

Delegate Claims Control Bill Will Absolutely Nullify Convention Resolutions

Associated Growers and Independents Are Standing Firmly Together—Insist Government Adhere Strictly to Agreement Reached by Growers and Shippers at Kelowna — Minister Seems Determined to Set Up Dictatorship—Shippers Demand Committee of Three One Member to be Appointed by Government.

The following wire has been received from The Review from one of the fruit representatives called to meet and assist the Minister of Agriculture in drawing up the marketing control bill now before the provincial legislature at Victoria.

Victoria, Feb. 4.—We have been here two weeks today, and 99.9-10 per cent of this time has been wasted, and as our case is the same as some fifteen other growers and shippers, you can readily see that this situation is going to cost the growers a tidy sum.

Our first week here was confined entirely to pounding into the heads of the government the fact that the Manson Bill, or No. 2 Bill, was going to absolutely nullify the Kelowna convention agreement, as it would place the independent shipper at a disadvantage as to costs, and would prevent pooling in any form.

However, the government has reluctantly agreed to amend the bill and make it workable, and at last we have got down to the Marketing Bill. It now appears that our Holstein friends of the Fraser Valley are determined to kick over the apple cart, as the government seems determined to have an act that will enable them to creep in.

A draft bill was presented to the Agricultural Committee which, if put into practice, would be entirely remote from the shipper-grower agreement arrived at in Kelowna, and would mean that the fruit marketing would be in the hands of a government appointee who would be responsible to no one.

For the first time, both Associated and Independents are standing firmly together and are insisting that the government adhere strictly to the agreement reached by the growers and shippers at Kelowna. Should the present bill pass it will mean that the shipper will have no control over any phase of the marketing of his products except to meet any liabilities that might accrue.

The shippers are asking the government to set up a federation of which all licensed shippers shall be members, and this federation is to appoint two members of a committee of three, the government to appoint the third member. This committee will see that the rules of the federation with regard to marketing are enforced; which would mean that the shippers as a whole would lay down the marketing policy and the committee would see that these rules were followed. By this method the shippers would feel that the best results could be obtained, as the marketing policy would be laid down by those having wide experience and the best interests of all concerned should be the result. Instead of this the minister seems determined to set up a dictatorship and compel us to adopt whatever policy happens to suit his fancy. At the same time the government inserts a clause in the act whereby they cannot in any way be held responsible for any action they may take.

It is our intention to continue our fight for a reasonable bill, and failing this, we are going to insist that the government place their scheme before the growers for a three-quarter vote before putting it into practice.

Alarms Shippers and Growers

Victoria, Feb. 4.—Manson's products of the soil bill has given Okanagan growers and shippers cause for alarm. It prevents pooling and makes co-operation of jobber owned or controlled shippers impossible. It affects two Okanagan shippers in the latter case, and all independent shippers in the former. It assures pooling will be allowed, and if passed as it stands will endanger the success of the control board measure operating satisfactorily. The bill will compel independents to buy for cash and, naturally, they cannot be expected to conform to control regulations. The bill is now in the hands of members of the legislature and the committee. Okanagan representatives are insisting on strict compliance with the wishes of the Kelowna convention. Mr. Barrett is representing the Associated and Mr. Finch the Independents.

PHEASANTS IN NEED OF FOOD

Putting Out Feed by the Ton Makes Sure of Fall Hunt Next Season

Summerland sportsmen will be interested to know how those who are fond of fall hunting are looking after game birds during the winter, to make sure of their sport next fall.

Sportsmen of Okanagan, Wash., are willing to keep the pheasants and other birds alive during the snow-storms of winter. They have arranged to distribute grain along the highways, as it was found to be practical and the most economical method. The roads are packed and the grain not easily lost. A ton of feed at a time is distributed.

The only difficulty experienced was that some of the thoughtless drivers were running over those birds while they were feeding.

WATER USERS HOLD MEETING

Trout Creek Community Users Appoint Board of Directors

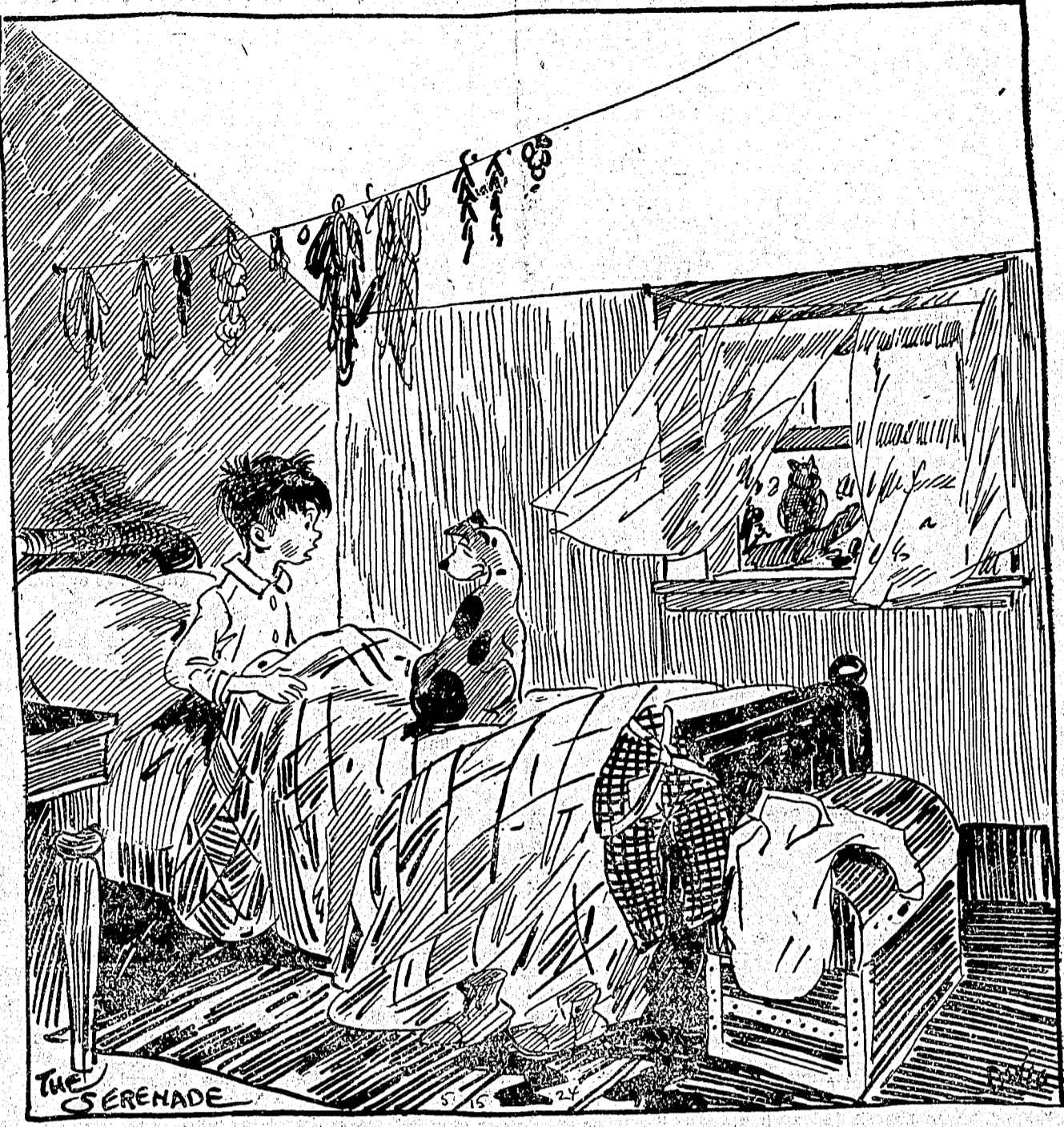
The Trout Creek water users held their annual meeting this week and Mr. Magnus Tait was elected manager. The Board of Directors appointed consisted of P. Garrett, G. Morgan and J. Togood.

They had a successful year in 1926, and had a users' and general rate. This year they are making a change and will have but one rate, a general rate. The irrigation system is in good shape and as last year they will do some reworking.

They have not so far used metal fluming and will not this season, but are going to stick to the use of tar-coated lumber.

SCHOOL DAYS

By DWIG



OLD-TIMERS' ANNUAL NIGHT; SPLENDID PROGRAM PRESENTED

Five-Minute Speeches Recall Eventful Occasions—Jack Logie Gives Origin of Local Names—Former Members Who Have Passed On Were Not Forgotten.

Each year the winter gathering of the Old-Timers is an event looked forward to with the anticipation of a very pleasant evening and Thursday's gathering was no disappointment to those who were able to turn out. The slippery condition of the roads and so many kept at home with "flu" were the reasons that a somewhat smaller number were out to participate in this evening's program.

In order to liven up the occasion Mr. T. Beavis lead in some old-time chorus singing, which concluded with the singing of "The Old Okanagan."

Mr. R. H. English, chairman of the evening, kept up his reputation for original witty remarks, and many reminiscences of events so intimately connected with early days in Summerland. He had an address all prepared, but got it mixed up with the wood he had helped to carry into the hall, and other preparations for the evening's program, so made a few remarks only, instead of delivering what he had planned.

Mr. Jack Logie was called on to read the letters he had received from old-timers who were unable to be present, and those who might have gone unthought of, were pleasantly brought to mind.

The names of those who had "Crossed the Bar" during the year were read to the meeting by Mr. Beavis, after which Mrs. Steven recited four verses composed by T. P. Thornber in remembrance of J. R. Brown.

Stand with me, friends, for only yesterday we laughed and played here in this very hall.

Without a thought of tragedy or fear For those who now have passed be yond recall.

Stand with us while we bow at memory's shrine; Pay heart-felt tribute to those dear and true, Who wait where there is neither space nor time, With open arms to welcome me and you.

Stand with me, for time heads not crowd nor race; Tomorrow's dawn may bring us weal or woe; Let not the lusts of power or greed offend offence.

The memory of those whom now we reverence so.

Stand with me, for we, too, must pass alone Down the dark vale, answer the silent call; Let all the good that you and I have sown Give us, with them, a place in memory's hall.

Between each of the five-minute addresses some "old-timer" was called on for a solo, among them Mr. Bonvis, Mrs. Clark, Mrs. Wm. White and Ben Newton.

Mr. W. C. Kellogg, being called on, opened his address with a radio story of a gentleman, who, visiting a mental hospital and being shown through the institution by a patient, was asked if the visitor would like to see his masterpiece, for he was an artist. He took the gentleman to a room and uncovered an untouched canvas, asking for the visitor's opinion of it. Quite non-plussed for a moment, he asked what it represented. "That," the patient said, "is a picture of the Children of Israel crossing the Red Sea."

"Where are the Children of Israel?" "Oh! they have just crossed!" "Well, where is the Red Sea?" "That, you remember, was divided, and is now

pushed back." "Well, then, can you tell where the Egyptians are?" "They are just coming." Mr. Kelley said that was the case with Summerland, the good times were just coming to Summerland again. He firmly believed his contention and cited many evidences that clearly pointed to this conclusion. "The chairman then thought it was time to have a little Scotch, and invited Alex Steven to tell of old times. In his own way he referred to "our marine life," giving his words the idea of the present visitor to the lake, but told of former days when we had a merchant marine, two boats, the Maud Moore and the stately Rattlesnake, with but one crew to run them both, which caused many exciting events, with a few of them causing a rather dangerous situation.

Walter Wright, when called on, referred to the passing of the water sports, with the war canoe and sail-boats, whose place in our life had been taken in recent years by the auto, to some advantage.

The chairman called on Jack Logie, who spoke of the past history of the valley. The origin of the various names was explained. Okanagan, he said, should be pronounced Ocanagan, and told of its meaning, treacherous waters. Kelowna was also an Indian word, meaning the Indian with the big head, or clever Indian, though there is a humorous claim that it means grey bear, from a man with a long beard who was seen at the opening of his mine by the Indians. Eneas creek got its name, not from the Greek ward, but from the Indian Ignace. Many other points of interest he explained from his knowledge of Indian lore. He said the valley was an ideal setting for a wonderful tale of romance.

Whether intentionally or not, Mr. G. J. C. White caused a great deal of laughter by getting his dates slightly mixed. He told of the days of the bachelor dinners, the need for which had now passed with other changes. He spoke of the boys who were now going from home and making a name for Summerland outside. Referring to the future, he commended the idea of putting a little paint on the public places, giving the community a decent set of streets and not by a mistake saving on taxes dress our town in such a shabby way. We should have a community we can be proud of and could have a better appearing one at little cost.

The evening was brought to a successful conclusion with the nomination by Duncan Woods of the present officers for 1927.

Supper was served and quite a few referred to an informal dance.

BASIC INDUSTRIES SHOW BIG INCREASE

British Columbia's basic industries will have an output this year valued at considerably more than a quarter of a billion dollars. This represents an enormous increase over the figure of two or ten years ago and indicates that industrial progress in Canada's Pacific coast province is maintaining an almost phenomenal stride. The estimate of the value of the year's production by industries is as follows: Lumbering and related forest industries, \$80,000,000; mining, \$70,000,000; agriculture, \$70,000,000; fisheries, \$24,000,000; and pulp and paper, \$18,000,000. In ten years there has been an increase of 100 per cent in the lumber industry; manufacturing has advanced 214 per cent; the increase in the volume of lumber export has been 900 per cent; and farming has gained 75 per cent in its contribution to the wealth of the province.

SUMMERLAND BASKET TEAMS IN PROVINCIAL SERIES PLAYDOWNS

Latest captulations indicate that competition in the higher grades in basketball will be keener this year in the provincial playdowns than has been the case in several seasons. Secretary Roy Phipps of the B.C. Association announces that Summerland has fallen in line with senior B men's and intermediate A boys, while Powell River will be represented by intermediate A boys, which was the strong Tuxis team of last year.

Strong quintettes will also represent mainline cities, Kamloops having senior A and intermediate B men, senior B ladies and junior boys, while Revelstoke will have five groups, senior A and intermediate girls, intermediate A and B boys and junior boys. Vancouver Province.

NEVER HAD A DOLLAR LOAN

Summerland in Unique Position—Paid for Own Water Systems

One of the difficulties in the interior dry belt has been the lack of sufficient water and an effort has been made by the improvement districts to use to the best possible advantage all the water that nature provides in the various districts affected.

In connection with this work, the improvement districts levy an annual charge for maintenance and operation and for interest and sinking fund to pay off the money which they borrowed from the government. A determined effort is now being made to persuade the legislature to place a part of the capital charge against these lands upon the provinces at large, thereby relieving the water users in the dry belt of a part of the most of their own water systems. This opportunity the government has consistently resisted.

The government is not taxing those land users anything in connection with these works. The government loaned the districts the money to build the works, and all the government asks for is that the money be paid back. There are many water users who want a part of this money; in other words, they want to be honused to stay on the land.

There are irrigation systems in the interior dry belt of this province that are entirely paying their own way, and have never received a dollar of advance by way of loan from the provincial government. Take for example the municipality of Summerland. This municipality owns its own water system and supplies water both for domestic and irrigation purposes. It has never had a dollar of assistance by way of loan from the government. If the policy of those who wish to get out of paying back the loans received from the government is carried out, Summerland will be in the position of having paid for its own system as well.—Hon. T. D. Pattullo in the Review.

HOSPITAL BOARD HOLDS MEETING

At the annual meeting of the hospital held last week, there was but a small attendance. In the future it is thought that the date will be changed so that the auditor's statement will be before the meeting. President J. R. Campbell says:

The officers of the board remain the same for 1927 as last year and at the next meeting the board will appoint the president for this year.

The parish hall was used for the meeting, thereby hoping to get a better turnout than usual because of its convenience to the folks at West Summerland. However, like other annual meetings this year, winter sickness kept many at home who would otherwise have been in attendance.

Conservative Leader Denies Emphatically He Received Fee For Organizing Valley

Large Gathering in Penticton to Hear Dr. S. F. Tolmie—Recalls Election of Grote Stirling When Last He Spoke in Penticton—Advocates Higher Tariffs—Was Astonished When Elected to Leadership—Holds Impromptu Reception of Supporters.

Denying emphatically the statement of Attorney General Hon. A. M. Manson, that he was organizing the Okanagan Valley, for which he received a fee of \$10,000 a year, Hon. S. F. Tolmie, M.P., leader of the Conservative party in British Columbia, at a meeting held in Penticton Friday last, said he had not received one cent from the party funds since 1925. In that year the funds were low and he had refused to accept salary or emolument of any kind for his services. Up to that date he did not deny that he had received a stipend. He did not want to blow about it, but it was a fact.

Dr. Tolmie arrived from Vernon, where he had attended the convention called to select a candidate for the Northern Okanagan constituency of the county of Yale in place of the late member, A. O. Cochrane, whose death occurred recently. He came in on the Pentowna and was met at the wharf by Mr. J. Kirkpatrick, leader of the local Conservatives, Mrs. Kirkpatrick, Mr. A. S. Hatfield and other supporters. Accompanying him was Mr. H. W. Galbraith, secretary to the Yale Association at Vernon.

Introducing Dr. Tolmie to a large gathering in Steward's Hall, Mr. J. Kirkpatrick said they were all anxious to hear from the future premier, who, realizing how important it was for him to get acquainted with his future domain, was taking that opportunity to address them. Mr. Kirkpatrick spoke of the wonderful reception given the Doctor at the Kamloops convention, after he had consented to accept the leadership of the party and had broken the deadlock that then existed.

Secretary Galbraith referred to the selection of a candidate for the North Okanagan vacancy and while he eulogized the quality of the men primarily submitted to the convention, he thought they had a splendid candidate in the person of Mr. W. F. Kennedy and he had every confidence they were going to win the seat. He described the enthusiasm in connection with the election of Dr. Tolmie at Kamloops as most momentous and auguring success for the party at the coming provincial election. The death of such a splendid man as Mr. Cochrane came as a great blow to the party. He was active in every convention for the advancement of party interests and his loss to B.C. was irreparable. Things in Victoria, he said, were not going to their satisfaction, but he hoped their friends in the southern Okanagan would prepare for the political battle that was before them. They should not fall into the error of over-assurance but must be alive and busy to take advantage of their opportunity just as soon as the government gave them the chance.

Kennedy Selected

Dr. Tolmie said he was very pleased to have the opportunity to attend the convention Thursday. Three names were put forward: W. F. Kennedy, A. T. Howe, first president of the Associated Growers; and Mat Hassen, reeve of Spillamacheen. There was a little rivalry in the election, but when the convention finally selected Kennedy to carry the Conservative banner, the other candidates for the post promised to support him to the extent of their power. A strong man had been selected and Dr. Tolmie predicted his election to the legislature for North Okanagan.

Referring to his present visit to Penticton, the Conservative leader said he was pleased to meet his audience in that hall. He spoke there when Grote Stirling was returned as member for the riding. He had made a splendid representative and was appreciated at Ottawa as an authority on fruit culture and marketing, and was held in the highest esteem by all parties.

Saved British Columbia

Passing to the early days of Confederation, Dr. Tolmie recounted the conditions which led to the joining of the nine provinces. The fear existed then that owing to the isolation of British Columbia the province would be lost to Canada and be absorbed by the United States. The action of Sir John Macdonald at that time conserved for the people of British Columbia their own country.

Speaking of the exodus of young Canadians to the United States, and the amount of raw material being sent over the border, Dr. Tolmie said the natural resources should be preserved as a means of providing employment for Canadian boys and girls at home instead of allowing them to go to build up the United States.

Advocates Higher Tariffs

Advocating higher tariffs, he instanced several important industries that had been crippled owing to the tariff walls being let down, particularly the British Empire Steel Company of Nova Scotia. Tariffs had been reduced 7% and the big steel concerns of the States had been enabled to enter into competition and ship in

Amusing Incidents

In the course of an interesting address of an hour and a half, Dr. Tolmie described many amusing incidents and experiences of his life in British Columbia and his adventures in England during his visit to the Motherland. As a native son he was proud to be a Canadian, but prouder still that Canada was a member of the great British Empire. They had read the speech of Premier Bruce and his reference to the freedom exercised by the Dominions. After the London Conference it had been discovered that they already possessed all the freedom they had clamored for so long.

Winding up with a slashing attack on the Liberal government he demanded the return to British Columbia of the lands segregated to the use of the C. P. R., particularly those in the Peace River district, where they had been increased by three and a half million acres.

Old Age Pensions

Old age pensions would have the support of the party, assured Dr. Tolmie, and carelessness in issuing contracts would be eliminated so that sub-contracting would not lose big sums to the province. Immigration should be so arranged that intending settlers would not oust the native born. Certain sections should be opened out and newcomers be settled in blocks of 10,000 families. British Columbia were the best of all settlers, 67% remaining on the land.

In conclusion Dr. Tolmie urged members of the party to be on the alert, to see that the names of those entitled to be placed on the voters' list appeared there. As leader it would be his duty to keep in touch with them. He had lately been speaking on an average of four times each day and had met with wonderful receptions. Everywhere he had found enthusiasm and predictions of success in the next elections.

Following his speech, Dr. Tolmie held an informal reception, when most of those present were introduced by Mr. Kirkpatrick to the Conservative leader. Dr. Tolmie was on his way to Ottawa but was called back to the coast. He left by the Kettle Valley railway train arriving in Vancouver Saturday night.

JOHN KNIGHT PASSES AWAY

Word has been received bringing the news of the passing of Mr. John Knight of Courtenay, who, with his wife, lived here some years ago, in the house now occupied by Mr. R. H. English.

It was in his 74th year when he died, and leaves behind him his wife and two daughters. Mr. Knight had a great fondness for flowers. The pursuit of his hobby brought him many prizes at the fairs, and his firm overlooking the Gulf of Georgia has been one of the show places of the district in which he lived.

O'FARRELL OF THE PRINCESS PATS

A STORY OF THE GREAT WAR (By J. Williamson) (All Rights Reserved)

(Continued from last week.) Similar thoughts passed through O'Farrell's mind during the following days. In the narrow confines of the cars he came into close contact with the men under his charge...

While become O'Farrell's most sincere admirer. From the date of his acceptance as a member of the overseas draft, his whole nature seemed to change. His drunken, sottish manner disappeared as if by magic...

He closed the curtains and lay back, full of depressing thoughts. Around him his companions slumbered in peace. They, too, had their sorrows. The majority had parted with mothers, wives, children and sweethearts...

At Vancouver a camp had been prepared on the largest and most completely equipped ever constructed in Canada. Within a few days a town was built, with adequate water, light and telephone systems...

Most people have the idea that our friend Ogoogo is a recent comer to the social circles of the Okanagan. The fact is that he is nothing new but it is only recently that he has been admitted to the ranks of the aristocracy.

The Okanagan legends are extremely interesting and some people rely on them as though they were historical facts. Before the white man's time the Indians placed sacrifices of meat on Squally Point to the valiant disturber of the quiet waters.

He is an enigma," he mused, "but I will trust him." Aloud he replied to Wright's entreaty. "Very well. Report to me as soon as possible. See that McDonald gets every attention. If he recovers I will see to his promotion. You shall take his place."

Simon Peter Tells a Lie and Then Disappears Like the Ogoogo. Since the reports of the finding of the Okanagan Lake serpent in a small bay near Kelowna recently, investigation conducted by citizens interested has failed to reveal any trace of the famous Ogoogo.

LEGENDS OF OGOOGO WERE RELATED IN OLDEN DAYS

Ruled Supreme Until Driven From His Haunts by Steamers on Lake—Some Skeptics Even Now—But He Cut the Figure Eight in Okanagan Lake Long Before the White Man Came Into the Province.

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WHAT IS THE OGOOGO? What is the Okanagan Ogoogo? It is a more or less mythical monster habitat of the caves and crevices of Okanagan Lake, with a head said to be like a sheep's, a body said to be anything short of a hundred feet and capable of travelling at the alleged speed of an automobile...

Existence Forgotten. The realization of his existence had rather died out when a large skeleton was washed up on the shore south of Kelowna. Many scientists collected and a post mortem was held on the serpent's remains. The chief mourners were the teachers, preachers and Sunday school superintendents.

FISHY STORY FROM KELOWNA PROVES UNTRUE. Simon Peter Tells a Lie and Then Disappears Like the Ogoogo. Since the reports of the finding of the Okanagan Lake serpent in a small bay near Kelowna recently, investigation conducted by citizens interested has failed to reveal any trace of the famous Ogoogo.

PEACHLAND

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GIRLS PLAY TO BIG FAN CROWD

Win From Kelowna by 21 to 14 Score—Seniors Succumb

The Pentiction Seniors and Girls served as local representatives to a miniature basketball tournament staged at Summerland Thursday evening. Teams were also present for the state-tete from Kelowna and Summerland. The girls won from Kelowna 21-14, while the Seniors succumbed to Summerland 29-23.

High School Pucksters Lose. Pentiction High School pucksters were forced to take the short end of a 4-0 count at Summerland last Saturday afternoon against a Summerland town team. The heavier Summerland hockey players proved too much for the Pentiction team, checking them into submission and speeding through for four corners—two in the first period and one in each of the last two.

VENDOME HOTEL. 1138 Nelson St., Vancouver, C. B. McCallum, manager, formerly of Hotel Summerland, Summerland. All residents of this district specially welcome. Rooms with or without bath. Large gay suites. 1-f-c.

PACIFIC COAST OR EAST. CONVENIENT CONNECTION MADE AT KAMLOOPS. CONTINENTAL LIMITED. AN ALL-STEEL TRAIN. COMPLETE MODERN EQUIPMENT. Palatial Steamships. "PRINCE RUPERT" and "PRINCE GEORGE". Vancouver—Prince Rupert—Stewart and Wayports. Full Information from any Agent of CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS.

W. C. KELLEY, B.A. BARRISTER, SOLICITOR. NOTARY. WEST SUMMERLAND B. C. 10-5-26

VERNON GRANITE AND MARBLE COMPANY. Quarrying & Cut-Stone Contractors. Monuments, Tombstones and General Cemetery Work. PRICE ST. VERNON

F. D. COOPER. REAL ESTATE BROKER. Peach Orchard, Summerland. Established 1907. Phone 613

CANADIAN PACIFIC. DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY. Table with routes and times for North, Lake, and South directions.

SYNOPSIS OF LAND ACT AMENDMENTS

PRE-EMPTIONS. Vacant, unreserved, surveyed Crown lands may be pre-empted by British subjects over 18 years of age, and by aliens on declaring intention to become British subjects, conditional upon residence, occupation and improvement for agricultural purposes. Full information concerning regulations regarding pre-emption is given in Bulletin No. 1, Land Series, "How to Pre-empt Land," copies of which can be obtained free of charge by addressing the Department of Lands, Victoria, B.C., or to any Government Agent.

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FRUIT IS GOOD FOOD

Those who are bothered with tooth ache may well consider if there is not something in the statement made by a prominent professor of the University of California. He claims that people are ruining their teeth by their method of getting so much food from the canning factories.

In fact he has gone so far as to say that the Americans are becoming a race of goats, they eat so much from cans. One of his statements before a meeting of dentists gives us reason to stop and think over what he has to say on the subject, even if he does use peculiar statements in order to drive home his convictions.

He asserted that "soft food made bad teeth, and bad teeth made bad health" and if we compare the situation in countries where the people have been in the habit of eating hard foods we are compelled to think he has touched on a subject of importance. In our rush to save time we are taking a lot of prepared foods when as fruit and vegetable growers we should be urging people to take the better food stuffs that require less or no cooking, such as salads, where lettuce and celery with fruits give the teeth plenty to do and provide, when good crusty bread is eaten with them, plenty of exercise.

Too long now people have been forced to look upon fruit as a luxury and it should be looked upon as a necessity. Apples provide an excuse for thorough mastication and give good exercise to the teeth as well as adding a welcome flavor to many a salad. As fruit growers we can logically broadcast the claims of Dr. John A. Marshall and encourage the eating of more uncooked foods.

CANADA PROSPERS

Although growers may not have received as great a total return from their fruit this year as they would have liked, there is plenty of evidence that fruit growing is not as bad as some folks would like to make out. Since publishing the item on the front page of last week's Review of a satisfied grower we have heard of others who are satisfied that they did well last year. They would like more, surely, but who would not enjoy better results than they get?

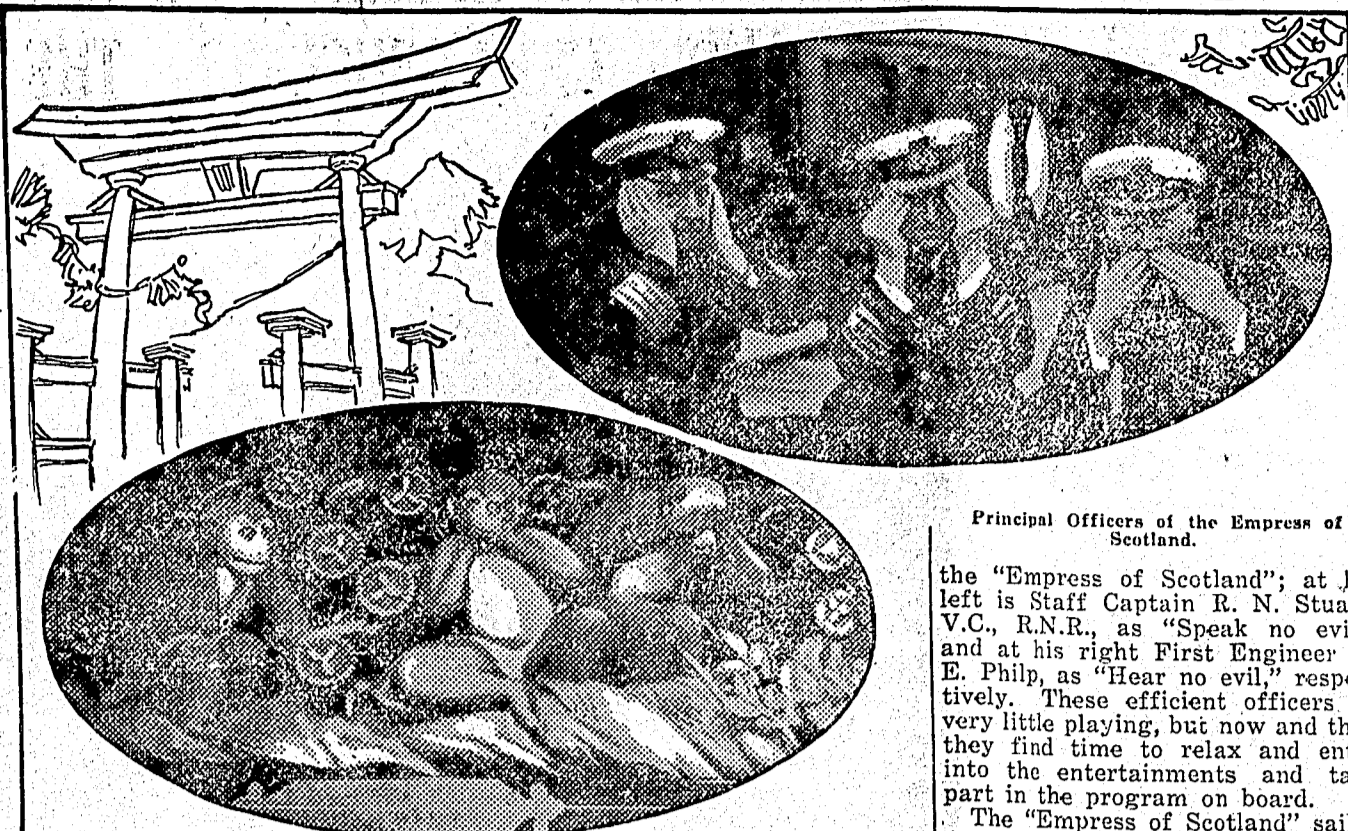
From every province of Canada there comes news of a better year in 1927 than we have had. From many of the bigger financial authorities in Toronto come very encouraging reports as to Canadian prospects for this year. They report that in 1926 the farmers all over the country have installed a great deal of new machinery which will make for more efficient work and they installed it because they saw reasonable grounds upon which to base the payments for it.

On the prairies there has been a greater harvest and although long-drawn out, its total results have been much better than anticipated. A big change too has come over their methods there and they are branching out into dairying. Alberta has captured the butter prizes for the Dominion and made a name for herself by cream grading that the other provinces would like to have. In hog-raising the prairies have made quite a move and the stabilizing of their work by these two additional sources of revenue contributes not a little to the optimistic feeling that exists everywhere in Canadian financial circles.

THE GRAFT CHARGES

If, in the forthcoming enquiry into the truth or otherwise of the sworn statement that the sum of \$100,000 has gone into the pockets of supporters of either political party in the provincial legislature or that either political party, as a whole, has accepted money for "protection and assurance"; and there should be found satisfactory foundation for the statement; the time has surely arrived for the elimination of the men responsible. Since the government began to tinker with the liquor trade there has been a strong suspicion that the efforts to put down the illicit export liquor traffic were only sporadic. Even the "man in the street" at the coast, has been well informed as to the vessels shipping liquor south. Stories have been rife for the past few years of assistance given the landing of smuggled liquor by customs officers to the south, whose explicit duty it was to prevent any infringement of the prohibition laws. It is well the government was not defeated in the recent division on the appointment of a royal commission until all the evidence taken on oath can be placed before it. The appointment of a parliamentary commission will give an opportunity to collect evidence without the costly legal accompaniments and prolonged methods of procedure. Objections raised against the probing of the money contributions, sworn to have passed into the hands of both political parties, may be genuine and perhaps appear to savor of the accused acting as judge and jury, but the composition of the committee, representing, as it should, all parties in the house, would produce a feeling of confidence that those responsible will be forced to show their connection with the graft charges.

Apeing the Apes of a Shinto Temple



"Hear no evil; speak no evil; see no evil." These three phrases are the well-known in modern parlance. They, and a group of gesturing monkeys, are synonymous, the famous original carving being located in a Shinto temple at Nikko, Japan. Many copies of these allegorical tripes have been made and sold the world over for ornaments, paper weights and book ends. Not the

Principal Officers of the Empress of Scotland. The "Empress of Scotland"; at his left is Staff Captain R. N. Stuart, V.C., R.N.R., as "Speak no evil," and at his right First Engineer A. E. Philp, as "Hear no evil," respectively. These efficient officers do very little playing, but now and then they find time to relax and enter into the entertainments and take part in the program on board. The "Empress of Scotland" sailed from New York early in December and will touch the four corners of the earth on her annual 30,000-mile cruise. Her passenger list is made up of prominent people from all parts of Canada, the United States and many from England and the continent, who crossed the Atlantic to sail from New York. The "Empress of Scotland" will visit over twenty different countries and will anchor in 26 ocean ports before her four months cruise is ended.

SCHOOL REPORTS AND PROMOTIONS

Some Classes Have Promotions, While Others Just Records

School days have many bright spots but none brighter than the days when the school report is published. The parents and friends of the young folks are always interested to see the names of those who are promoted. This week the promotion list appears along with those rooms which have only class standing to record.

Division 1—Entrance Class—S. A. MacDonald

First ten in order of merit—Victor Wilson, James May, Agnes Handley, Billy Andrew, Margaret Caldwell, Edward Joy, Wesley Tavender, Audrey Reynolds, Norris Laidlaw, Bob Butler

Division 2—H. W. Daniel

Standing in order of merit—Bobby Nelson, George Gould, Dorothy Bowering, Margaret Dunsdon, Harvey Mitchell, Jack Morrow, Doreen Howis, Harry Walmisley, Pia Butenzi, Margaret Hogg.

Division 3

Proficiency—Frances James, Margaret Hookham, Pixie Wilson, Arthur Smith, Billy Laidlaw.

Regularity and Punctuality—Jack Armstrong, Brian Atkinson, Adorno Blackington, Florence Doherty, Hugh Eckersley, Margaret Hookham, Frances James, Helen Kercher, Robert Killick, Irene May, Bob McCutcheon, Howard Mac, Marion Monro, Ella Walker, Gordon Booth.

Division 4, Grade 5—T. M. Hobbs

Promoted from Grade 5 Part 1, to Part 2, in order of merit—1, Frank Walden; 2, Margaret Steven; 3, Maurice Welsh; 4, Alma Gould; 5, Philip Dunsdon; 6, Phyllis Neill; 7, Arthur Simpson; 8, Kathleen Borton; 9, Sandy Caldwell; 10, Robin Agur; 11, Colin McKenzie and Russell Neill, equal; 13, Natalie Milne; 14, Philip Hookham; 15, Margaret Baldwin; 16, David Munn; 17, Donald Tait; 18, Kenneth Boother; 19, Alec Purves; 20, Marianne Orr; 21, Axel Amundsen; 24, Earle Inglis; 25, Lloyd Shannon; 26, Gordon Morgan; 27, Alan Butler and Billy Stark, equal; 28, Jean Gould; 30, Rupert Walton; 31, Fred Bleasdale.

