead all the pupils entrusted to his care onward in the path of development until each one shall be able in due time to render efficient service as a member of the community.

Just here, however, the teacher finds his most arduous task. It is a most difficult thing to get young people to appreciate the nature and value of a good education in the period of rapid growth and development. This would not matter so much if it were not for the fact that all development is from within outward. Unfoldment of personality proceeds—definitely in response to outward stimuli. In infancy and early childhood the response is for the most part unconscious, but as adolescence is reached the response must become increasingly conscious, and the individual must accept a larger share of responsibility for his own growth and development.

The teacher's task is made most difficult because of the fact that so many other factors enter into the child's life and seem to him to have a legitimate demand upon his time and thought. For instance, many boys and girls fortunately environed, develop an earning capacity in some line of work far beyond that of laboring men. The feeling of independence which even a small bank account, the product of their own accumulated savings, gives them is sufficient in many cases to blur the vision with respect to the greater advantages accruing from higher intellectual training. Still others live so constantly in an atmosphere of pleasure that self-seeking has become their chief motive and with great determination they avoid "laborious nights and days."

There is another fundamental, three-fold reason why teachers have difficulty in accomplishing their task. First, teaching involves disapproval of the students by the teacher. This may not be consciously recognized either the teacher or pupils, but it is a fact all the same. The teacher would not presume to teach if he did not think that the pupils needed to be improved. To win the approval of parent or teacher is a worthy motive, but seldom are expressions of disapproval appreciated though they are in the main the most fruitful in development.

A second element in this fundamental reason making difficult the task of the teacher, is the fact that teaching involves thinking on the part of the pupil as well as the teacher. Now, thinking requires effort and no one likes to be compelled to put forth effort. Thinking may cause a headache and that is something to be avoided. The better the teacher the more the students must think. The better the teacher the more things he says that they do not believe; the more he goes against their prejudices and preconceived notions, the more they must think in order to justify their views. The more gifted the teacher the more does he emphasize understanding, appreciation, reasoning and application, rather than the mere use of memory to store the mind with a mass of unrelated facts.

The conscientious teacher is constantly endeavoring to make his pupils think and his resourcefulness is often taxed to the utmost by the variety of types of minds submitted to him out of which he is expected to

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make reasonably good thinking individuals.

A third element in this basic reason why teachers find it hard to accomplish their task is the fact that, it is characteristic of the human being that he thinks that, when he does get an idea through the assistance of the teacher, that he got it through his own volition. This failure on the part of the student to recognize the source of his ideas tends in part to set up a barrier between himself and his teacher. Fortunately the student seldom knows of its existence. But the fact of its presence makes more difficult the task of teaching. It exists for the most part in the subconscious mind and does not vanish until the student stumbles upon the method of analyzing his own mental processes.

It is the task of education to overcome all ignorance, prejudice, superstition and doubt standing in the way of the proper and normal development of the childhood of the state. The last score of years have been most fruitful in discovery. Eminent psychologists have set the little child in the midst and have learned some of the greatest facts of human nature indispensable in modern education. Particularly the period since 1914 has been fruitful in revealing the weakness as well as the strength of past systems of training the youth, and today the leaders in the realm of education are insisting upon changes in methods, so revolutionary in character that, the majority of people are unwilling to accept them. For instance, people, whatever their own personal attainments are, instinctively feel that the leaders in every walk of life must be men of unsullied character, who have been carefully trained and prepared for their work. More and more the educational institutions are feeling their responsibility in this matter and are seeking to create that healthy atmosphere for the growing youth that will insure the normal and harmonious development of all powers of his being. But immediately we are met with the cry from one section of the people, "You cannot educate children into the kingdom." Others meet the contention with stolid indifference, while a third section denies the old adage, "as a twig is bent, so will it grow." Although the human race has been rearing children for thousands of years yet, with the exception of a fraction of the people, the tendency of modern times is still to give more attention to the development of good domestic animals, than the production of the highest type of the human race.

Whatever the undeveloped resources of our country may be the greatest of all its resources is the brain of its people and more especially the brain of the exceptionally gifted. The wealth of the race consists of spiritual values, that is, the thoughts of a limited number of men accumulated through the generations. It is knowledge of these thoughts by a certain few we call specialists that insures progress of the race. The inventor, thinker or specialist uses certain portions of this acquired material of past ages as his working hypothesis. He proceeds from the known to the unknown.

Take for an illustration the calculus or the application of the formulae in Algebra in the solution of intricate practical problems. The common man little dreams what a large part of this high school subject plays in his every day life. The difference between the conditions under which our forefathers lived three hundred years ago and those under which we live today is due to the discoveries of scientists who have made use of the calculus. The calculus is the most powerful of all instruments in handling geometrical problems and all advancement in physical science depends upon its use. The wonderful facts in motion, light, heat and electricity, many of which are the common knowledge of every high school graduate, were discovered through the use of the calculus. In many other lines of applied science, the calculus has opened the door and let us see long vistas of possible achievement. It is certain that there awaits the fully trained youth of today wonderful opportunities to serve his generation in a unique way.

Every intelligent person should remember that the modern research movement is the greatest intellectual movement in the history of the human race. The university is its natural home. There within its walls most of the fundamental discoveries in science have been made. The highest function of the university is to provide opportunity for the research worker to carry on and make his discoveries and on the other hand to train young men of selected ability to use their creative abilities.

In advancing an argument for higher education as offered by our universities some very interesting comparisons may be made. About three or more years ago, Dr. E. C. Worden, chemical expert of the Bureau of Aircraft Production, Washington, D.C., was sent to Germany to make a report on the chem-

ical factories in the occupied portion. Among other things he reported that Germany kept her technical forces unimpaired during the war. She placed her technical men in positions where they did not run too much risk. The result of that policy was that Germany came out of the war and has entered upon the economic struggle backed by a more ample supply of scientifically trained workers in proportion to her population than any other nation in the world.

A few figures may be of interest to show where Canada stands. Let us compare the number of students in the several countries in attendance at the universities on the basis of the university standard demanded by Germany. The number for every 10,000 of population is as follows: Germany 14, France 6, United States 3, England 3, Scotland 6, Ireland 3, Wales 2, Canada 5, Ontario 8, British Columbia 2. These figures are compiled from the published statements of Dr. Fields, of Toronto, and Prof. Gregory, of the Carnegie Foundation. They in no way reflect the intellectual status of the nations compared, but simply show the relative numbers of scientifically trained workers.

This article may conclude with a further plea for a college education on the ground that if the above figures are only approximate then Canada in general and B. C. in particular, are sadly in need of scientifically trained workers. Figures compiled for the Province of Ontario show that six out of seven pupils who pass the high school entrance examination never matriculate, and only about two out of nine in the high school complete a university course. There is surely a tremendous wastage of power here. It is certain that many of those who have turned back in the secondary school would have made good had they continued with their education to the end of the college course.

It is too early in the public and high schools to determine with any degree of accuracy except in certain cases whether a pupil will be able to complete a university course or not. While inherent abilities and capacities of pupils differ widely, and the university must ever make its bid for the exceptionally gifted, yet the discoveries of educational psychology of the past few years have shown that by the skillful application of the scientific principles of pedagogy in the primary schools, often the ordinary student may be set on the path that leads up to the summit of distinguished achievement.

It would seem to be the part of wisdom in the case of the state and the community to make all provision necessary for the thorough and complete training of every boy and girl, so that Canada with her immense material resources may be able to march in the van of national progress.

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# AUCTION SALE

Under instructions from Mrs J. J. Wilson I will sell at Public Auction on her premises (the late Mrs Mary Campbell property), West Summerland, on THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 23rd, all her Household Effects, comprising the following:

- 1 Flat Top Writing Desk.
- 1 Morris Chair, Leather Cushions.
- 1 8-Ft. Extension Dining Table.
- 1/2 Dozen Dining Chairs.
- 1 Davenport or Bed Lounge.
- 1 Oak Buffet.
- 1 Oak Rocker.
- 2 Leather Seat Chairs.
- 1 Leather Seat Rocker.
- 1 4-Section Fumed Oak Book Case.
- 2 Centre Tables.
- 1 Fumed Oak Chiffonier.
- 1 Oak Chest Drawers (5 drawers).
- 1 Fumed Oak Bureau.
- 1 Fumed Oak Bureau, with heavy bevel plate mirror, 20x24.
- 4 Bedroom Chairs.
- 2 Wash Stands.
- 2 Child's Cots (complete).
- 4 Enamel Iron Beds, Springs and Mattresses, full size.
- 10 Yards Stair Oil Carpet.
- 2 High Chairs.
- 6 Kitchen Chairs.
- 1 Kitchen Cabinet.
- 1 Kitchen Table.
- 1 Washing Machine.
- 1 Ball-Bearing Clothes Wringer.
- 1 Jubilee Heater and Stove Pipes.
- 1 Refrigerator, large size.
- 1 Child's Bath.
- 1 Copper Wash Boiler.
- 1 Lawn Mower.
- 50 Ft. Half-Inch Hose.
- Garden Tools, Kitchen Utensils and Various Other Articles.

We have not held an auction sale for months. This will break the monotony, so everybody come along to this sale and see everybody's friends.

The sale will be held inside, so that we can make you all comfortable, as the house is large and roomy.

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- Bran - - - \$1.25
- Shorts - - \$1.35
- R. Oats 20's - .85
- R. Oats 8's - .40
- Flat Oats - \$1.95
- Whole Oats - \$1.85
- Barley Chop - \$1.95
- Cracked Corn - \$2.45
- Whole Corn - \$2.35

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**Naramata News**

Current Events of Town and District

Consideration of the prize list in needlework for the fall fair occupied a portion of the time at the Women's Institute meeting last week. After discussion, the matter was referred back to the executive for further arrangement. Fifteen dollars was voted to complete the purchase price of a gramophone for the school, the school board offering their donation toward play-ground equipment if the women's societies would complete the purchase of the gramophone. A card party at the end of the week will, it is hoped, provide funds for some records.

The address of the afternoon was by Mrs. C. C. Aitkins on the "Preservation of the Wild Life of Canada." Mrs. Aitkins gave a short biography of the late C. Gordon Hewitt, Dominion entomologist and consulting geologist, whose book on the subject has recently been published. Mrs. Aitkins referred at some length to the musk-ox, once widespread on this continent, but now confined to a comparatively small district in the north, and threatened with extinction, but which would be very easy to preserve. The large toll of deer taken each year from the Okanagan by the coyote was also referred to. Mr. Hewitt's book, from which Mrs. Aitkins read freely, is very interesting in subject matter, and beautifully and copiously illustrated, and would make a valuable addition to any private library as well as being a very worthy volume to find a place on the shelves of the Naramata school or Women's Institute library. At the close of Mrs. Aitkins' paper, Mrs. Cross gave a recitation, and the meeting adjourned with the singing of the National Anthem.

Mr. Campbell Robinson left on Tuesday morning for Bonnington Falls, where he will spend a short time going into various departments of electrical work.

Mrs. Hancock, sr., who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Hancock of Naramata, for the past month, left on Friday night's boat on her return journey to England. Mrs. Hancock, who is over 80 years of age, travels unattended, and feels quite at ease in undertaking the long journey alone.

Candidates for the three places vacant on the water committee are as follows: F. C. Manchester, W. M. Armour, F. R. Cross, Francis J. Languedoc, J. Littlejohn, sr., J. Alexander Noyes. Voting will take place on Feb. 16th at the office of the Naramata Irrigation District.

A second Badminton tournament took place on Saturday afternoon in Naramata Hall, winners being Mr. Hilton Snyder and Mrs. Bruce Cash. They played the final game against Mr. Bruce Cash and Miss Dorothy Robinson, defeating them by a score of 15-9.

Mrs. F. Manchester reports that the Women's Institute library now contains considerably more than 200 volumes. Mrs. Aitkins and Mr. Partridge have been generous contributors, and many others have added to the collection of books, over 25 volumes having been added during the past year. It is suggested that a few books of history and travel would be acceptable.

Mr. Mark Manchester left this week after a protracted visit here with Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Manchester. He sails early next month for Dawson.

The masquerade in Naramata Hall on the evening of Feb. 10th, was a huge success as a dance, in spite of the frigidity of the atmosphere without and only slightly modified frigidity within. One inclines to the belief that the gay colors of the masqueraders rendered them impervious to cold—a triumph of mind over matter. The costumes were above the average in variety and picturesqueness. Mr. Norman Mitchell as "Valentine"; Miss Lois Wells as "Old Mother Goose"; Mr. and Mrs. Hardman in Turkish costumes, Miss Emily Stevens as a half-civilized Hawaiian, Mr. Stuart Leckie as a tramp, and Mrs. Horswill as "Night," were among the more striking figures, but the list of ingenious costumes might be indefinitely lengthened.

Mr. Peck, of Summerland, with another musician from Penticton, supplied the music, and the ladies of the Unity Club served refreshments in an interval, after which dancing resumed till after midnight. Several of the older dances, the barn-dance and the Minuet, were interspersed among the more modern numbers.

A card party will be given in the Unity Club on the evening of Friday, Feb. 17th, in aid of the fund for the school gramophone. Mrs. Horswill and Mrs. McConkey are hostesses, assisted by other members of the institute. The school wants a good supply of records, suitable

Queen of the Winter Carnival



MISS HAZEL TOMKINS  
Candidate for Queen of the Winter Carnival of the Canadian Pacific Railway employees, and selected for the position by a very popular vote.

**TIRE CHAINS**

Some Helpful Pointers on Their Use and Upkeep.

"Safety first" should be the motto of every motorist. One of the most important applications of this principle is in the matter of tire chains. The chain acts like a gear that grips the road, preventing skidding. It digs down through the soft mud and holds to the solid ground underneath.

The side pieces of a chain are made of soft iron, very tough, and they will wear for several years as there is very little strain on them. The heavy duty comes upon the cross links or "grips," which are case hardened. This prevents excessive wear, so that a cross link will last several months. Once the case hardening is worn away, the link wears rapidly, and finally breaks. This is soon remedied by the careful driver who always carries an extra supply of links and a chain tool for replacements. The new link may be inserted and the old one removed without taking the chain from the wheel.

At the beginning of the winter, overhaul your old chains and prepare them for use. Starting with the fasteners at the ends, take out every other grip and put in a new one. This gives you virtually a new chain. To be sure, the links in between are weak, but when one of them breaks the strain comes on the next link, which is new and strong. I have seen a car come back from a trip with five links broken on one chain. Fortunately, the links between were new ones and the chain was still serviceable. But where all the links are old and one breaks, a greater strain is placed on the next.

If this is weak it will soon give way and so bring all the more strain on the next one. Soon enough links are broken to allow the chain to catch in the brake mechanism and it is ruined or lost.

To apply a chain properly it is not necessary to jack up the wheel. Lay the chain over the top of the rear wheel with the fasteners to the rear. Tuck the surplus chain in under the wheel and push the car forward. The ends may now be fastened without trouble.

There are several chain tools on the market. Inspect the various types until you find one which opens the link easily, or at least more easily than the others. The links are difficult to bend, so do not look for a tool that will open a link without effort.

The question is frequently asked, how many chains a car should carry and where they should be placed. Each wheel should have a chain in icy weather, but some drivers carry less. Where one chain is used it should be on the left rear, so as to avoid damage at the curb. If two are used they should be on both rear wheels to insure traction and reduce differential action.