Division 5—R. E. Graham

Promoted to Grade 4, Part 2—Dulce Fosbery; 2, Violet May; 3, Roy Kennedy; 4, Kathleen Wright and Flora Baldwin, equal; 6, George Strachan; 7, Joan Sharman and Barbara Purves, equal; 9, Mary Powell; 10, Inez Walter; 11, Jessie Aywell; 12, Mona Stewart; 13, Leslie Smith; 14, Mary Young; 15, Billy Jackson; 16, Alice Charles and Miriel James, equal; 18, Agnes Moore; 19, Anna Gould; 20, Victor Parker; 21, Harold Foster and Fred Smith, equal.

Division 6

Promoted from Grade 2 to Grade 3 Part 1—Alex Lyons, Mary Lou Caldwell, Janet Strachan, Pearl Smith, Myrtle Reid, Shilma Kuroda, Robert McLachlan and Melvin Fenner (equal) Vera Smith.

Division 7—M. V. Smith

Promoted from Grade 2B to Grade 2A—Pat Agur, Dorothy Atkinson, Margaret Reid, Pearl White, Madeline Hunt, Jim Agono, Ichiro Tada, Jessie Gould, Gerald Lattimer, Jessie Loamer, Lena Ross, Tommy Shimizu, George

Powell, Lloyd Parker, Howard Wright, Leonard Shannon, Frances Baldwin, Gordon Mountford, Mae Guidi, Edward Haddrell, Eddie Hannah, Adline Wilfrid.

Promoted but not Ranked—Jean Thompson, Reggie Turner, Bobby Beer.

Division 7

Promoted from Grade 1 to Grade 2—Lawrence Hickey; Stephen Dunsdon, Sandy Fenwick, Tommy Ramsay, Mary Biagini, Thomas Brennen, Ruby Sharp, Lawrence Charles.

Division 8

Owing to the illness of Miss Banks and many of the pupils the promotion tests in this division were postponed.

BRIDGET SAYS



A good way to spin out a few sausage is with

Scrambled Eggs and Sausage

For six people boil four or five sausages, six minutes. Let cool. Beat up five or six eggs slightly, add one tablespoon of milk for each egg, salt, and pepper to taste. Pour into a hot pan. Slice the sausage and when the eggs have begun to set add the sausage and stir as for scrambled eggs.

Macaroni and Sausage

One cup of macaroni, broken up and dropped into two quarts of boiling water, to which is added one tablespoon of salt. Boil until tender. Drain in a strainer. Pour over it some cold water to prevent the pieces sticking. Boil a few sausage; cool and slice. In a buttered baking dish put a layer of the macaroni and then a layer of sausage bits. Alternate until the water is used up, having macaroni on top. Make a white sauce with a cup and a half of milk, two tablespoons of butter, two tablespoons of flour, one egg, salt and pepper. Pour this over the macaroni and sausage, spread the top with bread crumbs, dot with butter and bake.

If you wish to keep sausage over, boil them five or six minutes, and they will keep much better than the raw ones, and can still be used in any way desired.

PRUNING

By John Tait, District Field Inspector

The dormant season is the most convenient time to prune fruit trees and is considered to be the best time as well.

There has been much experimental work done along pruning lines the past fifteen years, and much valuable data secured which has altered the system adhered to some years ago. In pruning the young tree the aim is to get a good growth in as short a time as possible, and at the same time to get the tree into bearing early.

We have now learned that if we prune young trees lightly and feed them well for rapid growth, they will bear real crops years ahead of trees which grow slowly and are further checked by heavy pruning.

We have learned that the leaves of a tree are just as important as the roots in feeding the tree and making growth. Heavy pruning when trees are young makes for smaller trees, and checks growth and development.

Heavy pruning of mature trees is sometimes advisable for we are trying to get good fruit rather than large trees; but in the case of young trees, the lightest possible pruning is best. It is conceded that trees with a modified central leader are strongest having the main branches coming out at various distances—not all branching from the trunk at the same level. Unfortunately we have many trees now with this kind of tree. Wire brushing is the only thing left to do for such trees.

Trees should be handled very carefully when they reach the age at which production should begin. Severe pruning at this stage has delayed fruiting, for fruit bud formation is associated with a healthy leaf surface. Intensive cultivation and fertilization have similar effects.

After the trees have come well into bearing a few years, the pruning may then become more severe. They would

in all probability at this stage have a superfluous amount of wood, which will require a thinning out sufficiently to permit light to penetrate to all parts.

It is advisable to have all blight twigs, limbs and holdover cankers removed before commencing pruning operations.

DID YOU EVER STOP TO THINK

(By Edson R. Waite, Shawnee, Okla. Arthur Carruth, Managing Editor of the Topeka, Kansas, State Journal, says:

THAT there are two kinds of advertising—the kind the dealer tells about in the newspaper space he takes and the kind his customer tells about when he leaves the store.

THAT no kind of advertising will bring effective results unless the advertiser keeps his stock up to the standard of his claims to the public.

THAT the community spirit behind home buying is based on 10 per cent patriotism and 90 per cent values.

THAT the town merchant cannot expect to compete with mail order or big city attractions unless he first carries the stock and then tells his customers about it.

THAT in all towns there is a certain class of buyers—persons who go miles for a "foreign label." Their buying is a condition of the mind and is in no way indicative of the spirit of the community.

THAT this class can only be dealt with through individual "shaming," not through public damning.

The Final Secret of Selling is Brisk Advertising at one End and Satisfaction at the other.

NITRATE OF LIME IS BEST PLANT FOOD

Last year the Oliver Chemical Company imported from California several tons of nitrate of lime for trial use in the Okanagan. This form of nitrate is used extensively in dry belts to prevent accumulation of undesirable soil constituents, since there is no natural leaching action of the soil to remove these constituents.

There are at present three countries producing nitrate. Chili produces the well known sodium nitrate. Norway and Germany manufacture nitrate from the air and fix this with limestone. Both these countries are expanding this industry at a rapid rate and now have entered the export field and are a strong factor in the nitrate business.

Since California and other lands have proven the benefit of lime nitrate in their dry climate, it should be much more desirable in our Okanagan for every one can see the excess of alkali soil and the excess of oxygen along our roads in the summer months.

It is not generally known that B.C. has a nitrogen fixation plant at Lake Nunton, near Vancouver. This plant, we understand, was operated for a short time on nitric acid and also tried to produce the commercial soda nitrate, buying soda to fix the nitrogen. It could not prosper doing this, on account of the cost of soda. Why could not the operators have taken a hint from the operation of the Eureka plant and used the limestone instead of the soda to fix the nitrogen. It would cost only a mere fraction of the cost of soda, and turn a falling enterprise into a benefit to the country at large.

We believe that nitrate of lime will be a big factor in the fertilizer field as the demand has increased twenty times in one year. Let the growers boost for a B. C. made nitrate.

CANADIAN BRIEFS

During the past year the government seed extraction plant at New Westminster handled 6,381 pounds of yellow pine seed. Three thousand pounds of this were sent to New Zealand and other consignments to Pennsylvania. Sixteen hundred pounds of spruce seed were sent to the British Forestry Commission. In addition to the above figures the plant produced 200 pounds of spruce, 550 of hemlock and 522 of red cedar.

Canada stands to increase her share of trade with Japan on a large scale this year, in the opinion of Canadians and Japanese just back from the Orient. Despite the recent earthquake and the \$115,000,000 loss to the government entailed, there has been a steady growth in trade with Canada, which shows every sign of continued expansion.

GREAT NIGHT AT HOSPITAL

Patients and Staff Stage Amusing Comedy—Fruit Troubles Exposed.

Members of the Hospital Staff and patients at the hospital had an evening of fun on Monday. Last year they had an evening's fun out of a "mock trial" and this year, with so much attention directed to the fruit business and liquor irregularities, they held an investigation by a Royal Commission.

The commission assembled shortly after 3 p.m.: Senior Commissioner, Hon. Y. R. U. Petty, K.C., P.D.Q. (Dr. Andrew); Junior Commissioner, H. L. Jack, K.C. (Dr. Graham); Counsel, Ken U. Pinchem, K.C. (Dr. Vandenburg).

The Commissioner opened proceedings by calling for order from all present, including "ladies and gentlemen, if any." He immediately got down to business and called before the commission the manager of the Winterland Allied Orchard, Kit Fryart (S. A. MacDonald), who was instructed that his evidence was to be "bunk and nothing but the bunk!" It was, for he stated that he had spent fifteen years doing nothing although holding the position of manager of a fruit packing plant. He considered that his record was not out of keeping with the usual run of packing house managers. Running an orchard would be a very simple thing for him, but packing houses were more profitable.

The manager of the Occidental Dehydrated Fruit Co., Mr. G. Onlethebunk (T. Carvick) was called on next, and asked to brace himself, but he said he was well braced before coming to the witness stand. His commission was very much involved by contra accounts, agreements and misunderstandings. In fact, Ken U. Pinchem gained little headway by this examination. Onlethebunk had only one friend in the court. He was a villain, deeply dyed.

Mr. W. A. Lark (T. Brennen) a bootlegger, gave some very "muddy" evidence, and by actions in keeping with his occupation, let out some secrets of his profession that were not for the public generally.

The Commissioner then directed the taking of evidence from the fruit growers themselves. Women only were called, and they "dressed for the occasion." This evidence was most enlightening, if not enlightening. Mrs. Elberta Freestone (Mrs. Solly) appeared before the commission, most elaborately gowned. The Commissioner made a mistake in sizing up this witness. He asked her if she were a widow. Unfortunately, she said, she was a clingstone. Her selling of fruit was evidently quite profitable, but she thought it should be better.

Mrs. Ben Lug (Mrs. Fletcher) was called on. She marketed a good tonnage and when Skyark, through whom she marketed, was sober, returns were quite all right; but, unfortunately, he preferred to be other than sober. She had worked for five years and got nothing, and recently the C.P.R. had been getting most of the profits.

Mrs. Jonathan McInloch (Mrs. Dr. Vandenburg) said she was no chink, but an old-timer engaged in mixed farming while her husband peddled coal in Penticon from the White Lake mines. Her pleasure now was all work. She was strongly opposed to compulsory co-operation. She was quite composed and spoke pretty frankly to Ken U. Pinchem, K.C.

Miss B. A. Cherry (Nurse Barnes) had a very strong conviction that the fruit business was no good unless it could keep her in silk stockings and the upkeep of her Moonshine car. Her evidence was very clear and to the point, and had little flattery for the fruit buyers, and she wasn't wearing silk stockings.

Miss O'Hyslop (Nurse Darke) considered nothing less than \$3.00 per box acceptable. She might join the co-operative but would sell where she felt like.

Mrs. Newtown-Wagner (Mrs. Knowles) blamed all the trouble on the C.P.R. She sold through the Allied Orchards because there was nothing better. The whole fruit business was just a big slaughter. She was thoroughly disgruntled with the whole lot of jobbers.

The last item of evidence came from Mrs. J. H. Hale (Mrs. McCutcheon). She too kept a car, but it was not for other business interests of her husband they would not be able to keep the orchard business up at all.

As a final piece of evidence they had before the commission the local representative, Hon. Lotsoswind (Mr. Knowles). He usually preferred to speak without notes, he said, but as this was a very important piece of evidence, he asked that he be allowed to read part, and also he had to be very careful as he would likely be reported by the Review and the New York Times, and he preferred to be accurate. Wading through many interruptions with flowery language and words of learned length and thundering sound, he propounded a theory or theories that solved the question absolutely. For a politician he felt he had a good platform and successfully blamed all the bad results of the orchardists on the appearances of the Okanagan and the rage for hobbled hair.

The Senior Commissioner, in grave doubts of the value of the evidence secured, then adjourned the commission.

Progress is being made in the plans of the Burrard Drydock Co., Ltd., to build a 3,000-ton floating dock for use in conjunction with the big 20,000-ton floating dock they now have. With some heavy jobs on large ships, now on hand, the company has been forced to turn down much business on the smaller craft, and the new dock will relieve this situation.

The year now ending will be marked by a record production of silver, lead and zinc in British Columbia. According to a report from the provincial minister of mines 10,000,000 ounces; lead to 200,000,000 pounds as against last year's 225,000,000 and zinc to 125,000,000 pounds (against last year's 98,500,000).

World of Politics

(By an Ex-Writer of the Ottawa Press Gallery.)

CONTRIBUTIONS TO PARTY FUNDS

At the week-end the troubles of the Oliver government and its supporters in the Legislature over the matter of contributions of campaign funds to political parties by the brewing interests is still unsettled. The air has been clarified to some degree, however, by the announcement that, whether the inquiry to be made is conducted by a committee of the house or by a commission, there is going to be legislation relative to campaign funds. It is satisfactory to know that there is to be a development and everyone having the interests of the province at heart will hope that the bill to be brought down will be of a drastic nature. Quite apparently the federal law making it illegal for corporations to contribute to party funds has not been effective. It has at any rate been ignored and in some instances contributors were not even aware that there is such a provision in the election laws of the country. It would probably be more effective were we to adopt the British law, which makes it a serious offense for a candidate to spend more than a stipulated sum of money in an election contest. The sum fixed, I am informed, is based upon the number of voters in a constituency. Possibly that might not be a proper mode of control of spending by candidates in a country like Canada for the reason that it costs a lot more to conduct election campaigns in some constituencies than in others. But restriction of the amount a candidate can legally spend is clearly desirable, as well as the names of donors of public funds in excess of small amounts chipped in by individual voters to provide funds to cover legitimate expenses such as the hiring of halls and committee rooms and travelling expenses. A law covering these things would go a considerable way to clear up the present unsatisfactory system of campaign contributions.

SOME PLAIN TALK ABOUT AGRICULTURE

According to the Province report of the speech on the debate on the address by Mr. Dugald McPherson, Liberal member for the Grand Forks-Greenwood district, the man from Grand Forks said a few things about the government and the farming industry that could not have been altogether acceptable to Hon. T. D. Pattullo, Minister of Lands. Mr. Pattullo, as we all are aware in the irrigation districts, is very strong for the man on the land paying the full shot for cost of providing irrigation systems and reclamation areas, inclusive of large bills of cost due to mistakes made by the government and engineers in carrying out these works. But Mr. McPherson, who lives in a semi-arid district largely dependent upon irrigation, thinks otherwise. The whole matter of what the man on the land should pay, he said, is purely a question of economics. The province must decide just what value is received through the farmer, and the people must decide just what sacrifices they are willing to make to keep the farmer on the land. It is very poor business, said Mr. McPherson, to squeeze the agriculturist to get more out of him than his land will produce. It is very much better to have one farmer fail to make good and leave his farm only to have another go on it and in turn struggle for a time and have to give it up. It would be far better for the country to keep the original farmer on his place, Mr. McPherson thought. That is pretty sensible talk on the part of Mr. McPherson, and the writer of this column, for one, hopes that Mr. Pattullo was in his place and heard the speech of the member for Grand Forks. Mr. Pattullo, in a statement recently issued, has been kind enough to say that people in the interior, who have been acting for a long time to possess their own land, are not to be blamed for their political convictions. And now along comes Mr. McPherson, who is not a farmer, but who is a supporter of the Oliver government, and standing in his place in the Legislature, puts up the same plea for the irrigators that the writer and hundreds of other people of the interior have been advancing for years. The pathetic part of this whole business, however, is that Mr. McPherson, good speaker and level headed individual that he is, has no more chance, from his place of vantage in the Legislature, of convincing the Minister of Lands, than have the more humble individuals who have urged the same arguments in the past. Mr. Pattullo has made up his mind in regard to irrigation matters and, apparently, when Mr. Pattullo's mind is made up on any subject it is a pure waste of time to endeavor to persuade him to think otherwise. Nothing short of a political convulsion will move Mr. Pattullo, and, as political convulsions are sure to occur every once in a while, there is nothing for the irrigators who desire redress to do but to wait for their souls in patience and wait. All things come to those who wait, it is said—provided they wait long enough.

APPRECIATION OF HON. GEORGE P. GRAHAM

One of the finest bits of political writing I have noticed in recent months is a tribute from the pen of Mr. M. Gratten O'Leary of the Vancouver Press Gallery, Ottawa, to Hon. George P. Graham, who has retired from the chairmanship of the Federal Tariff Board to a well earned seclusion in the Senate. Mr. O'Leary is a Tory of the Tories and George P. is a Grit of the Grits, but that makes no difference, in this instance, as George P., in all probability, has not a single enemy within a mile of the House of Commons or anywhere else. It is doubtful, as a matter of fact, if any Canadian statesman—and Mr. Graham has risen to the status of statesmanship, has ever been so universally popular with all classes of people as George P. But Mr. O'Leary truly observes "Graham for all his gaitery, had had and has, his sad mood." One remembers the patches of those years when his heart was lacerated by the death of a promising son; and often I have thought that his humor and laughter are the glamorous shavings over deep pools of wistful regrets. There was the day, for example, when with Mr. Fielding, he saw another and younger man snatch the prize of party leadership from his grasp. But it was not like Graham to pine or complain; and Mr. King never had a more loyal friend and lieutenant. Even in 1925, when the old comrades with whom he had marched and bivouacked left him lying on the floor where he fell, and another man more powerful than he reorganized the party and went to the Department of Railways, it was not in Graham's nature to be bitter. It was all in the game of war. He just went his way, serene and joyous, his laughter as buoyant and infectious as a child's. In the evening of life Graham refuses to grow old. His career has been one long victory of the spirit, all sunshine and fresh air; and thousands who know him or have fought with or against him join in wishing him all December roses as the shades of the decorous Senate close on his indomitable spirit.

NEW CHAIRMAN OF TARIFF BOARD

Unless the passage of years has changed his nature Mr. Graham's successor as chairman of the Tariff Board is another kindly and friendly person. "George P." having made the Tariff Board a court where plain men feel at home, it is well that his successor should be "Billy" Moore, another "kindred spirit." W. H. Moore has been a well known figure in Ontario for many years. He first came into prominence at Ottawa when he was secretary of the old Mackenzie & Mann Company that constructed the various lines of railway that were ultimately linked together to make a thirteenth continental system. Undoubtedly it was "Billy" Moore's nose that helped Mackenzie & Mann over the many rough spots they experienced in their dealings with governments. When the Canadian Northern system was in a somewhat large scale and also the publisher of the Canadian Courier. In recent years he wrote a book dealing with Canadian affairs that attracted a good deal of attention. In his younger days when I knew him, "Billy" Moore was a convivial soul with a highly developed capacity for making and keeping friends. He has always had political ambitions and at the recent general election made an effort to get into the Parliament by running in South Ontario constituency. But, unfortunately for the moment, he lost to a House member and perhaps in the end, the motor car manufacturing town of Oshawa is located in South Ontario and Oshawa voted against Mackenzie King so heavily that Mr. Moore was pretty well buried politically. His reward for the effort to capture South Ontario and for previous services to the Liberal party is the chairmanship of the Tariff Board. In succeeding Mr. Graham Mr. Moore is stepping into a large pair of shoes, but it is not improbable that he possesses enough of Mr. Graham's brand of common sense and business ability to make good on the job.

Classified Advertising

RATES FOR CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

First insertion, 3 cents a word. Two cents a word each subsequent insertion; minimum charge, 50 cents per week.

LOST — One scoop shovel, between Three Lake Valley and Summerland. White & Thornthwaite.

FOR SALE — 1926 Chevrolet Coach, only ran 900 miles. A. Pentland, West Summerland.

WANTED — Wood to cut with circular saw. Prices reasonable. Apply A. Koch or J. Logie.

CLEARANCE SALE — \$1 worth of laces for 30c, \$1 worth of embroideries 30c, \$1 worth of all-over laces 30c, \$1 worth of wide ribbon 30c, children's boots and shoes, 90c per pair; 25 per cent off all other lines of dry goods. One week only. Ladies' Emporium. A. Milne.

COMING EVENTS

The Ladies' Aid of the United Church will hold a sale of home cooking and afternoon tea will be served, in St. Andrew's Hall, on Saturday, February 5th.

Summerland Women's Institute will meet on Friday, Feb. 11th, at 3 p.m., in the Parish Hall. Valentine Tea.

British Columbia cottonwood as the raw material for Chinese matches is the latest feature in lumbering. Chinese match factories have just placed an order 5,000 cottonwood logs for conversion into lucifers. The wood is said by British Columbia University experts, to be quite suitable for the purpose, being similar to the aspen of Siberia and Kamchatka.

WHEN IN PENTICTON

Try Afternoon Tea and Evening Light Lunch at

ANGUS' CAFE

Special Room for Parties

MAGNETIC HEALER

Restores Health by Chemical Action on the Blood

READ THIS TESTIMONIAL

"Vancouver, Jan. 26, 1926. "Dear Sirs: During the past year I have suffered from a number of complications of ill-health, including rheumatism, kidney trouble, loss of vitality, together with a feeling of general depression and debility.

"Having heard of the Magnetic Healer, I decided to take a course of treatment. Since the first application I have experienced a steady recovery until at last I found myself in better condition than I have been for many years.

Accept my sincere thanks, please, and I trust you will meet with much success in the good work which has already proven itself in the alleviation of suffering humanity.

"Yours very truly

"ALF TOWN"

MAGNETIC HEALER COMPANY
Head Office, Suite 814, Standard Bank Bldg., Vancouver, B.C.
Branch Agents: Mrs. E. M. Robinson, Hansen St., cor. Orchard, Penticton, Phone 327L3; Mrs. Geo. Gray, First Bench on Lake-Front, Summerland; W. R. Bartlett, Postmaster, Naramata.

FOR SALE

The Arnett Ranch

\$10,000.00

WHAT CASH HAVE YOU?

In capable hands this ranch will prove a profitable investment.

Apply W. ARNETT, Dauphin, Man.

YOU'LL LAUGH

TILL IT HURTS

at Reginald Denny in

SKINNER'S DRESS SUIT

Friday and Saturday, Feb. 4 and 5

This Friday and Saturday we also have a News Reel

And then Next Friday and Saturday, 11th and 12th, we again have

REGINALD DENNY in

"What Happened to Jones"

Oh, nothing much. A police raid drove him into a ladies' Turkish bath, then into women's clothes, then into another man's clothes, then into a church where his best girl was being married to his worst friend. Outside of all that it was still quite a day for Reginald Denny.

Rialto

THEATRE

West Summerland

LOCAL HAPPENINGS

L. Beavis left on Monday for Twin Butte, where he is working in the C.P.R. office.

Mr. Steeves came up from Oliver and is spending a few days in town renewing acquaintances.

D. L. Sutherland, H. Scott, W. L. McPherson and Mrs. Beggs have all rented their places to Japanese this year.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Elsey, who have been spending the winter at the coast, returned to Summerland Wednesday night.

Mrs. Snider, Mrs. Dale's sister, underwent a serious operation at Mayo Brothers' sanatorium, and is reported to be doing nicely.

Summerland senior C basketball team are making a trip over to Princeton on Saturday to do battle with the seniors over there.

Mr. W. Hodge returned during the week from Seattle, where he has been spending the winter.

Mrs. R. Johnstone had the misfortune to slip and hurt her ankle on the steps of her home, and has been laid up for a few days.

Mr. J. R. Campbell has sold his lot opposite the G.W.V.A. hall, to Mr. J. J. Montgomery, who is going to make his home here, coming in from the prairie.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Hunter have moved into their new home up at the Farm, and Mr. and Mrs. Palmer will move into the house formerly occupied by them.

We have to report that Mr. Cooper has informed us that there are two vacant houses in Peach Orchard. Last week we reported that all houses there were occupied.

Mr. Cyril Taylor spent a few days in town at his home here, coming in from Brookmere where he is employed on the K.V.R. He reports that it was 43 degrees below zero there last week.

A meeting of the Okanagan District Association of B. C. for advancing the interests of the seed potato growers was held in Kelowna Thursday. Mr. R. V. Agur was appointed local representative, Mr. Ricardo de Vernon was appointed chairman, and Ben Hoy secretary.

It is estimated that the value of the metal output at Trail smelter during 1926 reached nearly \$38,000,000. This is nearly six times greater than it was in 1921. There has been a big increase in the Lardet and a larger one is expected with the opening of spring.

Mr. Grant left on a business trip to the coast during the week.

Mr. John Tait was at the potato growers' convention in Kelowna last week.

The two hockey games scheduled for last Thursday will be played Monday night. There will be skating afterwards.

Traffic is again opening up on the lakeshore road to Kelowna, but is still a little rough. Quite a few cars went over the road this week.

Walter's will probably be cleared of all fruit by the end of the week, packers having been working there for the last two or three weeks.

Fred Dunsdon had the misfortune to break his nose at basketball practice on Thursday. The services of Dr. Vanderburgh were necessary and Fred is now getting along fine.

When you think there is no skating the ice is at its best. Skate to music Wednesday, Friday and Saturday nights. The flag at Mac's is your guide.

The Baptist church held its annual meeting on Wednesday of this week are considering a call for a permanent pastor on the completion of the new parsonage. A better report than last year was given for the year's work.

FIFTEEN YEARS AGO

The pupils of the town school were gathering pussy willows to take to school in the school rigs.

The Players of Summerland had gone up to Kelowna and had successfully put on their play, "The Truth."

Mr. W. Carter of Moncton, N. B., arrived in town and joined the staff of the Borton Plumbing Co.

Red Apple Valley was opened up as a townsite and the name Meadow Valley was to pass from common use. A townsite was laid out on S. R. Darke's property, to be called Appledale.

The Okanagan College put on a concert, making use of the musical department. Club swinging, parallel bars, etc., and a skit "College Student's Room" gave a variety to the programme that was much appreciated.

The school inspector was having quite a time getting the school conveniences to run properly and there were quite a few opposed to the central school idea. He had a meeting with the teachers and the school board.

Word had been received that Mr. J. Rowley, the proprietor of the local jewelry store, was coming west about the first of April and would take charge of the jewelry store which Mr. Orr had been managing for him. Mr. Orr was going on to his orchard in the spring.

REVIEW FOUND IN ENGLAND

Mr. A. J. Lambert, Reigate, Surrey, Had Two Copies of Review Missing from Our Files

Mr. A. J. Lambert of Reigate, Surrey, Eng., who used to live in Summerland, notified our request for lost copies of the Review and hunting them up from among his copies, he sent them to us for our files. He regrets that his copy of August 13, another number that is missing from our files, did not reach him, or he would have sent it. Along with them he sent us a calendar of Reigate Park which we much appreciate. He sent his New Year's greetings to his friends here, many of whom remember his stay among them.

We appreciate very much being able to get these copies into our files, and if any one far or near has a copy of August 13 we would appreciate being able to place it on our files.

NELS NELSON WILL ATTEND CARNIVAL

Programmes are out for the thirteenth annual winter carnival at Revelstoke, February 15-18. Nels Nelson, the famous world record smasher, will attend and give examples of his skiing feats. His record on Revelstoke Hill in 1925 was 240 feet. A splendid list of competitions for each day has been compiled, with the long distance championship of B. C. included.

On the opening day there will be a Fancy Ice Masque with a band in attendance and general skating for the public. Cups, shields and other valuable trophies will be presented as prizes in the various contests. The annual ball will be held Wednesday when prizes will be distributed. Other interesting items for Thursday and Friday have been arranged.

CHAMPIONSHIP SAWING TEST

Cut Through 59 - Inch Log in 12 Minutes—Second Prize Cut in 14 Minutes

Some of the boys in the woods this winter who want to try their skill with the saw might like to see how they measure up to the winners of the Oregon champion sawing contest.

H. A. Holloway won the first prize. The log he was required to attack was 59 1/4 inches in diameter and he went through it in 12 minutes and 40 seconds. The second prize was won by Byron Martindale, taking him 14 minutes and 1 second to get through.

They had their saws in shape for the job, in fact a big saw manufacturing company got behind the contest for the benefit of the advertising, and supplied them with two of their best saws. The kind of tree is not mentioned in the reports circulated, but judging from the photographs they were pine.

ICE CARNIVAL GREAT SUCCESS

Costumes Numerous—Ice in Splendid Shape—Large Crowd

Another very successful ice carnival was held at the rink last Friday, a large number being present to enjoy the ice, which was in splendid condition. Costumes were numerous and novel in design and the judges were hard put to pick the winning costume. Music greatly helped to enliven the occasion, and additional lights made a great improvement. Many expressed the hope that the cold weather would last for a while yet, so that another carnival could be held in the near future.

Following is a list of the prize winners in the various events:

Costumes
Girls, first, Miss R. Haddrell; second Miss E. Theed; third, Miss M. Hookham.

Ladies, first, Miss Cartwright; second, Miss Wallock; third, Miss Holder. **Men's**, first, Mr. Dodwell; second, Mr. Butler; third, M. Rippon.

Boys under 15, first, J. Blewett; second, Sandy Smith; third, Dick Benmore.

Races
Men's open—First, E. Blewett; second, A. Johnston.

Scouts won relay from Tuxis.

Girls under 15—First, Miss D. Nield; second, Miss M. Hookham.

In the doubles race, gentleman pushing lady, Miss J. de Pencier with her brother, of Penticton, secured first prize.

THE CORPORATION OF THE DISTRICT OF SUMMERLAND BY-LAW No. 232

A By-law of the Corporation of the District of Summerland in the Province of British Columbia, to Authorize the Municipal Council of Said Corporation to Alter, Improve, Repair, Rebuild or Reconstruct Parts of the Irrigation System of Said Corporation.

Whereas the said Corporation is in possession of and owns moneys raised by it in and from its general revenues, and not required to pay any existing liabilities of said Corporation, and not expended.

And Whereas it is deemed advisable to expend Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) of said moneys in altering, improving, repairing, rebuilding or reconstructing parts of its irrigation system aforesaid and such expenditure is a lawful purpose for which said Corporation may borrow and expend moneys.

And Whereas it is deemed advisable to obtain the consent of the Electors of said Corporation to such expenditure.

Therefore be it enacted and it is hereby enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the District of Summerland as follows:

1. That it shall be lawful for the said Council to expend the said sum of Ten Thousand Dollars, (\$10,000.00) for the purpose of altering, improving, repairing, rebuilding or reconstructing parts of said irrigation system.

2. That this By-law shall before the final passing thereof receive the assent of the Electors of said Corporation in the manner provided for in the Municipal Act.

3. This By-law may be cited for all purposes as the "Irrigation Works Approval By-law 1927."

Done and passed by the said Municipal Council the Second day of February, 1927.

Received the assent of the Electors of the said The Corporation of the District of Summerland the day of 1927.

Reconsidered and finally passed and adopted by the said Municipal Council, signed by the Reeve and Clerk, and sealed with the Municipal Seal the day of 1927.

Reeve, Clerk

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed bylaw upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at Summerland Review Office, Summerland, B.C., and Municipal Office, West Summerland, B.C., on Friday, 18th February, 1927, between the hours of 8 o'clock a.m. and 8 o'clock p.m.

F. J. NIXON, Municipal Clerk

Public notice is hereby given that the vote of the Electors of the Municipality of Summerland will be taken on the above mentioned by-law at the time and places above mentioned, and that F. J. Nixon has been appointed Returning Officer to take the votes of such electors.

CORPORATION OF THE DISTRICT OF SUMMERLAND
R. Johnston, Reeve
F. J. Nixon, Clerk

5-2-c



WINTER IS NOT OVER

You need more

COAL & WOOD

We sell Drumheller for it burns Out Clean

SMITH & HENRY

2-1f-c

MOISTURE IN THE INCUBATOR

The Use of Saturated Pads Hung Above Eggs Gave Increased Hatches

In the drier sections of Canada, and especially where low temperatures prevail in the early spring, great difficulty is experienced in getting good hatches, due to an insufficiency of moisture in the incubator. It has been found that any considerable decrease from the normal moisture content of the machine causes the air to draw too much moisture from the egg, with the result that the shell membrane becomes tough and dry and cannot be broken by the chicks at the time of hatching. Under such circumstances it is essential that moisture be supplied liberally if a normal hatch is to be obtained.

By far the most important method of assuring a sufficient supply of moisture in incubation is that of supplying water in the incubator itself. It is absolutely necessary in attempting to correct humidity in an incubator that some accurate method of recording the relative humidity of the machine be employed and the simplest method is to use a wet-bulb hygrometer. A

relative humidity of from 50 to 60 per cent has consistently given the best results. It is better to err on the side of too much than too little moisture.

One method in general use consists in placing water pans or trays of wet sand in the bottom of the incubator. Under ordinary circumstances sufficient moisture is supplied by this method. Experiments were carried on at Lethbridge and at the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, in which moisture was supplied by using pads made of thin boards wrapped to a thickness of about one inch with cheese-cloth or burlap, dipped in water and suspended above the eggs. The relative humidity was controlled by the frequency of moistening these pads. Since the air above the eggs is hotter than that below, its capacity for absorption of moisture is greater, and the maximum amount of moisture should be supplied at that point. The slightly cooled and moist air around the pads slowly settles to the bottom of the machine and a fresh supply of hot air is constantly coming in contact with the pads. The eggs, being surrounded by the moisture laden air, give up less of their moisture to the air, and a more nearly normal hatch is the result.

At Lethbridge relative humidity of the incubator was increased from 39 per cent with moisture pans only, to 56 per cent with pads above the eggs and the percentage of eggs hatched from 42 per cent to 76 per cent respectively.

CLEARANCE SALE OF

Rubbers

For Men, Women and Children

A. B. Elliott

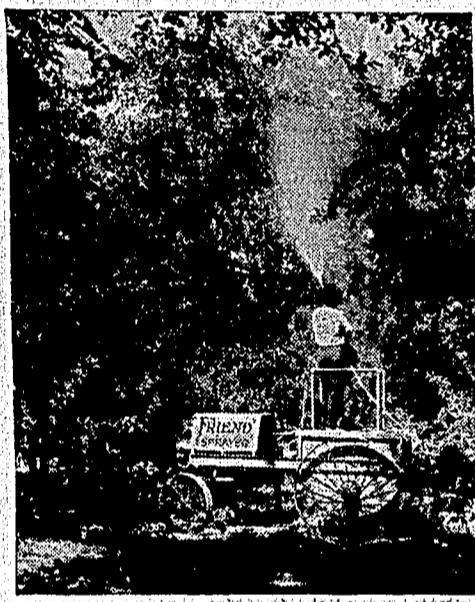
The Man Who Saves You \$ \$ \$ \$

"FRIEND" Power Sprayers

How About 1927?

Do You Want to Spray Better and Cut the Cost

Low down type, short turning, easy draft — pumps steady high pressure, light weight — plungers and valves easily accessible—very simple and sturdily built throughout.



—Write for Catalogue—

G. H. Jameson & Co. Ltd.

Sole Agents, Penticton, B. C.

The British Columbia Nurseries Company, Ltd.

Growers of

Reliable Fruit Trees, Bushes Ornamental Trees, Shrubs and Roses

District Agent.....R. ARNOTT
Local Agent.....W. SIMPSON

Our Specialty:
One-year-old trees on three-year whole roots.
Our Ideal:
A Satisfied Customer is the Best Ad.

PIN THIS IN YOUR PHONE BOOK

New Phones, Dec. 11, 1926

582 Agona, F. 741 McDonald, T. J.
517 Bays, W. 563 Road, Rev.
876 Davis, S. R. 577 Reynolds, H.
372 Hopkins, F. 102 Rutherford, J. W., res.
746 Hunt, E. 078 Whitfield, T.
352 Inglis Exchange 517 Wilson, Clarkson
132 Latimer, Dr. V. E. 706 Garnett, T. J.

Phones Taken Out

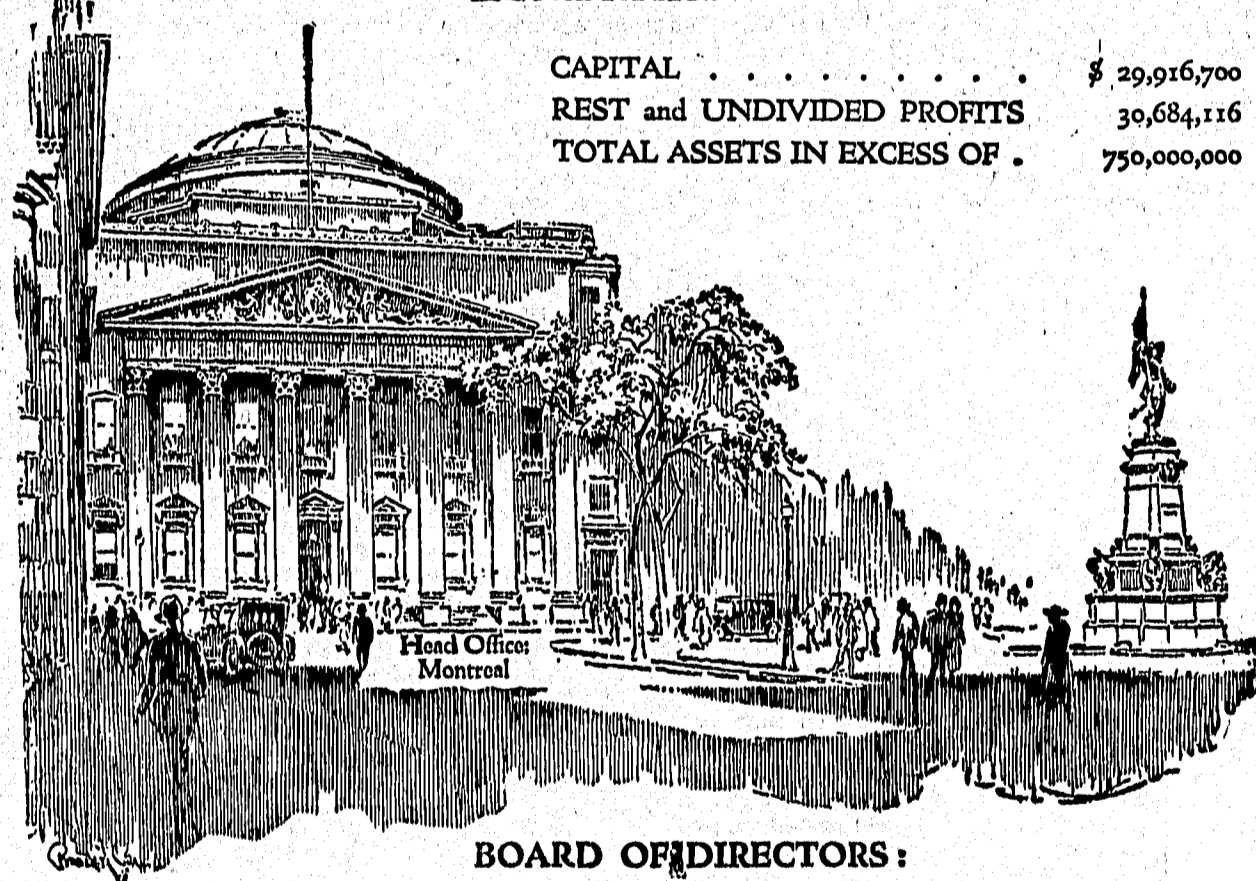
785 Barkwell, T. H. 675 Ibbotson, A.
805 Bear, A. J., res. 622 Pentland, A.
924 Estabrooke, Mrs.

Summerland Telephone Co.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817

CAPITAL \$ 29,916,700
REST AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS 30,684,116
TOTAL ASSETS IN EXCESS OF . 750,000,000



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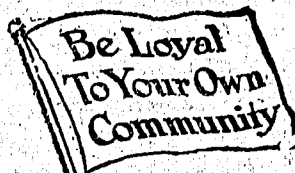
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The Bank has over 600 Offices in Canada, Newfoundland, United States, Mexico; at London, England, and at Paris, France, with Correspondents in all Countries, offering exceptional facilities in all departments of General and Foreign Banking Business.

The Bank of Montreal holds an interest in Barclays Bank (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas), formerly The Colonial Bank, and by reason of this association is able to offer its clients close competitive rates and complete banking service for business with the West Indies, among the important advantages offered being facilities for obtaining accurate local information.



VOL. XIX.—No. 6.

RADIO LECTURE FROM K. P. O. INTERESTS SUMMERLAND GROWERS

Insects Need Sprays, But Sprays Need More Careful Dilution—One Pest Beats Hen No. 6 and Lays 1,000 Eggs—Locusts Work 16 Years on Roots, then Work Hay

Radio lectures of interest to fruit growers were on the air Wednesday evening from K.P.O. Two of these had reference to insect troubles. A very serious pest is threatening the cotton and prune industry and requires diligence and common sense in combating. The growers were urged to spray both bearing and younger trees and the strength of the spray, especially if lime sulphur is used, needed very careful supervision. The address had much in it of value to Summerland growers. The speaker cautioned orchardists about carefully investigating to see if the buds were actually in a dormant state before the spray was applied. Arsenical spray, he said, should never be put on in summer, except under the supervision of a very competent authority.

Mr. Theo. D. Irwin, the entomologist of California, gave a splendid address on insects that is of local interest, too. There are, he stated, thousands of insects that prey on fruit, but insects also invade other industries, such as lumber, cotton, oil and other lines. Altogether, he stated that the insect was man's most deadly enemy and most serious foe.

Insects are combated in various stages of their development. He described the locusts. Sixteen years ago, he said, the locust fed on roots of plants and then came out to work the dead and have in the seventeenth year of the cycle. Thus pests operate various times for successful extermination, and they may be combated in stages of development while they are not working injury. A single scale insect of some species produces 1000 eggs and even millions have been produced by one single individual. A single insect might have twenty-five generations in a season and millions to the generation.

Thoroughness in every respect was essential for a few insects hiding in bark or rubbish and escaping would undo a lot of hard expensive work.

Do not spray unless you have a real necessity was another caution he gave. Because Bill Smith found it to pay him to spray, that it would pay this year, Joe Brown to spray his cots. At this time of year pear blisters might be controlled with a mild solution of lime sulphur, he stated, but a definite proportion must be used or as much damage as good would result.

MAGIC, VAUDEVILLE AND FUN SHOW COMING TO WEST-SUMMERLAND

Manager Lockwood has made arrangements with Joe Marks, brother of the well known comedian, Tom Marks, for the appearance in the Rialto Theatre, West Summerland, for three nights and Saturday matinee, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, February 17-18-19, of the Bert Johnston Magic, Vaudeville and Fun Show. This company never plays less than three night stands and never fails to please. Leaving Ontario on April 5th, 1926, playing continuously ever since, four weeks in Toronto, seven weeks between Toronto and Winnipeg; eight weeks in Winnipeg, three weeks between Regina and Regina; twelve nights in Regina and all the principal towns in northern Saskatchewan and Alberta, nine nights in Calgary and now on the way to the coast. Owing to having three open nights to fill before making connecting time, this company will appear at Summerland, changing their entertainment each performance and Saturday matinee.

Salvati, the Card King, who was assistant to Houdini, exposes gambling and has other acts, and Marcel and the World's Greatest Mentalist, and the only woman who foretold the end of the World War and the correct day of the signing of the Armistice. Bert Johnston, an acknowledged by the profession to be the greatest of modern magicians, and with other members of the noted aggregation, will give each evening double the worth of the small price of admission. You might ask how it can be done for such a cheap price. Well, the way it can be done is by packing the theatre each evening. A special matinee will be given Saturday. Punch and Judy, Royal Marionettes, and Johnston's Wooden-Headed Family.

POULTRY FLOCK IMPROVEMENT

Chas. A. Marshall Adds Record Maker Barred Rocks to Pens This Week

Summerland has always had a pride in securing good stock for its poultry yards. Last fall several very good birds were imported and now Mr. C. Marshall has brought in some more. He secured this week from Agassiz a cockerel from the Barred Rocks there that is from a pedigreed hen that laid 229 eggs. His sire's dam laid 278 eggs. Another one he also received is from a hen that laid 217 eggs and his sire was a full brother of last year's world's champion hen that laid 325 eggs.

Such importations as these are really worth while in the eyes of the poultry fanciers here and a marked improvement is looked for in egg production as a result of such good stock being added to the flocks this spring.

SMALL INVESTORS AID INDUSTRY BY BOND PURCHASES

Since the beginning of the war a great change has taken place in the financing of industry. Before the war small investors were either content with the 8 per cent they secured from savings banks or took a flyer in real estate. The war loans, however, were a great factor in educating them to the possibility of more profit with absolute safety.

Today the small investor knows the great possibility for profit in helping to finance local industries. An instance of this was the enthusiastic support given the first issue of Pacific Ceylon First Preference. The fact that during the first 4-12 months of operation the earnings were sufficient to pay 7 per cent on the preferred shares, \$3 on every share of common stock and place an amount annually to a depreciation fund that in 15 years would be enough to replace the fleet brand new, is sufficient to show that the confidence placed in this company was deserved.

It is understood that a further small block of the original issue has been placed on the market at the old price of \$100 and accrued dividends with bonus of 1 share common stock with each 4 shares preference.

The buildings used by Ritchie's lumber yards, on the corner opposite the packing house at West Summerland, have been moved to the rear of G. Inglis' shop.

OBITUARY

With the passing from our midst of Mr. Mark Normandale Scarran there goes one of those quiet, sociable men who makes his friends wherever his lot may be cast. His friendliness will be greatly missed in the many organizations to which he belonged.

He was born in 1885. Came to Canada from England and located in Hoxton, Ont., and five years ago came to Summerland. He was enlisted up for service during the World War in 1914 and served until May, 1919. He has been a patient sufferer, in declining health, for about a year.

Being of such a sociable nature, he naturally joined many organizations. He was a member of the Canadian Order of Foresters in Hoxton; held a Rebelok degree in the National B.C. and was a loyal and true member of the Odd Fellows here.

He leaves his wife and two boys, and his brother Philip of Summerland. His parents, three brothers and three sisters are in the old land, while still another brother is in Ontario, and a brother and sister in New Zealand and a sister in Australia.

The Veterans and Odd Fellows together took the responsibility of arranging the last services, which were conducted by the Rev. H. Solly, Interment was made in the Anglican cemetery on Thursday afternoon. Veterans and Odd Fellows who acted as pall-bearers were Ned Bentley, Capt. Temple, Wm. Beattie, W. Blothe, G. W. Anderson and A. J. F. Anderson.

TWO HUNDRED KILLED IN OPORTO FIGHTING

London, Feb. 10.—Two hundred persons were killed in the fighting at Oporto says a Daily Mail despatch from Vigo quoting a newly arrived traveller from the centre of the Portuguese revolt.

Many of the most important buildings in Oporto among them the public library and post office were destroyed during the fighting in the streets.

TWO GAMES OF ICE HOCKEY

Good Play and Clean Games—Old Hands With the Stick Make the Game Interesting

Two very snappy games of hockey were played at the Summerland rink on Monday night. The ice was in A1 condition and fast play was shown in both games.

The first game, between the high school and the public school, ended in a draw for the star. The high school played good combination but lacked the shooting eye. The public school were the lighter team but were better stick handlers. McPherson, of the public school was the star of their team, netting five of the goals scored, while R. Taylor and G. Haddrell each netted one. Harwood, G. Laidlaw and R. Blewett were the pick of the high school team.

The second game, between Garnet Valley and Town teams, was a hard fought battle from the start. The two goals were both scored within five minutes of the start of the game.

In this game many of the old-time hockey players were again seen in action. Amongst them were Danie Rutherford (old-time goalie), Ernest Adams, William Snow, Harry Howis, whilst Billie White and A. Richards, although never seen in action before in Summerland, showed that they had handled a hockey stick many times before.

Both teams played good clean hockey and no penalties were given. For the Garnet Valley team the two Dundas boys and I. Adams played fast hockey on the forward line, while E. Adams and Bill Snow made a formidable defence. Even if the town team penetrated this defence, they still had to deal with Danny Rutherford, who time after time stopped what looked like sure goals.

For the Town team, Arthur McRoberts, G. Blewett, B. Taylor and Abe Richards played the most outstanding game. The puck was carried many times by the Town forward line right into the Garnet Valley goal-mouth, but only once did it enter. The Town guards, B. White, H. Howis and Dennis Nield played a strong guard game, not to mention some very good saves made by their goalie, Shannon Snow.

It is hoped that the draw can be played off before the ice disappears. Much credit is due to Mr. Charles Wharton for his hard work in organizing these games.

MALE VOICE CHOIR STARTED

Canadian Legion Organizes Choir to Compete in Musical Festival

Another phase of musical endeavor was organized this week under the auspices of the Summerland Post of the Canadian Legion, when officers were appointed for a male voice choir.

Mr. F. Mossop was unanimously elected conductor, and with J. R. Campbell, president; P. Knowles, secretary, and Messrs. Booth and Beavis forming the committee.

Practices are being held on Sunday afternoon for the present, and it is the intention to compete in the Okanagan Valley Musical Festival next spring. A few more tenor voices will be welcomed.

The Canadian Legion is to be congratulated for its initiative in this matter, especially as all expense of providing music, etc., will be borne by the organization. No doubt the people of Summerland will be able to hear some results of the work of the choir in the near future.

YOUNG PEOPLE ACHIEVED LEAD SERVICE

St. Andrew's Church Devoted Last Sunday to Young People's Training

On Sunday the sixth of February, 1927, being Father and Son, and Mother and Daughter Week, the C.S.E.T. and C.G.I.T. took charge of the service in St. Andrew's United Church, West Summerland. The C.G.I.T. in uniform acted as choir, while the Tuxis and Trail Rangers occupied the front pews. Miss Lorna Sutherland presided at the organ. Miss Laura Smith led in the responsive reading. Gerald Laidlaw announced the hymns. Leslie Gould gave readings of the Scriptures. The address, "from the point of view of the C.G.I.T." was delivered by Miss Marjorie King, who also spoke of their aim and work. John Cummings was the speaker on the aim and work of the C.S.E.T. The choir sang "Follow the Gleam" as an anthem. A fitting part of the service was the baptism of the baby girl of Mr. and Mrs. Jack Kirk. A large and appreciative congregation listened with pleasure to the young people. The Japanese minister from Kelowna gave an address to the Sunday school on Japanese missions.

ICE HARVEST COMPLETED

Ten Inches Thick This Year at Reservoir—200 Tons Cut

Last week the ice harvest up at the reservoir was finished and Mr. R. Mitchell reports that it was a very satisfactory year. Something like 200 tons altogether were cut and hauled down. Some of it got as far as West Summerland on sleighs, but a good deal of it came by trucks and wheels.

There was no harvest in 1924 nor in 1926, both years being very mild so that ice did not form even as high up as the reservoir. This year four cold nights allowed the cold to settle down there and a good clear out of about ten inches was the result.

As the cold spell only lasted a few days those who were alert got theirs and the others went without.

PEACHLAND

The Peachland local is getting ready to start the pack of the storage apples and get them on the market.

Mr. Cadmore received another carload of feed this week, replenish his stock.

The library committee of the Women's Institute is busy getting ready for the Valentine tea and sale of library books which they are holding on Valentine day.

Mrs. P. N. Dorland spent the week out of town visiting friends in Penticton.

At the Baptist church on Sunday last Mr. Watts of Kelowna took the regular service owing to the illness of the regular pastor, Mr. Thornhor.

The school board filled the vacant seat on the board by electing Mr. R. H. Huxton at their last meeting.

Mrs. Frances Clements recently returned home from Vancouver where she enjoyed a splendid visit for six weeks. After about two months at home she expects to return to the city.

Mr. Rutherford, representative of the Creolin Mount firm of suitors, spent part of the week in town auditing the books of the Peachland Fruit Growers Union, getting ready for the annual statement and annual meeting.

BRITISH TROOPS FOR CHINA

Two Battalions Are Expected to Arrive at Shanghai Tomorrow

INDIAN TROOPS WILL GO DIRECT

Warships Concentrating in Trouble Area

(Special to The Herald)

Shanghai, Feb. 10.—Two battalions of British troops are expected here tomorrow to reinforce the British defence force. They are composed of Gloucestershire and Durham men who left Hong Kong on Wednesday.

Two battalions of Indian troops from Calcutta, scheduled to arrive in Hong Kong today, continued on their way to this port without stopping. Three hundred American marines from the Philippines arrived here today and are being quartered on American owned property.

There will be 16,000 British soldiers, as well as a large number of warships, quartered in this area shortly.

Naval wireless reports say that Chinese troops had first fired on British steamers in the neighborhood of Ichang, a Yangtze port above Hankow.

GRAND SUCCESS ACHIEVED

Mutual Life Has Record Year—Places Many Large Policies

There are several large Canadian life insurance companies as strong as any in the world. They have made wonderful progress in improving the type of policies and in making the greatest dividend earners in the world. Among these the Mutual Life of Canada has made wonderful progress and achieved a record of which they may be justly proud. We are this week publishing their fifty-seventh annual statement, which shows the largest net earnings in the history of the company. It has indeed been a crowning year for them.

Life insurance, like some other business ventures, has made tremendous advancement in recent years. The way in which it has held out a much needed safeguard to business men that they might safeguard their investments, is most creditable. It has prevented the blighted groping done in the past and given a feeling of security that liberated men from carrying an oppressive load, to devoting energies to constructive business. The Mutual Life has this year placed several very large business men's policies, among which is one of the largest written by this company, on the life of Mr. H. C. Hatch for \$1,000,000, with an initial premium of \$86,000, which shows the confidence business men are placing in this company.

CHAMPIONSHIP GOLF CONTEST

Thos. B. Young Visits Coast—Will Play Holder of Washington Honors

Mr. Thos. B. Young is taking advantage of the winter holidays to visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Young, at the coast. While there he has accepted a challenge to play the holder of a championship golf standing of the state of Washington, Mr. R. Hein.

Mr. Young, who has always been enthusiastic over his sports as well as his work, will no doubt uphold the honor of the Summerland Golf Club. Mr. Hein used to be a resident of the valley and the contest will be keenly enjoyed by both participants.

BRIDGET SAYS

A cake change that is appreciated by the young folks for its looks and by the older ones for its taste is

Marble Cake

White part—2 cups sugar, 1 cup sweet milk, 4 teaspoons baking powder, 1 teaspoon salt, 1 cup shortening, 4 cups flour, whites of 7 eggs.

Brown part—Yolks of 7 eggs, 1 cup molasses, 1 cup shortening, 5 cups flour, 2 cups brown sugar, 1 cup sour milk, 1 1/2 teaspoons soda, 1 teaspoon salt.

When the batter is mixed drop by alternating spoonfuls from each into the baking pan. This recipe makes two good sized cakes.

For a desert that is much enjoyed by

Raisin Lemon Pie

One tablespoon butter, 1 cup raisins, 1 large lemon, (juice and rind), 3/4 teaspoon salt, 2 tablespoons cornstarch, 1 cup sugar, 1 cup boiling water, 1 egg.

Melt butter in saucepan, add raisins, sugar, cornstarch, salt and lemon. Stir well and pour on boiling water. Let cook until thick, stirring all the time. When thick add egg well beaten, and cook between crusts until the pastry is brown.

Some of our readers were wondering what Revlon a couple of the extracts we copied last week, were from. There is another Revlon published in B.C. It is on the North Shore and has only been printing a short time.

—

Miss Laura McLaughlin is home for a visit. She has been having a pretty strenuous time in training at Jubilee. The recent winter sickness on the coast made quite an extra demand on the hospital staff and her holiday will be appreciated.

FIRE ALARM ON THURSDAY

House Used as Storage Building Destroyed by Fire

Fire alarms were under discussion at Thursday's council meeting, and they had scarcely finished their debate when the church bell called West Summerland to a fire at Mr. Elsey's house next the packing house. This has only been used as a storage building for tool and orchard boxes, etc.

Whatever started the fire is not known, but it was on the inside and had a good start before being noticed. The alarm soon had fighters on hand and a stream was turned on from a hydrant close by. In a few minutes they had it under control. There was a splendid force, showing what can be done in the winter time when a fire gets a start.

There was some hay in one corner of the house and this started up a second time and had to receive a thorough drenching.

As the building was not occupied it was uninsured.

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SR. "C" TEAM WIN AT PRINCETON

Locals Win 20-15 in Fast Game at Princeton on Saturday Night

The local "C" team, accompanied by "Lee" McLaughlin (as mascot) took a jaunt over to Princeton last Saturday via K.V.R., to tangle with the huskies of that mineralized village.

A preliminary game between Allenby and Princeton ladies resulted in a win for the latter; good shooting and nice passing on the part of Misses Coles and McPhee having a great deal to do with Princeton's victory.

Our game started at 9:30, with Mr. Sismey blowing into the whistle. The floor was rather slithery, which hampered us from carrying out our regular style of play, and to say the least our shooting was erratic. There wasn't a dull moment in the game, both teams getting good support from the large crowd of fans who kept up one continual howl. The boys found great difficulty in breaking through the Princeton defence and had to work the ball near the basket with individual effort. On one of these occasions C. Ritchie took a little ride on his ear in the direction of the stove, and was only saved from cremation by the feet of the fans. "Cammie" is also convinced that his head isn't quite as hard as the wall, and was very aggravated at not being able to find an odd square inch of skin that was scraped off his shoulder. Irving and Doney proved a very sturdy defence, and the majority of our opponents' points were obtained by long shots. Broderick and Clark were the main scorers for Princeton, while "Doc" Smith, who played guard, and an old veteran of the game, was a hard man to pass and played a very steady game.

For Summerland George Fudge slipped over three very neat baskets and worked in his usual neat passing to perfection. We returned home on the 4 o'clock train, each carrying a mark of the fray but nevertheless we had a raking time and all craved to make the same trip again.

The final score was in Summerland's favor, and was made up as follows: Ritchie, 6; Fudge, 6; McAlpine, 7; Adams, 1; A. Wilson.

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LOCAL COURT OF REVISION SITS

Several Appeals Made and Debate to be Continued on Saturday

As a general rule, one expects some interesting debating at the Court of Revision, but Thursday's sitting was not very lively. Only a few appeared but they presented quite a few requests, and some slight alterations were made. An adjourned meeting will be held on Saturday.

Mr. W. C. Kelley represented several clients with claims for adjustment in the lower town. The loss of the hotel there has made such a difference in business and business site values that readjustments had to be made, was Mr. Kelley's argument. He also presented a number of other requests which were allowed or left for further consideration.

Mr. Logie appeared for the Development company with a long list. His letter advising of intention of presenting an appeal never reached the assessor. The council allowed him to speak, however, in explanation, and his appeals will be up for consideration on Saturday.

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O'FARRELL OF THE PRINCESS PATS

A STORY OF THE GREAT WAR

(By J. Williamson)

(All Rights Reserved)

(Continued from last week.)

CHAPTER VI

Sailing of the Armada
The Canadian Armada sailed down the St. Lawrence from Quebec, the largest collection of ocean liners and warships ever gathered together on the American side of the Atlantic. The embarkation of horses, guns, ammunition, medical supplies and all the necessary paraphernalia for such a large body of men was carried out with success. To the most minute detail not a thing was forgotten that would add to the comfort or safety of the army. Assembled in Gaspé Bay, the mighty fleet was overhauled by officers of the Royal Navy, who gave strict instructions to the various captains with regard to the course to be pursued on the voyage and the order in which the vessels were to move.

In the grey of an October day the signal was given to leave anchor. Cheers rent the air as the stately ships gracefully left their moorings, and three abreast, proudly turned their bows in the direction of the motherland. Leading the way were H.M.S. Charybdis, Diana and Eclipse, with the Suffolk and the Glory on the flanks. The battle cruiser Queen Mary acted as rear guard to the fleet. Numerous ugly-looking little warships circled around the ships at great speed. Later it became known they were scouts and fast torpedo boats on the lookout for suspicious craft or submarines. Of the latter it was rumored there were several in the Atlantic waiting an opportunity to attack any transport unlucky enough to become detached from the fleet. Little chance was given for such a disaster, as the vessels were herded together, the speed of the convoy being regulated by that of the slowest boat, and all were governed by the ever-watchful cruisers.

As the shores of Canada gradually receded and the highlands of the coast sank slowly beneath the waters of the Atlantic, the spirits of the men became subdued. Many were thinking of the homes and dear ones they had left behind, and a pardonable pang entered their hearts as they reviewed the scant prospect of their ever returning to the bosom of their families. Thousands were to lay their lives at the feet of the Empire within a few short months. Others were to see their beloved ones again, but their home-coming was to be that of the cripple and the invalid victim of foul gases. Many were destined to be lost amid the churned land of Flanders, where their bones were to lie bleached and broken, their blood to nourish the soil of the land for whose freedom it was freely spilled.

For the first three days O'Farrell had little time to nurse his sorrow. His duties kept him constantly busy. Arrangements for the comfort of his men had to be made and many difficulties in providing quarters had to be overcome. The Gramplan, to which transport his company had been assigned, was a comparatively old vessel. She had been employed for years as a passenger steamer between Glasgow and Quebec. She had been gutted to provide sufficient room for transport purposes, and her two lower decks were opened from end to end of the ship. Her steady sailing qualities had been proved and those who were at sea for the first time in their lives were thankful for their quarters when they became aware of the discomforts on board some of the ships, and the inconvenience several sections of the contingent had to be satisfied with. Sea sickness was fairly rife at the commencement of the voyage, but a bright October sun and a smooth sea greeting them on the fourth day out, the spirits of the men rose as they were able to partake of food and to join in the fun and gambols of their comrades.

O'Farrell was confined to his cabin for two days with a bad attack of "mal-de-mer," but, thanks to the constant care of his orderly, he also was able to appear on deck among his fellow officers. He received their chaff with a wan smile of satisfaction because he knew they too had suffered similar affliction. He lolled at his ease most of the day, watching the sunbeams as they burst from behind the cloud-banks and touched the rippling sea with a golden finger.

In the afternoon he heard the lookout proclaiming the proximity of an iceberg away to the west. It lay almost in their path, its fairy-like minarets, peaks and pinnacles glistening in the sun like massive diamonds. Its lower section castellated and some like the steel structures scattered over that Europe towards which his face was turned. As they approached the berg the colors constantly changed. Each sun ray struck some new angle and prisms the lights until the reflections as of a thousand rainbows were cast from its opaline surface.

"Ugh," shuddered Wright, who was standing beside O'Farrell, "icebergs always remind me of the Titanic. They are beautiful to see in the sunshine, but deadly, creeping, overwhelming death in the night."

Phillip turned to the speaker, a look of enquiry in his eyes. "I was aboard the liner when she met her fate," explained the orderly. "Never shall I forget that terrible night. A moment before we struck we were playing cards and listening to the band on board. Hardly a tremor passed through the ship as she tilted by the berg. We did not know then that the steel plates had been stripped from her sides, stripped as the skin from the hand of a man might be. A few hours later nothing was left of her save a few pieces of floating wreckage."

"How did you come to be saved?" asked Phillip, a tinge of suspicion just apparent in his voice. "Oh!" replied the other carelessly. "You imagine, knowing of some of my later days into the hands with the women and children. Well, I did not. I had one with me that I loved dearer than my life—then, she was in her cabin

when the ship collided. I found her, wrapped her in my overcoat, placed a life-belt around her and forced them to give her a place in the last boat to leave the sinking vessel."

"Well!" queried O'Farrell once more, "and how did you manage to escape?"

His admiration for the man was gradually overcoming the repugnance created by his attack on the girl in the "Lure."

"Well!" repeated Wright in truly characteristic Canadian. "That's all there is to it. When the ship went down I went with it. When I returned to the surface I struck a piece of furniture—a bookcase, I think it was—and held on like grim death until rescued by one of the lifeboats. Later we were picked up by the Carpathia."

"Is there any truth in the report that a man was shot during the panic?" enquired O'Farrell, a sudden inspiration striking him as he listened to Wright's story of his experience.

Wright did not reply immediately. He appeared to be thinking deeply. At last he lifted his head and gazed steadily in the direction of the iceberg. "There is," he replied in a low, steady voice. "One man had been drinking heavily and losing steadily at cards from the hour the Titanic left Liverpool until he and his drunken partners awoke to the seriousness of the impact and the fact that the ship was sinking. You will not blame him when I tell you he suspected his wife's fidelity and that the man he was suspicious of was on board the ship and her constant companion. The husband's muddled thoughts turned to his wife and he forgot all but her danger."

Wright paused for a few moments. Presently he continued, as though speaking to himself:

"Well, he found them together in her cabin. The lover acted the petteitron and coward. The husband gave him a chance for his life if he would promise to save the woman. But he—him! He failed, like others of his ilk, the woman who had trusted him—who had turned from the being who loved her most on earth. Yes, the husband shot him like a mad dog

and, then, he saved her worthless life." Wright laughed sardonically as he ended his story. There was a long silence between the men. Both were busy with their thoughts. The tale was sordid, yet full of pathos and heroism. The murmur of the machinery and the trembling of the ship as she forged ahead jarred on O'Farrell's nerves. Solitude and quietness were what he needed most at that moment.

Wright had raised again the melancholy feelings he had been endeavoring to combat. The struggle in the forest arose vividly before his mental vision. But he had no resentment against Wright now. He was thinking of him in a more charitable spirit and connecting him, thankfully, with his meeting with Nena Haslett. Had not Wright been driven by want to steal her purse he might never have met her. He was slowly acquiring a great respect for the "bohunk." He might be an outcast, but others, perhaps, were more responsible for his downfall than he.

As they stood contemplating the glinting, massive iceberg before them, they suddenly became aware of a commotion among the men on the lower decks. For they could ascertain the cause of the disturbance, the sharp boom of a gun came over the waters from the southwest, and a wreath of white gas appeared curling lazily above one of the warships away on the edge of the horizon. This was followed by two other reports, one from the leading cruiser, Charybdis, and the other from the Queen Mary in the rear. All three shots were directed at the iceberg, whose dome and turrets began to shiver, crumble and drop in to the sea.

"There arose a cry from amidships 'A submarine! A submarine!'"

Then came volley after volley from the cruisers and their attendant destroyers. Boom! Boom! Crash! Crash! Bang! Bang! sang the hail of shells as they fell on the doomed berg. In a few moments hundreds of tons of ice were blown to pieces and fell, scattered over the surface of the waters.

"I see no submarine," said O'Farrell, impatiently. "There is no sane purpose in firing at an iceberg. It is absolute folly and a waste of good ammunition."

"The berg is in the lane regularly traversed by American and British ships. It is desired, perhaps, to prevent another Titanic disaster by demolishing it."

"No doubt you are correct," asserted O'Farrell. "By this time practically the whole fleet of warships had trained their guns on the ill-fated iceberg and scouts and destroyers were racing in the same direction. The din was terrific. It was the first example the Canadians had of the terrible noise

and destructive power of modern war weapons. Firing as they raced along, the speedy destroyers debouched east and west, with the evident intention of surrounding the object of their attack. There was nothing in sight, however, and cheers and laughter began to pass along the line of transports at what the soldiers understood to be merely a demonstration of force and preparedness.

The Gramplan was the nearest transport to the iceberg and the shells were flying over her funnels in a screaming chorus. The crash of splintered ice could now be distinctly heard. As each mass fell away it churned the sea, causing immense waves to chase each other across the intervening space.

"Look! Look!" suddenly shouted Wright, excitedly. "There is a submarine. There! right under the lee of the berg."

(To be continued.)

CORRESPONDENCE

To the Editor:
Sir—In the last few weeks, through the Review and otherwise, numerous "signs" of an early spring are much in evidence. Perhaps you will allow one more, as herewith appended?
Some of the Signs
Spring weather is a hard proposition for most people. It makes some act

CHURCH'S HOT or COLD WATER Alabastine

Now is the time to make your walls fresh and attractive with Alabastine. Apply it on any wall surface over plaster, wall-board or soiled painted walls.

BUTLER AND WALDEN
West Summerland

ive and others to be disinclined to exert themselves physically. It lays away overcoats for the moths and brings out straw hats for the wind. It starts the spring poet and the frog to singing their songs in unison. Jay birds chat on the trees and autos honk-honk on the country roads. Goods boxes on the sidewalk take on human aspects and the gopher casts longing glances at the to-be-cultivated fields. All these "signs" surely point one way.

Seasonable Song.
(This does not apply to Summerland.)
Backward, swing backward, oh season of snow; mercury 15 or 20 below. Turn on the heat of the tropical zone; roast me until I am cooked to the bone. I am so tired of freezing my nose, weary of chilblains and corns on my toes; weary of trying to sleep with

FOR SALE
The Arnett Ranch
\$10,000.00
WHAT CASH HAVE YOU?
In capable hands this ranch will prove a profitable investment.
Apply W. ARNETT, Dauphin, Man. 5-4c

cold feet; turn on the heat, Mr. turn on the heat! Backward, swing backward, oh Time, in thy flight; give me July again, just for tonight. Soften the ground where the Frost King has lain; oh, let me hear one mosquito again. I am so weary of snowdrifts and ice, weary of paying the coal trust the price; weary of frost-bitten nose; give me a slice of the First of July—Selected.

MARRON VALLEY
Mr. Jack McCormick was a visitor

LOCAL AGENTS

\$3 to \$10 a Day
Local agents wanted for fast-selling home products with good repeat-sale business. Splendid, quick profits. Make your spare time pay! Send for full particulars.
PERFECTION PRODUCTS CO. LIMITED
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Hens mated with cockerels from Agassiz Strain
200 to 225 Egg Hens
PRICE \$1.50 FOR 15 EGGS
Order Early—Cash with Order
CHAS. A. MARSHALL
West Summerland, B. C. 6-2-c

Bargain Sale
\$1 worth of laces for 30c; \$1 worth of embroideries, 30c; \$1 worth of all-over laces, 30c; \$1 worth of wide ribbon, 30c; children's boots and shoes, 90c per pair; 25 per cent off all other lines of dry goods.
A. MILNE
LADIES' EMPORIUM 6-t-c

Time Now To Get Fluming
FIGURE UP YOUR NEEDS NOW
Don't forget we handle Metal Fluming as well as board.
WM. RITCHIE
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VENDOME HOTEL
1138 Nelson St., Vancouver.
C. B. McCallum, manager, formerly of Hotel Summerland, Summerland. All residents of this district specially welcome. Rooms with or without bath. Large airy suites. 1-tf-c

JAS. RITCHIE
Okanagan Sales Service
Fruit and Ranch Lands for sale
Rental Agent—Listings Wanted
West Summerland, B. C. Phone 638

KETTLE VALLEY RAILWAY TIME TABLE
Commencing Sunday, May 16.
EASTBOUND
No. 12—Leave Vancouver daily, 7:30 p.m.
Leave West Summerland/daily 7:03 a.m.
Arrive Nelson daily 10:55 p.m.
Connection made at West Summerland with boat for Kelowna and Lake Points.
WESTBOUND
No. 11—Leaves Nelson daily 9:05 p.m.
Leaves West Summerland daily 12:03 p.m.
Arrives Vancouver daily 10:45 p.m.
Observation and Dining Car Service on all trains
J. W. RUTHERFORD, Agent
KETTLE VALLEY RAILWAY

MAIL SCHEDULE
For the convenience of our readers we give below the time of closing of all mails at the local postoffices, for despatch by boat and train; and also interchanges between the two offices:
AT SUMMERLAND OFFICE
For all points North, East and West 8 p.m.; Sunday, 9 p.m.
For Naramata, Penticton, South, Similkameen, Boundary and Keat-enay—Daily, except Sunday, 6 p.m.
For Vancouver and Victoria—Daily except Monday, 11 a.m.
For West Summerland—Daily, except Monday, 7:30 a.m. and 11 a.m.; daily, except Sunday, 6 p.m.
For Rural Route—8:00 a.m. daily, except Sunday.

AT WEST SUMMERLAND OFFICE
For Coast Points—Daily, except Monday, 11:30 a.m.
For South, North and East—Daily 5 p.m.
For Summerland Office—Daily, except Monday, 11 a.m.; and daily, campers and travellers, up to ten 5 p.m.

at the Falls on Thursday. Mrs. Davis spent a week with her parents here, returning to her home in Penticton on Wednesday last.

Mr. F. Smythe-Parker rusticated at his ranch home here for a few days during our most inclement weather.

GREAT COAL
WINTER IS NOT OVER
You need more
COAL & WOOD
We sell Drumheller for it burns Out Clean
SMITH & HENRY
2-tf-c

W. C. KELLEY, B.A.
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR.
NOTARY
WEST SUMMERLAND B. C. 10-5-26

VERNON GRANITE AND MARBLE COMPANY
Quarrying & Cut-Stone Contractors
Monuments, Tombstones and General Cemetery Work
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F. D. COOPER
REAL ESTATE BROKER
Peach Orchard, Summerland
Established 1907 Phone 613

CANADIAN PACIFIC
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY
North LAKE South
6:20A Penticton 7:35P
6:55A Naramata 6:25P
7:20A Summerland 6:15P
8:20A Peachland 5:15P
9:45A Kelowna 3:55P
12:30P Okanagan Lnd's 1:35P
—RAIL—
2:15P Okanagan Landing 1:10P
3:00P Vernon 12:40P
5:10P Sicamous 10:40A
Westbound main line train leaves Sicamous 6:05P
Eastbound main line train leaves Sicamous 10:35P
A. M. LESLIE, Agent, Summerland, B.C.