Do not fasten chains so tightly that they cannot creep, nor fasten them to a spoke. This will bring all the wear under each cross link and so go through the rubber and injure the fabric.

for use as an accompaniment to marching, physical exercises, muscular movement writing, as well as good standard music. Come to the card party and help buy records for the school.

**Correspondence**

To the Editor of The Review:

Dear Sir,—In your issue of January 24th, reference was made to a Japanese who advertised in a Vancouver paper for a situation in a Canadian home with the privilege of attending school.

Our Dominion Government has permitted the Japanese to enter Canada, and it is certainly praiseworthy that they are not only sober industrious workers, but seek education, whether at day or night schools.

We have some Japanese men and women in the Sunday school at St. Andrew's Church, and from all I have seen of them most of our boys and girls could take lessons from them in deportment.

I have a friend whose husband was a professor in Ann Arbor University (Michigan). He died when her two boys were very young, and she took some Japanese students as boarders.

She is now growing old, and lives with one of these young men and his wife, sharing expenses.

In a recent letter from another friend she says: "Mrs. C. is very happy. Her Japanese friends are simply charming, genuine gentle-bred people, both Christians and living up to the life. The Japanese man is still studying. His father, Baron Konda, is in Washington, secretary to Prince Yasaka, in the conference. Our friend was commanded there, too, to take notes, but he is home again now."

I write this to show that the Japanese who leave home are not always the lower classes, like most of the Chinese whom he see, or even our British brethren, the Hindus, and to ask that our Summerland community may extend a little kindly sympathy to the foreigners who are among us.

Thanking you for space in your valuable paper.

Yours truly,  
J. E. SINCLAIR.

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40 Doses for 75c  
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If nobody leaves you an estate buy one from

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This advance in "Community Service" can have only one meaning. It means an established reputation for reliability and for downright good values.

We buy and sell all our lumber strictly on B. C. Standard Grades. There is a vast difference in these grades and ordinary "mill run" lumber. Don't be deceived. Get what you pay for.

**THE COMMUNITY LUMBER CO.**

Phone 283. LTD. West Summerland  
A. C. PATTERSON, Manager

YOUR ENGINE WILL

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GARAGE

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Order now and save money. If you delay the price is sure to be up. We can fill your requirements immediately.

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Get our prices on this material. They cannot be equalled.

All our lumber is strictly graded by an expert grader before piling and before shipping.

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We guarantee our lumber to be of grade called for, and our experience is at your service in choosing your grades to erect as economically as possible.

No substitution of inferior grades.

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PHONES—West Summerland ..... 72  
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Sow broadcast and harrow in about a week before planting.

For further information apply to

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Local Distributors.

Headquarters for  
HARDWARE, FURNITURE, CROCKERY, BOOTS, SHOES, ETC.  
PHONES 6 and 65  
Phone 6 for Hardware, Crockery, Etc. 65 for Furniture, Boots, Etc.

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- COLDS, Bromo-Quinine Tablets
- COUGHS, Buckley's Bronchitis Mixture
- TICKLING IN THROAT, Formalid Throatase
- WOUNDS, Nyal's Healing Ointment

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- For Sale.**
- FOR SALE**—Pure Bred Cockerels, Blue Andalusian, Black Ancona, Rhode I. Reds, \$3 each. Apply Box 291, Review Office. 732
  - FOR RENT**—On easy terms, good land, suitable for tomato growing. Apply, Jas. Ritchie. 732
  - PLANTS**—Now is the time to place your order for plants. We solicit your order and hope to give satisfaction. Write or phone for prices. H. B. Mair, Box 167, West Summerland. Phone 973. 732-3
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- DAY-OLD CHICKS** and Hatching Eggs, Banded Plymouth Rocks and Single Comb White Leghorns. High class utility stock. Write for illustrated price list to C. G. Golding, Qualicum Poultry Farm, Qualicum Beach, V. I., B.C. 730-738
- FOR SALE**—Boskoop Giant black currants. 3,300 cuttings ready for delivery in March. Price \$1.50 per hundred.—F. D. Cooper, Peach Orchard. 730-3p
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- FOR SALE**—16 inch dry wood. Telephone 573. W. R. Lawrence. 719f
- FIFTY CENTS** paid in advance for an advertisement in this column will find you a buyer or locate the article you want. It will pay you.
- Wanted.**
- WANTED**—Manager. Applications are invited for the position of Manager of Summerland Fruit Union.—State qualifications and salary required. Apply before March 7th, to T. G. Beavis, Secretary-Treasurer, Summerland, B.C. 732-3-4
- ADVERTISING** in these columns pays well. That is what those who have tried Review want ads. tell us.

## Water Board Fixes the 1922 Irrigation Rates

(Continued from Page 1.)

increase in the rates of the larger holdings. Gilbert Thorner and Harold Smith attended the court as representing Trout Creek Water Users' Community, and on behalf of that section of the municipality, the municipal solicitor outlined to the water board the relationship of the Trout Creek Community to the municipality in respect that the Trout Creek people controlled a local system operating independently of the larger irrigation system serving the remainder of the municipality, collected their own charges and were responsible for the maintenance of their separate system. The domestic water service did not, he explained, extend to Trout Creek district. As the annual deficit on the irrigation account was recovered from the general taxes the Trout Creek residents were, of course, contributing to the maintenance and operating account of the irrigation system for the rest of the municipality.

Called as a witness, James Ritchie confirmed the terms of the agreement between the municipality and the Garnett Valley Land Co.

Quite an active discussion followed as to the assessment of land for irrigation rates, it being contended that, in some cases rates were charged for a greater acreage than could be cultivated. The situation was clearly defined by the municipal solicitor, others taking part in the discussion being Major Hutton, James Ritchie and Gilbert Thorner. In the course of the debate a very good suggestion was made that, if a grower owned say ten acres, a portion of which he considered was not irrigable, the whole of the land should be assessed and then, at the court of revision, the owner, with his appeal, should submit a plan, certified by a competent engineer, as to the amount of land actually irrigable, and the plan so prepared determine for all time the area on which the charge should be made.

Considerable time was also devoted to a discussion on the question of the duty of water, it being pointed out that it would be unfair to grant authority for increased rates unless the administration were made responsible for an increased quantity of water. The court gave assurance, however, that any authority granted for increased rates would be coupled with provision for an increased supply of water.

In reply to a question as to the most effective way of dealing with parties stealing water released from the storage dams, the board advised that a provincial water billif be appointed, who would act under the direction of the district water engineer. At the same time the municipality should measure the water coming out of their storage dams, and all people on the creek, likely to be effected, should be notified when the gates at headwaters were opened.

The board adjourned on Friday afternoon and on Saturday gave their decision as follows, the order being for the irrigation season of 1922 only. "The municipality will stand a certain share of the cost of the irrigation system and the rates than can be charged are increased to the following.

	Per acre
7 acres or over	\$ 8.00
6 acres or less than 7 acres	3.25
5 acres or less than 6 acres	3.75
4 acres or less than 5 acres	9.50
3 acres or less than 4 acres	10.25
2 acres or less than 3 acres	11.00
1 acre or under, straight	11.75

"The dates of payment to be fixed by the municipal council by bylaw; the duty of water to be 2 1/2 acre feet for the season; 1 1/2 acre feet to be delivered before the opening of the gates on the storage dam on Trout Creek, or shall be considered to have been delivered before that date, and three-quarters of an acre foot during the rest of the season; measuring boxes to be installed at points of diversion on the main canals and at the gates at the storage dams by June, 1923."

## WANTS LAW TO ENFORCE DATES OF EGGS STAMPED

(Special to The Review)

New Westminster, Feb. 15.—If Mr. George Pengilly has his way, the provincial officials in Victoria will enact a law providing for the date of each egg for sale to be stamped on the shell. The actual birthday of the egg plainly marked, he believes, would help the poultry and produce men, and protect the public from cold storage eggs and the Chinese products that are preserved in lime and sold as "fresh" months later. Mr. Pengilly, an extensive poultryman of the Fraser Valley, says he will bring his plan up before the association, and secure influence to present to Victoria.

Don't tell everything you know—you may be asked for an encore.

## Peachland Doings

A Weekly Chronicle Furnished By Our Local Representative.

(Continued from Page 1)

meeting complimenting the water users on the manner in which the trustees had operated the district, also on the evils of over irrigation.

Mr. Hogg spoke on the same subject and moved: "That this meeting give expression to the conviction that excessive irrigation is a very real danger from which this district is already suffering. And—we express our willingness to support the water board in the enactment of any measures it may deem necessary for the prevention of damage through the excessive application of water to the soil." Another motion passed was the following: "In view of the fact that Mr. Thos. Powell has now retired from the water board, it is fitting that we in public meeting assembled for the conduct of irrigation business, should express in some measure our sense of the value of the services rendered to the community by Mr. Powell during the past years. We acknowledge our indebtedness to him and trust he will live long and happily amongst us to enjoy the benefits of our exceedingly well advised and constructed water system."

Hearty votes of thanks were tendered Ex-Reeve R. J. Hogg and Secretary W. M. Dryden for their services on the board and also a hearty vote of thanks to Major MacDonald for his assistance to the board and for his attendance at public meetings of the users. In his reply, the Major not only expressed appreciation of the thanks tendered him, but stated that he was always pleased to meet with Peachlanders and always felt very much at home at their meetings.

The Peachland High School team, with a few supporters, journeyed to Westbank on Friday afternoon to play the return game. The Peachland team was short a man to play seven-man hockey and in that way were handicapped in the first period playing against Westbank's seven men. However, after the first period Westbank just used their extra man to change off at intervals with other players. Whether the Peachland lads were lost on the larger space, or what made such a difference does not seem to be clear, but the tables were sure turned and Westbank won hands down. The game ended with a score of 5-0, in favor of Westbank, giving each team a win. The final game was played on the Peachland ice on Tuesday evening and was very evenly contested. Both teams played well and the score at the finish as recorded by the goal umpires stood seven all, but the onlookers seem to be quite definite in their statements that there were four scratch off's from goals shot by the Peachland team and the goal umpire just had three on his records, for the first period. It was a real good game.

The regular monthly meeting of the Peachland Women's Institute was held on Friday with the president, Mrs. Dryden, in the chair. A communication was read advising the institute of the proposed tour of the valley of Mrs. Dr. Wise in connection with child welfare work, and it was decided to have her visit Peachland for two days, early in March. Owing to the fact that a community social being gotten up by the memorial committee was arranged to be held at about the time the next university lecturer would tour the valley it was decided not to arrange for his coming here this month. A communication was read from the municipal council suggesting that the Women's Institute take over the library which has been idle for some years, and open it to the public. It was decided to have the educational committee of the institute investigate this matter and report at the next meeting.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Moore returned home on Wednesday from a visit to Seattle with their daughter. A bunch of six horses was brought into pound last week from north of Trepanier townsite. They are owned by local, Westbank, Glen Rosa and Gellatly residents, but not being valuable animals the owners are not disposed to pay the charges against them so there is a chance for someone to get some cheap horses.

Mr. Ekin visited home here last midweek returning again to his business in Kelowna.

The first annual sitting of the court of revision of the assessment roll of the Corporation of the District of Peachland was held in the council chambers on Wednesday of last week. Present, Reeve Lang and Councillors McBean, Harrington and McGirr. Mr. G. Lang was appointed chairman and Mr. Dryden secretary. The Peachland Townsite Company appealed against the assessment of two blocks. A motion was passed that five days' notice be given of the intention to direct the change of

classification of the blocks and the assessment be reduced and that the adjourned sitting of the court of revision be held in the council chamber the following Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Murdin returned on Thursday from attending a gathering in Vernon of Baptist pastors and workers.

Mr. Allan Wilson left by Friday's boat for the prairie for a short time.

Our local butcher, Mr. White, made a business trip to Kelowna on Friday.

The hostesses for the afternoon tea were as follows: Mrs. Alpaugh, Mrs. Dorland, Mrs. Elliott, Mrs. Craig, Mrs. Coldham and Miss Dryden.

Mrs. J. Brinson went down the lake on Friday to visit Mrs. Brinson, Sr., who has been quite ill. She remained over Sunday.

Mrs. Vicary arrived on Saturday morning to visit friends in town. She returned home on Monday evening's boat.

Mrs. F. Brinson returned home on Saturday morning after spending a few days in Penticton with her mother-in-law.

Mr. Pinneke on Saturday visited Mrs. Pinneke at the Kelowna hospital. He reports her still in a weak condition and not able to return home for some time.

The public works assistant engineer for the Dominion government has been in Peachland this week taking soundings and making investigation as to a proposed car slip.

The children in Divisions II and III, in the Central School, celebrated St. Valentine's Day during the afternoon session, much to the delight of all present. A large number of Valentines were exchanged, nearly all being the handiwork of the children and were a credit to the makers. Refreshments were served.

Mr. J. McKinnon appealed against the assessment on two of his blocks. Assessment sustained. Capt. F. Brown appealed against his assessment and a concession granted.

The lectures given in the Municipal Hall here through the Horticultural Branch and under the auspices of the local branch of the B. C. F. G. A. on Monday and Tuesday afternoon and evenings last were fairly well attended. The various speakers were well posted on their subjects and being enthusiastic over the work in general, made their talks very interesting and instructive.

Another of Peachland's old-timers passed away on Tuesday last when Mrs. Somerville, Sr., succumbed after having suffered rather poor health on and off for some little time now.

## UNEMPLOYED WANT CO-OPERATIVE FARMS

(Special to The Review)

Victoria, Feb. 15.—A petition, many signatures of unemployed men, has arrived here for more signatures before presenting to the government. It asks aid of the premier and cabinet in establishing provincial co-operative farms for the workless. Free grants of land, with aid in getting seed, implements and food until the crops are bearing, are among the requests. The petition says that \$1,000,000 would put hundreds of unemployed on their feet and help in developing idle acres.

## Churches Join in Local Association.

(Continued from Page 1.)

spoke on foreign missions; Rev. Mr. Cundy gave a description of the work the Baptist church is doing in the west among the Slavs; Rev. Jas. Dunlop gave an address on "The Baptist Heritage," and Rev. J. W. Litch spoke on graded Sunday School work.

Women's work was represented during the meetings; there was a practical session of the Sunday school; Mr. Blackaby, of Summerland, gave a very helpful paper on "The Teen Age Boy," and Miss Johnston, of the Vernon school staff, gave a demonstration of class work with the teen age girls.

The devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. J. B. Rowell, of Kamloops, Rev. E. G. Hansell, of Armstrong, Rev. J. W. Dafeo, Vernon, and Mr. Watts of Kelowna.

The officers of the new organization for the year are: Moderator, Rev. J. W. Dafeo; vice-moderator, Mr. J. E. Reekie, Kelowna; secretary, Rev. I. Page, Penticton.

## Cause for Worry.

"I'd hate to be a hen," said four-year-old Charles, who was visiting in the country. "Why, dear?" asked his grandma. "Cause," replied the little fellow, "I'd have to lay eggs, and I don't know how."—Furrow.

## Helping Your Business

KEEP your business account with this Bank. You will find us always readily helpful, with unbiased counsel and competent service, and adequately equipped to conduct all banking transactions connected with your business.

Discuss your problems with our local manager. You will find him interested.

## THE DOMINION BANK

Summerland and West Summerland Branches,  
O. F. ZIMMERMAN, Manager.

If the Way Is Long or the Time Short

YOUR banking can be done by mail if it is inconvenient for you to come to our office.

Deposits will be acknowledged or remittances made to you promptly.

## THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

PAID-UP CAPITAL \$15,000,000  
RESERVE FUND \$15,000,000  
WEST SUMMERLAND BRANCH—A. B. Morkill, Manager

## ALL METAL FLUMING

### Keystone Copper Bearing Galvanized Iron WITH METAL FASTENERS

The economic Fluming for the small or large orchard. Stocked in all Standard Sizes. Special Sizes Supplied on Short Notice. Our new 1922 prices compare very favorably with the cost of wooden fluming. No comparison between the two kinds of fluming as to economy of water and all-round satisfaction.

Let us quote you on your spring requirements. WE MANUFACTURE METAL FLUME GATES.

## W. W. BORTON

## HOTEL SUMMERLAND

The Hotel on the Lakeside

Dining Room Open From 5.30 to 7 p.m.

C. B. McCALLUM, Manager

## Stall Fed Beef Sold Here at Lowest Prices



G. K. Devitt, Phone 14, Shaughnessy Ave

## CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY—EXCEPT SUNDAY

Effective May 22, 1921

South	—BRANCH—	North
10.20	Sicamous	13.00
11.20	Enderby	16.45
11.45	Armstrong	16.15
12.30	Vernon	15.30
13.10	Okanagan Landing	15.15

—LAKE—

13.35	Okanagan Landing	12.00
15.55	Kelowna	8.45
17.15	Peachland	7.20
18.15	SUMMERLAND	6.20
	Naramata	5.30
19.35	Penticton	5.30
	H. W. BRODIE	A. M. LESLIE
	G.P.A. Vancouver	Agent S'land

## KETTLE VALLEY RAILWAY TIME TABLE

In Effect May 22

— EAST BOUND —

DAILY		
No. 12—Leaves Vancouver	19.30	
West Summerland	7.15	
Nelson	22.55	

— WEST BOUND —

DAILY		
No. 11—Leaves Nelson	21.05	
West Summerland	12.07	
Vancouver	23.15	

Observation and dining car service on all trains.  
J. W. RUTHERFORD, Agent.  
O. E. FISHER, Traffic Manager, Penticton.

# The Summerland Review

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF SUMMERLAND, PEACHLAND AND NARAMATA

SUMMERLAND, B.C., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1922.

Vol. 14, No. 30, Whole No. 733

\$2.50, Payable in Advance

## FRUIT GROWERS CONVINCED BOARD

Government to Be Asked to Delay Action in Regard to Valuation for Duty.

### PROTECION NEEDED

That Prevention of Dumping of the Lower Grades of Fruit is Essential to Industry Now Admitted by Opponents.

Differences of opinion between the fruit growers of the Okanagan and the Vancouver Board of Trade have been settled amicably to both sides, following several hours' conference over the recent amendment to the customs act, dealing with the valuation for duty.

The amendment fixed the duty according to the cost of production in the country of origin and to this the board objected, more especially the members representing the importers, contending that such a clause would disrupt importing business and cause general confusion. On the other hand the fruit growers demanded that the amendment remain in effect to prevent dumping of the lower grades of fruit, not only in B. C. but also in the prairie markets.

The Okanagan growers were represented at the conference by a delegation of representatives from Kelowna, Vernon, Salmon Arm and Penticton, and as a result of this conference, a resolution has been forwarded to Ottawa from Vancouver Board asking that any action likely to be taken by the government be withheld until a delegation from the Okanagan reaches the federal capital to present the case for the growers to the government.

The resolution further makes it plain that the board is in entire sympathy with the growers in their endeavor to protect their industry from unfair competition and that it was not the board's intention in presenting its request to the government, to abolish the protection to which it admits, the fruit growing industry is entitled. Mr. J. P. D. Malkin, president of the Vancouver Board, now at Ottawa, will be requested to convey the views of the board to the minister of customs.

## MAGISTRATE SENDS CHILDREN TO HOME

Order is Outcome of Charge of Ill-Treatment Heard in Police Court.

As a result of information laid by Police Constable King, Joseph Stewart was fined \$5 and costs for ill-treating his four-year-old son by excessive beating with a strap. Stewart pleaded guilty and expressed contrition, stating that he had not realized that he had beaten the lad so severely. His statement that he had only intended to punish slightly was accepted by the court, the magistrate stating that while he was loth to interfere with reasonable discipline of children by their parents, he did not consider in any case a baby of four years should receive corporal punishment.

Subsequently the magistrate held an enquiry under the Infants' Act, as to whether the little lad and his sister, aged 7, were neglected children within the meaning of the Act. After hearing the evidence of the father and aunt and Constable King, the magistrate ordered the children to be put into the care and custody of the Children's Aid Society, Vancouver, who will place the children in their home, where they will be well looked after until 14 years of age.

The father, who is away at work all day, gladly assented, realizing that it was for the welfare of the children.

### WOULD SECURE EQUAL SUM FOR ROADS OF THIS PLACE

Vancouver, Feb. 22.—In an open letter addressed to the cabinet in Ottawa, the Western Canada Motorist will demand an equal federal road appropriation for British Columbia. This means that, instead of the apportionment being made according to population, British Columbia will have an allocation equal to its integral part as one of the dozen provinces of the Dominion. The reasons given are the importance of British Columbia as the great gateway to Pacific Canada, with its more exacting demands in topography, needs, and the call for roads through forest fastnesses, rocky country, hills and valleys over an area extending nearly 1000 miles in length and many hundreds of miles in width.

## Six-Fifty Per Acre Irrigation Rate Fixed by Municipal Council

Hospital Board Asks \$1,000 Grant. Half That Sum Tendered. Will Lay New Winter Pipe Line. Domestic Water Rates Remain Unchanged.

At the regular meeting of the Municipal Council, held on Tuesday, February 14th, accounts for the month of January, amounting to \$10,440, were passed for payment. H. C. Mellor, Dr. Lipssett and T. H. Riley, as a deputation from the hospital, waited on the council with the request that the grant be increased this year to \$1000. After considering the whole question it was decided to make the grant \$500 for 1922, in consideration of the municipality being relieved of all claims for indigent or charitable patients in the hospital during the year.

C. Simpson and J. Tait, representing the improvement committee, made application to rent lots 21 and 22-52-455 for the purposes of a tennis court and bowling green. The committee was granted the use of the lots on condition that the property be cleaned up.

A partial report as to domestic water extensions was submitted by the water committee. After a discussion as to policy, the whole matter was laid over for further information.

Mr. Dufresne's report on the proposed pipe line from the intake to the reservoir was adopted and the clerk instructed to write the parties interested and make arrangements for permission to lay the pipe line, with the privilege of access at any time for repair work. The proposed alterations to the pipe line from the tank house were left with Councillor Kirk to take up with Mr. Dufresne.

A report by Mr. Kirk on the storage question was ordered filed in the meantime. The bylaw relating to the electric light rates was given its final reading and passed, and the preliminary procedure was carried through regarding the bylaw reducing the council's indemnities and the bylaw authorizing the borrowing of \$20,000 from the Bank of Montreal throughout the year. The meeting then adjourned until Thursday, the 16th.

On Thursday the council held their adjourned meeting when the matter of domestic water extensions was again considered, the policy generally favored being that the municipality bear the cost of any line in so far as it was self-supporting, and those parties requiring extension bear any further cost. The matter was again left over, however, to the next meeting.

A requisition was submitted from Foreman D. Dickson for wood pipe and collars and instructions given that same be ordered.

A draft bylaw for electric light extensions will be prepared, the amount to be decided later. An application by Mrs. O. E. Mann for electric light service was referred to

## WANT TO DISCUSS 5-YEAR CONTRACT

Members of Fruit Union Prepare Questions to be Submitted at Annual Meeting.

A meeting of shareholders of the Summerland Fruit Union, called by invitation, was held in the Parish Hall on Tuesday night, about 65 members being present. Jas. Ritchie was appointed to the chair and Captain Webb acted as secretary. The principal business of the evening was the framing of a number of questions to be asked and resolutions to be submitted, at the annual meeting of the Fruit Union. Instructions were given the secretary that a copy of these questions and resolutions be sent to the secretary of the Summerland Fruit Union, in order to ensure that the information would be forthcoming at the annual meeting.

A resolution was also passed asking the directors of the Fruit Union to call a meeting of shareholders, prior to the annual meeting, for the sole purpose of discussing and taking a vote upon the question of five-year contracts as opposed to one-year contracts.

It often takes a good round sum to square a crooked transaction.

the electric light committee, with power to act.

The chairman of the public works committee reported that the road leading south from J. Rowley's at the foot of the Gulch road, was becoming unsafe. It was decided to close the road if it became impassible and divert traffic via T. P. Thornber's. The committee recommended that corrugated iron culverts be used at the creek crossing the road opposite A. B. Elliott's store, Shaughnessy avenue, and at the electric light dam. Prices will be secured.

As the committee had been unable to effect a settlement with Jas. Ritchie in the matter of the shale pit on District Lot 3397, the matter was referred back to them to again consult with Mr. Ritchie.

The chairman of the finance committee reported that there was still a balance in the sinking fund not invested. Referred to finance committee to investigate and report.

The bylaws reducing the council-

## MUST CONTINUE THE PROTECTION

Customs Law Against "Dumping" is Essential to British Columbia Growers.

### GOING TO OTTAWA

Okanagan Delegation Will Make Strongest Possible Fight for Protection Against Unfair Competition.

That everything possible must be done to have the anti-dumping clause as it now applies to fruit continued on the Statute Books, and that Summerland is ready to bear its share of the cost of any expenses incurred in connection with attaining this object, was the decision of a number of citizens called together informally by the executive of the Board of Trade on Tuesday. The meeting was called at the request of Messrs. Thomas Bulman and Frank Buckland, of Kelowna, who came down that evening on the boat.

Mr. Bulman explained the negotiations with the Vancouver Board of Trade on this subject, and told how the attitude of that board had been changed through representations made by himself and other Okanagan fruit men. This victory in support of fair treatment was not sufficient, according to the visitors. A strong delegation must be sent to Ottawa, and it was proposed that Mayor Sutherland, of Kelowna, the Liberal candidate in this riding; F. B. Cossitt of Vernon, president of the Vernon Fruit Union, and prominent in Liberal circles there, and R. M. Winslow, manager of the Credit and Traffic Association, form this delegation. (Continued on Page 6)

## Butler Child In Accident

Alan Butler, seven-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Butler, had a close call Thursday morning when he fell beneath the wheels of the school van. Ice near the head of the gulch had made travelling difficult and a number of children had been asked by the driver, W. E. Rines, to get out until the motor truck climbed over a little pitch in the road. Young Butler in attempting to get on the van while it was in motion, slipped on the ice, the rear wheel passing over his thighs. His legs are badly swollen and it is not known if any bones are broken.

Mr. C. B. McCallum came along with his car immediately after the accident and took the boy home.

## IS PRESSING FOR \$15 WATER RATES

Penticton Council Not Satisfied With \$12 Maximum Granted by Water Board.

Penticton.—The municipality of Penticton faces a loss in 1922 of \$10,000 on its irrigation system, owing to only partial success in securing a further increase in irrigation rates. The municipality's application to Water Commissioners Armstrong and Alexander sitting here Wednesday, for power to raise present total rates on bench of \$10 and on flat of \$7.50 to \$15 and \$12.50, respectively, was not granted. The commissioners allowed a total rate of \$12 on bench and \$9.50 on flat. The loss will have to be borne by ratepayers out of general revenue.

Penticton Council, on Monday, decided to appeal to the minister of lands against the order of the water board, the purpose being to get a higher maximum rate.

### KELOWNA DISTRICTS CONSIDER HOME-RULE

The various districts surrounding Kelowna have been driven to consider the feasibility of establishing home rule, owing to the tremendous increase recently in provincial taxes, due chiefly to wholesale raising of assessment values, according to the Kelowna Courier. So little of the money comes back in the form of road construction and maintenance that many farmers have come to believe that better value would be obtained by spending their own money and by fixing the rate of taxation themselves. Glenmore and Rutland seem to be pretty well committed to taking the plunge, but some of the other districts are shivering on the brink of the chill waters of self-government and still hanker after the supposed advantages of administration direct from Victoria.

### TO WAGE WAR ON "INVESTMENTS"

Vancouver, Feb. 22.—When the present drug investigation ends, it is said attention will be directed to alleged spurious "investments" and get-rich-quick schemes that are taking thousands of dollars out of the province. Many of the newer enterprises are said to be of American origin.

## PROGRESS OF CAMPAIGN TO FREE VALLEY OF FIRE BLIGHT

District Horticulturist W. T. Hunter Speaks on This and Codling Moth Control at Mid-Winter Lecture Course.

Commenting on the educational value of these meetings, Mr. Hunter said there was abundant evidence that the course of meetings held last year was a great success. He had noticed, among other things, more cover crops planted, more vetch and more alfalfa. This year the program was designed to take up some other phases of orchard problems.

Speaking on the fire blight question, Mr. Hunter reported that a campaign had been conducted over the entire Valley. Already there had been inspected up to January 28th, 6,127 acres of orchards. It was estimated there was still about 17,000 acres to inspect before the end of March, and when it was considered that a large percentage of this total was made up of the blocks of the larger ranches in the northern part of the Valley, we could consider very favorable progress had been made up to the present time. Summerland stood at the head of the list in the acreage inspected and passed. The regulations did not give authority to the officers of the department to interfere at this season of the year. It was, however, required of growers that all hold over cankers be removed before the end of March and it was the firm intention of the district horticulturists to protect those growers who had done the necessary work by prosecuting delinquents after the 31st of March, a course which he felt would meet with the approval of all those farmers who had cleared their orchards of fire blight.

Passing on to the question of codling moth the speaker said good progress had been made in the campaign against this dreaded pest. It had been quite a task to go down to

## BOARD FAVORS NEW BUILDING

School Trustees Reach This Decision After Careful Survey of Situation.

### \$26,000 BY-LAW

Will Represent Municipality's Share of Cost—High School Fees Raised—Will Disperse With Course in Agriculture.

A special meeting of the School Board, called by the chairman to consider the question of school accommodation, was held on Tuesday evening, with all the members present.

The secretary submitted a letter from J. W. Gibson re the agricultural course, and was instructed to reply that the board could not see its way to carry on the work beyond the present year.

A communication was also submitted from Mr. Phillips, public works engineer, regarding ventilation in the proposed school building, and the secretary was asked to write and request the loan of the plans for the Courtenay school.

At the request of the board, A. E. Smith waited on the board to discuss the question of the conduct of the pupils on his route.

The requisition by the High School for maps was brought up by the secretary and authority given for the purchase of the same.

Following on a discussion as to the fees to be paid by the pupils of the high school a resolution was passed raising the fees for the first and second year to \$2.50 per month per pupil and for the third year \$5.00 per month per pupil; the change to go into effect September 1st next.

The question of school accommodation for the coming year was considered, and after a good deal of discussion, it was decided that the proper course would be the erection of a building of eight rooms at the earliest possible date. A resolution was accordingly passed that the board request the Municipal Council to prepare and submit to the ratepayers a by-law to raise \$26,000 for the purpose of erecting a new school.

## IMPROVEMENTS IN ORCHARD PRACTICE MUCH NEEDED

Some Surprising Figures on Average Production—How to Increase Output—W. T. Hunter, District Horticulturist, in Lecture Course.