SYNOPSIS OF LAND ACT AMENDMENTS
PRE-EMPTIONS
Vacant, unreserved, surveyed Crown lands may be pre-empted by British subjects over 18 years of age, and by aliens on declaring intention to become British subjects, conditional upon residence, occupation and improvement for agricultural purposes.
Full information concerning regulations regarding pre-emption is given in Bulletin No. 1, Land Series "How to Pre-empt Land," copies of which can be obtained free of charge by addressing the Department of Lands, Victoria, B.C., or to any Government Agent.
Records will be granted covering only land suitable for agricultural purposes and which is not timber land, i.e., carrying over 5000 board feet per acre west of the Coast Range, and 8000 feet per acre east of that range.
Applications for pre-emption are to be addressed to the Land Commissioner of the Land Recording Division in which the land applied for is situated, and are made on printed forms, copies of which can be obtained from the Land Commissioner.
Pre-emption must be occupied for five years and improvements made to value of \$10 per acre, including clearing and cultivation at least five acres before a Crown Grant can be received.
For more detailed information see the Bulletin "How to Pre-empt Land."

PURCHASE
Applications are received for purchase of vacant and unreserved Crown lands, not being timberland, for agricultural purposes; minimum price of first-class (arable) land is \$5 per acre and second-class (grazing) land, \$2.50 per acre. Further information regarding purchase or lease of Crown lands is given in Bulletin No. 10, Land Series, "Purchase and Lease of Crown Lands."

HOMESITE LEASES
Unsurveyed areas, not exceeding 20 acres, may be leased as homesites, conditional upon a dwelling being erected in the first year, title being obtainable after residence and improvement conditions are fulfilled and land has been surveyed.
LEASES
For grazing and industrial purposes, areas not exceeding 640 acres may be leased by one person or a company.
GRAZING
Under the Grazing Act the Province is divided into grazing districts and the range administered under a Grazing Commissioner. Annual grazing permits are issued, based on numbers ranged, priority being given to established owners. Stock-owners may form associations for range management. Free, or partially free permits are available for settlers, campers and travellers, up to ten head.

The 57th Annual Meeting of the Policyholders of THE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

was held at the Head Office of the Company, Waterloo, Ontario, on Thursday, February the 3rd, 1927. The President, Mr. Hume Cronyn, who occupied the chair, summed up the admirable position of the Company in the following words:

"In this year of grace we are to celebrate—not merely the Diamond Jubilee of our Dominion—but as well the 57th anniversary of the birth of our Company; a Company which still holds the unique and proud position in the Life Insurance world, as Canada's only Mutual. The opinion is unanimous that the position of our country has notably strengthened during the past 12 months, and that we are on the eve of a larger measure of progress.

The Mutual Life has enjoyed a full share in this general prosperity of the Dominion, and as a result you have before you the best report in the history of the Company. To write Fifty Millions of new business, to add to the business in force Thirty-one and one-half Millions, to increase our general rate of interest on investments, to reduce our ratios of expense and lapsation, to experience another year of favorable mortality, and to swell our net earnings to the record figure of more than Four Millions of Dollars—are all matters for general thanksgiving."

The Outstanding Features of 1926 were:—

- 1—Largest Net Earnings in Company's Record, of \$4,141,375.70 of which \$3,409,345.32 will be used to provide dividends to policyholders, and the balance, \$732,030.38, retained in Surplus Account to further strengthen the Company's position.
- 2—New Business Written largest in the Company's history, totalling \$50,039,348.00
- 3—Gain in Assurance in Force of \$31,540,437.00
Increasing the Assurance outstanding to \$354,069,722.00
- 4—Expense Rate reduced to lowest in Company's history, ratio of expense to income being 15.11%
- 5—Rate of Interest Earned on Invested Funds 6.48%

PROGRESS OF THE COMPANY

Year	Income	Assets	Paid to Policyholders	Business in Force
1876	\$ 43,493	\$ 81,105	\$ 6,789	\$ 1,634,156
1886	315,802	905,464	105,583	9,774,543
1896	760,403	3,392,697	376,768	20,001,462
1906	2,072,423	10,385,540	679,662	46,912,407
1916	5,613,273	29,361,963	2,456,607	109,645,581
1926	18,225,836	80,612,533	7,089,566	354,069,722

HUME CRONYN, President
R. O. McCULLOCH, 1st Vice-President
C. M. BOWMAN, Chairman of the Board
W. H. SOMERVILLE, General Manager

THE SUMMERLAND REVIEW

Established August, 1908 (Published at Summerland, B.C.)

Walter M. Wright, Editor & Manager

ADVERTISING RATES

Composition Display Advertising from 75 cents per inch to 3 1/2 cents, according to amount contracted for. Change of Display Advertising Copy each issue is permitted. Display Advertisers desiring special positions are charged 25% extra. Legal Advertisements, Reading Notices, Etc., 16 cents per line first insertion; 12 cents per line subsequent insertions. Want Advertisements, Coming Events, Etc., three cents per word first insertion; two cents subsequent insertions. Business Locals in Local Happening Column, 50 cents per line. All Want Advertisements, Locals, Etc., are payable in advance; minimum, 25 cents for any one advertisement. All instructions for cancellation or alteration of advertising must be in writing, otherwise no responsibility is accepted by The Review.

A CHANGE FOR THE BETTER

Next week brings St. Valentine's Day with its varied ways of celebration. To many it will recall, by the contrast of the present type of valentine, that predominating some twenty years ago.

Then, the more hideous the caricature the cartoonist could evolve or the more derogatory the style of the verses attached to the grotesque personage portrayed, the better pleased was the printer of the awful joke. In fact, these jokes eventually became so far-fetched and the pictures so repulsive, that public sentiment at length rebelled.

Many a verse-like rhyme was concocted about the poor spinster and her failings, equalled only by the tirade of abuse heaped upon the mother-in-law. If these two were surpassed at all in ridiculous picture or verse it was by those awful portraits of "the school marm" or head master. Then, too, the sickly softness of the mushy love-verse kept pace with the paper decorator's art in constructing lacy paper frills to fittingly embellish the sentimental effusion of the other type of valentine.

The present day valentine has none of this offensiveness, but is really passable and the funny ones are funny. The jokes they carry are permissible and the sentimental valentine excusable.

The origin of the day is quite often confused. One history tells of a date set for remembering the deaths of eight martyrs of the name of Valentine, yet the custom of sending valentines does not come from this, but from a Roman festival which they celebrated by distributing gifts and from which custom the sending of valentines has resulted, and so we take it the present valentine would look more reasonable than the vulgar things of twenty years ago.

HISTORY REPEATING ITSELF

The political doings down at Victoria are taking on a trend that seems to simulate very closely the events at Ottawa last fall. Anyone standing by gazing at the moves of both sides wonders if there is a premeditated plan being worked out and if it really is a copybook affair. A tirade against the government, more or less vindictive, with a scandal tacked on by way of adding zest, has been progressing for the past few weeks.

Now, at the height of this, the government comes out to meet it with a great change in its financial program, proposing a tax arrangement, mark you, that is to meet with the approval of both small and big interests, and demands the attention of those who have a sort of soft spot in reserve for their own pockets. For those, too, who have the good of their province at heart, there is a proposal in this tax reduction scheme that will permit investing of capital under seemingly favorable conditions. In place of the personal property tax there is the turnover tax that is designed to catch some formerly escaping with overly light taxation, even if it does hit the grocer harder. Altogether, the events take on quite an interesting trend that leaves plenty of room for our query stated above: Is there a premeditated attempt to simulate the Dominion tactics or have events worked out in spite of politics?

AN ODE TO THE ROAD

I sing you an ode Of the country road— The lumpy road— And the bumpy road— That jolts the wagon and spills the load. Mud to the hubs when the rain comes down, Filled with ruts when the fields are brown, And the sun is hot and the air is dry, It's clogged with brush and packed with clay; So hull and graded, and laid and planned That it takes a team, And sometimes two To do the work one horse should do. It rules the wagon with jolt and jar, It rules horses and motor cars; Keeps hault the crops from the market place, Piles on debt on the farmer's place— The old-time road, is a plain disgrace. But our city road is a different thing— A worthy thought for the hard to sing; Put together For every weather; Smooth and dustless and good to see, And graded right, as a road should be, Useful always and muddy never— A thing of beauty—a joy forever. —R. F. Weaver

Member for South Okanagan Replies to Budget Speech Of the Minister of Finance

Caustic Critic Comments on Eagerness of Minister to Take Credit For Taxation Relief Promised—Claims Conservatives Led Insistent Demands For Reduction of Income Tax and Succession Duties—Nine Years Financial Record Reviewed.

Following is the text of the speech delivered in the Provincial House of Parliament recently by J. W. Jones, M.L.A. for South Okanagan, in reply to the budget speech of Hon. Dr. MacLean, minister of finance.

Deprecating the fact that the finance minister had departed from the commendable established practice of his predecessors in devoting a very considerable portion of his budget speech (traditionally devoted to straightforward review and explanation of the country's financial status and business outlook) to a petty effort to make political capital for his party and himself, Mr. Jones (South Okanagan) in reply to the ministerial deliverance in the house, took Hon. Dr. MacLean sharply to task.

"He voiced such high hopes for the Liberal party that one almost suspects he was merely whistling to keep up his courage and that of his party friends," Mr. Jones suggested. "Where does he find reason for his superlative party optimism? Was it in the reception members of his government, of which he is one, and which it is rumored he aspires to lead, received during the last federal campaign? Was it the result of that content insofar as this province is concerned? Was it the verdict in the Greater Vancouver constituencies where every Conservative member increased his majority? Was it in North Vancouver? Was it in Skeena? Or Nanaimo, or Cariboo, or Yale, or West Kootenay, or East Kootenay where he himself spoke, and where, with a federal cabinet minister as the party candidate, the majority of that ministerial member was reduced from 960 to 254?"

"Or does he derive his high hopes from the manner in which the election of Vancouver city expressed its opinion of the attempt of his colleague the attorney-general to dictate in the domestic affairs of that city during the municipal campaign of a few weeks ago? "The minister of finance speaks of disloyalties. Does he suggest that the last days of the late Premier Brewster were happy days? They were days that broke that respected gentleman's heart, because the members of the Liberal party refused to carry out the pledges he and it had given in the election of 1916.

"The major appeal of that party and its then leader, Mr. Brewster, had been based on his famous commitment to abolish the patronage system. He had said: "To the utter abolition of the patronage system the Liberal party has clearly and definitely committed itself. If I am elected, I will implement that pledge to the last letter." Premier Brewster was sincere. He meant to keep that pledge but he failed, and his party failed because of its disloyalty to its chief—because its members preferred to repudiate party pledges to the public and choose rather allegiance to the Liberal machine.

"Was it party loyalty that drove Mr. A. McDonald from this house? Was it party loyalty that, owing to the exigencies of the case, cut the political throat of J. W. DeB. Farris, who won the 1921 election for them, and threw him out on the street? Was it party loyalty that "passed up" the member for Columbia as provincial secretary? Was it party loyalty that caused the lady member to resign the presidency of the council in an endeavor to wreck the government? Was it party loyalty that permitted an agreement to be made with the brewers, while the premier was out of the way, as to the price of beer? Was it party loyalty or disloyalty that made the holding of the next Liberal convention in this province a matter of such bitter controversy in the ranks of the party?"

"Prefacing his dissection of the Hon. Dr. MacLean's third budget with a feeling reference to the passing of Mr. Arthur Cochrane, his late colleague from the Okanagan, the financial critic of the opposition commented caustically upon the over-eagerness of the finance minister to take credit to himself and the government for such measures of taxation relief as are now promised, the murmuring of the people having become so ominous in the ears of the government that it cannot be longer ignored. The outburst of reduction of course would be hailed with satisfaction, and naturally by none more than the Conservatives of this province whose policy in this respect under the administration of the day had blantly appropriated, no doubt after over-long secret admiration of it.

"Neither Hon. Dr. MacLean nor his colleagues could deny that Conservatism had led in insistent demands for reduction of the onerous income tax. They could not deny that Conservatism had been insistent for revision of the succession duties imposed on the whole British Columbia's minister of finance had had no arguments of the business community, peremptorily declaring that this taxation not be so severely cut alone. Had not Conservatism similarly pressed for the elimination of the personal property tax, fought consistently against the fruit tree tax until success crowned their efforts, urged rational reduction of the amusement tax?"

"Approaching the financial showing of the province, Mr. Jones recalled how the premier in certain key speeches while on tour had himself designated the government managers of that important "joint stock company known as the people of this province as the shareholders." As such shareholders, it would seem in order now, on examination of the finance minister's report, "to demand that some of the watered stock be eliminated from the assets." As shareholders, too, inquiry must necessarily be made as to why, if properly so general and the outlook so exceedingly rosy throughout the province, the government should never-

theless find it necessary to write off as bad debts so many outstanding items of taxes.

In 1921 no less a sum than \$1,596,471 was thus written off; in 1922, \$2,001,561; in 1923, \$2,119,206; in 1924, \$1,635,170; in 1925, \$693,932, and last year, \$851,763—\$8,893,193 in all written off in six years, while in this period collections had totalled but \$233,457, less \$66,275 tax sale costs!

"Is it a criterion of competent business management," Mr. Jones asked, "that these six years should show such a red ink total? Is it indicative of competence in the management of the provincial company affairs?"

"Again turning to the statement of provincial assets, as shown in the public accounts, would any discriminating and experienced man of affairs suggest that such items as appeared there should be accepted as credits at one hundred cents on the dollar? Land Settlement Board schemes, \$5,732,982; Conservation Fund, \$2,220,000; Industrial Development projects, \$900,000; assessed tax arrears, \$2,374,889; succession duties, \$398,065; outstanding land sales, \$347,292; Southern Okanagan lands, \$3,985,857, etc.—a total of \$18,939,193 presented as assets at full face value when business practice and common sense would set them at not better than fifty cents on the dollar.

"Then there was the matter of deferred assets, with the Pacific Great Eastern figuring as of \$29,278,540 value to the province! Could anyone have made such a deduction from what the premier had to say about it on the floor of the house this session? On the contrary, would they not have correctly interpreted the leader of the government as regarding it as a total loss? It had been pictured by the premier as the province's very special jewel, and in his lamentations over it, he had assumed the mantle of Jeremiah. Surely the finance minister could not have been listening to his leader or he would not have ventured to so directly challenge that gentleman's judgment of values? If the premier had been right, then the finance minister's showing must be classed rather more than merely deceptive. The two obviously could not be reconciled—and the premier certainly would not appreciate being told by his finance minister that he knows nothing of P.G.E.R. values?"

"With respect to the general financial position of the province, Hon. Dr. MacLean, in his budget speech of last year, had sounded an impressive note of warning. He had said on that occasion: "With regard to this guaranteed stock, the general impression has gone abroad that the government owns this railway." Most certainly it owns the railway! And further on: "The guarantee on this stock is a guarantee against the credit of the province."

"Yet at the same time," commented Mr. Jones, "the province provides for a sinking fund to care for it out of Consolidated Revenue! Why not frankly accept the obligation as more straightforward and businesslike?"

"The provincial books in 1925 showed revenue of \$19,811,511, an increase of \$2,894,358; and for 1926 estimated revenue of \$18,340,000 and actual revenue of \$21,775,869. Yet despite the very appreciable margin in the actual over the anticipated revenue, expenditures last year were found to have over-run by \$3,451,378, the estimated and authorized expenditures for the year, totaling \$18,193,697, while \$21,675,075 was spent—three and a half millions of dollars over-expended and without parliament's sanction or approval as required by law. Was this indicative of capacity on the part of those whom the premier had termed the business managers of the provincial company? During the decade of Liberal control, 1916-26, the revenues of the province were found to have increased by \$15,692,000, despite which taxation contradictedly had increased \$30 per capita, or 150 per family of the recognized average of five. Could any more illuminative example be given of the developed genius of the Oliver government in the multiplication of tax burdens.

"Reviewing the nine-year record of the administration, it was pointed out that the government had received in revenue no less than \$148,174,874—and yet it had had deficits in seven of those nine years. The year 1917-18 showed revenue of \$8,882,840 and expenditure of \$8,073,565, a surplus of \$809,281. In 1918-19 revenue was \$10,091,200, expenditure \$12,112,285, wiping out the previous year's surplus and leaving in its stead a net deficit for the two years of \$371,725. Nineteen nineteen-nineteen twenty revenue \$13,801,002, expenditure \$13,510,271, favorable balance \$290,731; 1920-21, an election year, revenue \$12,210,204 and expenditure \$13,882,301, expenditure \$2,073,100, deficit \$1,700,722; 1922-23 revenue \$10,618,004, expenditure \$20,700,407, deficit \$1,180,503; 1923-24 revenue \$10,621,208, expenditure \$21,476,272, deficit \$1,855,065; 1924-25, another election year, revenue \$10,381,611, expenditure \$21,227,916, deficit \$1,846,405; 1925-26 revenue \$21,775,869, expenditure \$21,675,765, surplus shown \$100,104.

the fiscal year 1920-21 expenditures leaped from thirteen and one-half millions to over nineteen millions, the circumstances of an intruding election being intimated by a deficit touching the peak of more than four million four hundred thousand dollars. In fiscal year 1924-25 expenditures amounted to over twenty-one million dollars, and, again synchronizing with an election, the deficit arose to \$1,846,405.

"It will be noted that the total revenue for the previous nine-year period under the McBride government, was \$74,940,286, and that for 1917-25, under the Oliver government, \$148,174,874—practically \$70,000,000 more revenue for a corresponding term of years. With revenue thus increased by 25% yet the "business managers" of this provincial company of ours could not do better than produce a deficit of over eleven million dollars!"

"Passing to analysis of the origin of provincial revenue increases, the member for South Okanagan showed how in 1916-17 there had been taken from the pockets of the people \$583,213 in income and personal property taxes; the amount of those taxes for 1925-26 was \$4,043,208, six times as much. In the same period, succession duties rising from \$277,702 to \$665,017; and receipts for motor licenses had climbed from \$134,361 to \$1,371,214, an increase of one thousand per cent. Revenue from income, personal property, and poll taxes, timber royalties and stamps, motor licenses and succession duties, had risen from \$2,251,801 in 1916-17 to \$12,066,500 for 1925-26, an increase of \$7,854,700 while the total revenue for 1916-17 stood at \$6,906,783 and that for 1925-26 at \$21,775,869, representing a per capita collection of \$39.60 or \$198.00 per family for a population shown at 525,000 in the last available census figures.

"There is one characteristic possessed by the government and by its finance department head that no one will dispute," conceded Mr. Jones, "That is almost uncanny ingenuity in pursuing to the last penny the possibilities of taxation. The demonstrated aptitude in pyramiding taxes might well be admitted akin to genius. Roughly speaking, eight million dollars increase in nine years under seven heads of taxation alone! Yet this did not satisfy. New taxes had to be devised to dip deeper into the people's pocket. To mention but a few of these illustrative of the persistent urge of the government to increase penalties of living in British Columbia, there are the fuel oil and gasoline taxes, \$600,503; taxes on grazing lands, \$20,056; moving picture fees, \$22,331; the penalization of amusements, \$245,162; \$3,253 for dog licenses to make the gasping taxpayer more fully realize that he is living a dog's life; \$2,405,810 for liquor permits and sales—\$3,357,135 more to testify to the mania and initiative of the government in and for taxation.

"There is at page 20 of the budget presentation for 1925 a statement showing the total revenue receipts from direct taxation to the amount of \$8,360,769. This represented but 44.19 per cent of the total revenue of that year, but it (direct taxation proceeds) was more than a million and a half dollars, than the total revenue of the McBride government in its last years of office.

"Not only had this government had huge revenues to work with (it could scarcely be otherwise with its facility in taxing to the uttermost penny), but it has nevertheless been a persistent and heavy borrower, unable to make revenue and expenditure balance, unable to keep its operation costs within its ample income.

"We find that \$13,770,000 was borrowed in 1920—\$27,779,500 in 1921—\$2,800,000 in 1922—\$4,000,000 in 1923—\$8,000,000 in 1924—\$4,986,000 in 1925 and \$5,839,132 last year—\$64,454,639 borrowed in the past six years, or more than the annual average of new debts, giving a revenue for the decade (inclusive of 1926-27) of nothing less than \$166,734,220. And yet they over-expended—spent \$231,188,852!

"How is the finance minister or the premier, as "manager" for the people, going to present these facts to the shareholders of British Columbia and reconcile them with the principles of business efficiency?"

"Assessing to consideration of the provincial debt, 1926-27, Mr. Jones reviewed the position of the McBride government in that period. When Mr. McBride took office in 1903, the provincial debt stood at \$12,500,000. From that year until 1915, borrowings aggregated \$12,470,000, bringing the debt total up to \$24,970,000. Of this \$4,200,000 was paid off, leaving \$20,770,000 less \$2,569,000 sinking funds, or a net debt of \$18,201,000. The gross debt in 1916 was \$23,153,146, less sinking funds of \$3,080,611, leaving debentures \$44,000, or a net outstanding obligation in November of 1916 of \$10,677,534, which approximately was the debt when the Liberals assumed power. Sir Richard McBride during his long tenure of public office added to the public debt but \$7,167,534, the difference between \$13,510,000 and \$10,677,534. Yet in these last six years of Conservative administration roads to the value of \$17,450,000 were built; public buildings costing \$7,620,000 erected; new schools provided at an outlay of \$2,701,000, with \$4,720,000 worth of bridges, wharves and ferries, etc.—\$32,550,000, all of substantial new physical assets.

\$14,157,306 sinking funds, or a total debt (net) of \$83,165,377.

"While the minister has not added the P.G.E.R. bonds to the debt he nevertheless has deducted the supposed revenue producing debt of \$17,315,000. Another \$6,000,000 was borrowed only last week, of which \$4,000,000 is for refundings, leaving two millions more to be added to the net debt, making it up to date \$85,165,377.

"Interest charges on the public debt in 1916-17, when the Conservative government went out, were only \$935,023. These charges last year stood at \$3,572,798, or with the addition of the \$907,200 interest charge on the P.G.E.R. bonds, \$4,479,998—more than five times what it was in the last year of Conservative control.

"In closing his last year's budget the finance minister sounded a note of caution and at the same time gave what had seemed to be a guarantee of close economies. He had said: 'New services and new undertakings may result in retarding industrial development. Our people are opposed to lavish expenditure. Even a small tax increase might prove a barrier to future development. We who are directing the destinies of the province must exercise a wise discretion in the matter of public expenditures.'

"And yet he is now asking the house for a loan of \$6,000,000 more, in addition to the \$6,000,000 borrowed only last week; while the minister of works a few days ago tabled here a program for road extensions, etc., to be spread over the next three years, calling for expenditure of no less than \$18,000,000 according to the preliminary estimates of the department's district engineers, which, if the same ratio of difference between estimated and actual construction costs, disclosed by the public accounts, would hereafter be maintained, would mean not merely eighteen but more probably twenty-five or thirty millions added to the taxpayers' burden.

"What have we to show for our enormous debt? The minister speaks of \$17,315,040 as revenue producing debt. How is that made up? Land Settlement Board, including lands, approximately six millions; Conservation fund for irrigation loans, roughly two millions; industrial loans, probably a million; better housing, forest protection, New Westminster bridge, B. C. House in London, etc. Let's examine these investments our government—our business manager—has made for us. What would any of the shareholders on the government side be prepared to offer, for the Sumas credit for example? How has this detail of our business been handled by its custodians? This will show: The Land Settlement Board has shown continual deficits in the last four years, that of 1925 being \$639,519, that of 1924, \$128,211, and that of 1923, \$103,092. A deficit for the agricultural Commission—overdue interest on loans—overdue payments on agreements of sale! Surely our business manager will have difficulty in satisfying critical auditors of his judgment as to the soundness of investments.

"With respect to the Conservation loans of over two millions to irrigation, the minister of lands misled the house as to conditions obtaining in the concerned parts of the province. In this house last session my colleague, the late member for North Okanagan, and I asked that a judge of supreme court be commissioned to go to these districts and investigate the conditions of the water users. The minister refused the application for such an independent investigation. Instead, he sent in this summer one of his own officials, Major Clarke, a gentleman possessing no experience of irrigation problems, and his report, although asked for, has not yet been brought down.

"Meanwhile the ministerial policy has been pretty well summed up in the dictum, "pay or get out." These people cannot pay under present conditions. In the past seven years there have been four years' moratorium granted, proof positive that the water users cannot meet the rates. Over seven-and-a-half million in one section of my riding have either quit in disgust or sold out at sacrifices during the past three years.

"In this house just a few days ago, in closing the debate on the speech, the member for Grand Forks made a special plea for fair consideration of the cases of these farmers. He said that it was purely a question of economics. The country must decide just what they would be willing to sacrifice to keep the farmer on the land. It was poor economics to squeeze the agriculturist and try to get more out of him than his land could produce. It was poor business to have one farmer fail and leave his farm only to have another go on it in a ruinous struggle for a time and then have to give it up. It would be much better to keep the original farmer on his place, that member had rightly concluded.

"But does that member believe himself," Mr. Jones questioned, "If so, why does he and how can he support this government?"

"Our policy would be to keep on the land what farmers we have. What must inevitably be the outcome of pursuing the course to which the minister of lands has set his face? Taxes not being paid through inability, the owner is unable to take the land and the owner is evicted; the government loses the taxes; the district loses the local rates and the current disbursements of those settlers; they are driven out, while we talk of promoting immigration and the land goes back to jungle unless the government assumes the cost of irrigation and enables those distressed people to get on their feet. Conditions should be righted. The farmers must have a fighting chance.

WORLD OF POLITICS

DOMINION PARLIAMENT RESUMES

With the resumption of the parliamentary session at the Dominion capital matters relating to national policies are once more of sufficient importance to occupy space on the front pages of the newspapers. The proceedings of the provincial legislature, more especially the debate on campaign funds and the budget, have in recent weeks taken up most of the newspaper space not devoted to China, Charlie Chaplin and the Toronto Youngster who won the chewing gum swimming championship of the world, but Dominion political affairs have been almost as far in the background as Almece McPherson. It is true that Mr. Hugh Guthrie, the temporary, and possibly permanent, leader of the Conservative party, made some remarks at Montreal indicating his belief that Canada should take some part in protecting Canadians in China and that Premier King and Mr. Ernest Lapointe made some rather caustic comments on Mr. Guthrie's utterances at Toronto, but these incidents have but served to emphasize the fact that there has been very little doing politically in the Dominion arena. And, speaking of Mr. Guthrie, I cannot help but think he was somewhat indiscreet in butting into the very delicate Chinese situation, for the ostensible purpose of making a little political capital, at a time when his utterances might be interpreted by the Chinese in a manner that would be far from helpful to the missionaries and others who are endeavoring to make their escape from a country that is torn asunder by civil war. It will be time enough to consider the matter of sending a Canadian force to China when Great Britain, in order to protect her vast concessions and interests there, actually becomes involved in war with the yellow giant of the east. At the time of writing Britain is chiefly concerned with the business of keeping away from war with China and it will be just as well for Canadian politicians to help the Mother Country in its grim purpose to maintain peace by refraining from utterances which might lead the Chinese to think that the people of Canada are assuming a belligerent attitude. And amongst those most keenly interested in the adoption by Canada of an attitude of neutrality as between the two opposing forces in China are the missionaries and business men who are trying to get out of the war area with whole hides. Should the worst happen in the end and Great Britain becomes involved in a war with China we are in a fortunate position in Canada as parliament is in session and could reach a prompt decision in the matter of participation. And this situation emphasizes Mr. Lapointe's reminder to Mr. Guthrie that Mr. Meighen in his Hamilton speech proposed that under such circumstances any possible development in relation to China, there would be no participation on the part of Canada short of the approval of the people by a general election. One of the probable developments in connection with the debate on the Imperial Conference resolutions to take place at Ottawa will probably be a repudiation by Mr. Guthrie and other prominent members of the Conservative party of the principle involved in Mr. Meighen's Hamilton speech. Otherwise there would be but little point in their criticisms of what happened in London or of Canada's position in regard

MR. GUTHRIE AND CONSERVATIVE LEADERSHIP

Speaking in Penitence the other day Hon. S. F. Tolmie expressed the opinion that choice of a leader of the Conservative party was likely to be restricted to three men: Mr. Guthrie, Premier Ferguson of Ontario and R. Bennett of Calgary. Mr. Tolmie should be pretty well informed as to the opinions of the Conservative members of parliament and Conservative senators at Ottawa, but it is extremely difficult if anyone in Canada can more than make a guess as to what a convention, composed largely of the rank and file of the party, will do. Had the choice of a leader of the Liberal party in 1920 been in keeping with the desires of Liberal members of parliament and Liberal senators, Mr. Chosen, Mr. King would not have been put in protecting Canadians in China and that Premier King and Mr. Ernest Lapointe made some rather caustic comments on Mr. Guthrie's utterances at Toronto, but these incidents have but served to emphasize the fact that there has been very little doing politically in the Dominion arena. And, speaking of Mr. Guthrie, I cannot help but think he was somewhat indiscreet in butting into the very delicate Chinese situation, for the ostensible purpose of making a little political capital, at a time when his utterances might be interpreted by the Chinese in a manner that would be far from helpful to the missionaries and others who are endeavoring to make their escape from a country that is torn asunder by civil war. It will be time enough to consider the matter of sending a Canadian force to China when Great Britain, in order to protect her vast concessions and interests there, actually becomes involved in war with the yellow giant of the east. At the time of writing Britain is chiefly concerned with the business of keeping away from war with China and it will be just as well for Canadian politicians to help the Mother Country in its grim purpose to maintain peace by refraining from utterances which might lead the Chinese to think that the people of Canada are assuming a belligerent attitude. And amongst those most keenly interested in the adoption by Canada of an attitude of neutrality as between the two opposing forces in China are the missionaries and business men who are trying to get out of the war area with whole hides. Should the worst happen in the end and Great Britain becomes involved in a war with China we are in a fortunate position in Canada as parliament is in session and could reach a prompt decision in the matter of participation. And this situation emphasizes Mr. Lapointe's reminder to Mr. Guthrie that Mr. Meighen in his Hamilton speech proposed that under such circumstances any possible development in relation to China, there would be no participation on the part of Canada short of the approval of the people by a general election. One of the probable developments in connection with the debate on the Imperial Conference resolutions to take place at Ottawa will probably be a repudiation by Mr. Guthrie and other prominent members of the Conservative party of the principle involved in Mr. Meighen's Hamilton speech. Otherwise there would be but little point in their criticisms of what happened in London or of Canada's position in regard

CANADA MUST BUY MORE GOODS

If there was one thing which Premier Bruce made quite clear while he was in British Columbia it was that if Canada is to enjoy the advantages which she is now enjoying under the protection of the Canadian-Australian trade treaty she must buy more goods than she at present is buying from the southern Commonwealth.

GREAT BRITAIN'S NAVY PROGRAMME

The Baldwin government of Great Britain is being freely criticized at the present time for involving the country in heavy naval expenditures and the criticism has not been confined to adherents of the Labor and Liberal parties. Unionist members of parliament have not been backward in expressing the opinion that, in view of the heavy strain upon the British purse to pay for other things, including the immense losses arising out of the coal strike, there is no occasion for such heavy commitments for the navy at present. The critics of the government's policy include that staunch Unionist publication, the Spectator, The New Statesman, a publication not so favorably disposed toward the government's policy as the latter's own opinions of opponents of high naval expenditures in saying: "Within the next fifteen years we may be sure that there will be no great war in Europe, for we are all too poor for such a luxury, but even if there were, our spot as it stands is capable comfortably of facing the combined fleets of all the rest of Europe. The United States is our only serious competitor and—in the foreseeable future at any rate—we are never going to fight the United States. Our existing naval construction programme, based upon the early resignation of that great naval genius, Mr. Bridgeman—represent, therefore, nothing more than mere spendthrift lunacy. Except to keep our hands in as the best naval constructors in the world, there is no real reason why we should build a single warship for years." Some people may be disposed to suggest that Great Britain is spending heavily on the navy because the Dominions are not doing their share, and there may be something in that. And it is quite possible that another reason for the rush in the naval yards is the feeling that when the present government goes out of power, as it will in the course of time, the disposition of the new government may be to cut down naval expenditures to a minimum.

Classified Advertising

A WANT AD.

Summerland Review

will dispose of used articles that you no longer need. The sale gets you something you want. 3c a word first insertion; 2c word each subsequent insertion. Try one.

WANTED—Wood to cut with circular saw. Prices reasonable. Apply A. Koch or J. Logie. 5-1p

FOR SALE—A one-cow separator, \$25; a Mexican saddle, \$25. Box 166, West Summerland.

FOR SALE—Garnett Valley Lot, over 9 acres, all irrigated, lower part of Block 1, \$900. Easy terms. George Batho, 105 Gerard St., Winnipeg. 6-3p

WANTED—By the Oliver Co-operative Growers Exchange, Packing House Manager thoroughly conversant with the handling of fruits of all kinds. Applications to be made by letter to the Secretary, stating experience, also salary expected. 6-1c

FOR SALE—Sweet milk at 5c quart, for cooking. In large quantities, sour, suitable for poultry feeding; 45c for 12 quarts. Phone 324. 6-1c

COMING EVENTS

Summerland Women's Institute will meet on Friday, Feb. 11th, at 3 p.m. in the Parish Hall. Valentine Tea. 5

Two tremendous games of Basketball, the first one fast and snappy, between married men and single, and the town vs. Co-op., Tuesday, Feb. 15. Admission 15 cents. 6-1c

Ladies' Hospital Auxiliary Meeting Tuesday, February 15th, United Church Parlor, Summerland, at three o'clock. Business, election of officers. Good attendance is requested.

CARD OF THANKS

Mrs. Margaret MacMillan and family of Vancouver wish to thank all friends for their sympathy received following their sad bereavement Christmas Day, of their loving daughter and sister, Mrs. Minnie Bessett, formerly Miss Minnie MacMillan. 6-1c

THE CORPORATION OF THE DISTRICT OF SUMMERLAND

BY-LAW No. 232

A By-law of the Corporation of the District of Summerland in the Province of British Columbia, to Authorize the Municipal Council of Said Corporation to Alter, Improve, Repair, Rebuild or Reconstruct Parts of the Irrigation System of Said Corporation.

Whereas the said Corporation is in possession of, and owns moneys raised by it in and from its general revenues, and not required to pay any existing liabilities of said Corporation, and not expended.

And Whereas it is deemed advisable to expend Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) of said moneys in altering, improving, repairing, rebuilding or reconstructing parts of its irrigation system aforesaid and such expenditure is a lawful purpose for which said Corporation may borrow and expend moneys.

And Whereas it is deemed advisable to obtain the consent of the Electors of said Corporation to such expenditure.

Therefore be it enacted and it is hereby enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the District of Summerland as follows:

1. That it shall be lawful for the said Council to expend the said sum of Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the purpose of altering, improving, repairing, rebuilding or reconstructing parts of said irrigation system.

2. That this By-law shall before the final passing thereof receive the assent of the Electors of said Corporation of the District of Summerland in the manner provided for in the Municipal Act.

3. This By-law may be cited for all purposes as the "Irrigation Works Approval By-law 1927."

Done and passed by the said Municipal Council the Second day of February, 1927.

Received the assent of the Electors of the said District of Summerland the day of 1927.

Reconsidered and finally passed and adopted by the said Municipal Council, signed by the Roove and Clark, and sealed with the Municipal Seal the day of 1927.

Roove Clerk

Clark

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at Summerland Review Office, Summerland, B.C., and Municipal Office, West Summerland, B.C., on Friday, 18th February, 1927, between the hours of 8 o'clock a.m. and 8 o'clock p.m.

F. J. NIXON, Municipal Clerk

Public notice is hereby given that the vote of the Electors of the Municipality of Summerland will be taken on the above mentioned by-law at the time and places above mentioned, and that F. J. Nixon has been appointed Returning Officer to take the votes of such electors.

CORPORATION OF THE DISTRICT OF SUMMERLAND

R. Johnston, Roove

F. J. Nixon, Clerk

LOCAL HAPPENINGS

Special shipment of Party Dresses at Laidlaw's on Monday, February 14. 6-1c

Mr. Beer and his little daughter Catherine returned this week from Ottawa.