Mr. W. T. Hunter, district horticulturist, gave a very interesting talk on "Improvements in Orchard Practice," as his contribution to the lecture course in horticulture on February 13 and 14. A study of the cost of production, he said, was very interesting at all times, and he felt that, as a rule, not enough attention was paid to this branch of fruit growing. The aim should be maximum production at minimum cost, and it was the district carrying out this principle most successfully that would survive in the fruit business. The figures of production for Summerland had had to be grouped with Naramata. In Summerland and Naramata there were approximately 116,460 trees—apple trees and crabapples—over the age of five years. In 1919 the production was 329,000 boxes; in 1920, 166,000 boxes, and in 1921 about 364,000 boxes. These figures represented a per tree production in 1919 of 2.8, not quite three boxes to the tree, or 207 boxes to the acre. In 1920 the average production was not quite one and a half boxes to the tree, 1.4, representing 103.6 boxes to the acre, while in 1921 the average was 3.13 boxes per tree, or a per acre production of 231.6 boxes, these figures being based on 74 trees to the acre, the average as determined by Mr. Middleton in his cost of production. How many growers, he asked, stopped to figure out the amount of annual charges per box on the yield. Charges on production could be divided into two classes. First, fixed charges, such as interest on the investment, taxes, irrigation rates, insurance, and all other charges that were more or less fixed, and the other type which were more

in the nature of operating expenses. He felt quite sure a good many of the growers present would not take \$1000 an acre for their orchards. Some farmers had paid more. Assuming \$1000 an acre as a basis, the capital invested should be worth at least 7 per cent., so that the interest charge would be \$70 an acre. On 150 boxes to the acre there would be then a fixed charge of 45¢ per box for the interest on the investment. If the yield could be increased to 300 boxes per acre, the interest charge would be reduced to 23¢, and if it could be still further increased to 600 boxes per acre the charge of interest would only be 11.25¢ per box. On a capitalization of \$750 per acre a yield of 150 boxes per acre would mean an interest charge of 35¢, 300 boxes to the acre 17½¢ and 600 boxes to the acre 8¾¢. In view of these figures every endeavor would have to be made to secure greater production to the acre. The orchard business would have to be considered more seriously than it had been in the past. At the rate of 250 boxes to the acre—and it was only 231.6 in 1921—growers could not afford to stay in the business. Some orchards, of course, yielded at a higher rate, but quite a number of growers, who were not carrying out progressive orcharding, were getting a much smaller yield. Greater production, at lower costs, should be the aim of every grower. Fruit growing is a strictly business proposition, and growers should not have to pay for the privilege of living in the Okanagan.

In Penticton one grower had asked him what he thought of the O. U. G. He had answered this question— (Continued on Page 6)

# The Summerland Review

Established August, 1908.  
 Published at Summerland, B.C., every Friday by  
**THE REVIEW PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED**  
 Ralph E. White, Editor and Manager  
 An independent family newspaper covering Peachland, Summerland and  
 Naramata and adjacent districts.  
 Subscription Rates—In British Empire, in advance, \$2.50 per year; six  
 months, \$1.40. To U.S.A. and other countries, \$3.00 per year.  
 Advertising Rate Cards and information respecting territory and samples  
 of paper mailed upon request, or may be seen at the office of any advertising  
 agency recognized by the Canadian Press Association.  
 Advertisers must have copy in by Tuesday noon in order to insure  
 changes for standing advertisements. New display advertising copy can  
 be accepted one day later.  
 Correspondence—Letters addressed to the Editor and intended for publi-  
 cation must be short and legibly written on one side of the paper only.  
 The longer an article, the shorter its chance of insertion. All communica-  
 tions must bear the name of the writer, not necessarily for publication. The  
 publication or rejection of articles is a matter entirely in the discretion of  
 the Editor. No responsibility is assumed by the paper for the opinions  
 expressed by correspondents.

Friday, February 24, 1922

## BUY, BUT BUY WISELY.

While government propaganda aimed at establishing economy among the people is all right as far as it goes, the people will do well to remember there is a wide difference between economy and a determination not to buy. Economy is wise buying of necessities, and it is well also to have a pretty clear idea of what necessities consist. A new talking machine record to bring relief from monotony on the farm is a better investment than a doctor's bill incurred as the result of shattered nerves. Naturally the government's aim is the investment of the public money in government securities, undoubtedly the safest in the world, but there is a business side of spending as well as of saving that must be taken into consideration. The merchants of this town, as well as those of every other town, must be kept busy. If our people are to have the convenience of home town purchasing, then the people must keep the goods moving off the shelves of the merchants. There is no loss, no waste in home town buying because the money circulates in our own territory, and eventually gets back to the purchaser. It is only when money is taken out of town that the harm is felt. Thrift should be encouraged, but thrift does not mean no buying. Russell Sage, who left millions, was thrifty. He bought his straw hats in the winter time and his flannel underwear in the summer time, when prices were down, but even he bought what he needed. Healthy home trade will do more than anything else to restore sound prosperity. We are all in the same boat. We cannot be prosperous at the expense of our local merchants, and we don't want to be.

## "RIDING THE WILLING HORSE."

All of us remember the old adage about "riding a willing horse to death." Somehow, it seems to fit the case of the provincial press and the B. C. Manufacturers' Association. This paper, and some other papers in the interior, has performed as much loyal and constructive service for community, province and Empire as anyone. We have shown this in our willingness to aid the "Made in B. C." movement for the support of province-made manufacturers. We have used valuable newspaper space boosting loyalty to the home-made product, and in decrying the leakage of money to other places for commodities that are equally worth while as products of B. C. industries. For months we have been doing this, often using space that we might profitably have used for something else. We have never received a red cent for it. The other day, we heard in Vancouver that the Association had slipped over something like \$40,000 worth of free advertising in this kind of publicity. Which is all right, if it is going to help B. C. industry, or put more men to work, or make more homes happier, or accomplish any kind of public good. That is partly the mission of our paper—to serve as a public utility.

But we feel we have all done our bit. Loyalty to the B. C. product is not going to pay for the paper this is printed on, or this ink, or the wages of the typesetter that sets these lines, or run our press; neither will it buy groceries for the editor, or shoes for his family. Loyalty is all very well, but it is unfortunately an unmarketable commodity. It will not discount worth a cent at the bank. Our good local merchants realize this and never ask us to help them along because they need the money and have things to sell. They realize they receive honest value for their advertising, and, like the wise men that they are, they know that they have to tell people about their things for sale if those things are going to be sold. Hence they advertise. Occasionally a business man is willing to let cobwebs grow on his cash register rather than advertise, but these are exceptions. In contrast with the home merchant, and also contrasting with the shrewd mail order house, the B. C. Manufacturers have complacently gone ahead, serenely willing to let the weeklies boost their sales, probably salving their consciences with the reflection that it is "good news," or that "maybe the country papers are glad to get something to fill up with."

If that is the sentiment, now is the time to get the thing right. The propaganda of boosting B. C. products is plain, old-fashioned advertising! It is not news. It uses up good space that is needed for real news. The manufacturers are big firms and they ought to be able to pay for what they are getting. They can't get help for nothing, because it is "A loyal service," so why ask the weekly paper to give something for nothing? Perhaps there is a misunderstanding somewhere. Maybe the Manufacturers' Association has never digested these facts. We believe that it is a body of fair-minded men, and we trust they will see the utter justice of these remarks. So far as this paper is concerned, we cannot carry on free advertising any longer. We have done our share, and more than ought to be reasonably expected.

What do you think about this, gentlemen of the B. C. Manufacturers' Association? Fair enough?

## DANGEROUS FADS AND SANE FANCIES.

It is amazing how readily people embrace a fad and run it to the ground. Tack a new name to an archaic theory or an abandoned product, give it a touch of efficient publicity and it sweeps the country from end to end. The danger of this weakness is brought to the front when the fad takes the form of self medication. Recently we have had the yeast fad diligently promoted by the yeast manufacturers as the greatest health promoter of the ages. Then on the heels of the yeast eating

wave came a dozen or more always-keep-well-and-be-beautiful derivatives, the unusual word "vitamine" capturing the public fancy, conquering common sense by linking itself with the weakness of unthinking men and the vanity of unthinking women. Fortunately old dame nature affords us protection even against ourselves to some extent. Had the process of fermentation been completed in the human body in the case of all the yeast eaten in the last six months we suppose the flying machine industry would have received a setback. Probably our worldly angels would be floating for exercise instead of walking for health. Old Dame Nature however wouldn't have it so. As for the renew-your-youth-and-keep-bright-eyes pills and compounds the less said the better. When the public gets away from normal foods and seeks beauty, health and vigor from substances the chemical action of which it knows nothing, the only safe way is to take the medication under the direction of a family doctor. He may be a hidebound sort of person tied in the red tape of a fossilized code of ethics, but he can be depended on to protect his people from the possibility of self injury. The human body stands a great deal of abuse of course, but it is a delicate piece of machinery after all, and as it is the only one we have it is well to watch it carefully.

## DRIVING THE LESSON HOME.

More clearly each day is big business coming to see that relief must be quickly given to the farmer if general trade is to be saved to the country. Eastern reports show an unprecedented number of telephones discontinued by farmers because they can no longer afford the cost of the convenience. Still another reflex action is the heavy slump in the automobile market. To the unthinking it may be a far cry from the motor car to the tiller of the soil, but the fact is that farmers and dwellers in small towns absorb the majority of automobiles manufactured in this country. Conditions on the farms are now such that the old gray mare is being dragged into service and the "buzz wagon" set aside for future use, or sacrificed for ready cash. The price of gasoline is a factor now seriously considered by the farmer who in prosperous times is a liberal and a healthy spender. And so runs reports all down the line. The farmers, their wives, sons and daughters are exercising economy in clothing; the talking machine has been hit; indeed, stripping the farmer of his hard-earned dollar is fast creating a condition that is felt seriously by hundreds of industries and now even in the halls of finance. Irrespective of geographical location, regardless of whether they are merchants, manufacturers, or depend on the weekly pay envelope, it will not be long before the people recognize the fact of the necessity of guarding the parent of prosperity—the farmer.

## HOMEY PHILOSOPHY FOR 1922.

After all, the fellow who says "I should worry" has more sense than the chap who says "I do worry." What's the use of worrying, anyhow? There are really only two things we can worry about, something we can't help and something we can help. There isn't any sense in worrying about what we can't help, and if we face something we can help then the best thing is to turn to an' help it as much as we can. We get further by using the brains we have to make things better than we do by weakening our brains by worrying about things and leaving them alone.

A gentleman writing to the paper says that "if people would think a little more and talk a little less; work a little more and kick a little less, it might be possible for them to feel that this is the best of all possible worlds." Well, perhaps the gentleman is right. But he's not practical. Human beings enjoy kicking. They feel better after enjoying a spell of kicking. Feeling better, they work better. Kicking is an inalienable right of every free citizen. Let 'em kick, brother! But we do wish there was a little more downright thinking, inside the skull.

## British Statesmen and Forestry

Great Britain having been aroused during the war to the need of adequate timber supplies within the Empire, is determined not to permit things to drop back into the old rut. First she called an Empire forestry conference, at which Canada was represented, and took stock of the situation; next, she entered upon a definite planting programme in the British Isles, calling upon Canada, through the Dominion Forestry Branch, to secure about a ton and a half of tree seed per annum for this purpose; and lastly, to keep up the work and give people information on this most important subject, she has established an Empire Forestry Association with headquarters in London, which will link up the work of Dominion associations, like the Canadian Forestry Association, and as Lord Lovat expressed it "pool the resources of their knowledge." It is expected that conventions will be held in different parts of the Empire and that Canada will be one of the first Dominions to be thus honored.

## Left the Job.

Sven had been pushing logs down the river toward the chute to the buzz-saw for several hours when the boss came along.  
 "This bane too much vark for one man," Sven told him.  
 "All right," said the boss, "I'll send John down to help you."  
 An hour passed and the boss was walking by again. Sven made the same complaint.  
 "This bane too much vark for one man."  
 "But I sent John down to help you. Where is he?"  
 "Yohn, he ain't bane here some time. He vent down between two logs. I tank he quit his job."  
 Seattle Post Intelligencer.

## KETTLE VALLEY RAILWAY

### TIME TABLE

In Effect May 22

— EAST BOUND —  
 DAILY  
 No. 12—Leaves Vancouver .....19.30  
 West Summerland ..... 7.15  
 Nelson .....22.55

— WEST BOUND —  
 DAILY  
 No. 11—Leaves Nelson .....21.05  
 West Summerland .....12.07  
 Vancouver .....23.15

Observation and dining car service on all trains.  
 J. W. RUTHERFORD, Agent.  
 O. E. FISHER, Traffic Manager,  
 Penticton.

## CANADIAN PACIFIC

### DAILY—EXCEPT SUNDAY

Effective May 22, 1921

South —BRANCH— North  
 10.20 Steamous ..... 18.00  
 11.20 Enderby ..... 16.45  
 11.45 Armstrong ..... 16.15  
 12.30 Vernon ..... 15.30  
 13.10 Okanagan Landing ..... 15.15

—LAKE—  
 13.35 Okanagan Landing ..... 12.00  
 15.55 Kelowna ..... 8.45  
 17.15 Peachland ..... 7.20  
 18.15 SUMMERLAND ..... 6.20  
 Naramata .....  
 19.35 Penticton ..... 5.30  
 H. W. BRODIE A. M. LESLIE  
 G.P.A. Vancouver Agent S'land

Phone Penticton 39 Day or Night

**BEN PRIEST,**  
 Funeral Director.  
 Certified Embalmer.

Perfect Funeral Service.  
 SUMMERLAND | PENTICTON



## NEIGHBORS.

When a feller loves his neighbor, like the ten commandments means, it lifts up common people to the stage of kings an' queens; there's music floatin' everywhere, on every balmy breeze, an' the harmony is echoed by the robins in the trees.

The devil never camps around a lovin' neighborhood, an' there ain't no "latest gossip" to pizen people's blood, but there's borrowin' an' lendin' with a willin' heart an' hand, an' a wholesome lendin' spirit that the children understand.

I never liked to be afeard of trampin' some ones toes, nor to see a skyward angle onto Mrs. Henpeck's nose,—an' the time when I was sickest, which is lasted more'n a week, and when I jawed at Bilkins, an' neither wouldn't speak.

There's lots of sorry pastime that associates with gall, but fussin' with a neighbor is the sorriest of 'em all.

*From Uncle John's Poem*

## BE LOYAL TO YOUR OWN COMMUNITY

All Lines of Insurance Placed.

G. Y. L. CROSSLEY  
 Real Estate and Insurance  
 Phone 424. West Summerland  
 175 Listings to choose from.

## POUND NOTICE

Impounded on February 20th, one bay mare, hind right foot white, branded P C on left shoulder; one sorrel horse, branded B on right shoulder, white face.

If not claimed by March 2nd, at 2 p.m., will be sold at public auction.  
 D. C. THOMPSON,  
 Poundkeeper.

Dated at West Summerland, this 23rd day of Feb., 1922.

## VERNON GRANITE AND MARBLE COMPANY

Quarrying and Cut-Stone Contractors  
 Monuments, Tombstones  
 and General Cemetery Work.  
 PRICE STREET VERNON

Heir to an Indian Throne Born Outside Dominion for First Time—Heading in Stratford Beacon.

"More pianos are ruined through neglect than through use."

## GEORGE WEAVER PIANO TUNER

Box 21, Naramata, B. C.  
 Established in Okanagan Valley 1917.

Representing:  
 Messrs. Gourlay, Winter & Leeming, Ltd., Toronto.

Vacancies for two additional piano-pupils. Send me a post-card.