Mrs. Solly and Mrs. F. A. C. Wright are attending a convention of the Women's Auxiliary at Nelson.

Mr. McRoberts left on Monday to visit some mining claims in which he has an interest.

Captain Dickson of Vancouver is in this week from Vancouver visiting Mrs. Blair.

A Father and Son banquet is being held by the United Church at West Summerland Friday evening.

Mr. T. E. Hall of Kelowna, public school inspector, has been in for the week at the Central school.

Mrs. Roper and Mrs. Mott, from Hartney, Man., are this week visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Kelley.

Wednesday, the Ice Gymkana—novelty races, broom-ball, skating feast. Everybody really has a chance for a prize. 6-1c

Returning from a trip to Vancouver, Mr. John Douglas of Winnipeg, spent the week-end in Summerland at the home of his cousin, Mr. John Moffat.

Mr. and Mrs. McCutcheon went to the coast on Saturday last. Mr. McCutcheon was down primarily on business.

Word was received this week that Mr. Fred G. Barnard arrived in Ohio and was spending some time with his brother-in-law. The weather was very cold.

Mrs. W. Jenkinson and Mrs. W. E. Decker received word of the serious illness of their mother in Port Arthur, Ont. Mrs. Decker and son Charlie left on Tuesday's boat for that city.

Fifteen years ago the ice harvest at the reservoir was over and this year it finished at the same time. Mr. Derrick, fifteen years ago, put up a big lot. This year he put up 17 tons.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Dow of Nanaimo, who have been visiting at Creston, arrived in Summerland on Friday to spend a visit with Mr. and Mrs. McDonald.

The play put on for Burns night was so well received that the players have been persuaded to put it on again with the fourth act added, and are arranging to present it on the first of March.

The Co-operative finished up its pack on Tuesday of this week. This is somewhat earlier than last year. Most of the fruit is on order and is being shipped out rapidly. The fruit stood up much better in storage than might have been expected.

The vote on Friday next for the by-law published in this issue of the Review should have every ratepayer's attention. Those who do not fully understand the meaning of it would be wise to call up some of the council or the clerk. It is an important item and will save the taxpayers over a de-centure issue.

JUST TO TELL YOU THAT—

the crowd did laugh at Reg. Denny last week and he'll make more laughs this

Friday & Saturday

in

"What Happened to Jones"

RIALTO

WHEN IN PENTICTON

Try Afternoon Tea and Evening Light Lunch at

ANGUS' CAFE

Special Room for Parties

Walters packing house finished up the season's pack on Tuesday night this week and report the apples held up better than was anticipated.

Mr. Arnold Gayton had an operation for mastoid at the coast last week. It is a trouble that seems to be common after the "flu." In the ward where he was there were twenty-one others with the same affliction. Arnold is progressing very satisfactorily.

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trying out in some of their bigger cities the Visiting Housekeeper plan and there is universal enthusiasm regarding the immense possibilities of the Junior Red Cross which began with us but has now a membership of over ten millions throughout the world. Of the great tasks being undertaken in Europe by the Red Cross I found the re-establishment of the

Bulgarian refugees of perhaps the most intense interest, but there is much else to arrest attention. An international course in public health nursing has recently been inaugurated at Bedford College, England, for nurses from all countries, and already there are women from fourteen different countries

SOUNDS DEATH KNELL OF BILL

Large Acreage to be Placed Under Tobacco Cultivation in Okanagan Valley This Year

Minister of Agriculture to Allot \$6,000 For Expert Advice During Growing Season—Reduces Grant For Codling Moth Pest—Growers Must Finance Purchase of Spraying Machines—W. A. McKenzie Urges Erection of Drying Sheds For Tobacco Industry—Would Encourage Floral Seed Production.

Victoria, Feb. 17.—Between 1,000 and 1,500 acres of tobacco has been contracted for this year in the Okanagan, the legislature was informed by Hon. E. D. Barrow. While the Government will not go so far as to build sheds for the benefit of the growers except perhaps at Oliver, it is putting six thousand dollars in the estimates for expert advice during the growing season, he said.

Local Member Urges Aid.

W. A. McKenzie, Similkameen, was one of the members urging that experts be employed to aid the growers, on the government project in the Oliver section and elsewhere and that drying sheds be provided. Mr. McKenzie expressed pleasure at the fact that something was being done to help this new industry. He felt that with the new British Preference on tobacco the industry in B. C. would soon become important. J. W. Jones, South Okanagan, considered that the growers in Kelowna should get as much assistance as at Oliver, but Hon. Mr. Pattullo pointed out that the government had a large investment at Oliver and had to make the proposition attractive. It was considering the erection of curing sheds at that point.

Floral Seed Producing Area.

British Columbia with proper encouragement could be developed into one of the greatest floral seed producing areas of the world, declared W. A. McKenzie, Similkameen, in course of his speech. He urged that every possible assistance be given in bulb raising, rose culture and the growing of medicinal herbs as well as in the general production of seeds. He congratulated the Minister of Agriculture upon the success resulting from the encouragement given by the department in the cultivation of certified seed potatoes and also seed clover. Reference was made to the success of sweet pea culture on Vancouver Island and roses at Sardis. Mr. McKenzie suggested that suitable government land be leased at nominal rents with option of purchase to those embarking upon seed and bulb production. The speaker pointed out that British Columbia annually imported one quarter of a million dollars worth of bulbs from Holland, not to speak of rose slips and other seed importations.

COMICAL HOOP GAMES ENJOYED

Many Attend to Watch Business Men Tangle—Use Rugby Tactics.

Those who failed to see the basketball games on Tuesday evening may well regret it, for one of the best evening's entertainments staged this year was put on before a large gathering of fans.

The first game, between North and South (no holds barred) was one long laugh from the first whistle to the last, and Referee Inglis never stopped blowing from start to finish. With the aid of a pair of field glasses, he kept the ball, for the most part, in sight, and with the assistance of a little advice from the centre player for the North side, gave his decisions in a clear and impartial manner.

It was clear from the start that several of the players had, at one time or another, indulged in rugby, and by using these tactics many grand runs were made.

T. W. Johnston of the South side goes the honor of the first basket. Grabbing the ball from close under his arm and started down the floor. Neither fire or flood could have stopped that rush, with several of the opposing players draped around his neck, he dropped the ball through the basket to the accompaniment of thunderous applause from the spectators.

The North then began to hit their stride (and Charlie at centre took some good long ones) and taking advantage of the defending guards managed to slip one through to even the count. Thus the score stood at half time.

With the start of the second half the North somehow eluded the eagle eye of the referee and put on six players for a while. This helped things considerably and two baskets were netted for them before the infringement was noticed. The South then rallied and netted a basket, which, with free throw, helped to cut down the lead, but they were unable to get out in front and when the whistle finally stopped blowing and the smoke had cleared, the score read 7-5 in favor of the North.

C. Whinton and W. White were the shining stars for the North while W. Johnston and W. Horton made most of the long runs for the South. The line-up was as follows: North—C. Whinton, W. White, L. Rumball, T. Ramsey, W. Shields, M. Fristow (spare); South—W. Johnston, B. Butler, V. Lockwood, W. Horton, C. McCutcheon, C. Cope (spare). Mention should also be made of the outfits (or rather misfits) worn by the different sides. L. Rumball looked all ready to step into the ballroom in his Pierlot costume, while V. Lockwood was enough to scare the bravest of men on a dark night, but it is our honest opinion that C. Whinton should receive the golden platter. Charlie was apparently a combination between an aviation officer and a rugby player. The last game, between the Co-op,

WORLD RECORD JERSEY DIED

Just Completed R.O.P. Test—Had Splendid Chance to Win Again

Jersey breeders and dairymen throughout Canada will regret to learn that the cow Farleigh St. Mawes Rotta, owned by the Dominion Experimental Station at Summerland, died after completing her R.O.P. test and winning the world's record.

She produced 11,606 pounds of milk that yielded 648.78 pounds of fat. Rotta's nearest rival was owned by F. H. Young in South Carolina. She produced, under similar record of performance rules, 11,348 lbs of milk and 642.16 lbs. of butter fat.

Mr. Hunter of the Experimental Station reports that the work at the farm for the time being has lost its attractiveness. Very high hopes had been entertained for this cow that she would make another world's record, for she could have again qualified for the three year old class.

They have at the farm a full sister of this cow, also her dam and a half sister, as well as a yearling son, so that the blood strain is not lost. Although other members of her family have made good records there were none of them with the outstanding quantities and good promise that were possessed by Farleigh St. Mawes Rotta.

PRACTICE FOR GONDOLIERS

Good Results Seen at Practices For Coming Presentation

Practices of the Operatic Society are coming along very satisfactorily and the orchestra has already had a practice with the members of the choruses. This week the work will be far enough advanced so they can start staging when work is started next week.

Country's Condition Encouraging

Ottawa, Feb. 17.—In the Budget speech delivered in the Dominion House of Commons today, Hon. J. A. Robb stated the country's condition was most encouraging. Favorable trade balance for the present fiscal year ending March 31st, estimated at two hundred and fifty million dollars.

Total revenue for present fiscal year, 1926-27, is placed at three hundred and ninety-five millions, an increase of twelve millions over 1925-26. Expenditure for the present fiscal year is placed at three hundred and sixty millions, an increase of five and a half millions over 1925-26. Estimated net surplus of revenue over expenditure for present fiscal year is put at nearly thirty-five millions gross, or thirty-one millions net.

The most important part of the speech was the announcement that reductions in taxation for the coming fiscal year, 1927-28, will total twenty-seven millions. Estimated debt reduction for the present fiscal year, 1926-27, is thirty-one millions as compared with twenty-seven and three-quarters for 1925-26 and twenty-two and a half for 1924-25.

There are no changes whatever in the tariff. Taxation changes are made in the following respects, entailing a reduction estimated at \$27,000,000. A cut of 10 per cent is made in all income tax rates and one of 20 per cent on all sales tax rates. A deduction of 25 per cent is made on the match tax. Exemption from stamp tax on cheques, notes, etc., is increased from \$5.00 to \$10.00. Stamp tax on cheques, bills, notes, etc., of value over \$10.00 is now 2 cents. The graduated scale is abolished. Stamp tax on overdrafts and advances is abolished. Income tax change comes into effect for this spring's payment. Sales tax reduction comes into effect tomorrow. Stamp tax changes come into effect in July. Special War Revenue Act is amended to make it clear that printers are liable to sales tax.

CO-OPERATIVE WILL PAY SAME REMUNERATION TO DIRECTORS

Improvements to Foundation of Storage House Will Save Fuel Bill and Fruit—Address by President Chambers—Interesting Account of Export Market—Major Hutton Reports on Proposed Marketing Bill.

A special meeting of the shareholders of the Summerland Co-operative Growers' Association was held in the G.W.V.A. hall on Monday, February 14th, 1927, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

The meeting was well attended in spite of the weather conditions. The president, G. I. Gray, presided. Mr. E. J. Chambers, president of the Associated Growers, was also present. After the meeting had been duly called to order the notice calling the meeting was read by the secretary.

Before beginning the business the president reported on the great benefit that had accrued from the building of the cement wall under the storage building. The result had quite exceeded the expectations of the board. A great saving in fuel had been effected. During cold spells in previous 12 to 14 stoves were kept burning night and day, while even during the cold snap this past year no night heating had to be resorted to and only four or five stoves were in use during day time. He felt very gratified indeed to be able to make this report, especially in view of the fact that so much criticism had been made when the work was being done.

In reply to a request regarding the notice required for the cancellation of the present five year contract, the president stated that notice had to be given in writing both to the local and central not later than the first day of March, 1928.

The remuneration to directors was discussed and it was moved, seconded and carried "That the remuneration to the directors be the same as was paid last year."

The election of officers was the next business, the following being nominated: For central representative, Major E. E. Hutton; for local board, Messrs. T. Croll, C. J. Hindlestone, J. Shephard, J. R. Campbell, G. D. Marshall and T. P. Thornber.

President Gray and Director Moyes refused nomination owing to lack of time for attending to duties connected with the board. Mr. G. J. C. White expressed, on behalf of himself and the members of the local, the high appreciation of the services rendered by the retiring directors, and regretted the circumstances that prevented the president and Mr. Moyes from accepting nomination. President Gray suitably replied; he had enjoyed the work and although not actively engaged, he would always be interested in the welfare of the Summerland local.

The following were appointed scrutineers: F. J. Nixon, Major Twoody, Capt. Webb and R. S. Jackson, who distributed the ballots. The result of the election was as follows: T. Croll, C. J. Hindlestone, J. Shephard, J. R. Campbell, G. D. Marshall, T. P. Thornber.

fully at the annual general meeting to be held in April next.

Mr. Chambers was then called upon to address the meeting. Dealing first with the export market, he gave a very interesting account of his visit to the old country and continental markets. He favored selling through Messrs. Perkins and Adamson in preference to the auction system. There was an unlimited market for good standard varieties of good grades and sizes. Small apples should not, in his opinion, be exported. It was also undesirable to ship poorer varieties of apples as they came into direct competition with barrel stock and were not wanted.

Dealing with the domestic market, Mr. Chambers was kept busy answering many pertinent questions, dealing for the most part with the present unsatisfactory methods of shipping soft fruits. He promised improvements along this line for the coming season, as he fully realized that the growers at the south end of the lake had cause for complaint.

Claims for frost damage to apples were not at all serious, less in fact than had been anticipated. No definite information could be given in regard to pool prices at the present time, but he expected that final returns would be available more expeditiously this year as most of the crop was now disposed of.

In regard to undesirable varieties, he thought growers with a limited number of trees should have them cut out, which would materially assist in reducing the quantity. He would not expect growers with blocks of such varieties to eliminate them all at once.

In reply to a question as to whether the Associated had been approached to give their consent to a reduction in the dumping duty, he said they had been, but he had refused to do so. On the motion of Major Hutton a hearty vote of thanks was accorded Mr. Chambers for attending the meeting.

The meeting then adjourned. A meeting of the newly elected board was held immediately after the Growers' meeting, at which Mr. C. J. Hindlestone was appointed president and Mr. J. Shephard vice-president for the coming year.

VALENTINE TEA IS SUCCESS

Women's Institute Held Meeting Friday—Social Nature.

On Friday afternoon, instead of the regular meeting of the executive of the Summerland Women's Institute, entertained at a Valentine Tea in the parish hall, at which a large number of members and their friends were present.

DADS AND LADS HOLD BANQUET

United Church at West Summerland Hold Supper—Fine Addresses

Which is the more fortunate, the average lad with the ideal dad, or the average dad with the ideal lad?

Well, we are away to a good start, for now we know what kind of a dad the average lad would like, and what kind of a lad the average dad would like. They told us all about it at the banquet on Friday night, when the Tuxis and Trail Rangers of St. Andrew's church brought their dads out for their annual get-together feast. We don't know how many there were, but the hall was full. Promptly at 6:30 o'clock they all sat down to the long table, every dad on the right hand side of his lad, and the seats were all full. To the casual observer it seemed impossible for the crowd assembled to empty the tables, but every lad (and dad) nobly did his duty, and before many minutes the tables were fairly empty, but the lads (and dads) were full.

At this stage of the proceedings the toastmaster, George Washington, took command, and right ably he filled the role. The first toast, "The King," was responded to by all rising and singing the National Anthem. The second toast, "What a Boy Expects of His Teacher," was quite ably presented by Allan McKenzie and was responded to by M. S. A. McDonald. Then, "What a Boy Expects of His Community," by Walter Bleasdale, was replied to by our chief of police, H. G. King. "What a Boy Expects of the Church" was next proposed by John Cummings, and responded to by Mr. Harding. The last toast, "What a Boy Expects of His Dad," was so ably presented by Billy Laidlaw that it took three men to answer him. Messrs. Laidlaw, Alex. Smith and A. McEachern interspersed with very pleasing and glees led by Rev. M. Reed.

The tables were then removed and every one joined in several rollicking games, winding up with a good old game of swat-tag in which most of the lads evened the score of many a woodshed scene which had been sticking in the back of their heads for months perhaps. If you want to know what it felt like ask Ernie Mountford. The evening was brought to a happy ending by singing "Auld Lang Syne."

HOSPITAL WORK REVIEWED

Ladies' Auxiliary Elect Officers—Receive Report of Past Contributions.

Tuesday last the Ladies' Hospital Auxiliary held its annual meeting and received reports for the past year. The election of officers resulted as follows: President, Mrs. Solly; 1st vice-president, Mrs. C. Wright; 2nd vice-president, Mrs. Andrew; recording secretary, Mrs. Stark; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Pares; Dorcas committee, Mrs. Clements; house committee, Mrs. McCutcheon and Mrs. Lipscomb; purchasing committee, Mrs. Hoocham and Mrs. Schwass; auditor, Mrs. Nelson.

A very interesting report of the financial assistance this auxiliary has brought to the hospital was given for the past year as follows: 1926, \$1,020.81; 1927, \$2,301.53; 1928, \$664.41; 1929, \$464.41; 1924, \$1,198.58; 1925, \$542.65; 1926, \$862.87.

HOLD MEETING FOR HOSPITAL

Society Appoints Committees—Extra General Meeting To Be Called.

A Hospital Society meeting was held this week and the committees arranged for the year. The house committee, Dr. Lipscomb, Mrs. Solly, Mr. MacDonald, The finance committee, Reeve Johnston, Mr. Jonkinson, Mr. MacDonald.

After passing the accounts that were presented, a general discussion of the affairs of the hospital was entered into. President Campbell thinks that the members of the hospital board are keenly interested but that there seems to be lacking the interest that used to be taken by the public generally in the welfare of the institution.

The committee that started out on a canvass of the community for some additional funds that were needed had dropped their work because of so much sickness in January, but are to again start out on this business. Property which the hospital owns in Prairie Valley is to be either rented or sold if possible this spring. An extraordinary general meeting of the society is to be called to make some necessary changes in the constitution.

The Port of Vancouver entered the front ranks as a grain shipper last year with 44,439,788 bushels forwarded. This compared with 1,347,337 in 1921. Just five years back.

VANCOUVER MEMBER ATTACKS VALIDITY OF MARKETING BILL

Supported by Premier Oliver and R. H. Pooley, Opposition Leader—Speaker Reserves Decision—Members Regard As Sounding Death Knell of Bill in Present Form—May be Submitted to Court of Appeal.

(Special to Summerland Review) Victoria, Feb. 18.—Supported by Premier John Oliver and R. H. Pooley, opposition leader, Captain Ian Mackenzie, Vancouver member, attacked the validity of the marketing Bill in the Legislature yesterday. While Mr. Speaker Buckham reserved his decision, private members regard the move as sounding the death knell of the Bill in its present form. Capt. Mackenzie argued that the Bill contravened House rules because it did not originate in Committee of the House, also that it was ultra vires as affecting trade and commerce, violated the provisions of the Criminal Code and the Combines Act and was against public policy.

Attorney General Manson combatted Mackenzie's argument, although he agreed that the point about the Bill not originating in a House Committee might be a good one. Mr. Pooley urged that as the measure seemed faulty in many respects, it be referred to the Chief Justice of the Court of Appeals. Premier Oliver said there was grave doubt as to the powers of the House to pass the legislation proposed.

MILK AND AGRICULTURAL CLAUSES RETAINED IN BILL

Will Further Amend Marketing Bill—Not Intended to Divorce Fruit From Other Industries—Question as to Who Shall be Supreme in Marketing is Under Consideration of Agricultural Committee—Nash Operators Say Selling Price Will be Fixed.

Victoria, Feb. 17.—Before it rose this morning, the Agricultural Committee decided to bring in further amendments to the Fruit Marketing Bill before it is reported to the House for the second time. It is understood that some means will be found to shape the Bill so that the Federation will be brought more closely within the provisions of the measure to meet their objection that the appointment of a committee of three throws them out.

It is not intended to alter the number of the committee and it is not intended to divorce fruit from other industries, such as milk, which are comprehended in the control provisions of the Bill.

Victoria, Feb. 17.—The question as to who is to be Supreme in the marketing of fruit under the proposed new bill occupied the time of the House Agriculture committee this morning. G. Norris, of Vernon, speaking for the Associated Growers, said that the Committee of Direction should be final and complete, according to the Kelowna convention plans. W. C. Duggan, of Kelowna, for the Independents, claimed that the committee should take its mandate from the Shippers' Federation.

A. D. Heriot, a Coldstream grower, also said that the convention contemplated the supremacy of the Federation.

Victoria, Feb. 17.—Col. Edgett, of Vernon, said if the Bill did not pass the fruit growers would either have to quit business or face the sheriff. Other growers spoke in similar vein. F. R. Stewart, Vancouver wholesaler, declared the measure too wide in its scope. He opposed the price-fixing principle. Dr. Warnock, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, announced that the Nash and other fruit operators on the prairies had given notice that a selling price would be fixed and any manager undercutting the price would be liable to summary dismissal.

Victoria, Feb. 17.—In the past the Government has borne the burden of fighting the Codling Moth pest, but in future the Fruitgrowers must assume a considerable share of the responsibility, Hon. E. D. Barrow, Minister of Agriculture, told the House yesterday. The usual legislative vote of \$16,500 has been reduced to \$10,000. Mr. W. A. McKenzie, Similkameen member, asked for information as to amounts outstanding in connection with payments from growers in spraying zones and was informed that this totalled \$16,000. He was also told that the growers would have to finance the purchase of spraying machines themselves.

Hon. E. D. Barrow, Minister of Agriculture, declined in the legislature to give further assistance to the Prairie Markets' Commissioner. He agreed that the Commissioner was doing good work, but did not accept the plea of J. W. Jones, South Okanagan member that at least one assistant be furnished. The Minister mentioned that the fruit growing industry had received more consideration than any other branch of agriculture, but apparently had not profited by the advice given in the past. If the Okanagan Growers had followed the advice tendered them from time to time they would not now be seeking legislation to help them out of their troubles, he said.

COURT CASES OF INTEREST

Boys Were Probably Stopped in Career of Crime.

Two interesting cases came up in county court at Kelowna this week when Edward Auddel and James Paterson elected for speedy trials before Judge Swanson on charges of attempted robbery of the Royal Cafe in Kelowna.

Auddel, who is only 17, claimed he had been led to attempt to rob the cash register and to divide the loot with Paterson, whom, he said, had suggested the plan. Auddel hid himself under a table, but before the robbery could be made the police pulled him from under the table and took away his revolver and placed him under arrest. Paterson was arrested later and denied all guilt. They were given a preliminary hearing at Kelowna January 10th, before Magistrate Weddell, who committed them for trial on a charge of conspiracy to commit robbery.

Later, Mr. W. C. Kelloy, as crown counsel, proffered an indictment of attempted robbery, and to this indictment both pleaded guilty on Tuesday. Judge Swanson gave both youths a stern lecture on the folly of idling and trying to get money without work, and then sentenced them each to three months' imprisonment.

That many folks think they could publish a newspaper better than the one who have put years in the work. That is not strange, because the same folks believe they could operate a railroad or hotel better than the owners. A newspaper lives by its advertising patronage, yet many are constant seekers after free advertising. It is not fair to give away what you have to sell and no other merchant does it. The subscription price does not pay for the white paper used and the reader is cheated if news is held out to print free advertising.

O'FARRELL OF THE PRINCESS PATS

A STORY OF THE GREAT WAR

(By J. Williamson)
(All Rights Reserved)

(Continued from last week.)
O'Farrell gazed in the direction indicated by Wright and caught sight of the periscope as it rose above the surface of the sea. A few seconds later the submarine herself came into full view. She had apparently been struck and listed badly to starboard. The firing ceased as a white flag was hoisted on the small forward mast. The speed of the destroyers was reduced as if their officers were awaiting further orders from the flagship.

"She is making for the Grampian," exclaimed Phillip excitedly, almost losing command of his nerves as he thought of the defenceless condition of the transport and the thousands of helpless men on board. "Why do they not sink her? She will surely send us to the bottom."

He was ashamed of his momentary lapse when Wright said calmly, "Not the least fear. She is sinking herself. They are making for the Grampian to save their own lives."

Signals now passed between one of the nearest scouts and the Grampian. The other war vessels moved to resume their former positions in relation to the convoy and the Grampian hove to, awaiting the approach of the submarine. She ran under the lee of the transport, where she lay partly hidden from the view of those on the upper decks.

O'Farrell went below, curious to get a glimpse of the crew, but he reached the lower deck to find the men had been placed in charge of a file of sailors and taken aboard the scout. Two women, who, it transpired later, were prisoners on the submarine, had remained on board the Grampian, and had been accommodated by the captain with one of the staterooms. Phillip thought little of the incident at the moment, but it was to have a direct and lasting effect on his future life.

Meanwhile the submarine was cast off, and the Grampian drew ahead. On the west-directed shot from a six-inch gun ended her career forever and she sank gurgling in the Atlantic.

The day was drawing to a close. The wake of the preceding transport was tinted by the pale rays of the early moon. The sun was hardly below the horizon ere Luna began to assert her weird influence upon the limitless waters. Nature was preparing for slumber and man was awed by the eerie silence which surrounded him.

As O'Farrell gazed north, south, east and west, the big ships with their precious burdens loomed dark and menacing against the sky-line. It appeared as if some large town had been launched upon the Atlantic and that the sea-like drone of the propellers broke the stillness. Phillip began to muse on his past life, his friends and his native land, and all they meant to him. Above all, his mind reverted constantly to the girl of the "Lure." Would he meet her in England and would she care to renew the acquaintance so romantically begun.

He was awakened from his reverie by the appearance of his orderly, who was evidently in a state of unusual excitement.

"I am sorry, sir, but your room has been given to the ladies who came aboard from the submarine. Another berth has been allotted to you, but I have been unable, so far, to get your baggage. I understand the ladies are ill owing to exposure. They are the survivors of the Cygnet, which you will remember, was recently reported missing."

O'Farrell was annoyed at the high-handed manner in which he had been ousted from his comfortable stateroom, but he felt it would be more than churlish for him to complain under the circumstances.

"Very well, Wright," he said, "I suppose we must be resigned. But I can't do without my suitcase. We will ask the ladies to hand it over to us. Come along."

Wright nodded. On reaching the stateroom door, Phillip knocked timidly.

"Who is there?" demanded a woman's voice in low, sweet accents.

"I regret to disturb you, Madam," responded O'Farrell, "but I want my grip. You are most welcome to the room, but I would like to get my clothes."

A startled exclamation followed the reply. The stateroom door was suddenly flung open. Standing there in the dimness of the twilight was Nena Haslett.

"Lieutenant O'Farrell," she gasped.

"Miss Haslett," exclaimed the astounded Phillip, "How did you get here?" he finished confusedly.

He had forgotten, in the great wave of astonishment that swept over him, that the two women were rescued from the submarine not an hour before.

CHAPTER VI.
A MIRACULOUS REUNION

More words are inadequate to express the surprise and astonishment of the man and the woman, thus thrown together again under such singular circumstances. They stood as if petrified for the space of half a minute before either could speak. The revelation of feeling on O'Farrell's part was so great and sudden that had one of the shells, so recently fired, dropped at his feet he would hardly have understood his danger. For two months he had been unable to inform Miss Haslett of his identity. He was hopelessly in love with her, yet hardly expected to meet her again, much less dream of a reciprocal feeling on her side. She had become a phantom, a mirage of his imagination, and her form was constantly arising before his mental vision as a beautiful oasis of the desert amidst the arid wilderness of the years of his loneliness.

Nena smiled just as greatly astonished, had not reached the pith of enthusiasm attained by Phillip. True, she looked upon Lieutenant O'Farrell with feelings of sincere gratitude as her preserver in a most exciting and unpleasant adventure, but she had not

deified him as he had glorified her. Although of an impressionable and generous disposition, she had a very logical turn of mind. Her deductions were usually founded on carefully defined premises and her conclusions were practical and generally correct. She had come to look upon Phillip as a perfect type of the old knight errant, but, of course, that ancient style of warrior was out of date. Plus the armour, visor, plume, shield, lance, two-handed sword, mace and steel-courted horse, he might have been to her as any of the storied knights of King Arthur's round table.

But that was the extent of her impression with respect to Lieutenant O'Farrell, following the adventure of Stanley Park. Her thoughts often strayed back to that evening when she went in search of the "Lure," but they were dominated by the fact of the night, the search for the Witch Woman's stone, the practical demonstration of possible grounds for the old Indian legend and her growing alarm as daylight grew into dusk and she began to realize that she was lost in the tangle of the forest. Then came the creeping footsteps through the brushwood behind her, her fear of the unknown, her headlong flight and her rescue from her brutal assailant by O'Farrell. It all remained vividly with her as a nightmare, but one bright ray in the bank of clouds was the sudden advent of Phillip and his gallant fight on her behalf. She would never forget that episode and was very grateful for his timely interference.

Once more they stood face to face, the circumstances no less romantic and unlooked for. No wonder they were silent with amazement. Nena was the first to recover her equilibrium. She stretched forth her hands and he took them in his great palms.

"Who could imagine we should meet again like this," she stammered.

Phillip continued to gaze at her as he drank in her words. He was still dazed and hardly understood their nature. Slowly he recovered himself and murmured in reply:

"I hardly ever expected to meet you again."

How commonplace and mediocre the expressions were they barely realized. They stood in the doorway of the cabin, mutually oblivious of the fact that they were objects of curiosity to several officers and stewards whose passage they blocked, until, raising her head, Nena caught sight of Wright, who was staring at her wild-eyed and incredulous.

His face appeared familiar to Nena, but she did not recollect him as the villain of her adventure upon the "Lure." Only the swish of the waves and the bee-like drone of the propellers broke the stillness. Phillip began to muse on his past life, his friends and his native land, and all they meant to him. Above all, his mind reverted constantly to the girl of the "Lure." Would he meet her in England and would she care to renew the acquaintance so romantically begun.

Phillip also stepped aside and the crowd dispersed. "I am afraid I am encroaching on your preserves once more," she said laughingly. "You remember the night in the woods when I turned you out of your comfortable tent, and here I am doing a similar thing."

"Don't trouble about that, Miss Haslett," O'Farrell hastily replied. "I would be churlish indeed to think of such a small matter when it is the happiest moment of my life to see you alive and to know the pleasure of returning to sleep on a four-stranded hawser to be able to give you one moment's comfort," he added passionately ere he had realized his mistake or the ridiculousness of his assertion.

Nena smiled amusedly at his impetuosity. She was too sensible to believe that he would hold to his vow for more than one night.

"A four-strand hawser would make a very uncomfortable bed," she laughed merrily. "Unless," she continued, "you observed his mortification, 'unless you swing your hammock on to it.'"

Her laughter was infectious and O'Farrell was forced to join in spite of his seriousness.

"Come," said Nena mischievously, "I must let you get your traps. It is impossible to imagine that such disgraceful luggage as razors, pipes, bolts, swords and guns should be allowed to desecrate a lady's boudoir. Collect them and get you gone, sir. I shall see you anon."

Phillip laughed heartily at her sally and, calling to Wright to follow, entered the cabin. With an exclamation, he withdrew as quickly as he had entered, colliding with his orderly as he did so.

"Keep out," he muttered to Wright, "there's another lady inside."

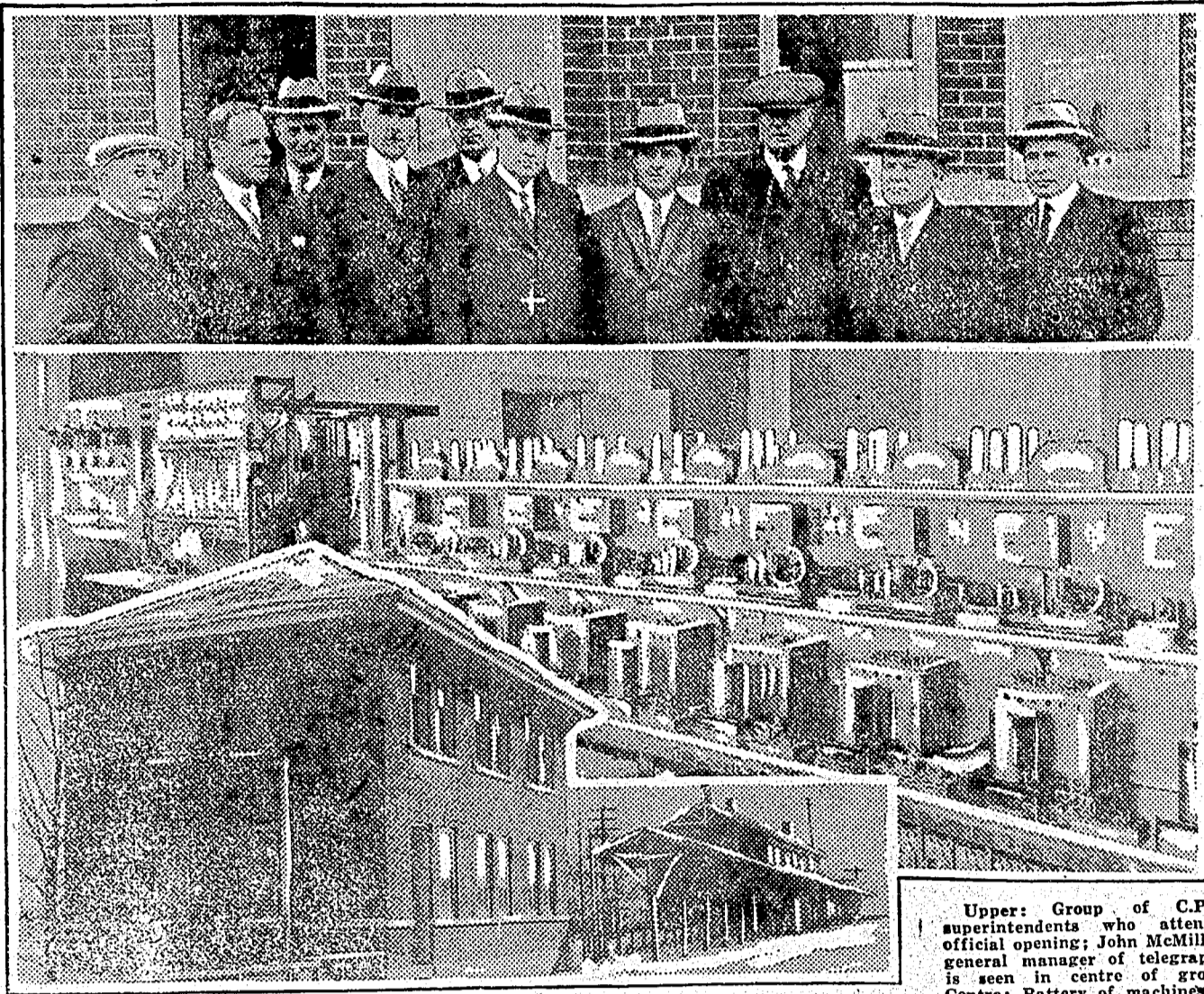
Wright apologized profusely, rubbing his head restfully and while where he had come in contact with the jamb of the door. He was not loath to obey orders. He had recognized Nena and held back in the shadow of the corridor during the conversation between himself and O'Farrell. He did not desire any reference to his misdoings just then and was glad of the postponement. The apology, he was well aware, must come. He knew he would not fall when the time arrived, but he wanted a leisure to think over the course he would pursue in the future.

Miss Haslett reappeared at the open door.

(To be Continued.)

The Dominion Bureau of Statistics reports the year 1926 as more favorable to business than 1925 and preceding years. Contributing factors were a bountiful harvest in the last two years, improved conditions in countries with which Canada trades and the rapid development of the power and pulp industries.

Important Link of Telegraph Service



The last link in the Canadian Pacific Telegraph system across the continent, to conform with the most advanced developments of telegraphic science, was completed recently, when a new telegraph repeater station was formally opened at White River, Ontario. The main switch, cutting the new up-to-date station into the circuit, was closed by Mrs. J. E. Depeux, who had been closely connected with Canadian Pacific developments at White River since construction days. Many prominent officials of the Company were present at the official opening January 29, including: J. McMillan, general manager of Telegraphs, Montreal; H. J. Humphrey, general superintendent, North Bay, and B. H. Bowen, superintendent of Telegraphs, Sudbury.

Through the installation of the new plant the efficiency of overland facilities will be greatly increased owing to the fact that signals formerly carried direct from Sudbury to Fort William, will now be strengthened and repeated at White River, the half-way point. It was pointed out to the press by Mr. McMillan that the overland service will be increased in speed and flexibility, thus affording additional service. The present approximate distance between stations of this nature operated by the Canadian Pacific is 300 miles. A few years ago distances between repeating stations were fully double the distance now accepted as the best practice. For example, Mr. McMillan pointed out, the Canadian Pacific overland wires were stretched from Montreal to Vancouver with the first repeater station at Fort William, a distance from Montreal of about 1,000 miles. Since the opening of the service the first station of this nature was built at Sudbury. The decision to further cut down the distance to Fort William resulted in the construction of

the new station here.

Through the introduction of automatic printers and the possibilities of still greater advances in the science of telegraphy, it was found necessary to establish the new station. Starting from Sudbury, the Canadian Pacific now have repeater stations at White River, Fort William, Winnipeg, Moose Jaw, Calgary, Revelstoke and Vancouver, on the overland trunk lines. In telegraph service across the continent the Canadian Pacific have installed all-copper wires, and the best equipment obtainable is provided in all their repeater stations from East to West, making the service fast and reliable.

The station here comes under the superintendency of D. E. Bowen, the chief in charge of the station will be C. W. McMillan, with repeater chiefs G. B. Bowen, and S. Faney.

Under the management of Mr. Richards, who has been employed for the past few weeks by the directors of the local fruit union, a crew was assembled and a start made on getting the winter storage apples to market. A little better than a car had been got out when the cold snap set in and it was decided advisable to let up till the weather moderated again. Some of the Winesaps, Yellow Newtowns, Delicious, White Winter Permain and Salome were moved.

Miss Betty Buchanan returned home last week after a few weeks' vacation spent down at the coast.

Francis Willard day in the local W.C.T.U., which was to have been recog-

DID YOU EVER STOP TO THINK?
(By Edson R. Waite, Shawnee, Okla.)
W. F. Hedrick, managing editor of the Toledo (Ohio) Blade, says:
That a newspaper gives more value for the price than any other commodity you could buy. Where could you get the information and entertainment a newspaper affords for a few cents a week?
That a newspaper is the most perishable article sold. Even more so than meat or fruit. What is more dead than yesterday's newspaper? News to be news; must be served to the public rapidly. The average reader wants to learn something that he does not know and he likes to be surprised. Circulation can be built only by the confidence of the public that when a newspaper is purchased there will be something to read that is worth while.
That news alone does not make a newspaper. There must be other features that will appeal to minds that think along different channels. News to please its readers with everything that is printed in its columns. The editor hopes, however, that each feature printed will appeal to at least 40 per cent of the readers. If it does he will be satisfied.
That you depend upon a newspaper for many other services and the newspaper is glad and even anxious to give service. The newspaper office is the natural place to turn when you want information of any kind. In joy or in trouble you find congratulations or sympathy in a newspaper office. If you need help the editor is usually the one to aid you.

NARAMATA
Mr. Bert Partridge left the hospital last week and is now convalescing at home.

A Valentine Dance was held in the Unity Club on Monday evening, when many of the young people wore in evidence.

Neither the Sicomus or the Pentowna were able to get into the wharf on Wednesday morning on account of the rough weather.

The death of Mrs. Hannah McKay, wife of Daniel McKay of Naramata, occurred on Thursday night, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Grimard, Naramata road, aged 87 years. The funeral will take place at 2 p.m. Sunday, the 20th instant, from the Grimard residence.

PEACHLAND
Peachland Masonic Lodge, A. F. & A. M. entertained at an "at home" on Friday evening of last week. Quite a large crowd was present, although sickness and cold kept some away. The first part of the evening was given over to cards. Then the tables were cleared away and an entertaining programme was enjoyed, followed by supper and a dance. An orchestra from Penticon furnished the music for the dance.

The regular meeting of the Peachland Women's Institute was held last Friday in the municipal hall. The president was in the chair and twenty-seven members present. The meeting was opened with the singing of the Institute Ode. The minutes of the January meeting were read and approved. The treasurer's report was read and accepted. The convener of the Valentine Tea and Sale of Books for February 14th, from three to five in the afternoon. The date of the fall fair was discussed and September 8th, with an alternative date of September 15th, was agreed upon to be forwarded to the department. The vice-

president, Mrs. Trimble, has kindly consented to give lessons in tacting to beginners, offering a special prize to be given at the fall fair for the best work shown. The roll call was answered by "the time of the year you like best, and why?" Spring had the greatest number of devotees. The meeting was favored with a vocal solo by Mrs. McKay, a reading by Miss Metcalf and a piano solo by Miss Colham. Dainty refreshments were served and the meeting closed with the singing of the National Anthem.

Under the management of Mr. Richards, who has been employed for the past few weeks by the directors of the local fruit union, a crew was assembled and a start made on getting the winter storage apples to market. A little better than a car had been got out when the cold snap set in and it was decided advisable to let up till the weather moderated again. Some of the Winesaps, Yellow Newtowns, Delicious, White Winter Permain and Salome were moved.

Miss Betty Buchanan returned home last week after a few weeks' vacation spent down at the coast.

Francis Willard day in the local W.C.T.U., which was to have been recog-

Purity
Proved by Analysis!

THE finest malted grains and hops brewed with the most scientific care in five modern plants go to make the pure beer consumed by the people of British Columbia. Then the Amalgamated Breweries continuously call upon independent firms of chemists of reputation for independent analysis. These analyses PROVE the purity and quality of British Columbia beers and its fullest maturity.

HERE is an extract from the last analysis of Amalgamated Brewing beer made by the firm of McDonald and McDonald, analytical chemists of Vancouver:

"All three samples had a sparkling brightness and a substantial foam remaining on the glass for a considerable time. Each had a refreshing aroma and an agreeably bitter hop taste. The analysis shows conclusively that all three samples are pure and wholesome beverages. The high Extract, low Acidity, high Nitrogenous Matter, substantial Ash and Phosphoric Acid contents are absolute evidence of the good, wholesome quality of these beers, proving them to be pure Malt Beverages. The analysis of these samples of beer is very similar to that of the best European varieties."

McDonald & McDonald,
(Signed) W. A. Satterfield, Chemist.

The Amalgamated Breweries are associated Vancouver Breweries Ltd., Rainier Brewing Co. of Canada Ltd., Westminster Brewery Ltd., Silver King Brewery Ltd. and Victoria Phoenix Brewing Co. Ltd.

Pure Beer
at Government Stores and Licensed Premises.

This advertisement is not published or displayed by the Liquor Control Board or by the Government of British Columbia.

nized by the local organization, had to be postponed, from Thursday of this week to an indefinite date on account of sickness from colds.

Mr. Wm. White left on Sunday last en route for New Westminster via the K.V.R. from West Summerland. While in the city he will represent the local Orange lodge at the provincial grand lodge sessions being held there.

The Library Committee of the local Women's Institute held a Valentine Tea and Sale of Library Books on Monday afternoon last in the municipal hall which was suitably decorated

FOR SALE
The Arnett Ranch
\$10,000.00
WHAT CASH HAVE YOU?
In capable hands this ranch will prove a profitable investment.
Apply W. ARNETT, Dauphin, Man. 5-4c

BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCKS
Hatching Eggs
Hens mated with cockerels from Agassiz Strain
200 to 225 Egg Hens
PRICE \$1.50 FOR 15 EGGS
Order Early—Cash with Order
CHAS. A. MARSHALL
West Summerland, B. C. 6-2-c

Bargain Sale
\$1 worth of laces for 30c; \$1 worth of embroidery, 30c; \$1 worth of all over laces, 30c; \$1 worth of wide ribbon, 30c; children's boots and shoes, 90c per pair; 25 per cent off all other lines of dry goods.
A. MILNE
LADIES' EMPORIUM 6-tf-c

Time Now To Get Fluming
FIGURE UP YOUR NEEDS NOW
Don't forget we handle Metal Fluming as well as board.
WM. RITCHIE
West Summerland

VENDOME HOTEL
1138 Nelson St., Vancouver, C. B. McCallum, manager, formerly of Hotel Summerland, Summerland. All residents of this district specially welcome. Rooms with or without bath. Large airy suites. 1-tf-c

JAS. RITCHIE
Okanagan Sales Service
Fruit and Ranch Lands for sale
Rental Agent—Listings Wanted
West Summerland, B. C. Phone 533

KETTLE VALLEY RAILWAY TIME TABLE
Commencing Sunday, May 16.
EASTBOUND
No. 12—Leave Vancouver daily, 7:30 p.m.
Leave West Summerland daily 7:03 a.m.
Arrive Nelson daily 10:55 p.m.
Connection made at West Summerland with boat for Kelowna and Lake Points.

WESTBOUND
No. 11—Leaves Nelson daily 9:05 p.m.
Leaves West Summerland daily 12:03 p.m.
Arrives Vancouver daily 10:45 p.m.
Observation and Dining Car Service on all trains

J. W. RUTHERFORD, Agent
KETTLE VALLEY RAILWAY MAIL SCHEDULE
For the convenience of our readers we give below the time of closing of all mails at the local postoffices, for despatch by boat and train; and also interchange between the two offices:

AT SUMMERLAND OFFICE
For all points North, East and West 8 p.m.; Sunday, 9 p.m.
For Naramata, Penticon, South, Similkamean, Boundary and Kootenay—Daily, except Sunday, 6 p.m.
For Vancouver and Victoria—Daily except Monday, 11 a.m.
For West Summerland—Daily, except Monday, 7:30 a.m. and 11 a.m.; daily, except Sunday, 6 p.m.
For Rural Route—8:00 a.m. daily, except Sunday.

AT WEST SUMMERLAND OFFICE
For Coast Points—Daily, except Monday, 11:30 a.m.
For South, North and East—Daily 5 p.m.
For Summerland Office—Daily, except Monday, 11 a.m.; and daily, 5 p.m.

on the occasion. A goodly number attended during the afternoon to partake of the dainty refreshments, and a number of the books were sold. The purpose of the tea and sale was to provide funds for the purchase of some new books to replenish the library. The proceeds were \$13.00.

GREAT COAL
WINTER IS NOT OVER
You need more
COAL & WOOD
We sell Drumheller for it burns Out Clean
SMITH & HENRY 2-tf-c

W. C. KELLEY, B.A.
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR.
NOTARY
WEST SUMMERLAND B. C. 10-5-26

VERNON GRANITE AND MARBLE COMPANY
Quarrying & Cut-Stone Contractors
Monuments, Tombstones and General Cemetery Work.
PRICE 57. VERNON

F. D. COOPER
REAL ESTATE BROKER
Peach Orchard, Summerland
Established 1907 Phone 613

CANADIAN PACIFIC
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY
North LAKE South
6:20A..... Penticon 7:35P
6:55A..... Naramata 8:25P
7:20A..... Summerland 8:45P
8:20A..... Peachland 9:45P
9:45A..... Kelowna 8:55P
12:30P..... Okanagan L'nd'g 1:35P

—RAIL—
2:15P... Okanagan Landing ... 1:10P.
3:00P..... Vernon 12:40A
5:10P..... Sicamous 10:40A

Westbound main line train leaves Sicamous 6:05P.
Eastbound main line train leaves Sicamous 10:35P.

A. M. LESLIE, Agent,
Summerland, B.C.

SYNOPSIS OF LAND ACT AMENDMENTS
PRE-EMPTIONS
Vacant, unreserved, surveyed Crown lands may be pre-empted by British subjects over 18 years of age, and by aliens on declaring intention to become British subjects, conditional upon residence, occupation and improvement for agricultural purposes.
Full information concerning regulations regarding pre-emption is given in Bulletin No. 1, Land Series, "How to Pre-empt Land," copies of which can be obtained free of charge by addressing the Department of Lands, Victoria, B.C., or to any Government Agent.

Records will be granted covering only land suitable for agricultural purposes and which is not timber land, i.e., carrying over 5000 board feet per acre west of the Coast Range, and 8000 feet per acre east of that Range.
Applications for pre-emption are to be addressed to the Land Commissioner of the Land Recording Division in which the land applied for is situated, and are made on printed forms, copies of which can be obtained from the Land Commissioner.
Pre-emption must be occupied for five years and improvements made to value of \$10 per acre, including clearing and cultivating at least five acres before a Crown Grant can be received.
For more detailed information see the Bulletin "How to Pre-empt Land."

PURCHASE
Applications are received for purchase of vacant and unreserved Crown lands, not being timberland, for agricultural purposes; minimum price of first-class (arable) land is \$5 per acre, and second-class (grazing) land, \$2.50 per acre. Further information regarding purchase or lease of Crown lands is given in Bulletin No. 10, Land Series, "Purchase and Lease of Crown Lands."

HOMESTEAD LEASES
Unsurveyed areas, not exceeding 20 acres, may be leased as homestead, conditional upon a dwelling being erected in the first year, title being obtainable after residence and improvement conditions are fulfilled and land has been surveyed.

LEASES
For grazing and industrial purposes, areas not exceeding 640 acres may be leased by one person or a company.

GRAZING
Under the Grazing Act the Province is divided into grazing districts and the range administered under a Grazing Commissioner. Annual grazing permits are issued, based on numbers ranged, priority being given to established owners. Stock-owners may form associations for range management. Free, or partially free permits are available for settlers, campers and travellers, up to ten head.

THE SUMMERLAND REVIEW

Established August, 1908

(Published at Summerland, B.C.)

Walter M. Wright, Editor & Manager

ADVERTISING RATES

Composition Display Advertising from 75 cents per inch to 37 1/2 cents, according to amount contracted for. Change of Display Advertising Copy each issue is permitted. Display Advertisers desiring special positions are charged 25% extra. Legal Advertisements, Reading Notices, Etc., 16 cents per line first insertion; 12 cents per line subsequent insertions. Want Advertisements, Coming Events, Etc., three cents per word first insertion; two cents subsequent insertions. Business Locals in Local Happenings Column, 25 cents per line. All Want Advertisements, Locals, Etc., are payable in advance; minimum, 50 cents for any one advertisement. Instructions for cancellation or alteration of advertising must be in writing, otherwise no responsibility is accepted by The Review.

WORK DONE FOR GROWERS

People often think that the work done by the government agricultural representatives is not valuable, and this is largely the case because politicians make use of the expenditures to level criticisms at the party in power. There are times when these representatives render a very valuable service that often goes unrecognized. Just at present one of these investigations is being finished, and it is of great value to the Okanagan and to Summerland. There will be a meeting of a few of those primarily interested next week and a general public meeting called in the course of a few weeks to discuss the investigation.

So much talk about the off varieties has been indulged in by speakers from time to time and so little real effort made to relieve the district of the burden, that the department has started to work under Mr. Middleton that aims to relieve the situation.

The Review mentioned this matter a few weeks ago in connection with the work of the fruit legislation now pending and has this advance information to give: There are 17 per cent. of the trees in Summerland now that are "off varieties" and 24 per cent. of the acreage is supporting trees whose product it does not pay to put on the market.

The longer this situation is permitted to hold, just so long will the growers returns be reduced. The idea that one-fourth of our acreage should be still growing apples that will not return to the growers anything more than cost, shows what a load the community carries.

Naramata profited by our experience and has only 6 per cent of their trees "off varieties" and but 4 1/2 per cent of its acreage devoted to production of this kind.

We firmly believe that the work of this investigation will prove of great value to the growers and the details should be looked forward to with a keen interest. The reasons on which they have based their findings are well worth our very serious consideration and many of their suggestions can well be acted upon. Such works as this deserves approval.

IT SHOULD BE DONE

Proud of our country's history and the record it has made, no community in the Dominion should overlook preparations for the celebration of our Diamond Jubilee on July first. Summerland should already be starting its arrangements towards that end. Many of the towns in the east and practically every city has some organization devoting itself to an endeavour to make the first of July a great day in history.

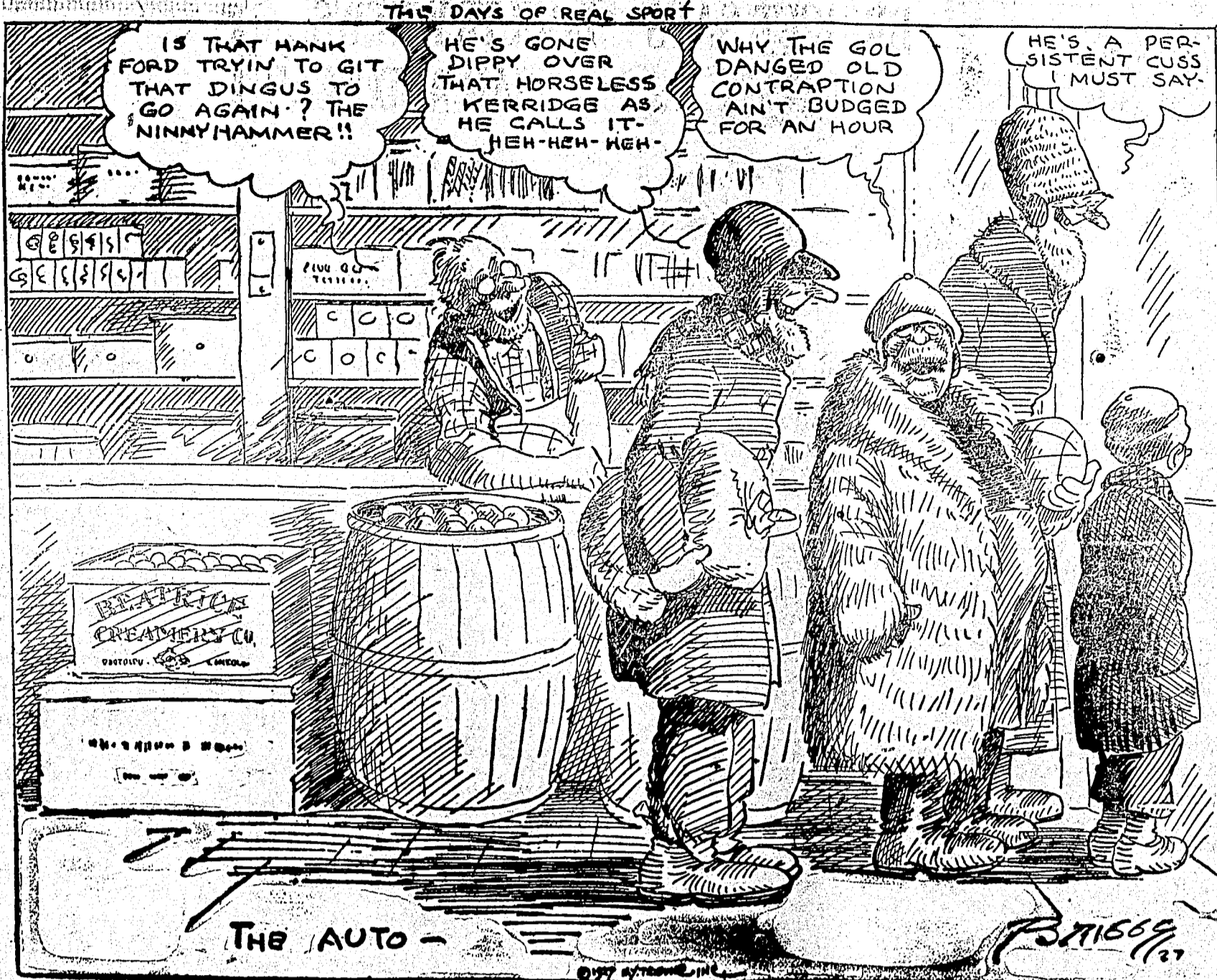
The Caledonian Society generally has, on the first, a smaller affair of their own than is called for, this year but they with the Canadian Legion, sports clubs and some of the other organizations could appoint a joint committee and go after the event with a determination to once again give Summerland a big First of July.

Whatever form the celebration might take there is certainly good grounds for the community as a whole backing up a concentrated effort to recognize this mile-post in Canada's history; whatever organizations or group of organizations take up this endeavour, there will be behind them plenty of public sentiment to encourage an endeavour such as the occasion requires. It is a great stride in Canada's history that this day should celebrate. Proper recognition will strengthen that feeling of pride which every citizen has just cause to harbour and it will build into the patriotic foundation already well started, for the school children.

A united effort on the part of the committee which should be interested, will secure a fitting recognition of the day. To neglect the occasion would not be excusable.

MAGNETIC HEALER CO. OPEN OFFICES

The Magneto Healer Company of Vancouver has opened a clinic in the Savoy Hotel, New Westminster. In this clinic magnetism is applied to heal all manner of diseases. The New Westminster office is being opened by J. M. Robinson, who is responsible for the promotion of the company and who is widely known as "the father of the Okanagan." Mr. Robinson in 1900 brought settlers from all parts of Canada to take up farming in the Okanagan valley after he had shown the great possibilities of the irrigated fruit lands.



MUSIC LOVERS TO BE FAVORED

C. Higgin to be Adjudicator At Musical Festival This Year.

Old country people in general, and those of a musical turn of mind from Lancashire and Yorkshire in particular (and there are many of them) will be delighted to hear of the appointment of Mr. Clifford Higgin of Vancouver as one of the adjudicators at the forthcoming Musical Festival to be held in Kelowna, April 19th and 30th. Mr. Higgin is at present occupying a very prominent place in the musical life of the coast city.

The following sketch of the musical career of Mr. Clifford Higgin comes to us through Mr. F. Mossop, the local secretary of the Okanagan Valley Musical Festival. As a resident of Calgary, Alta., for many years, Mr. Mossop has first hand knowledge of the splendid work accomplished by Mr. Higgin in raising the standard of music in that city.

The late Dr. A. S. Vogt, late conductor of the Toronto Mendelssohn Choir and principal of the Toronto Conservatory of Music, brought Clifford Higgin to this country from Blackpool, England, after hearing his Orpheus Glee Society secure 100 marks for the singing of Brahms' "Death of Tristan" at the Blackpool Musical Festival, before four experienced adjudicators.

Mr. Higgin was for six years organist and choir master of Brant Avenue Methodist Church, Brantford, Ontario, and also conductor of the well known Schubert choir of that city. He was again recommended by Dr. Vogt to Knox Presbyterian Church, Calgary, in 1920, and the choir of that church under his direction has won twelve shields for choral singing during the last five seasons. Mr. Higgin competed twice in the professional composition class, winning the gold medal on both occasions, and his choral composition "To a Faded Violet" awarded the gold medal by Professor Granville Bantock, the eminent English composer, is the best piece this year for the choral class at the Alberta Musical Festival.

His choir in England won over 20 prizes at the various festivals, and visited the International Concours de Musique held in Paris, France, win-

T. B. YOUNG WINS GOLF CONTEST

Surprised at News That He Was Expected to Play R. Bain.

Mr. T. B. Young and family have returned from their trip to the coast. Mr. Young informed the Review that he was not aware till our last edition came to his father, that he was booked to play championship golf.

To uphold the honor of Summerland he promptly put on his cap, and, although it meant a walk of eight blocks, he went to tell Mr. Roy Bain that he had nothing to do with the report published about the proposed match, still, he was quite willing to uphold Summerland honors. They arranged the game. Mr. Young admits it was a splendid contest, he is sure of that, but although he may not always have been aware of everything that was going on, he was pleased to learn that the finals showed he won 4 up with 10 to go.

BOY LEADERS AT WORK

Trail Rangers Had Charge of Evening Service at Lakeside United Church

An innovation in the services at the United Church at the lower town was made on Sunday evening last when the Trail Rangers had charge.

The conduct of the service was in the hands of Leslie Smith. Charlie Bleasdale led in the responsive reading, and fourteen of the boys from the Trail Rangers, forming a choir, gave the anthem for the evening.

Following the reading of the lesson by Leslie Smith, three short addresses were given by the boys, Robert Nelson on what Trail stood for in the Rangers' name, Stanley Sharp explained what Rangers stood for and Gordon Booth told what was expected of a C.S.E.T. boy.

The service was most creditable to the efforts of the young leaders and speaks well for their course of training.

JAS. MARSHALL SPEAKS IN ONT.

Summerland Boy Interested in Ontario's Troubles—On Lecture Tour.

Two press notices from an Ontario paper, the Strathroy Age, that are of interest to Summerland readers of the Review, are copied below: "Two educational meetings have been held by West Middlesex fruit growers of late, the first at Strathroy and the second at Mt. Brydges. At both these meetings James Marshall, of the O. A. C. Department of Entomology, and Inspector H. Scott of the Dominion Fruit Branch, were the chief speakers. The former spoke upon spraying apples, with special reference to the provincial spray service which went into effect in Middlesex for the first time last year, and the latter upon potato grading, which is a particularly live subject in the famous Caradoc potato producing district at the present time. A government moving picture illustrating the various uses of insecticides, and the methods used in control, was shown at both meetings."

Shanghai, Feb. 17. — Nationalists here claim that Hangkow, important rail and water centre, 113 miles southwest of Shanghai, was captured by their forces last night.

APPRECIATION ST. VALENTINE'S DAY

St. Valentine's Day was drawing night and, "Shall we let it unnoticed pass by?"

The Institute women everyone Decided that now was the chance for some fun.

So invitations both far and wide Were sent and accepted from every side.

Prepared the room with favors of taste, And next sumptuous food the tables graced.

With songs and verse an hour went west, Then a merry game which Miss Sinclair guessed.

Mrs. Andrews' brain, she wished to declare, Should certainly with hers the honor share.

So here's to the faithful Institute band Join up and lend, them a helping hand. Their meetings are always helpful and bright, They work for their country, their homes and the right.



WORLD OF POLITICS

(By an Ex-Writer of the Ottawa Press Gallery)

THE COMMITTEE OF CONTROL

Throughout the four years the writer has contributed comments to the columns of the Herald on political and near-political events, he has at times alluded to matters affecting co-operation and the marketing of farm commodities. His excuse for so doing has been that co-operation and control of marketing in the past twenty-five years have in many instances been correlated to legislative action, if not to politics. Very fortunately for the fruit growers of British Columbia our troubles over the marketing of fruit have never had any relation to party politics and even at the present time, although the problem has reached the legislative halls, it is being considered upon a non-partisan basis. This is well. The situation is one, therefore, that makes it necessary for the writer to apologize for devoting all the space at his disposal in this issue to a consideration of the situation that has developed in connection with the "Produce Marketing Act" now before the Legislature. In so doing he realizes that he is possibly open to a charge of approaching the subject from the vantage point of animosity were he to follow his hitherto unbroken practice of not revealing his identity. In order to remove such possibility and assume full responsibility for the opinions to follow, and which he desires to put in a persuasive rather than a controversial spirit, the writer proposes on this occasion to put his name at the end of this article.

In approaching this topic, my chief purpose is to endeavor to convince the growers of that part of the Okanagan Valley served by the Herald that, despite statements that have been made to the contrary, nothing has occurred at Victoria up to the time of writing to substantiate the claim advanced that the bill as agreed to by the agricultural committee of the House has departed in any vital respect from the request for legislation unanimously voiced by the fruit growers' convention at Kelowna. Unfortunately, there has been much confusion in the press and in the public mind in relation to the developments at the capital and this has been due in some measure to two causes: The introduction by Attorney-General Manson of his bill arising out of the Nash inquiry, and the submission to the agricultural committee, apparently, of two different bills, the first bill to come down leaning further in the direction of compulsory co-operation than was warranted by the Kelowna convention. In dealing with this matter, however, I have before me the bill finally accepted, apart from one amendment designed to protect the consumers in fixing the price of milk in the event of that commodity being included in the proposed legislation. I have also before me the agreement arrived at between the representatives of the organized and unorganized growers covering twenty-points, and, still more important, I have the resolution adopted by the Kelowna convention.

This resolution, it must be agreed by all fair-minded people, is the crux of the whole matter because the point at issue between the committee of the Legislature and those who have dissented from what has been done at Victoria lies in the claim of the dissidents that powers have been vested in the proposed Committee of Direction that the Kelowna agreement stipulated should have been given to the licensed shippers who will constitute the Produce Shippers' Federation. I submit that the claim is one that will not bear close scrutiny. WHAT DID GROWERS REQUEST? To those who were fortunate enough to be present at the convention it was an inspiring moment when the several hundred delegates present, co-operatively, controlled independents, "wild" shippers, everybody in fact, rose as one man and requested the government to do certain things. And what did they ask? Nothing more or less than that the Legislature should set up a Committee of Direction in time to have control of the movement of 100 per cent of the 1927 crop. And why was this asked? Because said the resolution, "we believe that such stabilization in the interests of the growers can best be accomplished through a Committee of Direction which will regulate the grading, packing, shipping and marketing of the entire crop."

In other words, the massed opinion of the growers was that the Committee of Direction should have control of practically everything but the actual selling of the fruit, and for that the shippers, co-operative and otherwise, were to be responsible. And here it should be explained as a matter of fact, that the representatives of the Associated Growers favor of making the Committee of Direction a selling organization as well, but conceded the point to the independents in the interests of unanimity. It will be noted that resolution adopted makes no reference whatever to the Federation which the objectors to the bill now argue should be the more important body, and it might well be asked: "Why the need of a Federation, and, if necessary, what is necessary to turn to the agreement arrived at between the representatives of the organized and independent growers. Section one of that agreement calls for an organization to be known as the British Columbia Produce Shippers' Association, with powers imposed on the same through a license issued by the government to all shippers. Section two provides that the rules and regulations of the Federation are to be approved by the government, but they must be acceptable to the Federation. Section three divides the voting power of the Federation equally between the Associated Growers and other shippers. And section four defines the real primary appoint to the Federation, to wit: to the proposed Committee of Direction two members representing the Associated Growers and the other independent shippers. In the minds of the growers who attended the convention the primary function of the Federation, as I have said, is to name two members of the Committee of Direction which will, in accordance with the desires of the growers, regulate the grading, packing, shipping and marketing of the entire crop. Could anything be clearer than that the intention of the convention was to vest the control of the crop in the Committee of Direction. By way of further proof of this contention I would note that in the remaining 13 points of the agreement the Federation is but twice mentioned and, with one unimportant exception, the other sections relate to requests on the part of the growers to put certain powers in the hands of the Committee of Direction or deal with cognate matters. This section, number 6, provides that shippers advise the Federation of shipments, consignments, etc., for its information. It also makes provision that the books of shippers are to be open to the inspection of the Committee of Direction. BILL DEALS WITH COMMITTEE

Just what powers the government proposes to give to the Federation is not clear at the moment because the bill deals exclusively with the Committee of Direction and explains that the proposed Shippers' Federation will be "a society incorporated under the 'Societies Act,'" but it is abundantly clear that the chief powers will rest with the Committee of Direction which, as Col. Edgett of Vernon put it in a recent interview, "will be the 'Police Commission' of the fruit selling business. And is it not abundantly clear that this is just about what the growers asked for?"

In a statement issued on behalf of the dissidents a disposition is manifested to traverse old ground, even back to 1914, with the evident purpose of blaming co-operation for the existing state of affairs. That will have but little weight in the minds of the thinking people of the valley and, even if there were truth in the implied charge, I would call attention to the fact that, when the present movement was started, it was agreed that it constitutes a new chapter and the past was to be forgotten. Personally I take no exception whatever to the statement that the legislation is experimental. When the Kelowna convention asked that it be applied to the 1927 crop only, and that an inquiry be instituted to ascertain whether or not it could be improved upon, it recognized that it was experimental, but it requested it nevertheless and nothing is to be gained by raising that issue now. Section three of the bill I have before me provides that the Committee of Direction is to be constituted for "a period of one year." Clause two of section four, it is true, provides that "on request of a committee the Lt.-Governor-in-Council may from time to time by order-in-council extend for a period of one or more years the existence of a committee, or change its name, or restrict or enlarge the boundaries of the district within which the committee operates, etc." All of which, completely disposed of the idea that the chairman of the Committee of Direction will have a life job. As a matter of fact the whole committee and all its works can be scuttled at the end of the year if it does not satisfactorily function. COMPULSION ASKED FOR

Likewise, I do not take exception to the statement that the legislation is in a certain degree compulsory. Any legislation that constitutes a "Police Commission" to look after the marketing end of the fruit business must have compulsory tendencies. But again it is just what the growers in convention asked for. On present troubles are due to the fact that one and all of the organizations that have endeavored in the past to bring about the orderly marketing of our fruit failed in their purpose for the reason that they had no "teeth." The Kelowna convention requested the government to constitute a Committee of Direction (not a Federation of Shippers) with "teeth." That is just what the agricultural committee has done to date, and that, despite the efforts of those who, becoming frightened by this display of teeth, have made an unsuccessful effort to extract them. Had they succeeded in doing so the efforts of the P.O.C.A. and others to provide a remedy for the present unsatisfactory state of affairs in the fruit growing business would have come to naught.

I have already exceeded my normal allowance of space and must close, but in doing so desire to say that the directors of the Pentlithion Co-operative Growers are well within the mark in stating that the bill is along the lines of the Kelowna resolution. Am fortified in this opinion by a confidential letter from a friend who is not a fruit grower but who had occasion to follow the proceedings both at Kelowna and before the agricultural committee at Victoria. Perfectly competent to size up the situation accurately, this correspondent put the matter in one brief sentence when he wrote: "Personally, I consider the bill to be exactly in line with the desires of grower delegates at Kelowna." That should be satisfactory to all persons really anxious to see 100 per cent control of the 1927 crop. As I stated in this column the week following the convention, the Kelowna resolution was based upon compromise. Quite apparently the only brand of compromise that would meet the wishes of the dissidents in this matter is the kind that would give them everything they want and the other fellows nothing at all.

BASKETBALL NEWS

The play-off games are now at hand, the Summerland Intermediate "B" team going up to Kelowna tonight for the first game. On Monday the Senators will travel to Pentlithion to meet the Pentlithion Senior "B" team for the first game in that division and the night to meet Kelowna. The winners of the Intermediate game play the winners of the Kelowna-Vernon game. The club has a splendid programme in view for in addition to the play-off games they have secured as a special attraction "Varsity senior "B", one of the crack coast teams. It is to be hoped that the public will strongly support these games as the club has been put to great expense in securing new uniforms. Nothing makes a bald-headed man feel better than to go into a barber shop and be asked if he wants a hair cut.

S. W. DAFOE

SITUATION BETWEEN INDEPENDENT AND ASSOCIATED GROWERS AS DEFINED BY VICE-PRESIDENT

Associated Claim Wrong Impression Created Through Inaccurate Reports of Proceedings Before Agricultural Committee—State Reasons for Incorporation of Federation and Appointment of Associated Directors—Voting to be on 50-50 Basis.

Mr. O. W. Hembling, vice-President of the Associated Growers, has given some valuable information on the fruit marketing situation:

MARKETING BILL

To correct a wrong impression that has arisen in the minds of the public through inaccurate reports that have been circulated by those opposed to the Produce Marketing Bill, the following explanation of the actual situation is given:

The Agricultural Committee of the House first sat for a hearing on the proposed legislation, all factions being represented, and very little opposition was voiced at that time. After a three-day discussion, the following resolution was passed by the Agricultural Committee:

"That this committee request the department of agriculture to prepare a draft of an act in the interests of and applying specifically to the producers and sellers of tree fruits and vegetables, along the lines suggested in the resolution of the recent Kelowna convention, wide enough to enable any other group of producers of primary products to take advantage of its provisions, upon conditions and by authority to be approved hereafter by this committee."

THOMAS COWAN DIES SUDDENLY

Passes Away From Hemorrhage of Brain Last Monday Morning

With suddenness the call came to Mr. Thomas Cowan on Monday morning. He went to work apparently in good health and had only been a couple of hours at his task when he was attacked by hemorrhage of the brain and passed away in his sixty-ninth year.

He lived for many years in Ontario, near Drayton, and has sisters and brothers there. He came to Summerland some seven years ago, purchasing his home at the top of the switch-back road.

He was an Orangeman, also connected with the Woodmen of the World, and a member of the Lakeside United Church.

Deep sympathy is felt by the community for his wife, many of their friends attending the funeral on Wednesday afternoon from the Lakeside church.

DAHLIAS GIVEN ENCOURAGEMENT

Lecture Broadcasted Tuesday of Interest to Local Horticultural Society

Summerland's Horticultural Society which so strongly encourages dahlia growing, will be interested in the lecture broadcast from K.F.O. Tuesday evening. The history of the flower was given by the speaker, who said it had originated in Mexico and was taken to Europe where it was developed and brought back to America in later years. Under development it has become a very popular flower till now hundreds of shows are held for it.

California has made it its state flower and is giving every encouragement to growers of it. Urging every one to plant on or two roots at least forms part of their present idea for San Francisco residents.

The speaker encouraged the growing of the flower because it offered such rich reward for little labor. It was a constant blooming flower and its only enemy was frost. It bloomed rather early in its life compared with other plants. He claimed for it most artistic flowers, an individuality all its own and that it grew blossoms in small sizes, artistic and conventional forms, and yet, because it had the largest flowers and the oddest, it gave a zest to its culture which no other flower could surpass.