## Careful Cutting



is only one of the branches of our business in which we consider we excel.

COURTESY, CLEANLINESS AND MEATS OF

Best Quality

are assured if you leave your orders with us.

DOWNTON & WHITE

TELEPHONE 35

# THE WALL OF CHINA

In 214 B.C., the Chinese commenced building the Great Wall, which isolated their country from the rest of the world and helped retard their national progress.

The business man who maintains a wall of "dignified reserve" towards the buying public is just as surely retarding his own business growth.

People like to buy from the store that shows its appreciation of their business, gives good value, and courteous, kindly service, with a "come again" invitation.

Your advertisement in The Review would be a standing invitation to your store. When our readers open up their paper do they see your "bid"?

## The Wise Shop Where They Are Invited

Issued by Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association  
 Head Office, Toronto, Canada.

# TWISTED CORDS



Running through the telephone cord are a number of delicate, flexible wires.

"Kinks" are formed when this cord is allowed to become twisted, and some of these wires may be bent or broken.

This means a "noisy" telephone line. You cannot hear or be heard so well. In fact, a twisted cord may cause a complete interruption of your service.

Keeping the telephone cord straight will give you greater satisfaction in the use of your telephone.

**Summerland Telephone Company**  
Limited

## Summerland Garage and Machine Shop

This is the time to overhaul your Car or Truck for spring work

**Nelson & Beckham**

SUMMERLAND, B.C.

PHONE 30

## DRY WOOD

We have on hand a good supply of Seasoned Pine and Fir, in 16 inch length, and can make prompt delivery.

### CAR LOAD 4-FT. WOOD

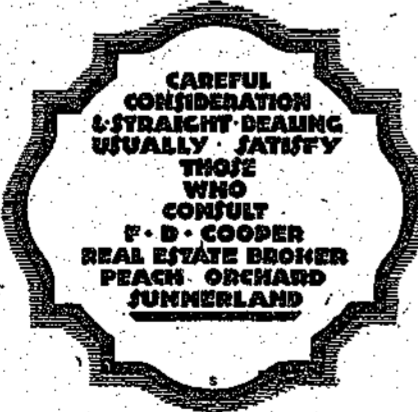
due to arrive about February 10th. Persons requiring any of this fuel should order now.  
**\$7.50 FULL CORD.**

**R. H. English & Son**

Phones 41 and 415

## B. L. HATFIELD

**McLAUGHLIN AND CHEVROLET CARS**



## DR. J. S. PIRIE

Chiropractor and Drugless Physician  
Office, First Door West of Drug Store, in Riley Block.  
Phone 73. West Summerland

## DUFRESNE & WHITAKER

CIVIL ENGINEERS AND LAND SURVEYORS  
Shatford Block. Phone A93  
PENTICTON, B.C. 31-1-22p

## WINTER INJURY TO FRUIT TREES IN OKANAGAN VALLEY ORCHARDS

Address by Ben Hoy, Being One of the Course of Lectures Before Fruit Growers During Mid-Winter Lecture Course.

Below is part of our report of last week's course of lectures on horticultural subjects and which was unavoidably held over:

Ben Hoy addressed the meeting on the subject of "Winter Injury." Winter injury, he said, caused more damage to fruit trees in the Okanagan, especially in the northern parts of the valley, than all the fruit pests combined. It was a condition which had to be met wherever fruit was grown. There were two phases of winter killing, root killing and the killing of the tops of the trees, and it was the root killing which caused most of the trouble in the lower end of the valley. The worst winter ever experienced for winter injury was that of 1908-1909, and investigation then and since had shown that it was the trees on the exposed knolls on light soils, where the trees had gone into the winter too dry, that suffered most from root trouble. The situation could be met and a good deal of the trouble avoided by a late irrigation, or by having a good cover crop in the orchard.

Crown injury and crown rot were usually caused by the cold weather in the winter time, although sometimes it was due to fire blight. It was generally traced to the tissues at the crown not ripening as quickly as the other parts of the tree, followed by a freeze up in the early part of the winter.

Winter injury to the tops of the trees was very often caused by bad crotches, where the branches were not well placed, and the speaker urged that the greatest care should be exercised in the pruning of young trees to develop their growth so as to avoid these crotches.

Damage from sun scald was very common, especially on the southwest side of the tree. A great many theories had been advanced as to why the trees should be scalded that way, but it was generally accepted it was due to the influence of the hot sun during the day followed by lower temperatures during cold nights. The trees would get heated up in the afternoon and then, with the sudden drop in temperature during the night, be frozen.

As a preventive measure against the killing of the tops, especially in young orchards, care should be taken that there was no late growth, and the trees should go into the winter as well matured as possible. Sometimes an orchard was allowed to get too dry, and then an irrigation applied and a new growth started, which, of course, meant that the trees could not go into the winter in a properly matured condition. Again trees going into the winter with the soil too dry were more liable to suffer from root injury than with a moist soil. If the orchard were dry a late irrigation should be applied, after there was no danger of forcing the growth, say in October. So that they might be thoroughly matured before going into the winter, young trees should not be irrigated in the latter part of August and September.

Mr. Hoy also touched on the question of thinning, and its relation to keeping trees in good condition. Frequently trees were so heavily loaded that, unless thinning were practised, their vitality was so affected they were not in a proper condition to withstand a cold winter.

As a precaution against injury from sun scald some mechanical means might be adopted, although it was questionable if it were worth while. Occasionally the trunks of the trees were shielded from the sun. Whitewashing would reduce the temperature when the sun was shining on the trunks. Just to what extent it would meet the situation he could not say.

In planting young trees, care should be taken that there was no black heart, or, as it was sometimes called, brown core, in the stock. Trees so injured should be rejected.

After a severe winter such as would be likely to cause injury by winter killing, it is a good plan to delay pruning operations until such time as the damage, as far as the top of the tree was concerned, could be determined. By pruning early in such a season one would be likely to cut out buds that would yield good fruit. To ascertain if any damage had been done to the crop by frost a cross section should be taken of the buds. If in sound condition the buds would be green right through but, if affected by the frost, the damage would appear in a little brown spot.

As a rule it was the late winter varieties that suffered most from winter injury. Transcendent crab-apples, Duchess, MacIntosh Red and

similar varieties hardly ever suffered any form of winter killing for the reason that, being earlier, they went into the winter in a more matured condition. Rome Beauty, Delicious and Winesap were not so bad, but one could always look for trouble with Newtown, Jonathan, Wagener and Spitzenberg.

In answer to a question, the speaker said that the most effective way to deal with root injury was to dig up the earth in the summer time, cut out all the dead tissue and thoroughly disinfect the part treated. The tree might also be saved by bridge grafting.

No harm would be caused by pruning in cold weather and the speaker advocated that, as a rule, the pruning operations should be carried on as early as possible so that, when the rush of spring work came on, the work of the season would be well advanced.

He did not look for much winter injury this year, as the trees, generally speaking, had gone into the winter in good condition, and the winter throughout had been steady, if a little colder than usual.

## HOW MUCH TO INVEST IN LOCAL ADVERTISING

Practice of Successful Retailers Best Answer to That Question.

The best teachers from whom a retailer can borrow lessons, are those who have made advertising pay. They exist in every community and with few exceptions back up the rule that the best advertisers are the most successful merchants.

The most conservative of national advertisers appropriate 5 per cent. of their sales for their investment in advertising. Many of them appropriate more than that amount. The average would probably be somewhere between 5 and 25 per cent. The majority of city merchants appropriate far in excess of 5 per cent. If increased sales did not justify these appropriations, they would not be kept up year after year.

How many merchants in the smaller towns, in considering a budget for the year based on total sales, make an appropriation of even 5 per cent. for advertising? If the majority of them would expend that amount or more, it would result in more prosperous newspapers, able to serve their communities more effectively, and ultimately make better communities; for the general condition of a community may safely be sized up by the prosperity of its local publications.

A few advertisers—the really successful ones in the smaller cities and towns—do expend as much as 5 per cent. of their sales in advertising. They realize that to meet outside competition and develop local trade to something like its possibilities, they must advertise to an extent approximating that of successful dealers elsewhere. But there are many who do not approach the 5 per cent. figure. Take as an illustration a small drug store doing a gross business of \$50 a day or about \$15,000 a year. The average druggist of this class would be horrified at the idea of spending \$750 a year for advertising in the local paper; yet that is only 5 per cent. of his sales and is the amount he should spend if he would offset competition and build up his business to something like its possibilities.

The druggist is only one of the many of the smaller merchants who do not take advantage of the power of advertising. They may argue that advertising is a specialized art developed by city merchants or those with a national product to sell and is not within the province or ability of the small merchant. It is not specialized to the degree that it cannot be copied. The merchant who does not know how to advertise can study the methods of those who do know. He had better learn, for someone who does know is likely to come along and take his trade away from him.

For the benefit of those who do not know how to write good advertising copy, The Review supplies prepared ads covering practically all lines of business, written by experts after the most approved models. A request will bring a proof of this service. It is being used by thousands of merchants throughout the country and there are many more who should be using it.

## Peachland Doings

A Weekly Chronicle Furnished By Our Local Representative.

Mr. John Brinson left last week for the prairies. He will probably be gone for some time.

Mr. McWilliams, barrister, of Kelowna, was in town last week to take charge of an appeal case of J. McKinnon against the assessment on his property. The court declined to reopen the case.

Ed. Wilson left on Wednesday for the prairie, where he expects to spend the summer.

Mr. Heighway is suffering as the result of an accident in which he took a rather rough trip over the bank of the road with a load of lumber he was hauling down from the mill. This is the third accident of its kind on the same hill. First a motor truck and second a team and wagon. As in the second case, this third case resulted in little damage to the team, but Mr. Heighway received quite a shaking up and a nasty cut on the head, but as there were no bones broken, it is expected he will soon be about again.

One of the provincial police spent a day in Peachland last week receiving applications for auto licenses. Although a number took advantage of this chance there were quite a percentage who did not avail themselves.

Mr. Thos. Coldham recently purchased two town lots on the south side of Third street and has put up a small residence which he is occupying.

Mr. E. Aitkens has received word from Vancouver of the birth of a son. Both mother and baby are doing nicely.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Somerville, Sr., was held on Thursday at the Union Church, conducted by the Rev. F. A. Coad, with a short service at the graveside. The pallbearers were Messrs. Hogg, Douglas, Lang, Murdin, McGirr and Young. Mrs. Somerville was one of the early settlers in the district and had a large circle of friends who mourn her departure. Although confined to the house a great deal of the time for some months, she has always taken a keen interest in everything in and about the place and more especially the church and its work, always being present at services whenever possible. Her son, Charles Somerville, and his wife and family have the deep-felt sympathy of the community in their loss.

A meeting of the Stock Breeders' Association was held on Friday evening, but there was not much done and the meeting was postponed to the following Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. McIntyre, of Winnipeg, and Mrs. R. O. McCall and son, Carlton, were on Saturday, guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. D. McCall. Mr. McIntyre was a former acquaintance of the McCall family in Manitoba and with his wife has been making a short tour of the west.

There was no little interest shown on Saturday in the advertised sale of horses. A larger crowd than usual were lined up on the pound fence, but horses were never known to sell much slower or cheaper. One animal sold at \$1.50, one at \$2.50 and one at \$2.75. Some of them would not even call forth a bid of 50c, mainly because they were not wanted and hay costs money these times.

Miss E. Carter, formerly teacher in the Central School here, and now of Penticton, spent the week-end with friends here.

The newly organized branch of the C. G. I. T. held an "At Home" in the Municipal Hall on Friday, Feb. 17th. A short and well rendered program was given. The members of the organization are to be commended for the splendid beginning which they have made. They have the well wishes of the whole community.

Mrs. J. B. Robinson and son George, made a week-end visit to Peachland friends. They report Mr. Robinson in good health.

The annual meeting of the P. F. G. U. was held on Monday last at which quite a good deal of business was done and several resolutions passed and the new directorate formed. We hope to give more particulars in the next issue of The Review.

### Doing Their Best.

"Couldn't you find any eggs, dear?" a woman asked her little city niece who was visiting her on her farm.

"No, auntie," said the child, "the hens were scratching all around as hard as they could, but they hadn't found a single egg."—Boston Transcript.

## THE BUSINESS OF KEEPING HOUSE

is the greatest business in the world. Yet it is more poorly provided with time and labor savers than any other business.

WE ARE SELLING THE GREATEST OF ALL LABOR SAVING DEVICES

## Electric Clothes Washer

They will wash a tubful of dirty clothes in 10 minutes—does a whole washing in an hour. Come in and let us show you

### THE EDEN, THOR and WHITE CAP

Can arrange terms. Machines now in stock.

## BUTLER & WALDEN BROS.

Headquarters for  
HARDWARE, FURNITURE, CROCKERY, BOOTS, SHOES, ETC.  
PHONES 6 and 65  
Phone 6 for Hardware, Crockery, Etc. 65 for Furniture, Boots, Etc.

All Makes Of

## BATTERIES

CHARGED and REPAIRED

We have installed an up-to-the-minute plant to care for this branch of Automobile Repairing. If your Battery limps bring it to us. We can make it leap.

## READ'S GARAGE

WEST SUMMERLAND

## Stall Fed Beef Sold Here at Lowest Prices



G. K. Devitt, Phone 14, Shaughnessy Ave

## HERBERT W. HARVEY

Dealer in Lumber and General Builder's Supplies.

Everything required for the completion of a building kept in stock including

## HARDWARE AND GLASS

All Material is of Good Quality and Prices are Moderate.

Retail Agent for  
**The Summerland Lumber Co., Ltd.**  
West Summerland Phone 4

## ALFRED BIAGIONI

Concrete, Brick, Stone, Lath and Plaster Work, Etc.  
Concrete Mixer Estimates Given  
P.O. Box 50 West Summerland



**I.O.O.F. Okanagan Lodge No. 58**  
Meets Second and Fourth Mondays at 8 p.m. in Masons' Hall  
R. S. JACKSON, C. H. SISNEY, Noble Grand, Rec. Secretary

**I. O. O. F. Summerland Lodge, No. 56**  
Meets third Thursday in the month.  
K. S. Hees, W. M. E. H. Plant, Secy.

# BUILDING

The Value You Get Depends on the Contractor.

My Joinery Shop is equipped with modern machinery, enabling me to take care of millwork and plain furniture at moderate prices.

H. W. Harvey  
Building Contractor  
West Summerland  
Phone 4

### LANDS FOR SALE.

Unquestionably the best bargain today is the Oldham Property in Prairie Valley; 10 acres old orchard and 10 acres fenced timbered range adjoining. Price \$5,000, on terms at 7 per cent.

Comfortable five roomed house, stable, garage and two chicken houses on 1 1/4 acres good land in Peach Orchard. Well sheltered, lake view, strong spring, bearing trees. Suitable for poultry and small fruit ranch. Price \$2,300.

Choice residences. Small and large orchards and mixed farms up to \$70,000. Stock Farms. Meadows. Range lands with timber.

Your choice of over 80 properties listed for sale. State your requirements by letter or call at Office in Peach Orchard.