CORONER'S JURY HOLD INQUEST

Verdict Returned—Death Due to Natural Causes

Six jurymen were called to a coroner's inquest on the death of Thomas Cowan, O. A. Kings, D. C. Thompson, G. J. Hannah, R. H. English, M. McNoll and W. B. Shildale.

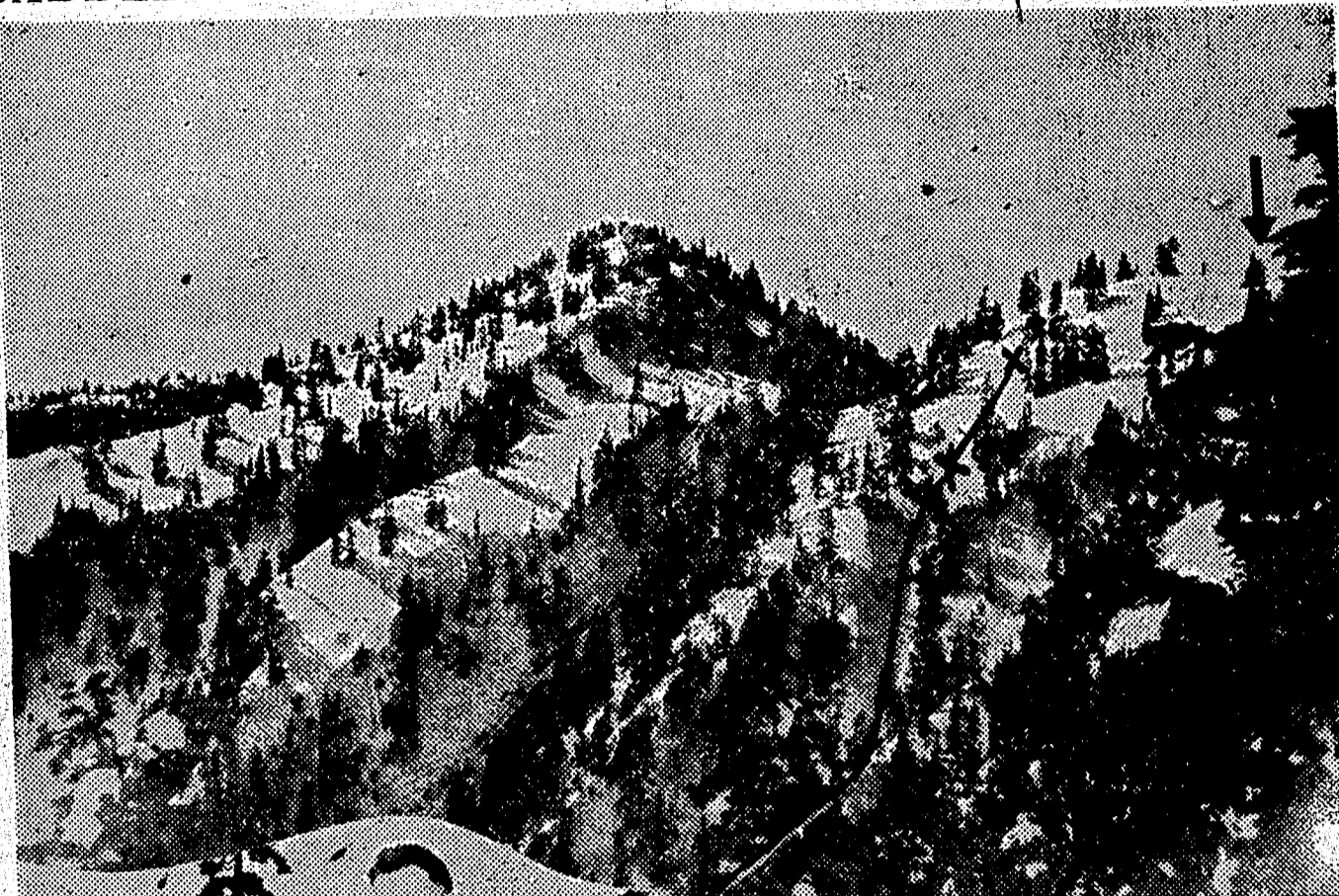
Dr. Vanderburg, being called, stated that death had been due to a hemorrhage of the brain.

John Montolio was called and said that the deceased had complained of trouble with his heart at times.

Mr. T. W. Boothie, when called, said that in the morning, when Mr. Cowan had come to work with him at Trout Creek, he had explained how the machine was operated, and ask him if he thought he was able to run the engine and saw, recognizing that he had not been to the best of health. On being assured that he could, he went on with his work. The saw had been operating for a while when he noticed by the sound that it was running fast. On looking around he could not see the deceased and walked over to the engine, thinking Mr. Cowan was still there. Instead he found him lying on the ground where he had fallen. The engine was promptly shut off, first aid ministered and the doctor summoned.

The verdict given was that death resulted from natural causes.

SCENE OF SATURDAY'S FATAL SLIDE ON SADDLE BETWEEN GOAT AND GROUSE MOUNTAINS



UPPER photo shows the starting point of the avalanche which killed R. C. Johnston on Saturday. The arrow indicates the location of the "snap" made by Agur and R. C. Johnston. The line shows the path of the slide. The upper cross is where it started and the lower cross is the spot where Johnston managed to clutch a tree and saved himself. Below is a photo of Mr. Agur. His body is buried under fifty feet of hard-packed snow and debris and may not be recovered for weeks.

SNOW SLIDE CARRIES AGUR OVER CLIFF

Companion Narrowly Escapes When Foot Catches In Bush

Late Saturday afternoon a telegram came from Vancouver, asking if there was a Mr. Agur of Summerland camping on Grouse Mountain, and stating that there had been a snowslide which carried two men down the mountain-side. On investigation it was learned that Athol Agur was there with a companion, running a ski camp. They had gone out early in the morning to meet a party at the chalet and to go with them on a trip.

Upon learning of the affair, Mr. R. V. Agur, Athol's brother, made arrangements to leave the following day in order to assist in the search for his brother. On his return from Vancouver Thursday he said there was nothing left undone by the people there in their endeavor to assist in the rescue. Mr. Agur says that many helpers, at great risk, went to the camp that night, getting there through a blinding, cutting snowstorm, to be on hand first thing in the morning to render assistance if they found there was anything they could do. Dom Mundy, of the Alpine Club, was, like others, uniting in his efforts to help. In the meantime a second slide had come down and packed the snow to a depth of fifty feet, when all rescue work had to be abandoned.

Athol Agur's partner, R. C. Johnston had been caught in the slide but was pushed out to the edge of the cliff. His foot caught in a bush, which held him secure at the brink of a three hundred foot drop. How he escaped he has no idea whatever, for he was quite dazed for some time after. He managed to get to the chalet, however, where assistance was promptly given. He considers his escape nothing short of miraculous.

Buried many feet under a snowslide which occurred Saturday morning on a northern flank of Grouse Mountain, one mile and a half from the chalet on the south side of the mountain, a man named Agur lost his life. His companion, R. Johnston, was also caught in the avalanche, but escaped. Johnston was caught by the edge of the slide and was not completely buried. After many minutes of frantic toiling he worked his way out of the dry, powdery mass which had almost engulfed him. Agur had been so completely buried that no trace of him was to be seen.

Johnstone, suffering from shock, was unable to seek help for some time. Eventually he recovered sufficiently to make his way to the chalet. On his report a crew of employees of the resort left for the scene of the slide. The rescue party was despatched about 1 p.m. It was led by Johnston.

According to information supplied by Johnston to Mr. Arthur S. Williamson, manager of the Grouse Mountain resort, the slide struck him and Agur while they were on their way to the chalet from a shack they occupied at Crown Pass, well to the northeast of Grouse Mountain. He stated that he and Agur had built the shack last fall and had lived in it all winter.

Agur is a brother of R. S. Agur of Summerland, whose father, formerly a machinery agent in Whittier, was very well known on the prairies and in the Okanagan. The young man was educated at University School, Victoria.

POWER HOUSE FOR HATCHERY

Only Small Vote Turned Out on Important Public Question.

For a few years past the fisheries department have been considering the advisability of establishing an up-to-date fish hatchery at Summerland. The work has now finally taken definite form and arrangements are being completed for a start this spring.

The site and building of the old power-house has been asked for. The work done there in the past with fish eggs showed what could reasonably be expected if properly equipped.

The council made two offers, one to sell the premises outright and the other to lease for a term of years. Water supply was arranged for and everything done to make a speedy completion of the drawing up of the papers that are still necessary.

Spontaneous and others are very much interested in the subject and it is gratifying to note that the work is receiving the long looked for assistance.

President of Associated Reports on Distribution of O. K. Fruit Overseas

Visits Principal Distributing Centres of Europe—Carefully Studies Methods of Auction System of Fruit Sales—Recommends to Board to Continue Present Arrangements for Distribution—Advises Board Not to Handle Poorer Grades of Apples.

President and Manager E. J. Chambers of the Associated Growers, who recently returned from a trip to England and the European continent for the purpose of opening up markets for the apple trade, presented his report to the board of directors held at the head offices in Vernon. As the information Mr. Chambers obtained will be of interest to the apple industry throughout the valley it is printed below:

BANQUET HELD FRIDAY LAST

Fathers and Sons Meet at Summerland For Enjoyable Evening

There was a Father and Son banquet in the Lakeside Church on Friday evening last. They would have fared badly without the mothers, however, for their whole-hearted service was much in evidence in the tables laden with good things—those things which delight the boys (to say nothing of Dad's hearts—jolly and lomon pie and apple pie, etc., etc.).

Bob Butler was the toastmaster, being chief ranger. William Stark opened the toast speeches and stood up like a man and delivered a speech without paper or notes—atta boy, Willie. The toasts were: "What a Boy Expects of His Son," "What a Teacher Expects of a Boy." Mr. Robson gave some very sound advice to the boys, which was well received by them. "What a Boy Expects of His Sunday School" was taken by Ken Booth, and the Sunday school officials got some good digs about starting on time and stopping on time, etc. "What the Sunday school expects of a boy" was in the form of a letter from Mr. Moller, who was unable to be present on account of illness. Other toasts were: "What a Boy Expects of His Dad," which was very amusing. He wants Dad to ease up on the chores for the boy, don't use the strap quite so much, and various other items of advice which no doubt Dads took heed thereto.

The Rangers' mentor, Rev. Reid, was the best boy there. He interspersed the speeches with mellow songs and then had the sons in general which the dads managed to do a little better than hold their own. The evening closed with "Auld Lang Syne."

ANNUAL EVENT OF I. O. O. F.

Summerland Odd Fellows are receiving congratulations on the success of their card party and dance, held in the G. W. V. A. hall on Wednesday evening, when a packed hall testified to the popularity of these gatherings. Quite a number came up from Penticton and helped to make the evening more enjoyable. Much praise was given to Mr. Mattison for his ability in calling off the square dances and circle one-steps.

The first part of the evening was spent in cards, prize winners being: Ladies, Mrs. T. B. Williams, Penticton; gentlemen, Mr. Reg. Verrier; consolation, ladies Mrs. Rosch, gentleman Mr. D. Thompson.

Refreshments were served at 10:30, nearly one hundred and fifty sitting down, after which dancing was enjoyed until the wee small hours.

VANCOUVER MEMBER BITTERLY ATTACKS MARKETING BILL

Ian Mackenzie Declares Bill Purely Communist and That Soviets Would Virtually Be Set Up in Okanagan and Fraser Valleys—Will Attack Bill in Courts.

Victoria, B.C., Feb. 25.—Bitterly assailing the Marketing Bill in the House Thursday afternoon, Ian Mackenzie, Vancouver member, declared that it was purely Communist and would mean that Soviets would virtually be set up in the Okanagan and Fraser Valley. He said that if the measure passed the House he would, with legal representatives of the City of Vancouver, attack it in the Courts. His objection was principally against the milk features.

Dr. Wrinch, Skenna, in moving second reading, mentioned the fact that in its present form in the House the Bill made the committee of direction paramount. In regard to the milk clauses, any milk committee set up must come to an agreement with municipal authorities before prices were raised. T. G. Coventry, Saanich, supported the Bill. Hon. E. D. Barrow will speak on it this afternoon.

WORK HAS STARTED REBUILDING BOX FACTORY ON FORMER SITE

Plant to be Same Size as the Former One—Plans Include Addition Next Year of Sawmill to Permit Sawing of Logs Into Lumber—Year Round Employment.

Work has been started this week on the erection of the box factory on the former site. Mr. Muir Stuart has informed The Review that he intends to put up a better plant than before and hopes to enlarge it next year.

Mr. Grant was at the Coast last week and now all the machinery has been arranged for. Construction work has started and final clearing up will be done as the frost leaves the ground. For the present the plant will be about the same size as it was before, as that was of ample size to handle the work required of the factory.

Next winter it is Mr. Stuart's intention to put in a sawmill equipment and manufacture lumber. This will enable the plant to give employees a steadier employment and it will be easier to hold good employees than has formerly been the case.

The number of employees, while small at present, will increase as the season advances until when the box-making starts a full payroll will be in operation again.

OFF VARIETY QUESTION TACKLED FIRST MEETING RECEIVES FACTS

Survey of the Valley by the Department of Agriculture Shows Some Valuable Figures—Committee Was Appointed to Go Further with Question.

On Tuesday evening a few interested parties were gathered by Mr. Middleton and Local Agricultural Representative Mr. John Tait to discuss the problem of future plantings of fruit trees in the Okanagan. The meeting was held in M. G. Wilson's office. The department under Mr. Middleton has been working on this problem for some time back and is now attempting to outline a plan which, if followed by the different localities will greatly assist the future of the fruit industry for the valley, so that the shipment of fruit a few years hence would be more easily handled and probably more profitably too, in several ways for the growers.

Because of our investment, we must go in for crops that give a big return from a small acreage, and to assure a definite plan being followed the department thought a good discussion of varieties to plant in the future, considering the valley as a whole, would prevent further mistakes.

He instances the planting of Delicious. This variety had been planted from one end of the valley to the other, and we know that it is only adapted to the southern end; similarly there were evidences that pointed to the advisability of leaving certain varieties alone in the remaining end of the valley. He strongly recommended for in his section Winesaps, Newtowns and Delicious.

He had several tables showing the rate at which plantings had been made in the past from 1920-25. There were 18 per cent McIntosh in Summerland orchards and 18.4 Jonathans, 7.4 Delicious, 13.1 Yellow Newtowns. These were the leaders.

The new planting changes this to McIntosh, 27 per cent; Jonathan, 6 per cent; Delicious 31 per cent; Newtowns 10.5 per cent.

His opinion was that at this end of the valley we should go light on the McIntosh. He encouraged the planting of more Yellow Transparent for early harvest sales. Also he thought that if it could be arranged, a good plan to reduce expense would be to create the "C" grades in the orchards and to ship as orchard run in crates quite a few of the off varieties.

Mr. John Tait, in speaking of the varieties, said that he agreed with Mr. Middleton on the three main varieties and added that in Summerland we could grow the finest Yellow Newtowns, and he would put it at the head of the list for future plantings. He thinks it is unfortunate that there are not more S. Winesap grown here. He too recommended the increase of plantings of Y. Transparent to use in mixed cars, for which there seems to be an increasing demand.

There are altogether over 120 varieties grown in Summerland and he believes many of these could be profitably top-worked. Twenty-nine varieties had under 500 boxes each to ship. In order to help the valley plant so that one section may have regard for the other's possibilities, the railways are being asked to encourage the move by granting an assembly charge. This will enable towns along the lake to bring in from neighboring places apples required to fill mixed car orders.

Mr. R. C. Palmer, when called on, said that the Experimental Station had not very definite facts to lay before the growers on peach planting. There were several that he could give figures on but only one or two that he would recommend and that for grocery trade only.

Mr. H. C. Moller spoke for a few minutes. He said that the question had been discussed in the valley for a long time and top-working trees was a good thing to encourage. The reasons for holding back in the older orchards were worthy of consideration. He referred to his trip this fall to the coast fair, and a trip which he and another fruit man had made to the "fruit row." He saw very plainly the bad situation that was caused by fruit being shipped in crates on to that market. The "Chiniks" were the only ones who would take it, many of the merchants said, and then only after it had been picked over. He strongly opposed sending out crates of the best varieties.

Mr. Muir Stuart agreed that the bulk-shipment of fruit is not advisable and at the end of the reason it invariably proved disappointing. He advocated cutting down the varieties that there are few of by top-working. He did not like to compare our business with that of the growers across the line because we had a mixed car trade. He did not think, from the selling point of view, that we had too many Duchess or Wealthies to fill mixed cars.

At the conclusion of his address a committee of five was appointed to work on the question and call a public meeting later. This committee was finally arranged, having Muir Stuart, H. C. Moller, M. G. Wilson, G. C. Palmer, Middleton, with John Tait as officio and secretary.

BY-LAW VOTE UNANIMOUS

Only Small Vote Turned Out on Important Public Question.

There was not a very large vote polled on Friday last for the bylaw to borrow money from the sinking fund to be used in the irrigation system this year.

However, there is one thing, it is the only unanimous vote polled on a bylaw so far as the clerk can recall. There were in all ninety-four votes cast, only fourteen voting in the lower town. Evidently the people as a whole were not worried about the matter or a bigger turnout would have been secured.

This saves considerable over the alternative method of passing a bylaw to borrow the necessary funds required to complete the programme of repairing and necessary construction on the irrigation distribution system.

O'FARRELL OF THE PRINCESS PATS

A STORY OF THE GREAT WAR

(By J. Williamson)

(All Rights Reserved)

"Why don't you come in?" she enquired. "There is nothing to fear. This is my companion in distress, Lady Caerton," she continued, turning to a handsome woman of matronly build, as she rose from the solitary chair the steamer contained. "Let me introduce to you Lieutenant O'Farrell, my preserver. He is the prince of my adventure in Vancouver, of which I have told you. Lady Caerton," addressing Phillip, "is the only person except myself, saved from the liner Cygnat, which was torpedoed by the German submarine destroyed this morning by the warships."

The dignity of the lady greatly impressed Phillip and her undoubted beauty made a favorable and lasting impression on his susceptible heart. He murmured a few words of congratulation at her escape, which were gratefully acknowledged by Lady Caerton. Then, addressing Nena, he said: "I am afraid you will think me very inconsiderate in not asking how you came to be aboard the submarine. You must have met with some extraordinary experiences."

"We did indeed," responded Nena. "But there? Take up your goods and chattels and run away now. I will feast your imagination on our adventures tomorrow. As a revolt until then, and keep your weather eye open for raiders. To be a prisoner of war once is sufficient for me."

O'Farrell gathered as many of his belongings as he could conveniently carry, promising to send his orderly for the remainder. On reaching the companionway he found Wright waiting for him.

"You had better hurry up, sir," he said. "I have secured a comfortable room for you, but it may be occupied if you don't take it immediately."

The new quarters were entered from the top deck. If not so commodious they were much easier of access and open to the sweet sea breezes.

"You have done splendidly, Wright," approved O'Farrell. "I do not have to sleep on a four-strand hawser after all."

He laughed heartily, but his merriment received a damper as he caught a glimpse of his orderly's sombre countenance.

"Why! What's the matter, Wright? Are you not well or have you seen another submarine?"

"Neither," answered Wright, testily. "Don't you understand? I can't face that girl again. It would kill me to meet with her contempt and scorn. She seemed to recognize me while talking to you."

"I am sure she did not," replied Phillip, "but even so, it will be as well for you to see her and make a clean breast of it. She is not the kind of woman to nurse resentment. Be a man. Face the trouble. I'll stake my life on her forgiveness."

Wright groaned and turned away his head. Presently he faced O'Farrell and said, in that subdued tone that always presaged some great determination on his part, "I don't want to leave you and I want her forgiveness. Only by speaking at once can the difficulty be adjusted. May I ask you to intercede for me?"

"Certainly," assented O'Farrell, heartily. "Now go and get the job over. By the way, I left my luggage behind. It will be a fine excuse and opportunity for you to speak to her."

The orderly pulled his magnificent form to its full height, gazed intently at his officer and slowly left the room. Fifteen minutes, half an hour passed, yet Wright did not return. Impatient to get through with his dressing, O'Farrell was about to start in search of him, when the cabin door was flung open, the shock scattering the glasses standing on the table and sending the contents of the washbowl over the clean linen Phillip was about to don. In the doorway stood Wright, with the look of a fiend in his eyes, his hand, some countenance, distorted with passion.

"My God, O'Farrell!" he shouted. "Why did you send me there? Did you know? Oh! I can't believe you would do such a dastardly thing. Tell me you did not know or I'll kill you as I did the other rat."

Although startled at the appearance and vehemence of his orderly, Phillip kept cool. He knew of no reason that crossed his mind was that Wright had been drinking, but that was dismissed at once as he surveyed the man. There was not the slightest sign of drink, but madness of the most intense kind lurked in his eyes.

"I have not the faintest idea of your meaning," said O'Farrell, quietly. "Do you forget you are speaking to your officer? If I did not remember your recent good behavior, I should order your arrest for insolence and threats."

The man looked at each other for a space of ten seconds. Then Wright dropped his eyes to the ground. His hand unclenched. He walked slowly forward and sank on his knees beside the bunk.

the bottom of my heart. I not only forgive, I thank you for the acquaintance of one of the best men I have ever been my lot to meet." She has your most generous and yet you return with berserker on you as bad as that of the worst Norse Viking.

"Don't," groaned Wright, "wait until I finish. You will not see much cause for fun in what I am about to tell you. The light in the steamer, as you are aware, is pretty bad. I had forgotten the other woman rescued from the submarine. In fact, I never gave her a thought, so excited was I to meet Miss Haslett. As I picked up your grip a terrific scream proceeded from the bunk. I was petrified. Miss Haslett rushed past me and switched on the electric light. Then I heard a voice speaking in a terrified whisper. 'Stanley! Stanley! You have come back to me!'"

"It was my wife all right. I dropped your bag and ran here with the intention of revenge myself on you. In my madness I imagined you had sent me, fully aware of her presence aboard the ship. I am thankful for my faith in you. Forgive me. My life appears to call for a million apologies."

"Well! This has been a day of surprises," said O'Farrell in amazement, as Wright's story came to an end. "Who could imagine such a reunion, in mid-ocean, too? It is providential. Of course you will be reconciled after this romantic meeting?" Wright had explained sufficient of the cause of the parting with his wife to O'Farrell, but he had not told all.

"Impossible! After what has happened," answered Wright emphatically. "But you are not absolutely sure of your wife's inconstancy," pleaded O'Farrell. "You must, in justice, give her an opportunity to explain. You were drinking hard at the time and were not in a fit state to judge correctly. You admitted as much to me, did you not, when you told me your story?"

"I did not," assented Wright. "Well as your superior officer, I command you to leave this affair in my hands. I will probe it to the bottom and, if the lady is blameless, I will see that you beg her pardon as you did that of Miss Haslett. But," continued O'Farrell, as an astonishing thought crossed his mind, "your wife gave her name as Lady Caerton to Miss Haslett. Is that her correct title?"

Phillip came to a dead stop as he slowly realized the probabilities opening out before him.

"It is correct," answered his companion, with reluctance.

"Then—you are—?"

"Captain Sir Stanley Caerton of the 'Huzzars,'" explained the officer's orderly.

"Then I am not—?"

"My superior officer," responded Captain Caerton, a faint smile for the first time breaking over his drawn and troubled features.

CHAPTER VII.

Sinking of the Cygnat. Further conversation between Sir Stanley Caerton and Lieutenant O'Farrell became strained. Little followed the confession of the former that he was the husband of the lady rescued from the submarine and brought aboard the Gramplan. The changed relationship in their military status was embarrassing.

Phillip suggested that Captain Caerton remain in his quarters until he could report to Colonel McHarg, but to this Caerton strongly objected. He was fond of O'Farrell, and under other conditions would have accepted the offer with pleasure. Eventually the matter was compromised, each man promising to make no move until the following day, when they would finally consider the best course to take in the interest of all concerned.

When O'Farrell entered the mess room that evening dinner was half through. He immediately became the object of much good-natured banter from his brother officers. The blockade of the passage by Miss Haslett and himself gave rise to several sallies at their expense. Phillip blushed deeply. He stood at the table and looked around on the smiling faces with anything but a benign countenance.

"Gentlemen," he ventured at last, in a serious tone, "Miss Haslett is a personal friend of mine. She has met with many trials within the past few weeks. You are aware of her capture by the submarine and her rescue. The ladies are Britishers and deserve your respect and sympathy."

The men were Britishers, too, and immediately proved it by their hearty "Hoar! Hoar!" and their profuse apologies. Many questions were asked, but Phillip adroitly evaded them, promising all possible information as soon as he could gather it.

Of Caerton there was no necessity to speak just then. An orderly of little consequence, except to the officer he serves. His absence was noted by his fellow-officers, but caused little comment beyond a few encomiums on his usual punctuality and attention to duty.

As for Caerton himself, he lay in his bunk, a prey to every imaginable feeling of doubt, depression and despair. His wife's duplicity, the death of her lover at his hands, her rescue from the Titanic, his own narrow escape from death, and a thousand life during the past two years, all served to give him food for reflection, none too flattering to his awakening sense of honor and justice.

(To be continued.)

SPEED TRIAL TEST MADE ON KELOWNA TRIP

Pentowna Covers the Distance in Two and a Half Hours

SPEED FIFTEEN KNOTS Will be Overhauled—Dining Room and Berths to be Fitted.

Captain J. Hawes, of the Pentowna, made a trip to Kelowna Sunday, primarily for the purpose of taking Mr. J. Y. Rochester over the lake, but incidentally to test the powers of the little steamer.

Mr. J. Y. Rochester is the superintendent of the B. C. Barge and Ferry service of the Canadian National Railway, and is resident in Vancouver. He came down the lake on the Pentowna Saturday and was in consultation with the local officials as to conditions and possible improvement of the transportation service between Penticton and Kelowna.

One result of his visit will be an internal overhauling of the Pentowna. There is much waste space in the vessel and this will be used to provide more comfort for passengers. Berths will be built and a dining room will be added. Through tickets on the C.N.R. are now being issued. In installing Captain Hawes in command of the Pentowna, the company has definitely taken over the service.

While the Pentowna was not put to full speed on trip north, a fair headway was given. She started from Penticton wharf at 9 o'clock and reached Kelowna, docking included, in exactly two hours and fifteen minutes, making the trip at the rate of 15 knots. The return voyage took approximately the same time.

\$15,000 PAID FOR TOBACCO

Thirty Tons Shipped Out—Will Be Placed on Exhibition.

Almost \$15,000 has been paid out in tobacco money in Kelowna district this season by O. R. Brenner, of Vancouver, who recently shipped the last of the crop grown there, a total of about thirty tons. The tobacco is being sorted in Vancouver and much of it will be put on exhibition in various parts of the Empire, as the quality, in the opinion of Mr. Brenner, is very high and should attract the attention of manufacturers, especially as a permanent supply of the same stuff can be assured.

KELOWNA FERRY LINKS UP TRAIL

New Boat Launched Will Complete the Last Weak Link in Highway.

The new Kelowna-Westbank ferry, launched at Kelowna, welds the last weak link in the Okanagan-Carilho Trail and the new automobile road from Vancouver through the Okanagan valley. The boat was formally christened "Kelowna Westbank" by Miss Lillian Elliott, daughter of Mr. S. T. Elliott, president of the Okanagan-Carilho Trail Association, and Mayor Sutherland afterwards presented Miss Elliott with a handsome bouquet in honor of the occasion.

The new ferry, which was built by the Hoffer Boesching Co. of Vancouver after plans and specifications drawn up by Mr. T. Halliday, naval architect of Vancouver, is ninety-five feet long and has a capacity for sixteen cars, a speed of ten miles an hour, and will be able to take care of the heavy traffic which it is expected will offer this year with the opening of the Fraser Canyon road. Everything about the boat is of the highest standard, and the work was supervised by Mr. J. W. Armstrong, mechanical superintendent and inspector of ferries for the provincial government. The new docks being built for the ferry are well under way, and are expected to be completed in about six weeks.—Province.

NARAMATA

Mrs. Curtis arrived here last Thursday from Edmonton and is staying at the home of Mrs. A. C. Lyons.

Mr. C. H. Jackson was here on Tuesday and Wednesday on audit business.

Much regret was felt in the community at the news of the death of Mrs. Dan Mackay, who had been ill for some time and passed away in the early hours of Friday morning. Mrs. Mackay was one of the best known and most respected of the old-timers in the district, having been here since the earliest days. The funeral was held on Sunday afternoon, the Rev. Mr. Whitehouse of Penticton officiating, and was largely attended despite the very bad condition of the roads. Many floral tributes were sent by the various organizations in the community and by individual friends, and the officiating clergyman paid a sympathetic tribute to the evident affection felt for the deceased lady by her neighbors.

The annual meeting of the board of trade, deferred from last month, was held in the Unity Club on Monday. President George Weaver in the chair. The occasion was marked by a visit, previously arranged, from Messrs. John Tait and W. S. Middleton, who discussed the question of apple var-

ties in most interesting fashion, and gave many useful details concerning the comparative values of different varieties, with statistics regarding the proportions of each already planted in Naramata. The trend of the advice given was to keep well up to the limit in the late varieties, which as a rule are found to do best in the southern parts of the valley, and also bring satisfactory returns when marketed. A small committee was formed to meet Mr. Tait again on Monday evening next at the Co-operative building and lay out a programme for future planting. The results of the board meeting were as follows: George Weaver re-elected as president, J. E. Smith elected vice-president. The post of secretary was left unfilled and the president asked to continue same for the present. A very successful meeting closed at 10 p.m.

PEACHLAND

The Rev. Mr. Sadler and Mr. Bradford spent a part of last week in evening next at the Co-operative building and lay out a programme for future planting. The results of the board meeting were as follows: George Weaver re-elected as president, J. E. Smith elected vice-president. The post of secretary was left unfilled and the president asked to continue same for the present. A very successful meeting closed at 10 p.m.

Mr. R. M. McKeller of Vancouver, manager for the Vancouver branch of the Massey-Harris Co., spent part of a day in Peachland last week-end, making an official call on the company's local agent. The company has for past years had its head office in Calgary for points west, but is just now completing arrangements to have the head office for British Columbia at Vancouver in charge of Mr. McKeller, and his call here was made while getting acquainted with local agents and their conditions.

The staff at the local fruit union is working steadily these days since the cold weather has subsided, and the manager expects to finish the storage apples about the end of the week. With the exception of a few odd lots the apples have kept well over the winter and are packing out pretty well.

The newly reorganized group of C. G.T., the Trail Rangers and Tuxis Boys of Peachland held a combined Mother and Daughter and Father and Son social on Friday evening last in the basement of the United church. There was a goodly representation on this occasion to encourage the lads and lassies and their leaders. After an opening singing in which several of the pieces were sung from the girls and boys song-sheets, the evening's programme was formally opened with the Trail Ranger opening ceremony, then followed a programme in which it will be noticed some of the Mothers and Dads kindly assisted, as follows: Song Mrs. Nourse; reading, Miss Anne Taylor; song, Miss Willa Elliott; addresses from Father Time, Mr. Sadler dressed to represent Father Time, and carrying the scythe, appeared with two scrolls, from one of which he read to fathers, all fathers standing, and from the other, to sons, all sons standing. This was very impressive. As Father Time was passing out all joined in singing. Then followed a song

keeping up their play each week and those who went over to play at Kelowna recently held their own in the play.

The annual meeting of the Peachland fruit growers was held on Monday afternoon last. There was a large crowd in attendance. President E. F. Smith was in the chair and Acting Secretary H. Richards at the table. The secretary read the financial statement which was discussed at considerable length, and other matters arising out of the discussion given due consideration. Finally the statement was adopted as read. The question of the advisability of continuing the use of the grader in the packing house was discussed and many views expressed. Mr. Richards gave some facts and figures in support of the grader. A motion was moved for the discontinuance of the grader for this year as a test, but as there was no one quite ready to second it, it was finally decided to appoint a committee to go into the whole matter and gather all the details possible on the subject and report back to the growers at the next meeting. This committee was Messrs. Gummow, Ferguson, Wright, Douglas and Mrs. Young, the latter being one of the packers who has been packing from

the grader for several years. A resolution was passed at this meeting honoring the work of the board in its action of making deductions from the fruit for the past year and arranging for the same for the ensuing year to create a reserve fund. The president read a statement of many facts of interest drawn up by the secretary, giving the growers much detail as to the various phases of the year's business. When it came to the matter of election of a new board, owing to the fact that the hour was getting so late, a number of growers found it necessary to leave the meeting and go home. It was, therefore, found difficult to get a new board elected so it was decided to postpone the meeting till the first Wednesday in March, when this committee will be dealt with and the committee on the grader question will also report. Mr. Howlett of Westbank, who was present at the meeting, was re-elected as central director, subject to Westbank's approval.

MULTUM IN PARVO

The Straw Paper Co., Ltd., of Canada, is floating an issue of \$300,000 7 per cent cumulative preferred stock for the purpose of constructing a plant at Edmonton for the manufacture of paper from straw. This is the latest result of previous co-operation between the Alberta and Dominion governments in testing out various processes under expert supervision, the main demonstration of the making of paper from straw being carried out at the Forest Products Laboratory, Department of the Interior, affiliated with McGill University, Montreal.

Immigrants to the number of 6,148 registered at the Immigration Hall, Edmonton, in 1926, as compared with 1,984 in 1925. A large proportion were

FOR SALE The Arnett Ranch

\$10,000.00

WHAT CASH HAVE YOU? In capable hands this ranch will prove a profitable investment. Apply W. ARNETT, Dauphin, Man. 5-4c

Time Now To Get Fluming

FIGURE UP YOUR NEEDS NOW

Don't forget we handle Metal Fluming as well as board.

WM. RITCHIE

West Summerland

VENDOME HOTEL

1138 Nelson St., Vancouver, C. B. McCallum, manager, formerly of Hotel Summerland, Summerland. All residents of this district specially welcome. Rooms with or without bath. Large airy suites. 1-12c

JAS. RITCHIE

Okanagan Sales Service

Fruit and Ranch Lands for sale Rental Agent—Listings Wanted West Summerland, B. C. Phone 633

KETTLE VALLEY RAILWAY TIME TABLE

Commencing Sunday, May 16. EASTBOUND No. 12—Leave Vancouver daily, 7:30 p.m. Leave West Summerland daily 7:08 a.m. Arrive Nelson daily, 10:55 p.m. Connection made at West Summerland with boat for Kelowna and Lake Points. WESTBOUND No. 11—Leave Nelson daily 9:05 p.m. Leaves West Summerland daily 12:03 p.m. Arrives Vancouver daily 10:45 p.m. Observation and Dining Car Service on all trains J. W. RUTHERFORD, Agent KETTLE VALLEY RAILWAY MAIL SCHEDULE

For the convenience of our readers we give below the time of closing of all mails at the local postoffices, for despatch by boat and train; and also interchange between the two offices:

At SUMMERLAND OFFICE For all points North, East and West 9 p.m.; Sunday, 8 p.m. For Naramata, Penticton, South Similkameen, Boundary and Keooton—Daily, except Sunday, 6 p.m. For Vancouver and Victoria—Daily except Monday, 11 a.m. For West Summerland—Daily, except Monday, 7:30 a.m. and 11 a.m.; daily, except Sunday, 6 p.m. For Rural Route—8:00 a.m. daily, except Sunday.

At WEST SUMMERLAND OFFICE For Coast Points—Daily, except Monday, 11:30 a.m. For South, North and East—Daily 5 p.m. For Summerland Office—Daily, except Monday, 11 a.m.; and daily, 5 p.m.

from the British Isles and the balance from Central Europe. The boards of trade at Edmonton, Calgary and Lethbridge are bestirring themselves to supply the new settlers with the best information as to desirable lands and do all they can to help them make good.

GREAT COAL

WINTER IS NOT OVER

You need more

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We sell Drumheller for it burns Out Clean

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BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY

WEST SUMMERLAND B. C. 10-5-26

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CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY

North LAKE South

6:20A Penticton 7:35P

6:55A Naramata 8:25P

7:20A Summerland 8:45P

8:20A Peachland 8:15P

9:45A Kelowna 8:55P

12:30P Okanagan Lndg 1:35P

RAIL

2:15P Okanagan Landing 1:10P

3:00P Vernon 12:40P

5:10P Sicamous 10:40A

Westbound main line train leaves Sicamous 8:05P

Eastbound main line train leaves Sicamous 10:35P

A. M. LESLIE, Agent, Summerland, B.C.

SYNOPSIS OF LAND ACT AMENDMENTS

PRE-EMPTIONS

Vacant unreserved, surveyed Crown lands may be pre-empted by British subjects over 18 years of age, and by aliens on declaring intention to become British subjects, conditional upon residence, occupation and improvement for agricultural purposes.

Full information concerning regulations regarding pre-emption is given in Bulletin No. 1, Land Series, "How to Pre-empt Land," copies of which can be obtained free of charge by addressing the Department of Lands, Victoria, B.C., or to any Government Agent.

Records will be granted covering only land suitable for agricultural purposes and which is not timber land, i.e., carrying over 5000 board feet per acre west of the Coast Range, and 8000 feet per acre east of that Range.

Applications for pre-emption are to be addressed to the Land Commissioner of the Land Recording Division in which the land applied for is situated, and are made on printed forms, copies of which can be obtained from the Land Commissioner.

Pre-emption must be occupied for five years and improvements made to value of \$10 per acre, including clearing and cultivating at least five acres before a Crown Grant can be received.

For more detailed information see the Bulletin "How to Pre-empt Land."

PURCHASE

Applications are received for purchase of vacant and unreserved Crown lands, not being timberland, for agricultural purposes; minimum price of first-class (arable) land is \$5 per acre, and second-class (grazing) land, \$2.50 per acre. Further information regarding purchase or lease of Crown lands is given in Bulletin No. 10, Land Series, "Purchase and Lease of Crown Lands."

HOMESITE LEASES

Unsurveyed areas, not exceeding 20 acres, may be leased as homesites, conditional upon a dwelling being erected in the first year, title being obtainable after residence and improvement conditions are fulfilled and land has been surveyed.

LEASES

For grazing and industrial purposes, areas not exceeding 640 acres may be leased by one person or a company.

GRAZING

Under the Grazing Act the Province is divided into grazing districts and the range administered under a Grazing Commissioner. Annual grazing permits are issued, based on numbers ranged, priority being given to established owners. Stock-owners may form associations for range management. Fees are partially free permits are available for settlers, campers and travellers, up to ten head.

THE SUMMERLAND REVIEW

Established August, 1908 (Published at Summerland, B. C.)

WALTER M. WRIGHT, Editor and Manager

Member of Canada Weekly Newspapers Association Member of British Columbia Selected Weeklies

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

\$2.50 per year by mail in Canada; \$3.00 by mail outside of the Dominion—all in advance.

A FIRE ALARM SYSTEM

The question of a fire alarm at the lower town is an important one. Already fires have made a great many inroads there, which give the residents in that section just cause for concern.

Several ideas as to the best location for an alarm have been advanced. Some suggested that possibly the United Church might wish to put in a bell and a rental be paid by the council for its use as an alarm, as is done at West Summerland.

We would like to offer a suggestion on the matter that seems to offer a feasible solution. A low tower placed on the bench above Milne's would allow the bell sounds to carry right out over the residential section, as well as the business places, and would even carry against a strong wind, especially if the bell were of any size.

In other places, they have such bells hung with the clapper on the outside, attached to an electrical device so that it could be set off from a convenient point and yet the bell be in an inaccessible place, but a vantage point.

Here, where we have such a splendid phone connection from all points of the community, central is always notified first and it would be a small matter to have a switch installed at the switchboard for the purpose of ringing the bell. Since Central is always on duty, night and day, there would be no loss of valuable time in getting out an alarm. Nor a serious delay caused by some one possibly unacquainted with the method, hunting for a rope dangling in a dark spot, as is the case at West Summerland.

FARM BOOKKEEPING.

Changes are creeping into every business and farming is not being passed by. It is only a few years back that we will have to look to find very few farmers keeping any account of their business in bookkeepers' customary style.

The Income Tax has altered this and now progressive farmers are compelled to look after the details of their business in a much more systematic manner. It has been a good thing and will lead to many improvements in the methods employed by farmers generally. Keeping these records is bound to disclose the leaks that formerly were not thought of. Once they are shown up a better method is certain to be put into operation, and a keener interest taken in the monotonous daily duties common in all lines of farming.

Anything that will banish the grind of monotony should be welcomed and doubly welcomed if it will lend the spirit of a real game to the occupation. Salesmen, agents, manufacturers, all relish the opportunity to refer to their business as a game and study the different methods of their competitors to see where they can surpass them. Why should not the farmer get just as much challenge from his business as any manufacturer, or even more. Bookkeeping is the basis of their business and with the successful ones it is zealously watched and the methods constantly improved.

Farmers today are offered every assistance by the Department of Agriculture in this phase of the work. Simple forms that are easily kept up, even in rush season, such as spring and fall. This help should be much more often called for than it is, because it has a great deal in it that will appeal more strongly each year it is employed. Why should not the farmer see this idea of contest in his business as does the salesman, agent or manufacturer? Why should he not accept, as they do, the help that is offered and pull from his work whatever it has to offer in the way of a game, and help banish the grind of monotony?

CANADA'S WORLD CHAMPION EGG CONSUMER

At the annual meeting of the Canadian Wholesale Produce Association held in Winnipeg last week, a wealth of statistics was given as to the consumption of eggs by the nations of the civilized world. Canada, with an annual average per capita consumption of 26 dozen easily leads the world. The United States comes second; Belgium third; Germany fourth, and Great Britain fifth.

Mr. J. R. Terry, of the Provincial Department of Agriculture, who, with Mr. W. Moore, of Vancouver, represented the province at the convention, stated that practically all speakers spoke with concern regarding the export egg trade of the Dominion. Canadian egg exporters face heavy competition when shipping eggs to Great Britain, which is said to be the best market in the world. At the present time over forty countries are shipping eggs to England and many of them have an advantage over Canada in proximity to market.

DEFINES SITUATION BETWEEN ASSOCIATED AND INDEPENDENTS

(Continued from Page 1)

E. Hutton Summerland, B.C., fruit grower; Mr. O. W. Hembling, Oyama, B.C., fruit grower; and Mr. D. M. Rattray, Salmon Arm, B.C., fruit grower, shall be the first directors of the Federation.

3. Other persons or corporations may be admitted to membership in the Federation provided they are growers or shippers of tree fruits or vegetables within the district within which the operations of the Federation are carried on upon application to the directors, but no member shall be admitted into the Federation who has not first complied with any law or statute or regulation that may be in force at the time relating to the licensing of such person to operate as a shipper of tree fruits or vegetables in the province of British Columbia.

4. With the exception of the directors any member who does not hold a shipper's license under any law or statute requiring him to hold such license shall automatically cease to be a member of the Federation.

5. Any person elected a director of the Federation, shall be a member thereof only so long as he holds office as such director.

6. Meetings: The annual general meeting of the Federation shall be held where the head office of the Federation is situate at a date to be fixed by the directors.

7. General meetings of the Federation shall be called by written notice mailed to each member at such member's address as furnished by such member to the Federation, signed by the secretary-treasurer of the Federation and mailed at least fourteen days before said meeting. Special meetings may be called in a similar manner upon giving seven days' written notice, specifying the special nature of business to be transacted at said meeting. In the case of a corporation the delegate or proxy representing such corporation need not be a member of the Federation.

8. A quorum at any general or special meeting of the Federation shall consist of seven members.

9. At all meetings of the Federation each member apart from the Associated Growers of British Columbia Ltd., shall have one vote and the voting power of said Associated Growers of British Columbia Ltd. shall be equal to that of all other members combined.

10. In the event of a tie vote the presiding officer of the meeting shall have the right to cast the deciding vote.

11. At all meetings of the Federation voting by proxy shall be allowed.

12. Directors: At the first annual meeting and thereafter at each annual general meeting of the Federation, there shall be elected a board of three directors. There shall also be elected at said meeting two members, one appointed by the Associated Growers of B. C. Ltd. and one by the other members of the Federation, to represent the Federation on any committee or board provided for by any Act of Legislature of the province of British Columbia, relating to the control or regulation of the marketing of tree fruits and vegetables.

13. Any director so appointed may be removed from office at a special general meeting of the Federation on a vote representing three-fourths of the voting power of the Federation.

14. Remuneration (if any) of the directors shall be fixed by the members at the annual general meeting.

15. The directors may appoint a secretary-treasurer and his remuneration (if any) shall be fixed at the annual general meeting.

16. A quorum at a meeting of the directors shall be two.

17. Seal: The seal of the Federation shall be in the custody of the secretary-treasurer and may be used only by the authority of a resolution of the directors.

18. Alterations of bylaws: These bylaws may be altered only by an extra-ordinary resolution of the Federation.

19. Minutes and records: Minutes shall be kept by the secretary-treasurer of all meetings of the Federation whether of members or of directors. The secretary-treasurer shall also have the custody of all books and records of the Federation.

20. The books and records of the Federation shall be kept at the Federation's head office and shall be open at all reasonable times during business hours for the inspection of members.

21. There shall be an auditor appointed at each annual general meeting of the Federation.

Dated at Vernon this 8th day of February, 1927.

E. J. Chambers D. M. Rattray E. Hutton O. W. Hembling Geo. A. Barrat

Witness: FLEED A. LEWIS, Vernon, B. C.

Note—This is an exact copy of the original as filed with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies Feb. 10th, 1927.)

FIFTEEN YEARS AGO

The Associated Boards of Trade for the valley met in Pentlton with Mr. Mr. Corly and Mr. Moorland representing Summerland.

Mr. W. C. Kelly went up to Kamloops where an interesting ceremony took place on his being called to the bar.

The council received a petition to build the first sidewalk at West Summerland. The request for West Summerland brought up the needs at Summerland and finally a compromise was made, each place to get \$250 expended for the purpose.

An interesting report of Summerland Poultry Show, taken from The Successful Poultryman, written by the judge of the show, reads: "The strain of Brown Leghorns is the best here, one bird he says, 'A grand old hen, the cleanest from shuffling I have ever had the pleasure of handling. It is only once in a lifetime you run across one like this.'" "If you want to see a show run right you will have to go to Summerland, they have the eyes."

Every award was up ten minutes after the last bird was scored. The right-of-way of the K.V.R. through the municipality has nearly all been arranged. The total acreage required was 66 and options had been taken on all these properties by J. S. Logan.

Mr. Jack Woods was spending a few days with friends in Summerland. Arrangements are being made to have Mr. Wm. Sauter read Tomnyson's "Rnoch Arden." Prof. W. H. A. Moore will play appropriate music arranged by Richard Strauss.

SALES MANAGER REPORTS SYSTEM OF DISTRIBUTION

Slow Marketing of Fruit Responsible For Delay in Closing Pools

McNAIR RE-APPOINTED

Shipments to End of January Totalled 4,073 Cars.

That the long period over which the marketing of our fruit has extended will delay the closing of pools, is one of the statements in the report presented by Sales Manager D. McNair at the meeting of the board of directors of the Associated, held in Vernon last week. Considerable space is also devoted to examination of the system of distribution with a view to possible improvements. So satisfied were the directors with Mr. McNair's services that he has been re-engaged. Since Mr. McNair's report was presented, the number of cars held in the valley has been considerably decreased and is now said to be between 65 and 70.

Table with 4 columns: Locality, Cars, P.C., and Exports. Lists various regions like British Columbia, Alberta, Saskatchewan, etc.

Of which the following quantities are carried in destination storage: Vancouver 40, Calgary 13, Edmonton 1, Saskatoon 2, Regina 2, Winnipeg 6, Toronto 10, Chicago 3, New York 28, Great Britain 20, China 1.

There are small quantities held by individual growers, of which we have no particulars as yet.

Government statistics as at January 31st showed total Okanagan holdings at 193 cars.

Our opening prices on winter apples were maintained throughout the season with the exception of crates in many varieties and Wagener's in all grades.

Will Delay Closing Pools: The long period over which our marketing has been extended will delay the closing of our pools considerably. We hope, however, that March list will enable us to close McIntosh and Jonathans, and several other varieties.

Returns on these are extremely late, due to cold storing of large quantities, the last of which were only cleaned a week ago. Final figures, when given out, will be very disappointing, excepting on D'Anjou and Winter Nellis.

Are We Getting Maximum Distribution: While going through a season like 1926, of heavy production, one cannot help questioning our present channels of distribution and asking if we are distributing in the manner which would secure for us the maximum sale for our fruits. Then, too, the large volume of business being transacted between small shippers and grower-shippers in British Columbia, direct with chain and departmental stores, makes one wonder if we should continue respecting the jobbers' supposed rights.

In respect to the existing jobbing interests is not at all satisfactory. They are mainly in two factions which are just as much opposed to one another as are the independent shippers.

I must also say that, in my opinion we, as Central and Locals, are far from the state of perfection in performing the work of packing and handling our fruit. It seems hard to properly attach the responsibility. There are a great many cars of fruit pass through our hands which should not leave British Columbia.

Summary of Claims: When you last met everyone was greatly perturbed about the condition of our apples. The result of the September freeze was showing up; all apples were over-ripe and it almost looked like disaster to continue packing. While there have been a good many break-downs claims and heavy loss in shrinkage and repacking storage stock, the total is far short of that anticipated. The pool figures of some varieties will be greatly depreciated from this cause, notably Wagener and Spys. Below is an approximate summary of claims to February 7th: McIntosh, \$4000; Delicious, \$1700; Grimes, \$50; Jonathans, \$2300; Novas, \$30; Rome, \$4; Spitz, \$250; Spys, \$3,000; Wagener, \$1,300; Nananas, \$800; sundry lots, \$600.

Prompt Returns: There are two points on which the auction method surpasses all others as a means of distribution. First, it is able to move at a low price, almost any given quantity of fruit, and second the promptness with which returns can be made, and until there can be worked out some control as to what will be placed on the market, it will always remain the chief method of distribution, as it would be utterly impossible to sell by private treaty the immense quantities of fruit that are at present being placed on that market, a great deal of which is of undesirable grade and quality and for which the auction is the only logical method for disposing of.

During the last few years there has been a considerable amount of co-operation established among the main prokrogas firms of Great Britain and a general rule they all use the same auction room. Their argument in favor of this is that it concentrates all the buyers, but I am inclined to think that this advantage is more than offset by the disadvantage of having to crowd immense quantities of fruit through a single channel in a very limited time.

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PRESIDENT CHAMBERS REPORTS ON DISTRIBUTION

(Continued from page 1)

I arrived in England on September 28th and left on December 31st; and in order to keep closely in touch with Perkin and Adamson during the season, I arranged to spend at least one day and frequently longer, each week at Southampton. I also made a short trip to the markets in Scandinavia, Hamburg and Paris. I attended the auctions at Southampton, Liverpool, London, Hull, Manchester and Glasgow and in addition visited a number of markets where no auctions are held, going as far north as Aberdeen in Scotland, and as far south as Bournemouth in England.

Dealing with the first object of my visit, viz. the re-arranging of distribution through Perkin and Adamson as compared with the auction, after watching the marketing of this season's crop in the United Kingdom, my recommendations to the board would be to continue our present arrangements and distribute through Perkin and Adamson.

Should Bring Out Weaknesses

The present season has in my opinion been one that will very prominently bring out the weaknesses of any marketing system. Any plan almost worth working satisfactorily when the supply does not meet the demand, but it is seasons such as we have just passed that provide the real test. Since the middle of October markets have been most unsatisfactory, and since that time the supply of apples has been greater than the demand would absorb at prices that would be at all satisfactory for the producer. This condition has been due largely to two factors. First, the fact that the North American continent has exported quantities very largely in excess of a small degree by the fact that the English crop was lighter than average but the excess importations far more than offset the shortage of the English crop. The second factor that entered into the question was the coal strike. This had a very serious effect on the sale of fresh fruits. The mining districts have always been heavy consumers of apples and this avenue of distribution was seriously affected during the entire season, and in addition to this the cost of coal was so high to the average household throughout the United Kingdom that it was necessary for him to cut his expenditures in other necessities very materially and fruit sales suffered to a great extent.

Some doubts had existed in my mind as to the possibility of Perkin and Adamson's method of distribution as being elastic enough to take care of the increased exports that might be necessary some seasons, but they have demonstrated this season that they can handle almost any quantity that we are ever likely to export to that market. Last season we shipped them 420 cars and this season our shipments will reach 720 cars, or an increase of 60 per cent more than last year.

Auctions do Big Business

While in my opinion larger quantities are each year being distributed by other methods than the auction, still that continues to be the chief means of disposal and probably will be for many years to come, but, even admitting that, there is no reason why it is not possible to adopt another method and produce as good or better results. Although I am inclined to think that it will be hard to show results that will be very materially higher than the auctions, and I have not the sympathy for a lot of the propaganda that has been spread in B.C. to the discredit of the auctions. I believe there are weaknesses in the system, but I do not believe there is dishonesty or collusion as far as the auction brokers are concerned and it is my opinion that they at all times try to obtain the best results for their shippers.

Co-operation by Buyers

There is at all times though, I think, a certain amount of co-operation among the buyers in an endeavor to purchase at prices somewhat below market value and especially where there are large quantities of a similar grade and variety being offered. At times, I have noticed when the first parcel of the lots was put up the bidding would be very indifferent and the impression would be that there was very little demand. The first parcel would then be sold, which established a value for the other lots, and there would then immediately be a rush from a large number of buyers to obtain lots at the price set by the first buyer. The only conclusion that I can arrive at is that the buyers, rather than bid against each other, would prefer to take their chances on obtaining parcels after a price had been established by the sale of the first lot. This situation could of course be taken care of by the auctioneer putting up each following lot, and this is sometimes done, but generally if the first lot is sold at near what the auctioneer thinks is a fair price opportunity is given buyers to purchase at the price established.

Cold Storage Not Favored

This year we used cold storage in Great Britain for a small percentage of our shipments, totalling 25 or 30 cars, but the proposition as the means of solving part of our marketing problem, does not appeal to me.

More Cider O.K. Brand

While I was one of those who was in favor of using the O.K. Brand on C grade, after watching the sale of this year's crop in England, I am afraid we have made a mistake in doing this, at least as far as the export trade is concerned.

Following a Speech by Premier Olivar at Pentlton

Following a speech by Premier Olivar at Pentlton, in which he advocated the manufacture of elder and the sale of same through the Government Liquor Stores, the executive cabinet met, asking that I obtain any information possible that might be useful if manufacture of elder was undertaken.

In Discussion the Question with Professor Barker

In discussing the question with Professor Barker, whom I met in London, he was very strongly of the opinion that before going into this proposition, we should enquire fully as to the desirability of our apples from an older making standpoint, and his impressions were not favorable along this line. Generally speaking, conditions that are conducive to producing good commercial apples are not conducive to producing good cider apples.

Presentation Apples

For the past few years we have sold a considerable number of individual boxes for presentation purposes in Great Britain, and in each year there have been considerable complaints as to the condition on arrival, more probably this year than usual. If we are going to continue this class of business, I think we would be well advised to a certain extent to change our method of handling same.

Smith for a complete statement from time to time of auction prices obtained at the auction ports but complete figures will not be available for some time, and even with them, I am convinced that it would be impossible to make a comparison that could not be attacked and that would be conclusive.

Don't Handle Competitive Apples

In making this recommendation I hope the board will not take it for granted that it is my opinion that Perkin and Adamson are better qualified to distribute in the United Kingdom than many other firms, because such is not the case. There are a number of firms with years of experience in the apple business and who have the ability and experience necessary to represent, but there is this difference as far as Perkin and Adamson are concerned and which has carried a great weight with me in making my recommendations, and it is this, that they do not handle any competitive apples, and that during our apple shipping season they are able to and do devote their entire energies to the sale of O.K. apples and this fact, in my opinion, offsets any disadvantage they now may have as regards lack of experience.

Assistance to Distributors

Dealing with the second object mentioned, to assist Perkin and Adamson as much as possible in regard to the distribution of this year's crop. This whether it should be a representative of our own in the United Kingdom, and if so, he should be there during the whole year or only for the part of the year during which our crop is being disposed of.

From my experience this season, I am convinced that there is ample use of a representative fully employed during the time our crop is moving and particularly during the shipping season.

I have given consideration to the possibility of our representative handling the situation and eliminating the services of Perkin and Adamson, but in my opinion this would not be desirable.

I have also considered the possibility of co-operating with other fruit producing colonies in the building up of an organization to handle distribution for all, but feel satisfied that any such move would not be advisable from our point of view.

Improvements

In considering the third question that I have given attention to—that is, what improvements we can institute in order to realize to the fullest extent the possibilities of the United Kingdom markets, it is necessary for us to decide as to whether we are going to use the market as a dump market or as one of our primary markets. In my opinion there is no hope whatever for the B. C. grower being able to market varieties and sizes unsuitable for that market with any hope of realizing anything like satisfactory returns, and that it will be necessary for him to consider this as one of his primary markets for desirable varieties and grades.

Owing to the fact that the crop generally runs larger than usual, and also to the unsatisfactory marketing conditions on the prairies, large quantities of 1926-1927 were exported and of these two sizes were shipped and sold 54,000 boxes. One hundred and thirty-eights and 125s are not wanted on this market, and can only be disposed of at a considerable depreciation. I would estimate that at least 1-6 or 30 cents less will always have to be taken for these two sizes below what 163s and 183s will bring. Our decision last season to not pack anything smaller than 216s excepting in Newtown, Winesap and Cox Orange was certainly a step in the right direction, but I do not think there is any necessity to further revise our minimum sizes. As to the maximum size that should be shipped, with the exception of Cox Orange, nothing larger than 160s should be sent to this market, and there should not be an undue proportion of 150s. One hundred and sixty-threes and 198s are the popular grade and there will be a small depreciation for 150s and 216s, but not sufficient to warrant discontinuing shipping those sizes.

No More C Grade O.K. Brand

While I was one of those who was in favor of using the O.K. Brand on C grade, after watching the sale of this year's crop in England, I am afraid we have made a mistake in doing this, at least as far as the export trade is concerned.

This Year, as you are aware, we experimented with the half boxes, and from my observations on the English market, I am of the impression that we cannot look to this package as increasing to any considerable extent our distribution or to obtaining better returns.

Cold Storage Not Favored

This year we used cold storage in Great Britain for a small percentage of our shipments, totalling 25 or 30 cars, but the proposition as the means of solving part of our marketing problem, does not appeal to me.

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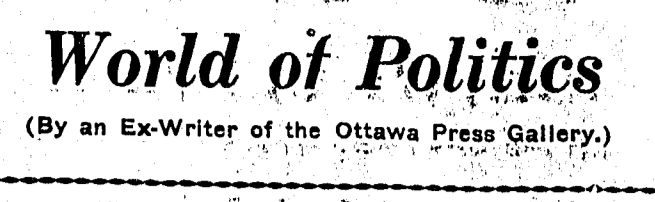
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FRUIT BILL HANGS IN BALANCE

The opening of the present week, when these comments are being written, finds a number of important political matters hanging in the balance. At Victoria the chances of the Fruit Marketing Bill going through have been improved somewhat by the plan to confine it to fruit only, a proposal which I have good reason for believing will be accepted by Hon. E. D. Darrow, Minister of Agriculture, and the supporters of the bill. But the fight over the measure is so keen that there is no certainty about

Classified Advertising

A WANT AD. in Summerland Review

will dispose of used articles that you no longer need. The sale gets you something you want. 3c a word first insertion; 2c word each subsequent insertion. Try one.

FOR SALE—Garnett Valley Lot, over 9 acres, all irrigated, lower part of Block 1, \$900. Easy terms. George Batho, 105 Gerard St., Winnipeg. 6-3pd

WANTED TO RENT OR LEASE—5 or 10 acre bearing orchard in fair condition, with small house, suitable family of three. Please give full particulars, rent, etc. Box 2, Summerland Review. 7-3-c

FOR RENT—In Peach Orchard, 6 room cottage with sleeping porch and bath room. Barn, chicken house and about two acres of land; \$15.00 per month. Apply Review Office. 7-4-c

FOR RENT—Peach Orchard, 4-roomed bungalow, electric light, moderate rent. Mrs. Barkwill, Peach Orchard. 8-1-pd

LOST—The front piece of a radiator cover. J. G. C. White. 8-1-c

WANTED—Second-hand organ in good repair. Tel. 782. 8-1-pd

COMING EVENTS

Your clients don't know what you have to sell if you don't advertise. The Annual Interdenominational Women's Day of Prayer will be held in the Baptist Church Friday, March 4, at 3:15 p.m. All are welcome. Collection for Summerland bed in the Zenana Hospital, India. 8-1-c

POUND NOTICE

Will be sold by auction at Prairie Valley Pound at 2 p.m., February 28: Two Saddle Horses, if not claimed by that date— 1 BAY GELDING, 3 white feet and white face. 1 SMALL GRAY GELDING with roached mane. Both slightly hippet on left side. W. SCOTT TAIT, Poundkeeper. 8-1-c

MAGNETIC HEALING CLINIC IS OPENED

The Magnetic Healer Company of Vancouver has opened a clinic in the Savoy Hotel, New Westminster. In this clinic magnetism is applied to heal all manner of diseases. The New Westminster office is being opened by J. M. Robinson, who is responsible for the promotion of the company and who is widely known as "the father of the Okanagan." Mr. Robinson, in 1900 brought settlers from all parts of Canada to take up farming in the Okanagan Valley after he had shown the great possibilities of the irrigated fruit lands. After an interview with Mr. Gaylard Wislhire, a Los Angeles millionaire philanthropist, author and promoter, in September, concerning the healing device he invented over a year ago called the Ionaco, Mr. Robinson is having these belts manufactured in Vancouver. He has secured the services of Mr. Fred J. Marshall, an old-time expert electrical engineer, to direct and supervise this work. The Ionaco belts are carefully constructed, Mr. Marshall says, and Mr. Robinson contends that the people of British Columbia should enjoy the marvelous benefits of this wonderful mechanism, and he proposes to devote his time and best efforts in establishing clinics in this province.—Columbian.

"THE BAT"

The crime wave condensed into a fascinating riot of laughs and surprises. It's a comedy mystery drama by Mary Roberts Rinehart, produced by the United Artists Picture Corporation. It's a big picture, don't miss it. It is coming this Friday and Saturday nights—Picture starts at 7:30 Saturday night. Also the comedy, "School Days," starring Larry Semon.

"Tumbleweeds"

Star, William S. Hart. It is claimed by all to be Hart's best picture—everyone knows what that means. The comedy with this one is Larry Semon in "The Stage Hand."

Rialto THEATRE West Summerland

LOCAL HAPPENINGS

James Fisher went to the coast Tuesday morning. Mr. and Mrs. Fred Gartrell are spending the week at Kelowna.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray returned to Unity, Sask., this week, after spending three months here.

Jas. Gibbon returned from a visit to the coast Saturday and Chas. Cooper came in on Wednesday.

Wm. Argue was successful in the badminton contests at the coast last week, being in at the finals.

The hiccoughs seem to be prevalent this spring. Mr. Thomas Ramsey has been having a very distressing time with them this week.

The Co-operative is packing out a car this week which will finish up the last of the fruit.

Mr. Beer returned to Summerland Wednesday evening, after having been East for about two months.

Camie McAlpine, who was over at Revelstoke to see the ski jump, returned on Saturday. He thinks it is fine sport.

The greatest Basketball Games of the year will be seen at the "Gym" on Saturday and Monday evenings, Feb. 26 and 28. Don't miss them.

Jas. Darke has taken up to West Summerland the last load of material from the wrecking of the Methodist church and club room.

Mrs. R. M. Palmer came in from the Coast during the week and is visiting her son, R. C. Palmer, at the Experimental Farm.

If you want a real laugh, go to hear that play by St. Andrew's society next Tuesday in the Rialto.

Mr. A. E. Richardson, of High River, Alta., came in on Wednesday from New Westminster to visit his sister-in-law, Mrs. W. Walters.

Two cars of lumber are being unloaded at the C.P.R., the lumber to be used to re-plank the Government wharf.

An advertiser in the "For Sale" column of the Review, advertising hens last week, called us up Saturday morning to say he had already made the sale.

Mrs. Jacques left during the week to return to her home in Natal, accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. Scourran, who will visit with her for a while.

If the business is not worth advertising, advertise it for sale. Some men play advertising as the last card, but they should really play it as the first.

Mr. Whimster, of Penticton, is in Summerland devoting some time in the interests of encouraging the movement to topwork off varieties in the orchards.

Mr. and Mrs. Forbes, of Greenwood, Man., are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Gartrell. Mr. Forbes is a nephew of Mr. and Mrs. English and they will probably reside here permanently.

Mr. Blanchard Munn has received appointment as medical intern at the Montreal General Hospital. This is a very desirable appointment and much prized by McGill medical students.

The play presented on Burns' night is to be repeated in the Rialto, March 1st, with the fourth act added. The proceeds to be devoted to the Hospital and St. Andrew's organ fund.

Miss Sinclair was in Kelowna this week helping to arrange the program of the Prosytorial meeting to be held in Salmon Arm in April when they hope Miss McGregor, of the United Church will attend and also visit Summerland.

Miss Dorothy Tomlin has left for her school at Blumenhof, near Swift Current. She had received the offer of a much larger school and refused, because she felt in honor bound to see her entrance pupils through their exams.

A small landslide occurred on the lakeshore road about a mile above Crescent Beach. Dr. Hall of Penticton was stopped by it. Mrs. Hall walked in to Pudge's and got help, but they could not dig a road through, the doctor went back to Peachland and Mrs. Hall went on to Penticton on the Slocanous.

Hatching Eggs

Burgess Rhode Island Reds, that won over all breeds in Canada, 1925 and 1926, as winners in layers. One of the best R.I.R. strains in B.C. at head of flock. Only twenty cents per egg. \$18.00 per 100 or 50 eggs, \$9.50. J. R. SUTHERLAND, Peach Orchard, Phone 661. Order Early. 7-2-pd.

er, then add the rolled oats and flour and a teaspoon of salt, and mix well with the hands, add the hot water and soda and divide the dough into two equal parts. Roll out thin, spread the date filling on one layer. Place the second layer on top of the filling and cut into squares. Lay on buttered tins and bake in a hot oven.

BASKETBALL PROGRAMME

Provincial Outline of Extended Plans—Interior and Coast Together

Never before has basketball been so popular in British Columbia. On the coast and throughout the interior almost every town has enough to boast a hall of sufficient size, has one or more teams of sufficient size, has one Okanagan, where this splendid winter game has been played for years, the interest this season is greater than ever. Up in the north end of the valley both Vernon and Armstrong have thrown in their lot with the older basketball centers and have teams entered in the interior playoffs.

The Summerland Club has been active throughout the season in providing a good programme of games. It has been rather difficult to keep the younger boys in the game, and so the senior team was pretty much alone. This year an effort has been made to get the boys interested. It is gratifying to note that with the help of the older players quite a number of the younger boys have practiced faithfully throughout the winter and have made such a splendid showing that the club decided to pick an intermediate "B" team from their number and enter them in interior play-offs.

CONTRACT LET FOR FLUMING

Council Has Little Business at This Sitting—Prairie Valley Pound Sends Statement.

At Tuesday's meeting of the council the question of a fire alarm for the lower town was again up for consideration, when the salesman for alarms, who is coming in arrives, the matter will be finally dealt with. No one had tendered for the job of moving the jail, and it was decided to make other arrangements that seemed more feasible, in some one of the different buildings owned by the municipality.

The Klux Klan had sent a letter asking the council to back them up in a matter of public interest. It was strongly denounced and put aside. A statement of the conducting of the Prairie Valley pound was received. All animals had been disposed of in some manner. Those that owners could be found for were assessed for claims and others having any value were sold by auction, or where they would not bring enough to pay for advertising, some other way had so far been found to place them. Advertising of the brands had been a difficulty, and some way of describing them will be arranged in the future.

Considerable difference as to accounts presented from time to time by the Vancouver General Hospital have occurred and letters read at this meeting brought the matter up again for discussion. Claims that should not be made were passed in to Summerland and letters of explanation sent from here received no answer. The only thing that could be done was to await for a full statement of account, which will no doubt come some day, and then it will have to be written about in full.

The fisheries department wrote asking for arrangements to be made for the use of the old power house as a fish hatchery and an offer was made to them.

Tenders for fluming were opened. Mr. Boyd is to receive the orders for the eight, ten and twelve inch sizes of metal fluming. The water committee is to deal with the awarding of the thirty, thirty-six and forty-inch, because of a question of quality involved. Councillor Arkell referred to the soundness of a British guarantee. When a British manufacturer gave his word that it was good material he backed it up, but with American firms you had to look for the loopholes in their warranties. Several recommendations of different kinds of material were discussed and it was felt they carried little weight.

Prices are to be written for, for 80, 240 feet of lumber to be used with the construction of metal fluming, and this is wanted immediately to start the programme of construction work on the distribution system.

BRIDGET SAYS

These are two very nice filled cookies. Bachelors' Buttons One cup of butter, 3-4 cup brown sugar, 1 egg, 2 cups flour, 2 teaspoons, baking powder, salt. Cream the butter and salt, add the well beaten egg. Mix and sift baking powder, flour and salt. If necessary add sufficient flour to handle on a board. If the butter is kept cool it will take less flour and they will be nice. Cut into rounds, spreading one piece with jelly and covering with another piece. Date Crackers One pound stoned dates, 1-2 cups rolled oats, 2-2 cups flour, 1 cup of brown sugar, 1 cup butter, 1-2 teaspoon soda, 1-2 cup warm water, 1 cup granulated sugar, 1-2 cup cold water. Put the dates, granulated sugar and cold water into a small saucepan and boil till dates are soft. Allow to cool. Cream brown sugar and butter together,

GAVE LECTURE ON LINCOLN

Under Auspices Tuxis Boys Mr. Kelley Gave Outline of Lincoln's Life.

Tuesday evening, under the auspices of the Tuxis boys, Mr. W. C. Kelley gave a lecture on the life of Lincoln. He was introduced by Jack Bowring, who acted as chairman for the evening.

The career of Lincoln was followed from his birth, which the speaker showed foreshadowed the life of difficult. He drew particular attention to the fact that Lincoln was a self-taught man, not more than a year's schooling had been secured by him throughout his whole life. Yet he taught himself to think.

His life was one of sympathy for the people who seemed to be down under and unable to help themselves, and yet while he tried to assist them, he gladly sacrificed his own future. One example of this being pointed out when Lincoln might have had an election he gladly sacrificed his own ambition in order that the other interests might be advanced. In reality this proved to be in his own interest eventually.

The speaker also made it clear that the cause of the civil war in the United States was not altogether slavery questions, but that the individual state's rights were not paramount to

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DEPARTMENT OF LANDS NOTICE

Application for Grazing Permits for the Season of 1927. Applications for permits to graze livestock on the Crown range within any grazing district of the Province of British Columbia, must be filed with the District Forester at Port George, Kamloops, Nelson, Prince Rupert, Vancouver, or Williams Lake on or before March 31st, 1927.

Blank forms upon which to submit applications may be obtained from the District Foresters at the above named places, or from the Department of Lands at Victoria, B.C. G. R. NADEN, Deputy Minister of Lands. Department of Lands, Victoria, B.C. January 4, 1927. 2 & 3c

BOY HAD VERY NARROW ESCAPE

Log Rolled Over Howard Walton in Bush—Had Ear Torn and Leg Hurt.

Little Howard Walton had a very narrow escape from serious injury on Thursday afternoon. While playing in the bush, a log, which Mr. H. Walton and Leslie Gould had just finished sawing off, started down the hill, rolling "completely over him. Those near at hand declare it a marvel that he was not killed. Howard, who suffered a badly torn ear and sprained leg, was rushed home and Dr. Andrew called, and he is reported to be much improved this morning.

The game between the Varsity Senior "B" and Penticton Senior basketball teams yesterday evening at the Arena, Penticton, attracted a large crowd. The game was strenuously contested up to half time, the Varsity team having the edge by 10 to 6. The superior combination of the Varsity boys proved their superiority over the Penticton team in the latter half of the game, the total scores being 31-15. C. Ritchie of Summerland acted as referee. The Varsity team will play our Summerland boys on Saturday evening and the event is expected to draw a large crowd to the "gym." Our basketball team is not dismayed at the

those of the whole union. An interesting part of the programme was the recital of the speech at Gettysburg.

odds and promises to give the visiting team a hard run for the honors. Fifteen hundred homesteads were filed at the Edmonton Land Office last year, the largest number since before the war. The applicants represent 257,760 acres of potential cultivation. Final estimates of the Dominion

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