F. D. COOPER,  
Real Estate Broker,  
Peach Orchard  
Established 1907. Phone 613

- Quaker Flour 49's \$2.10
- Purity Flour 49's \$2.10
- Wheat - - \$2.25
- Bran - - - \$1.25
- Shorts - - - \$1.35
- R. Oats 20's - .85
- R. Oats 8's - .40
- Flat Oats - \$1.95
- Whole Oats - \$1.85
- Barley Chop - \$1.95
- Cracked Corn - \$2.45
- Whole Corn - \$2.35

## Summerland Fruit Union

J. C. FISH, D. C.  
CHIROPRACTOR

West Summerland, Over Darkis' Ice Cream Parlor.  
HOURS: 2 P.M. TO 4 P.M.  
MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY

Chiropractors remove the cause of disease, which is nerve impingement. Let me examine your spine.

REVIEW WANT ADS  
Bring Results—3 Cents a Word

## Naramata News

Current Events of Town and District

### School "At Home."

Miss Huntley and her pupils were "At Home" to the ladies of the district on Thursday afternoon of last week, when they thanked their visitors for procuring the gramophone for the use of the school and exhibited some of the ways in which it was used. Physical exercises were done to a musical accompaniment, and later Miss Huntley told the story of "Il Trovatore" to her class, the better known music of the opera, such as "Home to Our Mountains" and the "Misereve," being played at the appropriate places. Letters of thanks from the pupils were placed around the room. Tea was served by the pupils at the end of the school session.

At the close, Miss Huntley, after expressing her appreciation of the response to her request, said that she and Mrs. Coates welcomed visitors to the school, but would prefer to have two general conditions observed: First, that they should have notice of coming visits, in order that interesting work might be put on, instead of having the visitors arrive at the time of examination or written work; and second, that visits be of not more than 15 minutes duration, as it was difficult to keep up really interesting work—from the visitors' standpoint—for more than that length of time, and also because the children, more especially the little ones in the junior room, were under considerable nervous strain when there were visitors present.

Mrs. Campbell Robinson, spent the week-end in Summerland, visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Logie.

Provincial and Federal elections come and go, leaving in their wake hardly a ripple on the surface of our serenity. Far otherwise a local election! Our recent contest for three members of the water committee aroused great excitement, prodigious enthusiasm over this candidate and that, and a mighty gathering together of proxies from absentee owners. Out of a field of six, the three to whom accrued the greatest number of votes were: Mr. J. Littlejohn, Sr., Mr. F. C. Manchester, and Mr. W. Armour. We understand that the election of one of these is challenged, but there are no definite developments as yet.

A card party in the Unity Club on Friday evening drew a good attendance, and approximately \$10 was realized to be applied toward the gramophone fund. Mrs. Horswill and Mrs. McConkey were hostesses, assisted by Mrs. Cash, Sr., Mrs. Cook, Mrs. H. Rounds and Mrs. F. Rounds. The lady's prize for highest score was drawn for by Mrs. Len Smith and Mrs. Fred Manchester, who tied for first place, the draw being won by Mrs. Smith. Mr. Ford won the gentleman's first prize.

Mrs. Goldsamid, of West Vancouver, arrived here on Tuesday to spend some time with her daughter, Mrs. Bruce Cash.

The third of the series of musicals at Rekladom took place on Thursday of last week. Mrs. Aiken recited two selections, and Miss Elsie Craig, Mrs. Morley and Miss Beryl May sang. Mrs. Campbell Robinson and Miss Monica Craig acted as accompanists. Tea was served during the afternoon. Mrs. Cash, Sr., and Mrs. May presiding at the tea-table in the dining-room.

Miss Gwen Robinson arrived home at the end of the week after several weeks absence in Summerland on a nursing case. Miss Robinson will

## Smith & Henry

Motor Drayage and Express Work

Dealers in Coal and Wood

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

### PHONES.

Office ..... 18  
A. Smith ..... 583  
G. Henry ..... 935

## R. C. LIPSETT

VETERINARY SURGEON

Residence: Hospital Hill. Phone 693

## J. H. STOKES

Real Estate

Insurance of All Kinds. District Representative Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada.  
Drawer F Naramata, B.C.

# MAINTAINING RIGHT CONDITION OF SOIL IS HIGHLY IMPORTANT

By W. Newton, Chief of Soil and Crop Division, Department of Agriculture, Victoria, in Mid-Winter Lecture Course.

One of the most instructive addresses of the whole course was that given by W. Newton, on "Fertilizers and Their Relation to Soils." The question of fertilizers, he said, was an important one, because the time had come when it was necessary to increase the yield per acre and at the same time keep down the cost of production. The statement had been made by experts that practically all soils contained sufficient plant food for hundreds of years, so that it was a question of keeping our soils in such a condition that the plant food was available. If the soil were not producing, if the trees were not bearing, it was because the plant food was locked up, not available. The first thing to establish was the physical condition of the soil. If improvements were required in this respect there was only one process by which it could be done, and that was by the incorporation of humus or vegetable matter in the soil. Fertilizers were useless, unless the humus, the vegetable matter, was present in the soil to maintain its physical condition.

Of the fifteen elements in the soil, only four demanded close attention, nitrogen, phosphoric acid, potash and lime. For the Okanagan the most important element was nitrogen. An analysis and examination of the soils of the valley to determine their general requirements showed that probably 90 per cent. of the soils required nitrogen, about 30 per cent. phosphoric acid, probably about 15 per cent. potash and not more than 5 per cent. lime. The present price of lime was about \$7 a ton delivered, and this price was really too high for the orchardist.

If, during irrigation, it was found the water was not sinking into the soil it would probably be found to be due to the lack of vegetable matter in the soil, although it might be due, in a lesser degree, to the lack of lime. To introduce humus to the soil, it would be necessary to grow cover crops, legumes, such as vetch and alfalfa. An application of lime would stimulate the growth of legumes, the tendency of the lime being to make the soil more granular. Regarding barnyard manure, the cost, at present prices, was too high, unless the conditions in the orchard were such that manure had to be applied regardless of the price. Five dollars per ton was the very outside figure that should be paid for barnyard manure, and if the price went beyond that figure, it would be much better to use commercial fertilizer. He had consulted the manufacturers of commercial fertilizer, and ascertained that the demand in the Okanagan was almost entirely for mixed fertilizers. Mr. Newton asserted that, in view of the soil condition in the valley, the farmers were throwing away their money in the purchase of mixed fertilizers. If, as was likely, the soil only required nitrogen, it was a waste of money to buy fertilizers containing phosphoric acid and potash. The different elements should be bought separately and applied according to the needs of the soil. It was probably only the light soils that were deficient in potash. As a rule, potash was found in abundance in the different soils in the valley. He felt sure that a careful study of the soils in the Okanagan would prove that nitrogen was the only commercial fertilizer it would pay the growers to buy. Of course the question might be raised, what about the legume crops, alfalfa and vetch, but a great many of the soils were so de-

cient in nitrogen it might be necessary to supplement some of them with more nitrogen, even if alfalfa or vetch were grown. Too much nitrogen in the soil was, of course, bad for legumes, and the speaker related how, in the Bulkley Valley, very rich in nitrogen, it was almost impossible to get clover to start. Mr. Newton then showed the advantages of using single as against mixed fertilizers. By applying nitrate of soda first and phosphoric acid next, the growth and condition of the orchard would determine what the soil needed most. If the fruit did not develop as it should and was poorly colored, potash was required. If potatoes were all growing to vine, there would be too much nitrogen in the soil. He emphasized the necessity of using nitrate of soda in this district, and urged the growers to put down more legume cover crops. If the moisture was not getting down something was wrong with the texture of the soil, and certainly the moisture would not get down if the soil lacked humus.

Speaking of barnyard manure the speaker advocated that care be taken to conserve all the liquid manure, as the nitrogen was in a form that could be absorbed by the plant practically as soon as the liquid manure was applied. The most economical way to handle manure was to apply it to the field as soon as available. If it had to be piled it should be kept as compact as possible, and a little moist.

If a green cover crop of alfalfa or vetch were used it would be during the early part of the season that the soil would require the nitrogen, which should be applied early in the spring, as soon as growth commenced. Later on in the season the legume crops contributed a certain amount of nitrogen, which was available as plant food. About 150 to 200 lbs. of nitrate of soda to the acre would be sufficient, and then the legumes would fill in the supply at the latter end of the season. By leaving alfalfa or vetch in for three or four years, and discing it down each year, it was quite possible that the legumes would then supply sufficient nitrogen to the soil, but it would take at least three or four years before the use of nitrate of soda could be dispensed with. Nitrate of soda was, of course, an expensive fertilizer, and the speaker assured the meeting that he would not advocate its application were it not a profitable investment.

Passing on to the question of bone, blood meal, tankage and similar fertilizers, Mr. Newton maintained that the prices asked were altogether too high having regard to their values in the orchards. Quite a number of questions were asked at the close of the address. In reply the speaker said: It would be good practice to haul barnyard manure out to the orchard, even while the ground was frozen, unless excellent storage facilities were available. In scattering manure around the trees it should be placed just below the extreme width of the branches, where the feeding roots were located. Nitrate of soda should be placed about three feet from the trunk of the trees. While sweet clover might take less moisture than alfalfa, it was difficult to eradicate. The practice advocated was not to cut the alfalfa or plough it down, but to leave it alone and disc it in. Sweet clover might be grown in places where alfalfa would not thrive and in those cases it might be good practice to grow it, but, as a general rule, alfalfa was best, as it formed a much better mulch. Barnyard manure might be applied if the soil really required it. Five dollars per ton was not so bad, but \$8 a ton, which some of the growers had paid, was altogether too high. Cover crops, especially on shallow soils, should not be ploughed in, but should be disced. Frequent and deep ploughing caused a good deal of damage to the root systems of the trees. Sheep manure was too dry and did not decay rapidly. Hen manure decayed very rapidly. It was similar to nitrate of soda and should be applied at the rate of about 200 lbs. to the acre. Two applications of nitrate of soda should not be made. One application was sufficient. Lime should be applied in the fall. Ground rock lime should be used, as burnt lime had a tendency to burn out the vegetable matter in the soil. Fall vetch should be grown in preference to spring vetch, as the conditions were better for re-seeding, and the spring vetch would likely be winter killed. Provided the water was available, he considered alfalfa better than vetch.

Mr. Campbell Robinson left on Friday for Bonnington Falls, where he will investigate some of the more recent developments in electrical engineering.

## THE NEIGHBORS SAY.

The neighbors say your girl is flip  
And gives her parents lots of lip,  
She's full of giddy wiles,  
The neighbors vow she is a vamp,  
Impartially on dude and scamp  
She turns her sunny smiles.

The neighbors say my dog's a pest  
And never gives them any rest,  
He chases hens and cats;  
He steals their pies and joints of meat  
And barks at night around the street,  
They fain would bust his slats.

The neighbors state with wrathful eye  
That something's wrong with you or I,  
It's human nature's way,  
The gossips of a neighborhood  
Must rake with tongues both bad and good,  
Our reputations flay.

'Tis wisdom's part to heed them not  
And let their chatter go to pot,  
As thro' the world we stray,  
If I should heed all tales of me  
My yellow curls would long since be  
Turned into silver grey.

If all the evil words that were  
Were turned to praise and songs of cheer,  
Sweet would be the refrain,  
If we could learn to conquer spleen  
And smile on all with love serene  
What happiness would reign!

—Alfred E. Bloomfield, West Summerland.

## DEMAND EARLY DANCING HOURS

(Special to The Review.)

Vancouver, Feb. 22.—An effort is being made by certain church and reform societies to close all public dances before 11.30 nightly, and make it a misdemeanor for managers to have their doors opened later than that time. The petition, now being prepared, also wants all girls under 20 to be excluded, unless under suitable chaperonage.

## FOR RENT

80 Acres of Land For Rent on Eight Year Lease. This is the best proposition I have had for years.

For Particulars see

## W. J. ROBINSON

NOTARY PUBLIC  
SUMMERLAND, B.C.  
P.S.—Over 100 Listings to pick from

## Bang! Goes Bronchitis

Conc! Swept right out of existence by Buckley's Bronchitis Mixture

The most powerful remedy you can use to obtain complete relief.  
40 Doses for 75c. Sold under a MONEY BACK GUARANTEE  
Sold by all druggists or by mail from  
W. K. Buckley, Limited, 142 Mutual St. Toronto

Sold in Summerland by Summerland Drug Co.

## Reid & Williamson

Teaming and General Hauling by Day or Hour. Orchard Work a Specialty. Phone 662.  
P. O. Box 92, West Summerland.

If nobody leaves you an estate buy one from

## G. H. Inglis & Co.

REAL ESTATE

LOCAL PROPERTIES

KALEDEN FRUITLANDS

Fair Prices and Fair Advice.

We want your Listings.

WEST SUMMERLAND  
Phone 123.

When in Vancouver put up at

## Hotel Dunsmuir

Vancouver's Newest and most complete Hotel

250 ROOMS—100 with Private Baths

EUROPEAN PLAN \$1.50 per day up

Electric Auto Bus Meets All Boats and Trains Free.

Cor. Dunsmuir and Richards Sts.

## K. M. ELLIOTT

Barrister, Solicitor and Notary Public  
Ritchie Block - West Summerland  
708-4f

# PROSPERITY

Pave the way for 1922 by having your car or truck overhauled, and letting us do it.

## NESBITT & FORSTER

Phone 194. Night Call, Hotel Summerland

## "COMMUNITY SERVICE"

It is no part of our business to educate our customers in paying high prices. What we want you to do, is to investigate our methods of selling Building Material, Prices, Stocks, etc. You can be the jury.

## WE DO NOT ACT AS AGENTS

Our stocks are all bought for CASH in the open market and through our central system of buying we take advantage of every turn in the market; the results from this system we pass on to the trade in better service and prices.

No matter whether you buy from us or elsewhere, you are feeling the effects of this "COMMUNITY SERVICE."

We want your patronage and if you will drop in and look over our stocks, etc., you will be convinced that we deserve it.

Cement, Plaster, Lime and Brick always on hand.

## THE COMMUNITY LUMBER CO.

Phone 283 LTD. West Summerland  
A. C. PATTERSON, Manager

YOUR ENGINE WILL

# PURR-R!

AFTER BEING OVERHAULED BY

## NED BENTLEY

GARAGE

WEST SUMMERLAND

# LUMBER

"QUALITY LUMBER" with "UNEQUALLED SERVICE"

## FLUME LUMBER

Order now and save money. If you delay the price is sure to be up. We can fill your requirements immediately.

## BUILDING LUMBER

Get our prices on this material. They cannot be equalled.

All our lumber is strictly graded by an expert grader before piling and before shipping.

We do not sell ordinary "mill run" lumber.

If you want clear lumber, flooring, siding, No. 1 common or No. 2 common boards, dimension, ship-lap, or any description of lumber, timbers, etc. phone us.

We guarantee our lumber to be of grade called for, and our experience is at your service in choosing your grades to erect as economically as possible.

No substitution of inferior grades.

A satisfied customer is our aim.

## SUMMERLAND LUMBER CO., LTD.

PHONES—West Summerland ..... 72  
Mineola Mill ..... L11

**Synopsis of Land Act Amendments**

Minimum price of first-class land reduced to \$5 an acre; second-class to \$2.50 an acre.  
Pre-emption now confined to surveyed lands only.  
Records will be granted covering only lands suitable for agricultural purposes and which is non-timber land.  
Partnership pre-emptions abolished; but parties of not more than four may arrange for adjacent pre-emptions with joint residences, but each making necessary improvements on respective claims.  
Pre-emptions must occupy claims for five years and must make improvements to value of \$10 an acre, including clearing and cultivation of at least 5 acres, before receiving Crown grant.  
Where pre-emptor in occupation not less than 3 years, and has made proportionate improvements, he may, because of ill-health, or other cause, be granted intermediate certificate of improvement and transfer his claim.  
Records without permanent residence may be issued, provided applicant makes improvements to extent of \$300 per annum and records same each year. Failure to make improvements or record same will operate as forfeiture. Title cannot be obtained in less than 5 years, and improvements of \$10.00 per acre, including 5 acres cleared and cultivated, and residence of at least 2 years are required.  
Pre-emptor holding Crown Grant may record another pre-emption, if he requires land in conjunction with his farm, without actual occupation, provided statutory improvements made and residence maintained on Crown granted land.  
Unsurveyed areas, not exceeding 20 acres, may be leased as home-sites; title to be obtained after fulfilling residential and improvement conditions.  
For grazing and industrial purposes areas exceeding 640 acres may be leased by one person or company.  
Mill, factory or industrial sites on timber land not exceeding 40 acres may be purchased; conditions include payment of stumpage.  
Natural hay meadows inaccessible by existing roads may be purchased conditional upon construction of a road to them. Rebate of one-half of cost of road, not exceeding half of purchase price is made.

**PRE-EMPTOR'S FREE GRANTS ACT.**

The scope of this Act is enlarged to include all persons joining and serving with His Majesty's Forces. The time within which the heirs or devisees of a deceased pre-emptor may apply for title under this act is extended from one year from the death of such person, as formerly, until one year after the conclusion of the present war. This privilege is also made retroactive.  
No fees relating to pre-emptions are due, or payable by soldiers on pre-emptions recorded after June 26, 1918. Taxes are remitted for five years.  
Provision for return of moneys accrued, due and been paid since August 4, 1914, on account of payments, fees or taxes on soldiers' pre-emptions.  
Interest on agreements to purchase town or city lots held by members of Allied Forces, or dependents, acquired direct or indirect, remitted from enlistment to March 31, 1920.  
SUB-PURCHASERS OF CROWN LAND.  
Provision made for insurance of Crown grants to sub-purchasers of Crown Lands, acquiring rights from purchasers who failed to complete purchase, involving forfeiture, on fulfillment of conditions of purchase interest and taxes. Where sub-purchasers do not claim whole of original parcel, purchase price due and taxes may be distributed proportionately over whole area. Applications must be made by May 1, 1920.

**GRAZING.**

Grazing Act, 1919, for systematic development of livestock industry provides for grazing districts and range administration under Commissioner. Annual grazing permits issued based on numbers ranged; priority for established owners. Stock owners may form Associations for range management. Free, or partially free, permits for settlers, campers or travellers, up to ten head.

**BERNARD TAYLOR**  
Agent for Pentiction Steam Laundry

Washings called for around town on Mondays. Other patrons please leave at house or Phone 931.  
Good Dry, and Green Wood for Immediate Delivery.  
All Kinds of Trucking Done.

**Coming Events**

Notices under this heading are inserted at 3 cents a word. Each repeat, 2 cents a word; minimum charge, 50 cents. Contract rates on application.

A meeting of citizens will be held at W. Johnston's, West Summerland, on Tuesday evening, February 28th, at 8 o'clock, to organize a football club. All interested are invited to attend.

The women's inter-denominational prayer meeting will be held at the Parish Hall on Friday, March 3rd, at 3 p.m. Collection for the Zenana bed.

If you recommend a man for a position, it's doughnuts to fudge you will be blamed all the rest of your natural life if he happens to go wrong.

**ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH**  
West Summerland  
REV. W. A. ALEXANDER.  
Morning Service ..... 10.30 a.m.  
Subject: "Things of First Importance."  
S. S. Bible Class ..... 11.45 a.m.  
Evening Service ..... 7.30 p.m.  
Subject: "In the Days of Youth."

**Lakeside Church**  
The Progressive Bible Class will hold a **SOCIAL EVENING** on **THURSDAY, March 2nd,** at 8 p.m.  
Admission Free. A hearty invitation is extended to all. 733p

**SUMMERLAND BAPTIST CHURCH**  
SUNDAY, 26th FEBRUARY  
Evening Service ..... 7.30  
Theme: "One Big Church—A Dream of Church Union."  
Morning Service ..... 10.30  
Theme: "The Power of Prayer"  
Bible School ..... 11.45  
Preacher—Rev. Jas. Dunlop.  
SPECIAL MUSIC  
"Ave Verum" ..... Gounod  
"No Shadows Yonder" ..... Gaul.

**The Rialto Theatre**

Friday and Saturday, Feb. 24 & 25—  
**"GO AND GET IT"**  
MARSHALL NEILAN  
First National.

Hair raising, death defying, aeroplane stunts! Flying leaps from one swift moving plane to another. Hurdling to the top of speeding express train. Thrilling feats of prowess over land and sea. See the human spider.

**SEE FERRE**  
The great enigma—the most terrifying monster Dame Nature ever mothered.

What is it? Man, Beast or Devil.  
COMEDY.  
"The Skipper Has His Fling."

Friday and Saturday, March 3 and 4  
**"GUILF OF WOMEN"**  
featuring  
WILL ROGERS.

**EMPRESS**

Fri. & Sat., Feb. 24 & 25—  
**"AFTER THE SHOW"**  
Comedy: "Love and Doughnuts."

Mon. & Tues., Feb. 27 & 28—  
H. GIBSON  
— in —  
**"RED COURAGE"**  
ALSO  
Comedy: "Short & Snappy."

Wed. & Thurs., Mar 1 and 2—  
Featuring  
IAN McLAREN  
— in —  
**"Beside the Bonnie Brier Bush"**  
ALSO  
"TOONERVILLE TACTICS"

**PASSING EVENTS**

LOCAL, PERSONAL, SOCIAL & OTHERWISE

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Agur at the hospital on Tuesday, February 21st.

Mrs. J. Downton was the subject of a major operation on Monday. She is reported as making excellent recovery.

Open Forum, Sunday, February 26th, at 3 p.m. Subject, "Personal Health," by Dr. Pirie. Collection to defray expenses. 733

Mrs. W. White is making good recovery from a major operation which she underwent at the hospital on Saturday.

Mrs. Jas. Dunsdon left by Thursday's train for Victoria, where she will visit for a month or so with her parents, Alderman and Mrs. Harvey.

George Weaver, of Naramata, has vacancies for two additional piano pupils, commencing March 4th. Write for terms. 733

There was a brief interruption in the power service on Wednesday, due, it is said, to a break in the Kootenay Power main line near Greenwood.

Mrs. W. Beer and Mrs. Bullock, mother and sister respectively of Mr. A. J. Beer, at whose home they have been staying, left on Tuesday to visit relatives in Alberta, before returning to Ottawa.

All those interested in the formation of a Bowling Green and Tennis Courts in Summerland are invited to attend a special meeting to be held in Hotel Summerland on Wednesday evening, March 1st, at 8 o'clock. 733

W. C. Kelley reports the sale of two properties made by him recently, one being the J. Lawler orchard of ten acres in the Giant's Head district to W. H. F. Welsh. The other sale was a lot in Victoria Gardens to Mr. J. D. Laycock, who has started to build a house on the property, lately owned by J. K. Lott.

On Wednesday the Hospital Hill and Peach Orchard districts were linked up with the Kootenay Power service. It is expected that by tonight (Friday) the town district will be "cut in" to the new service. There yet remains the street lighting service in both towns to be installed. In the meantime there is no street lighting service.

Much gratification was expressed at the increasing membership of the Progressive Bible Class, when the executive met at the home of President T. G. Beavis on Tuesday evening. Reports were received from the various committees, giving particulars of the work done by them in visiting the sick, etc., and supplying flowers and delicacies, and arrangements were completed for the social evening next week.

Walter K. Ramsay, a tramp, who said he came from Summerland, was brought before Magistrate T. A. Pope, on Wednesday afternoon, charged with being a suspicious character and with begging. He was given three months' suspended sentence and told to leave the town at once. He left for the south as soon as he was released.—Pentiction Herald. Enquiry here brings out the fact that the above mentioned man came from the north, begged a meal or two and spent the night here, continuing south next day.

Word having been received that his sister, Annie C. Hogg, had died following a critical operation at the General Hospital, Vancouver, on Friday last, K. S. Hogg left for the coast immediately, and will accompany the body to Winnipeg for burial. The deceased was well known in Vancouver, and had been an active church worker in many Canadian cities. She is survived by three sisters, Mrs. A. P. Ledingham, of Vancouver, with whom she was residing, and Mrs. Tenlon and Mrs. Smellie, of Manitoba. Mr. R. J. Hogg, of Peachland, is one of two surviving brothers, the other being our local citizen.

The average cost of the weekly Canadian family budget of food, fuel and rent was \$21.49 at the beginning of December, 1921, as compared with \$25.87 in December, 1920.

Advertising pays if you know how to advertise. So does any other enterprise if you know how to conduct it. There were other stores, with more capital and larger stocks in Toronto when Eaton started. They let the people come to them; Eaton went after the people. Eaton expanded; they contracted. Eaton let people know he had goods to sell and gave the prices. They didn't. That is the whole story of the Eaton success.—The Leaser.

Rev. F. Gowenlock, of Bengal, India, was a visitor to Summerland early this week.

Mrs. Davidson and young son, who have been guests of Mrs. R. H. Agur, have returned to Victoria.

Come and enjoy a good program and community sing at Lakeside Church on Thursday. For particulars see advertising columns.

According to late reports from Vancouver General Hospital, Mrs. W. H. Hayes is making very satisfactory progress towards recovery following her recent operation.

Rev. W. A. Alexander and A. G. Munn went up to Armstrong on Tuesday morning to attend a meeting of the Presbytery, as representatives of St. Andrew's Church.

Special table of single pairs of footwear of all kinds and in all sizes. These shoes will be sold at great reductions. Beer's Shoe Store. 733

At the annual meeting of the Summerland Telephone Co., called for March 2, it will be proposed that the annual meeting be adjourned until March 9th, and that the meeting be held in the Parish Hall, West Summerland. O. Atkins, acting secretary. 733

Miss Sinclair left by K. V. R. Tuesday morning for Trail, where she will represent the provincial board of the Women's Missionary Societies of the Presbyterian Church, and help in the program of the Kootenay Presbytery, which was held there Wednesday and Thursday of this week.

The Ladies' Hospital Auxiliary unanimously passed a resolution endorsing the action of the Vancouver organization in their effort to stamp out the drug traffic. The Auxiliary meeting was held at the home of Mrs. T. A. Walden. Preparations were made for the serving of lunch at the annual meeting of the Fruit Union.

Some days ago, Mrs. J. W. Clark had the misfortune to fall and break some bones in her ankle when but a short distance from her home. The accident occurred during the cold spell, but luckily her husband was in the house and managed to get her indoors, otherwise she might have suffered through exposure. Having received treatment at the hospital, Mrs. Clarke is now making rapid progress toward recovery.

**DEVELOPMENT OF THE HUMAN MIND**

Subject of Address by John McLean at Open Forum on Sunday.

On Sunday afternoon last, in the open forum, Mr. John McLean addressed the meeting on "The Relation of Science to Education." The development of the human mind, said the speaker, was the most important aim in human life. Science in the interrogation of nature was both patient and systematic, and yet in the methods of science in our educational schemes were not followed out. Defining history as the science of the past and science as the history of the present, the speaker asserted that nature made no laws. The laws were defined by men. Nature acted, while man investigated and named the phenomena. In the ruins of ancient cities of Mesopotamia, 4000 years before Moses, records were found showing that the problems of that period were the same as those existing at the present day, and that all ethical systems were evolved by social relations.

All knowledge must come to man through his five senses. These were his only avenues of information, and the quality of such information depended on the organ of sense. Accurate knowledge of anything came through observation and retention in memory. Books were the store houses of knowledge and good ones were essential. Time was valuable, and reading most books was a waste of time.

Mr. McLean then dealt with the development of the faculty of reason. Man lived in a five windowed house, of which the library formed the basis of the development of reason, and a complete rounded life could only be secured by the development of the beautiful things in life, love, friendship and kindness.

To all studies scientific criticism should be applied. Imagination was but the adornment of fact. Shakespeare followed historical facts, but beautified them with the glamour of his imagery.

**The Story of a Cheque**

An interesting little drama was unfolded in the Summerland Small Debts Court last week, illustrating the folly of (1) improperly filling up cheques, and (2) cashing them to oblige transient acquaintances, of whom you know little or nothing.

The characters were—  
A—A Japanese orchardist with imperfect knowledge of English.  
B—A smooth-tongued travelling insurance agent.  
C—A local business man.  
D—A local storekeeper.

**SYNOPSIS OF FIRST ACT.**

Scene—A Summerland orchard. Time—October 8th, 1921.  
A is on top of a ladder picking apples and figuring on the thousands of dollars he will be worth as soon as the returns come in. His rosy dream is interrupted by the arrival of B, who tactfully broaches the subject of accident insurance, and recommends A to take out a policy at an annual premium of \$50. A was not keen about it, and was disinclined to consider gloomy prospects of accident or death; besides he had not \$50 in the bank and would not have till fruit returns came in next month. The more A hesitated, the more eloquently B enlarged upon the frightful risks to life and limb entailed by the occupation of an orchardist. He was ready to accept a cheque, post dated a month, and what was a \$50 premium compared with the prospect of \$75 a month if he broke his leg, and \$1000 if he got killed, which would send his wife and family back to the land of the chrysanthemum? This last touch did the trick for the Jap is nothing if not strong in patriotism and the domestic virtues.

A gave B a cheque, which he filled in only the amount and signed, leaving the date and name of payee blank, it being agreed that the date should be Nov. 8th.  
Scene II—West Summerland.  
B calls upon C and mentions that he has a cheque post dated a month drawn by A, and as he knows C has a high regard for A, asks him if he would cash it for a consideration. C politely but firmly refuses. It is a Saturday; B passes and repasses the bank on which the cheque is drawn, but wisely concluded that that institution is the last place at which he can hope to exchange his blue paper for currency; so he wiles away the afternoon somehow and decides on another plan. He fills in the date on the cheque, October 8th, and his own name as payee, he endorses it on the back, and about 10 p.m. he drops into the store of D, with whom he has a slight acquaintance and asks him to oblige him by cashing the cheque. D obliges.

B, murmuring to himself "Cash and Carry," unostentatiously passes away—probably by the Sabbath morning train over the picturesque Coquihalla route. D presents the cheque for payment on Monday and is pained to receive it back dishonored. Letters to B elicit no response.

**ACT II.**

Scene—Small Debts Court, West Summerland.  
D as the holder of the cheque, in due course sues A for the amount of

it. The question for the court to decide is, which of two innocent parties should suffer for the fraud of a third party. The evidence shows that apart from the fraudulent filling in of the date contrary to agreement, there was a lack of consideration, for no insurance policy was ever sent to A. If B had been suing he could not then have recovered from A; could D be in any better position than B, who had endorsed the cheque over to him? And could D be said to be a holder "in due course," having cashed it to oblige, and not in the ordinary course of business?

After taking time to consider the authorities, the court gave judgment for the plaintiff, D, with costs, and advised A to take steps to recover the \$50 from the insurance company, who would be liable for the wrongful acts of their agent when employed in their business.  
Curtain.

The total shipments of fruit and vegetables made by the Grand Forks Co-operative Growers last season were as follows: Apples, 60,827 boxes; pears, 4,026 boxes; crab-apples, 1,792 boxes; prunes, 26,314 boxes; plums, 4,882 boxes; tomatoes, 5,092 boxes; potatoes, 4 1/2 cars. Of the apples, 40 per cent. were No. 1's, 33 per cent. No. 2's and 27 per cent. crates.

**Just Received**



A Stock of the Famous **MURRAY MADE SHOES**

For Quality, Fit and Workmanship, they cannot be excelled

**A. B. Elliott**

THE MAN WHO SAVES YOU \$ \$ \$  
Summerland and West Summerland

**W. C. KELLEY, B.A.**  
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary.

**MONEY TO LOAN**  
Insurance of All Kinds.  
WEST SUMMERLAND : B. C. 5-22p

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Curtain.

**SUMMERLAND WEATHER REPORT**

Below is a report furnished by the Dominion Experimental Station here for the week ending Tuesday:  
Max. Min. Rain Snow S.S.  
Feb. 15—35 9 ..... 0.5  
Feb. 16—38 18 ..... .01 5.7  
Feb. 17—39 31 ..... 0.3  
Feb. 18—42 31 ..... 4.5  
Feb. 19—25 18 ..... 7.8  
Feb. 20—24 9 ..... 7.9  
Feb. 21—28 10 ..... 1.1

Hermits are not the only torpid livers.

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**UPPER TROUT CREEK SCHOOL DISTRICT**

An important meeting of the Ratepayers of the above District will be held in the Secretary's house on

**MONDAY, FEB. 27th, at 8 P.M.**

Business—1, Disposal of Funds in Hand.  
2, Sale of School House.

All who paid taxes after close of school should attend.  
F. A. MILLER, Sec'y.

RESERVE YOUR SEATS FOR  
**"HIGH JINKS"**  
A MUSICAL REVUE  
**EMPRESS THEATRE**  
PENTICTON  
TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 28th, 1922

**ALL METAL FLUMING**  
Keystone Copper Bearing Galvanized Iron WITH METAL FASTENERS  
The economic Fluming for the small or large orchard.  
Stocked in all Standard Sizes. Special Sizes Supplied on Short Notice.  
Our new 1922 prices compare very favorably with the cost of wooden fluming. No comparison between the two kinds of fluming as to economy of water and all-round satisfaction.  
Let us quote you on your spring requirements.  
**WE MANUFACTURE METAL FLUME GATES.**  
**W. W. BORTON**

**HOTEL SUMMERLAND**  
The Hotel on the Lakeside  
Dining Room Open From 5.30 to 7 p.m.  
**C. B. McCALLUM, Manager**



**Banking Facilities For Foreign Trade**

The Bank of Montreal is fully equipped to give unsurpassed banking facilities in connection with Foreign Trade. It has a well organized Foreign Department at its head office in Montreal; its own offices in the financial centres of Great Britain, France, the United States, Mexico, and Newfoundland; and correspondents in every part of the world.

**BANK OF MONTREAL**  
ESTABLISHED MORE THAN 100 YEARS  
WEST SUMMERLAND BRANCH E. J. WHITE, Mgr.  
Sub-Branch at Summerland and Naramata.

**Improvements In Orchard Practice Much Needed**

(Continued from Page 1.)  
bearing in mind that the object of the officers of the department was to approach the growers and endeavor to get them to hold up their end by producing a better grade of fruit, a greater percentage of No. 1 apples. In order that the shippers might handle the fruit to the very best advantage—by stating that the directors were elected by the members themselves out of their own numbers, and the growers, therefore, ought to have faith in these men. He did not think, if they were to comb the valley, they would get men of a finer calibre. More attention would have to be devoted to producing good apples. In one packing house in the Okanagan, 11 per cent. of the total tonnage handled was culls. There was the loss of time handling those culls to be considered besides the loss the grower sustained. A determined effort should be made to ascertain those factors keeping down the yield. It might be a matter of pruning, not enough fruit and a poor grade due to the density of the tree. Again it might be due to lack of spraying, or it might be due to soil conditions. Growers must search out and determine the factors responsible, endeavor to correct them, and so build up the orchards in order that the yield might be increased.

Mr. Hunter described the advantages to be derived from the practice of growing alfalfa or vetch and leaving the cover crop in the orchard to form a mulch. The plan was carried out by all successful orchardists in Wenatchee and other districts of the Pacific Northwest. An examination of the alfalfa or vetch grown under those conditions revealed a massive system, a tremendous bulk, of very fine feeding or hairy roots, feeding the trees. In clean cultivation the humus got turned out and the soil became deficient, resulting in drought spots and similar troubles.

Referring to the fact that some varieties of winter apples did not hold up in good condition last season, Mr. Hunter maintained that trouble of this nature would be corrected if more attention were paid to the development of the root systems of our trees.

A change would have to be made in the near future as to the basis on which the packing houses made their returns. Returns should be on the grade and not on the bulk. At the present time the grower producing, say 70 per cent. extra fancy apples, had his crop pooled with other growers not delivering as good fruit. In Wenatchee, Yakima and Spokane there were three grades, 125 and larger, 138 to 163 and 175 and smaller. On the different varieties there was a range on an average of 30c a box between the sizes of 125 and larger and the sizes 138 to 163, and a further range of 80c a box between 163 and larger and the 175 and smaller, or a total difference of 60c a box between the larger and the smaller apples. It had also been found that it really did not pay to handle the smaller sizes.

In reply to some questions, Mr. Hunter stated. Permanent vetch would take less water than permanent alfalfa. Where the soil was shallow, say 15 inches, it would not pay to plant alfalfa, as the cover crop would feed on the soil that should feed the trees. Black spots on Spys might be caused by too much ploughing, which would cause the feeding roots of the trees to be cut. Again it might be caused by too much leafage. Many of the Spys trees which had been pruned to bring them into bearing had about a dozen or fifteen main limbs, when all they ought to have was four or five, or at the most six. With all these limbs the trees had to support too much leafage, and the apples, of course, suffered. In other words, the root system was not capable of carrying the top of the tree. The remedy was to reduce the number of branches. If at all possible, discing was much better than ploughing. Ploughing cut the roots of the trees, discing tended to keep them down. In developing a young orchard, clean cultivation should be followed for five or six years, followed by a permanent cover crop. Irrigation furrows through a permanent cover crop should be as deep as possible. Trees as a rule had suffered from lack of water, and he advocated as much irrigation as could be secured.

Like Old Days in the Trenches.—Hunting—small game is the order of the day around here.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

"There's unfortunately a lot of difference between expectation and realization."  
"You bet! As a concrete example, take reading a seed catalogue in the spring and looking at your garden in the fall."—Boston Transcript.

**After Fifty Years**

FOUNDED fifty years ago, the Dominion Bank today has a chain of branches throughout the greater part of Canada, and strong foreign affiliations circling the globe. Our half century of banking experience has developed a complete and efficient service and a knowledge of financial affairs, invaluable to our patrons.

**THE DOMINION BANK**

Summerland and West Summerland Branches,  
O. F. ZIMMERMAN, Manager.

**Correspondence**

To the Editor of The Review:  
Dear Sir,—Now that our government pest experts have, with the assistance of some practical men from the other side, given us those usual winter jolts of information, would it not be well for fruit growers to meet on their own feet and continue these most vital problems before the spring holds them to the land.

The Review some weeks ago officially opened its pages to debate and invited articles by the growers. Matters of this kind would be much healthier reading to 75 per cent. of its subscribers than the unavailing arguments filling the paper of late.

It was suggested by one of the speakers in the late meetings that coal oil emulsion was very bad for the trees, also the ground, in combatting woolly aphid and prohibitive in cost. That is admitted; anyone who contemplates power spraying for woolly aphid has a job on his hands. I had a slight infestation last year and used only one pint of oil, plus two gals hot water and soap on 28 large trees. Black leaf 40 does not do the work well above ground. Some orchards are badly infested, as can be seen from the roads. I used a compressed air hand sprayer with the trip on nozzle and adjusted to a controlled fine stream. One well directed spoonful under good pressure is enough for a cluster and being done from outside the tree is less toilsome and much more efficacious than a brush; the snow-like spots or masses being quite conspicuous at a distance. It is, of course, impracticable if left until the aphids reach the new growth on the outer limbs.

Yours truly,  
CHARLES C. WHARTON.

**Progress of Campaign to Free Okanagan Valley of Fire Blight**

(Continued from Page 1.)  
Kelowna had made a move in the right direction by passing a resolution requesting voluntarily that the entire Kelowna district be placed under quarantine, or a compulsory spraying zone. Under the present regulations the department could declare such a zone in any area if they felt that the conditions warranted such a step, but, by voluntarily declaring such an area, Kelowna had avoided the stigma of the department stepping in and creating such a zone.

Arrangements were being made for the superheating of all cars. The B. C. Traffic and Credit Association and the B. C. F. G. A. had approached the C. P. R., who had shown the greatest willingness to co-operate, and there was no doubt whatever but that superheating of cars would go into effect before the next crop was ready to move.

**MUST CONTINUE FRUIT PROTECTION**

(Continued from Page 1.)  
gation. Expenses will total about \$1500 and Summerland was asked to contribute \$200.

The anti-dumping clause may easily mean a million dollars a year to the Okanagan, and the citizens present readily responded to the appeal. A committee was formed to gather subscriptions to the total of the amount pledged.

By an order-in-council last summer, the Anti-Dumping Act was made to apply to fruit, and had the effect of saving pear growers a large sum of money last fall. The crop had been sold at fair prices, when, to clean up, American shippers dumped a lot of pears on the Canadian market, breaking the price. The invoking of this act saved the situation. It prevents foreign fruit from being invoiced at unfair prices.

There is a strong effort being made to have the order-in-council repealed when it comes before the next session of the House of Commons, and the delegation being sent to Ottawa will fight for its retention.

On Tuesday a committee composed of Messrs. Freeman, R. V. Agur, Geo. H. Inglis and W. Ritchie, solicited contributions to this special fund and quickly raised \$150.

**Not So Soon.**

Everything was in readiness. The groom, best man, and the minister were gathered in the vestry. The organist started to play and the parson moved toward the door.

"Wait a minute, sir," said the nervous groom. "It is the right or left hand the ring goes on?"

**If the Way Is Long or the Time Short**

**YOUR banking can be done by mail if it is inconvenient for you to come to our office.**

Deposits will be acknowledged or remittances made to you promptly.

**THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE**

PAID-UP CAPITAL : : \$15,000,000  
RESERVE FUND : : \$15,000,000  
WEST SUMMERLAND BRANCH—A. B. Morkill, Manager

**For**

**COLDS, Bromo-Quinine Tablets**  
**COUGHS, Buckley's Bronchitis Mixture**  
**TICKLING IN THROAT, Formalid Throatase**  
**WOUNDS, Nyal's Healing Ointment**

A FIRST AID CABINET in the home is good insurance.

**The SUMMERLAND DRUG Co.**  
11 WEST SUMMERLAND SUMMERLAND 17

**Bartholomew & Atkinson**  
Painters .. Decorators  
Estimates Given. House Phone - 972  
Office do. - 584

**The Review Classified Advertisements**

**For Sale.**

**FOR SALE**—Two acres on Giant's Head Road, about 1 1/4 miles from town; 1 1/4 acres bearing orchard, mixed fruits; trees from 7 to 12 years old. Three-roomed house. Terms to be arranged. Apply Box No. 281, Review Office. 733-4p

**PLANTS**—Now is the time to place your order for plants. We solicit your order and hope to give satisfaction. Write or phone for prices. H. B. Mair, Box 167, West Summerland. Phone 973. 732-3

**FOR SALE**—Good team general purpose horses. Will sell with or without harness and wagon. Also Ford car in good order. Have a few tons alfalfa hay for sale. Apply Jas. A. Darke. 732-3

**FOR SALE**—Newly freshened cow. Registered Jersey Bull for service. H. J. Fenner. 732tf

**FOR SALE**—Milch Goats, Toggenburg and Saneen. A. M. Temple, Summerland. 732-3p

**DAY-OLD CHICKS** and Hatching Eggs, Banded Plymouth Rocks and Single Comb White Leghorns. High class utility stock. Write for illustrated price list to C. G. Golding, Qualicum Poultry Farm, Qualicum Beach, V. I., B.C. 730-738

**FOR SALE**—Boskoop Giant black currants. 3,800 cuttings ready for delivery in March. Price \$1.50 per hundred.—F. D. Cooper, Peach Orchard. 730-2p

**FOR SALE**—16 inch dry wood. Telephone 573. W. R. Lawrence. 719tf

**FOR SALE**—White Wyandotte cockerels, \$3.00 each. Pullets from same hatch are laying all winter. H. Bristow. 726tf

**FIFTY CENTS** paid in advance for an advertisement in this column will find you a buyer or locate the article you want. It will pay you.

**Wanted.**

**AGENCY**—Manufacturer of High Class Flavorings wants local agent. Must have best of references. No capital required. Splendid opportunity for lady or man of ability. Write Box 2465, Montreal. 733

**WANTED**—Girl, about sixteen, to assist with house work and care for children after school hours. Live in. Phone 936. 733tf

**WANTED**—For cash, ten three-pick cords 16-inch wood. Apply Phillip Dodwell. Phone 751. 733tf

**WANTED**—Manager. Applications are invited for the position of Manager of Summerland Fruit Union. State qualifications and salary required. Apply before March 7th, to T. G. Beavis, Secretary-Treasurer, Summerland, B.C. 732-3-4

**FIFTY CENTS** paid in advance for an advertisement in this column will find you a buyer or locate the article you want. It will pay you.

**Lost and Found.**

**LOST**—One two-gal. milk can, put in motor car by mistake, Monday, 20th.; car parked front Dominion Bank, opposite. Owner of car please return can to Hotel Summerland. 733

**\$1.00 SAVED!**  
on an investment of \$3.50

**Canadian Fruit Grower**

Each month it contains articles of greatest assistance to fruit growers in the solving of their problems and keeping them in the front line with progressive horticulturists.

For a short time the publishers of The Review will accept subscriptions for Canadian Fruit Grower in combination with new or renewal subscriptions to The Review at the special clubbing price of \$3.50.

The Review, your home paper .....	\$2.50
Canadian Fruit Grower, the only fruit magazine in Western Canada .....	2.00
Special Discount to Review subscribers .....	\$4.50
Both papers for one full year .....	\$3.50

Of the Canadian Fruit Grower the Penticton Herald says:

"The first and second numbers give every promise of success and contain many articles which are not only instructive but timely, and will be of assistance to those who are still under the necessity of instruction. Many of the ranchers in this district are new at the work and will welcome a journal dealing with conditions locally, written by local and practical men who have gained their knowledge in the expensive, but thorough school of experience.

"In this number there is a very good article on 'Soil Fertility and Its Upkeep'; one on 'The Successful Handling of Bees'; something new in the science of fruit tree pruning, and an article on the vital question of how to assist the tree in the matter of setting its blossoms into fruit, besides many other interesting articles.

"It is hoped that the Canadian Fruit Grower has come to stay and that it will receive the support and encouragement of the Okanagan fruit growers."

The best investment you can make at this time when you should aim to get the highest possible returns from your orchard.

Simply write your name and address here, attach to cheque or cash and mail to this office.

Name .....

Address .....

Enclosed herewith ..... subscription to The Review and Canadian Fruit Grower.

If your subscription to The Review is in arrears, add enough to bring it up to date.

DO IT NOW and get the February Number of Canadian Fruit Grower.

**Review Publishing Company, Limited**  
Summerland, - - - B.C.